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TO NETWORK WA  
THE SECOND SOUTHERN AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT COORDINATION CONFERENCE %0  
IN MAPUTO TURNED INTO AN UNEXPECTED SUCCESS. THE INDUSTRAILISED 3;  
COUNTRIES AND DEVELOPMENT ORGANISATIONS OFFERED MORE THAN EIGHT :-  
HUNDRED MILLION DOLLARS TOWARD THE Two THOUSAND MILLION THE 09  
REGION 18 HOPING TO FIND FOR TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATIONS (x  
PROJECTS. FERNANDO HONWANA, THE CONFERENCE SPOKESMAN, ADMITTED  
AWE WERE NO T EXPECTING ANYTHING QUITE LIKE THIS.3 HE SAID IT  
HAS ENOUGH TO PERMIT THE REGION TO START IMMEDIATE WORK, AND  
SHOULD CREATE A ASNOWBALL EFFECTA WITH THE REST OF THE REQUIRED  
MONEY BEING GATHERED AS THE PROJECTS GET GOING.  
THE CONFERENCE WAS ALSO A POLITICAL SUCCESS. THIRTY ONE INDUSTAILISED  
AND OIL COUNTRIES ATTENDED, AND TEN WERE REPRESENTED BY MINISTERS.  
ALL THE MAJOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT FUDNING AGENCIES WERE THERE.  
AND SPEAKER AFTER SPEAKER CONDENNED SOUTH AFRICA'S POLICY OF APART-  
HEID AND BACK THE DETERMINATION OF THE NINE MAJORITY RULED STATES  
TO REDUCE THEIR DEPENDENCE ON SOUTH AFRICA.  
BUT NOT EVERYONE BACKED UP THEIR FINE WORDS WITH MONEY. IT WAS THE  
SMALL INDUSTRAILISED NATIONS AND DEVELOPMENT AGENGIES CONTROLLED  
(BY THE THRID WORLD ITSELF THAT MADE THE CONFERENCE A SUCCESS.  
C35 EXPECTED) NOT MUCH CAME FROM THE RICH. THE UNITED  
STATES PROMISED FIFTY MILLION DOLLARS, THE SAME AS ITALY. WEST  
GERMANY OFERED TWO MILLION DOLLARS. BRITAIN'S MINISTER OF OVERSEAS  
DEVELOPMENT NIEL NARTEN ONLY OFFERED, IN HIS WORDS, ATO REJIG OUR  
EXISTING AID PROGRAMMEA T0 MORE SUIT REGIONAL GOALS. JAPAN, FRANCE,  
AND EAST GERMANY ALL OFFERED NOTHING. THE SOVIET UNION DID NOT EVEN  
ATTEND.  
CLAUDE CHEYSSON OF THE EEC DID SAY THAT THERE WOULD BE ONE HUNDRED  
MILLION DOLLARS MADE AVAILABLE BUT HE NOTED THAT THIS WAS ALREADY  
MONEY INTENDED FOR THE REGION UNDER LONE TWO. AND IT CAN ONLY BE  
SPENT IN THE SEVEN STATES NHICH ARE MEMBERS OF LOME.  
SO WHERE DID THE MONEY COME FROM. THE TWO BIGGEST AMOUNTS CAME  
FROM AGENCIES CONTROLLED BY THE DEVELOPING COUNTRIES THEMSELVES.  
THE AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK, WHICH IS CONTROLLED BY THE AFRICAN  
COUNTRIES THEMSELVES, PROMISED TO SPEND TEN PER CENT OF ITS NEXT  
FIVE YEARS BUDGET ON THIS REGIONS TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATIONS.  
THAT IS NEARLY FOUR HUNDRED MILLION DOLLARS; AND IT MUCH MORE THAN  
CONFERENCE PARTICIPANTS HAD EXPECTED. ON THE OTHER HAND, THE WORLD  
BANK, -WHICH IS CONTROLLED BY THE RICH DONOR COUNTRIES, OFFERED NO  
NEW MONEY AND MADE CLEAR IT DID NOT GIVE MUCH CREDIBILITY TO AN  
EFFORT CONTROLLED BY THE AID RECPIEINETS.  
RISING OIL PRICES ARE ONE OF THE MORE SERIOUS REGIONAL PROBLEMS,  
AND SAMORA MACHEL, MOZAMBIQUE'S PRESIDENT, MENTIONED THIS IN HIS  
OPENING SPEECH. IN RESPONSE, (THB MEHDI GARADAGHIPOUR OF  
THE OPEC FUND FOR INTERNATION DEVELOPMENT, STRESSED THAT THE  
OPEC MEMBERS WERE THEMSELVES DEVELOPING COUNTRIES. NEVERTHELESS  
HE SAID THE FUND WOULD AINTENSIFY ITS EFFORTS IN THE REGION.A  
LATER IT WAS SUGGESTED THAT THIS MEANT AROUND ONE HUNDRED MILLION  
DOLLARS IN THE NEXT TWO YEARS, OVER AND ABOVE NORMAL INCREASES IN  
OPEC AID TO THE AREA, BECAUSE OPEC SUPPORTS REGIONAL PROJECTS SUCH  
AS THIS AND SEES THIS AS A MODEL FOR REGIONAL COPERATION IN THE  
DEVELOPING WORLD.  
THE WHOLE ISSUE OF THE EEC AND THE LONE CONVENTION IS PERHAPS  
TYPICAL OF THE ISSUE. MOZAMBQIUE REFUSES TO JOIN LONE, DESPITE  
PRESSURE FROM GERMANY, BRITAIN, AND EVEN THE US. CLAUDE CHESSON

STRESSED THAT THE EEC WOULD NOT PROVIDE ANY MONEY FOR MOZAMBIQUE  
OR ANGOLA. AND HE EVEN ADMITTED THAT THE GERMAN VETO WAS  
PREVENTING HIM FROM SPENDING TWO MILLION DOLLARS ALREADY ALLOCATED  
FOR A STUDY OF THE PORT OF BEIRA IN MOZAMBIQUE.  
BUT THE SMALL EEC MEMBERS, WHO OPPOSE THE HARD GERMAN LINE AGAINST  
MOZAMBIQUE, STEPPED IN. ITALY PROMISED FIFTY MILLION DOLLARS --  
THE SAME AMOUNT AS THE US, AND STRESSED POINTEDLY THAT IT WAS FOR  
ALL THE NINE. HOLLAND PLEDGED FIFTEEN MILLION DOLLARS FOR THIS  
YEAR -- THAT IS TO BE SPENT IN DECEMBER -- AND HINTED AT THE SAME  
AMOUNT FOR NEXT YEAR. AND IT PUBLICALLY OFFERED TO PAY FOR THE BEIRA  
PORT STUDY ITSELF. AND BELGIUM OFFERED NINE MILLION DOLLARS  
WITHOUT EVEN A MENTION OF LONE.

THE OTHER BIG CONTRIBUTORS WERE THE NORDIC COUNTRIES, WHO  
TOGETHER PROMISED THIRTY FIVE MILLION DOLLARS. BUT THE NORWEGIAN  
SECRETARY OF STATE HALVDAN SKARD WENT OUT OF HIS WAY TO STRESS  
THAT THIS IS ONLY A STARTER, TO GET COOPERATION OFF THE GROUND, AND  
THAT MORE MONEY WILL FOLLOW. ,

80 IT LOOKS LIKE THE RICH ARE NOT PREPARED TO HELP THE MAJORITY  
RULED COUNTRIES OF SOUTHERN AFRICA BREAK FROM THE REPUBLIC OF  
SOUTH AFRICA. BUT THEIR POOR NEIGHBOURS ARE WILLING TO HELP,  
AND PROVIDE MORE HONEY THAN ANYONE EXPECTED.

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