Mosambi '5 JthsM 33'; 3303 d9 Nr 2 -84 AKTLELLER IWORMATIONSDIENST AFRIKA Dokumntations-Leitstelle Atrikn . Hamoug : RPM-RPCII Passos 9 na cooperaoa'io AsrelacoesRPM-RPCh estioa desenvolver-se gradualmente com passos gigantescos-dlsse Wang Hao, Embalxador Extraordimirlo e Plenipotenchirlo daquele pais socialism em conferanda de Imprensa concedida em Maputo a pfoposito do 35.0 aniversirio da proclamagio da Reptiblica Popular da China. Wang Hao apontou como numa grande prova do alto nivel de relagoes bilateraiu, a recente visita do Presidente da RPM, Marechal Samora Machel 51 RPCh. 4xa qual promoveu grandemente as boas relagoes entre os dois paiseSn. Com efeito, o nivel de relagoes entre os dois paises socialistas estd tambdm sublinhado na mensagem do Marechal Samora Machel ao o'Presidente da RPCh, Li Xian Nian, a proposito do 1 de Outubro. O Chefe do Estado mogambicano assinala que a:hoje, & com grande orgulho que vemos essas relagoes consolidarem-se cada vez mais, com reforgo continua da nossa cooperagio bilateral) e que crestamos certos que, com a implementagio activa e imediata das decisoes acordadas nos nossos recentes encontros, em Julho passado, na RPCh, as nossas relagoes de cooperaqa'lo economicas sera'io aceleradas por um ritmo de dmnvolvimento cada vez mais crescente e amplm. 0 Embaixador da RPCh informou na conferoncia de Imprensa que o Govemo e o Povo do scu pajs apoiam a politica e as medidas adoptadas pelo Governo e Povo da RPM para salvaguardar a independfancia e desenvolver a economia. x0 Govemo mogambicano aplica e desenvolve wirias medidas realistas, o que o Governo e o Povo chineses compreendem perfeitamenten, afirmou. Quanta h cooperagio economica, no 'passado, o Governo da RPCh concedeu cem milh6es dc yuans dc empnistimo sem juros. mumnte a visita presidencial em Julho tiltimo, o Governo da RPCh voltou a conceder mais 30 milh6es de yuans. tambom sem juros; que serio empregues em diversos projectos, nomeadamente nas indtistrias pesqueiras. alimentar, t6xtil, de calcado. de esmaltes. de sabao e sabonetes e na indlistria hote-

. oox;

leira. Tocnicos agricolas chineses prestam assistância nos projectos de Matama, Provincia do Niassa e em Moamba e Manhiga (zonas verdes), Provincia do Maputo. No dominio .da sadde a RPCh enviou equipas de modicos que (150 a sua contribuigio no melhoramento das condigoes de Vida da populagao da RPM.

cxPara acelerar a nossa coopera- 950 bilateral. um grupo de estudo
no campo das pescas ja chegou a
Maputm, revolou Wang Hao, para depois acrescentar que ainda
neste corrente mos 6 esperado outro grupo de peritos em indlistria
ligeira.

Os projectos em que a RPCh tem cooperado na RPM tern al-Igantescos

TEMPO

Maputo

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cangado muitos ?:xitos ((mas estamos a pensar em melhorar a ges.
tic. em servir ainda melhor o
Povo mogambicanm.

a(Em resumo, a amizade entre a RPCh e a RPM (3 profunda. Foi forjada no tempo mais dificil, no tempo da Luta Armada de Libertagaio de Mogambique. Eu estou convencido de que depois da visita presidencial de Julho altimo a cooperagio vai alargar-se ainda mais:9.

Wang Hao, ao referir-se a situa-950 na Africa Austral disse que o seu pais n50 a considera estzivel e acusou a RAS de ser a causa dessa anormalidade porque orcontinua a desenvolver uma politica de agressio aos paises vizinhos. ((So apos as autoridades da RAS terem abandonado a politica de agressio e do ((apartheidxo (a que a Africa Austral pode tomar-se numa zona de estabilidadem X. T.

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Mo 5 amb ik Dokunnntations-Leitstolle Afrikl . Hamburg N r . 20\_811
RDA-RPM
TEMPO
at I I I a u 0 85,4
Relaooes IntenSIfIcam-se M503?
As relagoes RDA - RPM tem si-
do intensificadas attS ao ponto de.
as carreiras semanais de duas em-
presas aoreas. LAM e Interflug,
terem dificuldades de comportar
o traifego que ultrapassa ja 400
passageiros por semana, nos dois
sentidos - disse Helmut Makkhes,
Embaixador Extraordinairio e Ple-
nipotencizirio daquele pais euro-
peu, em conferEncia de Imprensa
realizada em Maputo a proposito
do 35.0 aniversairio da RDA.
O aspecto de trafego de passa-
geiros 6 apenas um exemplo para
ilustrar O actual nivel das relagoes
bilaterais. O estabelecimento de
carreiras regulares pelas compa-
nhias aoreas dos dois paises socia-
listas seguiu-se ao Tratado de
Amizade e Cooperacfao firmado
em 1979 pelos Chefes de ambos
os Estados.
Actualmente ((milhares de mo-
gambicanos trabalham, estudam
e vivem na RDA a fim de se ore-
pararem para melhor s e rv i r 3
RPM), referiu Helmut Makkhes.
Por outro lado, na RPM encon-
tram-se tocnicos. meidicos e pro-
fessores universitzirios da RDA que
dim a sua contribuigao internacio-
nalista no desenvolvimento da
Helmut Makkhes classificou de
amplg o comeircio entre os dois
PRETORIA.
Estados irme'los. A RDA coopera
na produgio de cimento e carvao
na RPM. bem como na formagz'io
profissional dos trabalhadores
mogambicanos destes ramos in-
dustriais.
O Embaixador da RDA infor-
mou que atd inicios de 1985 qua-
tro barcos do seu pais acompa-
nhados por peritos_de pescas ale-
mics v50 chegar 3 RPM. para,
1 em conjunto com os pescadores
  teral
1!
agmnmi at a Press con-
mogambicanos trabalharem na
captura de peixe para a popula-
950 da cidade da Beira. Esta pre-
vista 3 entrega gradual das em-
barcagoes as autoridades mogam-
bicanas. c(A RPM vai encarregar-se
dos custos do funcionamento dos
barcosm assinalou Helr'nut Mak-
khes.
O diplomata da RDA explicuu
que o seu pais apoia os esforqos
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que sao envidados com vista 3

AKTLELLER IWORMATIONSOIENST AFRIKA

transformagao do Oceano Indico
,em zona de paz e cooperagao.
Ainda sobre a coo era; ao bilaHelmut Maklghes9 revelou
que 80 peritos do ensino do seu
pais se encontram a trabalhar na
RPM e que mais 30 s50 esperados
para a Universidade Eduardo
Mondlane. crNos futuros anos, milhares de mogambicanos vao regressar preparados para a reconstrugio do seu paiSm AcresBANDITS SIGN PEACE ACCORD WITH MOZAMBIQUE
Mcnamblcul

army

centou que (ca RDA apoia a RPM na resolugio de tarefas complicadas causadas pelas agressOes cxternaSn.

Outros aspectos em que a RDA coopera 6 na formacio de espei cialistas mogambicanos em medicina e na assistoncia modica na RPM. sobre o que aludiu o exemplo de um meidico internacionalista alemio que desenvolveu um programa de controlo da mortalidade infantile a\$sistfencia matemo-infa'ntil' 13th 'dis'tr'ito da Provincia de Manica.

A RDA participa no acabamento de casas na cidade de Maputo e forneceu equipamentos para a pr6-fabrica950 de casas em varias regi6es da RPM.

Evocou o recente encontro dos Chefes dos dois Estados. Erich Honecker da RDA e o Marechal Samora Machel da RPM, que deram um novo impulso as relaqoes bilaterais.

A concluir a conferoncia de Imprensa, Helmut Makkhes elogiou a AMASP que xprestou e presta um contributo no desenvolvimento das relagGes bilateraiSm to by Pretoria. and has ap-A CEASEFIRE has been reached between the Mozambique governmenp of President Samoa?! Machel and the Mohihbique National Minna handh group. South Ale Foreign Minister Plk Baths and the President. Mr P W. Bouts. announced tho form In Union Build.-

Evo Fernando; M11- Plk Baths. said South African soldiers Would enter Mozambique In undisclosed numbers "to see that tho Mes

here attended by M Ma economics minister Major-Gmnl Jadnto Veloso. and the MNB "seerehry- general" don't breach the emenre and don't take advantage of It". He said am Ioldlel'l would also help um um: roads, plough nelds and provide medical services. Tho fordgn muster said there was no doubt, during the talks. that President Samora Machel would remain in power nlld that the rebels would remain barred from government. He ma the bandits gained an amnesty and peace from are agreement. Yesterday's announcement follow" three months 01 mks initiated panently naved the Nionntl Accord. signed in March after moont Mozambican w a I'll I n gs that It was endangered by continued MNB ambushes and sabotage. An estimated 8000 rebels. operating largely from bases In momma. north and west of in against the 26 000mm Mozambican my, carried out sabotage attach and raids in all 10 provinces, causing what Foreign Minister Joaquin:

Nr. 20-84cm nomuy called "incalculable devasta-Mr Plk Both: nah! the new accord resulted from 70 hours 0! negotiations over the past week with the Mo Mammal; delegations. He said the (Ilka were on the brlnk or collapse four times. rho South African minutel- sold the fourpolnt put did not col tor speclno now. from either side. Details of When the Mn would tmke elect were not disclosed. Fernanda, Who has been based in Portugal. and three other MNR omclals represented the bandits yesterday. but thenwnsno signofMNR "president" Mouse Dina.knma. who was In Pretoria for talks last week. A commission to oversee the ceasem-e, chaired by South African Deputy Foreign Minister Louis Nel, met for the tint thin yesterday, a totem" minim Wt salt: It consist: 01 represent mm- ot South Africa, THE Mozambican Press, which normally reiiects official government views. yesterday said that the agreement reached in Pretoria between Mozambique and the Mozambique National Resistance bandits was only a declaration of intent. The national news agency AIM and the Ma.puto daily Noticlas both said in commentaries that South Africa. which had presided over discumioms in Pretoria. realised that the Nkomatl Accord. a non-aggresslon pact, it recently signed with Mozambique. was in jeo. partly because of the MNR's activities. The news agency said the bendlts' activities "had become prejudicial to South African interests. Only with an end to bandltry in Mozambique will the Nkomatl Accord haVe any usefulness". It Said there was no possibility Of a political

accomodmtion betWeen Mozambique and the bandits. "The basic factor in the struggle against bandltry AKTLELLER IWORMATIONSDIENST AFRIKA Dokmntations-Leitstelle Mriku . Hamburg Wundthe MNR. m Monty of the Wmu recllee on the battleiield." said the agency, thlclas warned that the declmtlon 1n Pretoria "is merely one step format) in the process of winning pence. It is not yet peace W. nor Willi l't result achlly in the end 01' the was". The newepaper aim interviewed several Maputo redidenta who .9 Wm, Major - General Jacinto Veloso, who had the government defleg'atlon to the We (ants. declared on his return to Mam that military action the bandits woul'd be 'W right up until the moment When the malts definitely end their vtldlence." The general Indicated that theme were many tactual errors in the announcement by South African Foreign muster. Mr Plk Bothzu, on Wedneedey in which he said the South African forces would be sent into Maze. end head 04' military telecommunications, Llent Mozambican media explains agreement with MN R bandits mhlque to monitor a ceasefire between the two sides. General Veloso mid of Mr Botha's claim: "This WB-s not dlscussed._ and therefore the only come ment I can make is that if Mr Botha. said this then he is prepared for such an eventuality. But we did not discusa thc-Jmtter." He strmed the fact than: the bandit leadership recognised "the necessity for an immediate and unconditional em! to all acts of violence and terrorism in our country. and recognised also the legitimate authbrity of

our state and gownmeat". Gen. Veloso said that, the declaration would mean an amnesty for the bandits and said support had already 'been sought from certain Western countries and South Africa to help Mozambique "integrate those who surrender and promise not to revert to this kind of action". The general said the commission set up in Pre-Mosambik commander. MahmorunouingosFondqnld wermmtwomoulhs the Mmmbloan armed tueeahndcaptu-ed ale last ugnlncent bandit halalnthepmince. .InNewYorkonZlhleo-My, MamMoanForelqn Minister Joaqnlm Chlasana pledged h!- m. We continued m fordmAhlanNauonm OonneudSouthAh-loa. HeteldiheMseIdou, of the United Nation. General Unwed Notions to w step. to South Anion to n will: the ANC. - M Renwr-Am-Pam. torla. .to implement what had been agreed at the meetings had been established and should achieve the aims that, have been laid down as rapidly as possible. In Johannesburg. Evo Fernandes who headed the bandit delegation, said the commission would meet next week, probably in Pretoria. But, he also said that final agreement still depended on political condithbns set by his organisation to end the hostilitlea. including a. demand for a. share In goveminent. His side had never ecu cepted the idea of sending South African troops into Mozambique, --,ZianaaAm-Natidu-ReuteT.

Mosamb ik AKTUELLER INFORMATIONSDIENST AFRIKA Dokmentatlons-Leitstelle Atrike . Hamburg THE HERALD W314 Harare 26. SEE 34 Maputo amnesty for CIA agents MAPUTO. SEVERAL Mozambican who spied for the United States Central lnteliigence Agency haye been granted an amnesty to mark the 20th anniversary yesterday of the launching by Freiimo of liberation struggle against Portuguese colonialism. Out of a total of 53 people amnesticd, 14 were arrested on charges of spying for foreign powers. Most of them were part of a CIA spyring smashed by Mozambican security early in 1988. They include Jose Mam singa, formerly the director of research and personnel in the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, who, at a. Press conference in March 1981, told journalists how he had supplied information to the CIA on Mozambique's agreements with socialist countries, and had introduced likely recruits to CIA officers in Maputo. Also amnestied was Alberto Sande formerly chief of the Mozambican army's guard force in tho Maputo suburb of Matolu, where South African commandos murdered 13 members of the Atrlcan National COngress in January 1981. Sande had passed information on military installations to Louis Ofiivier, one or the four CIA officeru working under diplomatic cover from the American embassy who Were expelled from Mozambique in March 1981. Seven officers who were displayed by Presl-(lent Samora. Machel at a

mass rally in Maputo two weeks after the Matoia raid also go free. They were described by President Machei as "agents and traitors who eon-

trlbuted by their actions towards the South Africanracist attack". They include Fernando Antonio Nyakauka and Francisco Salame Wien-0010!. respectively commander and deputy commander of the Mntole. garrison on the night of the South African attack. They Ind ordered their unit not to open fire on the South Africans. Another person amnestied was Tnurlgarlra Mwateteni, described as a foreign citizen who had 3 led against Mommt ique for the Smith regime during the Zimbabwe war. His nationality was not given. In Maputo, Mozamblcans celebrated the anniversary or the attack on the Portuguese administrative post at Chai in Cabo-Delgado province on September 24 1964 with a military parade. Thousands of residents lined the main avenue yesterday morning to watch a march-past by several companies 01' the army, air force and navy. including two companies of women soldiers. This was followed by a demonstration of the Mozambican armed forces hardware wilh armoured cars xuui personnel carriers, tanks, rocket launchers and field pieces trundling past, accompanied by helicopters and planes of the air force flying overhead. The leader of the group of guerilias whose attack was being commemorated Is now Mozambique's Defence Minister, Qeneml Alberto Chlptmde, whu marched at the head or the parade behind Nuatandard bearer. President Samom Machel, who is also commander-in-ehlcf or the armed forces and holds the rank of Marshal o! the Republic, reviewed the parade, accompanied by members of the general staff. the. Political Bureau of the Freiimo Party and the standing committee of

the Mozambican parliament, the People's Assembiy. Addressing the soldiers on parade, President Maohel said: "By taking up arms we reaffirmed our identity, our right to he Mommbieans, our right to be Atricans. t'We started email, but we have grown, " he eontlnued. "We grew because We were ready to accept sacrifices for the benefit of the majority ttWe shall afways Ioldiers of September 25," continued President Maehel. "With peace gained, let us. march forwards to build that happiness that was always the supreme reason for our stntggle." On Mcnday night; President Machel declared that: "We, the Mozambiam people, are prom! that we have estabushed in Southern Africa an alternativo civilisation thet puts in danger the Iyltem of l'acism and of imperialism." The president was reading a message to the nation to mark the annlversary yesterday. "The challenge we face, " declared Ode Machei, "is not merely at the level of armed combat (against the MNB bandits). It is a challenge that we want to put an end to hunger and underdevelopment that have always ravaged our 10. ' t In a challenge that

we wt to rid ourselves of ignorance, illiteracy and endemic dime and the wretchedness that have always been typical of our country. "It is the challenge of building a free and equal Iociet on the frontiers of me In. "It is the challenge of bringing the triumph of the socialist revolution to a. region that has traditionally been under imperialist hegemony." In Harare the Mombiean Ambassador to Zimbabwe, Ode Rafael Maguni, said in a commemorative statement at a diplomatic luncheon: 'The bullet: that were fired for the first time by our gallant freedom tighters 20 years ago against Portuguese colonialism heralded a. new era in the history of our country. "Although confronted with many difficulties It is with t Joy that the Mozamb can people celebmte today in freedom and independence the 20th anniversary of the landmark which constituted the foundation for the achievement of that freedom and independence." The Minister of Foreign Affairs, Ode Witness Manzwende, said the Freilmo victory had opened a new front for the Zimbabwean struggle. Ode Mangwende said that by independence in 1980 the Mozambican people's armed forces and Zimbabwean freedom fighters had shared so many experiences in combating a common enemy that they almost became one army. t'l express once again our people's profound gratitude to the Mombican nation as a whole for the supreme sacrifice they made for the cause of our independence, and our satisfaction at th--ever-increasing co-opern tlon between the FPL n and ZNA." - Ziana-AIM-

Pane, Herald Reporter.