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"â\200\234â\200\23517â\200\2305â\200\2300301\ommâ\200\230 N
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vâ\200\234
AFRIpAt
The struggle in South
1:
with the struggle and developments in Africa, historically, politically,
and economically. The victories and reverses of the struggle on other
via;
parts of the continent are as much ours in Sohth Africa as it is a theirsg
Africa is intimately and uneztricable bnund
'We need hardly remind ourselves, that the founders of the ANC
in South Africa from its very inception were deeply conscious of the
fact that the unity of the African oppressed and plundered people was of
paramount and vital importance. This was expressed unequivocally in
resolutions, speeches, songs and our Anthem. Actions wereâ\200\234made to urge,
encourage and participate in Pan~Africanist Conferencesâ\200\231whose aim was~ts_'
Unite the people of the continent to strive jicntly against
list colonialist and plunderes of our people and resources, and for free.c:
\hat{A} and human dignity of all the Oppressed explicate and humiliated peo \hat{A}
~ples of the whole continent of
the racia~
Africa.
Since its inception, the African National Cnngress of South
Africa was the tutor, guide and inspire of many a leader and organisation
is a historical fact which cannot
parts of Africa which have now attained national independence. This-
and should not remain undisclosed.
The realisation of the fact that no part of Africa can com?
4:
plately be free anim/202 independence unless the whole of Africa was liber~
«rated is inherent in the ANC outlook.
T; some extent? the seeds of revolt in many parts of Africa
oppressed, exploited and disarmed people of
sprouted from the mos
South Africa; They spread and grew throughout the continent of Africa.
Many other factors gave inpetquto the glorious chapter in history now
known as the African Revolution
swept like a hurricane'thoughrut the continent in a matter of less than
a decade.
the common saying
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to use

which

?Colonialist political rule in Africa was coming tocan end.

## Numeanus

countries one after the other were gaining their independece and sovereignty. This was the first step toWards the dstruwtion of all the evils of colonialism, poverty, disease, and alliteracy, on the African continent.

'It is the irony of history not without reason that when millions

7.

and millions of the people of Africa heralded the dawn of fieedom and politica independence (however formal this might have keen) the organisation and people who sparked off or assisted in sparking, off this historic epoch on our continent; continue to strive against an ; avalanche of growing repression, and explicatation of the people.

in sight in their own country and for them-Their yictory is not yet

selves. They fortify their courage and determination by what they see in brothee African States, that the enemy caniand will be defeated and victories won, however high the cost might be. 8:

THE AFRICAN "REVOLVUTIONQ Ira swarma; vmmgwss AND POTENTIALITTES,

The African Revolution had had a tremendous impact on the world.

It has swept aside the hoLlaw myth of white superiority over black. The inability of non whites ruling themselves As without dominance and trusteeship of a Western state.

In world forums the rapid appearence of independent

state has tilted the balance againht the former imperialist states on many international issue. political, economic and cultural, anï¬\202 in particular on policies which

were.../2

African

the view that th»;

South Afxican s oppressed will only

## geuld hold

Jsin fxeedom when the rest of Africa has been freed. This is a 'wrong in  $\bar{n} \sim 202$  erstanding and assessment of the situation. As a matter of faet\_now part 0g .frie

i¬\201escism in South Africa has been smashed.

can genuinly be free untill and unless the monster of

It is not realistic for us to expect that every country in Africa

do the same, or give equally to the struggle against the bastion

## 216.

must

0: reaction in South Africa. Nor would it be realistic to assume that because a country is African it necessarily must support our liberation. South Africa is strong and backed by powerful forces some like Banda in Malawi will he seduce by her temporary might but in the ehd the anti~imperialist and antiaracist and anti~fascist forces in Afiica Will rally to our support.

were so reactionary that only outright puppets would support them like raCism, and the denial of African Magority\_Rule.

2.

â\200\2303 UNITY ON Fï¬\201NDAMENTAL ISSUES THE INNATE STRENGTH

'OF THE rwprrawpnmr STATES or AFRICA,

â\200\23010:

The fact that the independent states from the brgining sought  $200\230$  to unite themselves  $200\230$  n common issues was an historic event which shook the imperialists

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Apart from the meetings and conferences which took place before 31965. The convocation of the OAU in Addis Ahaba in 1963 was an historic Ã@event and an indelible milestone in Africa and the worldg'The conference

\* gbrought together African states of different outlooks and influenced,  $\hat{\mathbf{A}} \mathbf{\text{>}}'$  who in the interests of

\*'cement the continent;  $\hat{a}$  \200\234into.a single solid African Anti~imperialist unit.i.

unity of objectives and jiontl action tried to

12:

The meeting of African states and the formation of the 0.A.U.5 strengthened and  $200\230$  aid  $200\230$  the form 202 ations for the discussion and sotution

of the major issues in Africa and the world. Differences hetWeen the

'1 African states were there, but credit must be given to the participas 7mnts; in the conference who unequivocally dedicated and pledged themselves L;

{to eliminate in joint action colonialism in the remaining parts of 'Africa, the abolition of Apartheid and racialism inuSouth, Africa, and 'RhOdesia, an attack on foreigh monopolies in the continent.â\200\235

15:

has achieved and what it has not achieved.

It is possible to asses now over six years what the O.A,U; $\hat{a}$ 200\230"

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What is certain, however ,-is that the imperialists have done

14,

everything possible to ensure that its convocation is disrupted each and.  $a\200\235$  everytime it tried to meet thereafter. All efforts were made to sew $a\200\234$  disssnsion, conflict amongst the; members-Qi-\201 a potentially powerful force. It is to the credit of the O.A.U.

that it has survived all'

machinations and continues to struggle to assert itself as an anti $\tilde{}$  imparialist force.

) 15s rejection of war bases, racism, neo~colonialism, the 9%

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15.
Zimbabwe betrayal, assaults on Arab Soveriegnty, and its support for
liberation movements struggleing against fascism however inadequate thiss
might be, ensures that the flame of anti~imperialism continues to bdrn J
deSpitegesperate efforts by imperialists to extinguish it and abuse thisa
mighty Organisation for their own ends.
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r.
The
'mistakes are the recognition of GEAE Roberto
The organisation for African. Uhity has beeh\a forum for attem~
16.
pting to solve some state and interestate problems and problems of
liberation movements. It would hardly help to closs over efforts, fail~;
ures and defeats. Oh
Holdens soâ\200\224called revolutionary organisation as opposed to MP
recognition of ZANU which was established as a splinter movement after
the OAU Conference itself which declared the need for one organisation
in.a countryo
17;.â\200\234
tackled border problems and swen violent clashes as in Nigeria?
18:.
prohlems of differences between what is called Arab Africa and Black
Airica, French Africa and English Africa:
19.
It must he mehtibhed-that to its credit the OAU has
Apart from tribal problemszand boui¬\201dry
All these problems are remporary and can and will he solved.a
What is host disconcerting; however, is the absence of a
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20. w proper appre0lation and assessment'bf the struggle in South Africa; The inSpirer and tutor of African Unity and liberationâ\200\224the African National Congress of South Africa, is too often relegated to the posltion of hav ng to be inspired and a student. The strategy and tacticsarw for the struggle in South Africa have become the prerogative of people WM well meaningibut who could hardly have the faintest knowledge of what we have to face. To give just one example there are psople who

there do eXlStfm

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problems

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