Lum 0702604
GENERAL INFORMATION - INTRODUCTORY REMARKS BY AND DELEGATION

The ANC Delegation stated the following:

12 The size of the ANC delegation was a clear indication of the seriousness with which we regard our relations with SIDA.

Furthermore, during the course of the year 1983, the President of the

ANC is expected to lead a delegation to Sweden.

Reference was made to the document on the General Political Situation in South Africa and the following points were highlighted:

Cosmetic Changes: The document rejects claims made by the regime that changes are taking place in South Africa and it demonstrates that far from improving, the situation is deteriorating. The following points support this statement: The growing mass response of our people to the call of the ANC e.g. more and more black workers are organising themselves into trade unions due to growing unemployment and the deteriorating economic conditions.

There is also growing outspokeness of religious bodies. Within the white community especially the youth, there is rejection of the system in various ways e.g. war presisters. Despite the consequences, people are openly supporting the ANC.

National Issues: President's Council - The regime is trying to convince the world that there is some form of power-sharing, but in actual fact it is trying to disunite the forces that are engaged in the struggle against the apartheid regime.

South African Foundation - The report further indicates the negative role played by this Foundation, a body of leading industrialists.

Sports Mercenaries - In spite of the attempts made by the regime to break the sports boycott by bribery, they have failed miserably.

The intensification of activities inside the country has resulted in the enemy becoming more desperate, wanting to eliminate the ANC wherever it is and carrying out a policy of destabilisation towards the Frontline States. This desperation shows that the enemy is no longer able to contain the situation inside the country, and therefore resorts this form of aggression. However, this intimidation has not been able to subdue the Frontline countries e.g Lesotho firmly reiterates its support for us despite the massacre, and Angola, * Tich refuses to connect the presence of the Cuban troops with the Namibian issue.

The ANC fully supports SWAPO in its demand for the implementation of Resolution 435 by the United Nations, and its complete rejection of the manoeuvres of the Contact Group.

Agricultural Projects:

The ANC Rependent
Malange Agricultural Project, Angola

This report dealt with the technical analysis of the agricultural project at Malange, Angola, i.e. location, existing facilities, machinery and equipment, raw materials and other supplies, management and labour, management.

-Maputo Agricultural Project

The total land area was given. From the land capibility data it is clear that the greater part of the land is uncleared arable land.

Machinery, equipment and transport are need.

The ANC reported on other donors! assustance

DONORS ARE GROUPED AS FOLLOWS

GOVERNMENTS

- 1 AFRICA
- a Government of the People's Republic of Angola
- b Gover nment of the Republic of Algeria
- c'' " " " magenbegie
- d Government of the People's Republic of Tanzania
- & Government of Zambia

These Governments have assisted us in various ways by giving ws a place to stay and land for our projects.

- 2 EUROPE
- a Government of Austria
- b Government of Denmark
- c Government of Finland
- d Government of Netherlands
- e Government of Norway

These Governments assist us in many ways e.g. humanitarian assistance, funds for SOMAFCO and various projects. They also provide experts in different fields.

3 MIDDLE EAST

ene ANC

- Government of Saudi Arabia has given us some funds.
- 4 SOCIALIST COUNTRIES

like the Soviet Union
Bulgaria
Checkoslavia
Yugoslavia
Cuba

alphabelie al

These countries also give us humanitarian support and scholarships.

ORGANISATION OF AFRICAN UNITY.

From the OAU the ANE transport and including transport
We receive funds, foods and provide funds for airliftting of food to
Angola.

SUPPORT ORGANISATIONS

Oxfam, CUSO, SUCO, Anti-Apartheid - Holland, Holland Committee on Southern Africa, Roddel Society, MOLISV (Stuly) Swedish Save She Children Development Ad from People to people Such and the People Organisation.

These support groups give material assistance and scholarships and

she AN's

ANC

help we to develop our projects.

GOVERNMENT ORGANISATIONS

NOVIB; Otto Beneke Foundation, Fredirick Ebert Foundation (West Germany)

These organisations have given us assistance for SOMAFCO e.g. scholarships, and construction.

CHURCH ORGANISATIONS

World Council of Churshes
Development and Peace (Canada)
Algerian Churches
Danaid Church

These organisations give small annual donations.

FMATERNAL ORGANISATIONS

Development Aid from People to People

They give us financial assistance as well as expertise at Dakawa.

UN-AGENCIES

UNDP, UNHCR, UNESCO, ILO

the ANC

These organisations are giving we material assistance in the form of scholarships, airlifts (UNHCR),

UNDP

ANC

UNBP

No assistance has been forthcoming. We submitted 21 priority projects to them in 1981 at the UNBP/NIM Meeting in Dar-Es-Salaam. They have not responded.

REPATRIATION

UNHCH has not been very responsive with the result that some of our people died in the massacre at Lesotho.

As the Swedish Government gives a substantial contribution to UNHCR, we ANC

Request to the Swedish Government to try and influence the Danish Government to give assistance directly to the ANC instead of through third parties as in most cases we do not get any assistance or very little.

Request, were made to the Swedish Government look into this matter at it makes a sizable contribution towards UNDP.

Funds that were allocated for Amgola and Maputo Agricultural projects had not been utilised.

AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF

Comment fromSIDA

Leaving funds for too long was not economicalibut should be utilised elsewhere.