Question: discuss your life an artist, can you tell us about your family? Ben: "Well, my father, whose name was Fred is dead. Nice chyme ch? Fred, dead, (laughs). My old man was a build-er, but I blke to say Fred, he was a thouse sculptor, (laughs again).

(Then seriously): My dad slogged and slaved for some and White man who paid white man who paid him a pittance while he made all the money. The work was too much and he quietly said boodbye to my mother, Dora, and my two sisters and two brothers One brother followed him to the grave.

dived in Albertsville. A lovely quiet township, lying at the bottom of Sophiatown squeezed by the

the state of the state of the state of

White suburb Northeliff. It was a perceable town and people knew whose son was after whose daughter or whose husband was lying all hoozed up near Aunt Amie's sheheen

Then, (the fire returns to Ben's eyes)
Then, the overlords
told us to pack and
move. Like they
were telling everyone all over the country.
My school days at
Albertsville primary and at Coronation-ville High School, lost their beauty and my family hore the stain of my youthful bitter-

ness.
Question: Bitterness,
Ben? Why bitter at such a tender age.

such a tender age-surely you were not all that sensitive? en: When you're young and somebody tears and pulls at your dream, the Ben: your dream, the people you love and all those things that all those things that pre dear to the heart, you hate mister, you hate bitterly even it, you don't understand what it's all about. The bitterness is in your mama's womb.

mama's womb.

Ques.: Then you must have started early in your life as an artist and sculptor. Did those early experiences have any bearing on your work?
Ben: It's hard to say.

I guess everything I felt, saw and craved.
The pain I heard my family speak of, their Joys and prayers, all these were reflected in my work. Even the Christ I painted was a member of the family, someone in the community.

If there was bitterness, then it must have come out. I loved painting as a kid, but it soon dawned on me that I was more pro nounced as a sculp-

Dunnal

People saw and liked what I did, but no-body saw the artist in me. Just some dumb kid whiling away his time in paints and dirt.

A man that really spurred me. on, was my father. He wrote letters to many artistically inclined people and "authors lities" on art.

Then a man called Ceell Skotnes heard

of my works from my dad and he invited me to study at the Polly Street Art School.

Skotnes showed interest and taught me

the technicalities be hind art. He could not teach me art. No one can do that, because art lies deep within a person. Part of his soul, you might say. And no one, but no one can know another man's soul.
All the school did was

al side of art the side that attracts the buy-ers. The side that tells you there is only one form of art. No art of the free and the unfree.

and the unfree, but I am grateful for what Skotnes and many other Whites did for me. They also made me realise, that artists can become their subjects I and 7 became someone el-se's subject. A ma-chine for making money. A sucker. A Mickey Mouse, And dammit, I am just sick of being a Mickey Mouse . . . Ben rubs his chin now and there is a of deflance anger in his face.



TO BE SHOW

当图:生命机

You have been Ques.: painting and sculp-turing for a long time. In fact, you gained fame as far back as 1959. How is it, if you will parback as 1959. How buck, the tycon is it, if you will parcomplexed painter, record that you have don me saying, that the cheque book you aren't the rich sculptor, all doing group and individual artist, so many, of their thing, because which the rich your colleagues are?

en: That is another one of the Mickey one of the Mickey Mouse scenes I had played for the bene-fit of others. Why am I not the rich, fat bellied tycoon? A good question. But the reason began with my father's first letter to a White guy. A cheque of £10.

"Mr Arnold, for your son's work" then sell-ing it for £60. Then a small fee in appre-clation of Ben's effort.

Money coming in small bits, for a home that had to send four kids to school on a tight budget, be-cause my old man's

boss was draining the
life from him.
Material, rents, time
and labour put into a
major work, only to
be handed a pittance. Mickey Mouse, brother, from an early age,

wasted too, which young kid would not, if he was excited if he was excited about handling a few

crispy bank notes; given in recognition of his work.

of his work.

Later I was commissioned by churches to work on religious themes and African-orientated or murals. The money came, like it always did, cut bare by percentages, interests and deducfor materials. Mickey-moused be-cause I thought I was becoming famous and did not pay much attention to money.

Today, there are many commerc many commercially inclined Black artists. Men and women who go for the fast buck, the tycoon complexed painter,

of money. Question: It seems that you have a grudge against making against making money. How can an artist live without it? Or do you see-some sort of evil in hoarding cash? ten: No evil, mister. Everybody needs a slice or so, but when artists want to own

Ben: No artists want to own the bakeries, let alone the grain fields, then, old man money sure has them. Then they're no longer moved by vocation. No longer out to record, those things that affect their survival.

Power

The things that mean heritage, to tradition

and culture.

Not being a channel
through which generations can look
back on. Only
money-eyed artists
chasing green niver. chasing green power and forgetting the call of Negritude.

speak he elements I speak
of were always in my
carly, work. They
were more pronounced in my latter
years, as I became
aware that artists
have a positive role
to play in the political and cultural freedom of their people.
In a student group
art show. Then, if
you can recall, thespirit of our people
was high. The elements 1

was high. an artist, although

young, I drank of the fever of those ble mark on my work." which left an indeli-

feature in an exhibi-

tion. Ben: "It's like going to en: "It's like going to receive the holy sac-rament for the first, time. A fever burns your insides as you hear the remarks. The critics are damned good at telling an artist what he or she portrays, or lacks or attempts to say.

lacks or attempts to say.

I guess it's all in their wallets. Money gives them a critical eye. But it sure is a nice feeling seeing your work displayed, getting the usual favourable nod. The pat en the bark. The offer.

Then those Mickey

Then those Mickey
Mouse directors come
and spill the contract
thing. How much you
owe for this or that, The interests, I've got no against sharing. nothing

Desire

heing, but this com-mercial thing has get us Black artists by the neck It's one way of being subverted from those values that should mean so much to us.

get bullled by our desire for money and soon become cultural-ly stripped artists ly stripped artisfs
without a desire to
conscientise our peomon awareness of their rights. ou might ask me

You why I didn't rather become a politician, if Ym squealing remuch about being free. Well it's not all that easy to jump on a political platform and denounce those who govern you. have chosen to be a channel of Black Con-

schousness through the medium of art and culture.

and culture.

Our people have beer robbed of their old values, religion and way of life, thus giving them no impetus towards a better life, free of repression. They sit, pray and hope for betterment and stagnate spiritually and culturally. Ques: Of all your successes, tell us of the one that pleases or pleased you most.

pleased you most. What is the mest treasured thing for

you? n: How does one speak of success. speak of success. What yardstick is there, to measure Joy? Frankly, I don't know, but right now the thing that make me very, very hap py, is that I have finally found out

who I am and what
it is that I want
from life.
Women have not been
part of it, except
my sweet old me my sweet old me-ther. I discovered that there are things which must transcent fame and mo must transc

Fought

One of them is committeent to a carsy and for greater, is love for that range and for those. In in whose concern (Nest week read At old's views on art for Hiberation).



sit for hours listening to it and all sorts of images enter my mind." The young artist lives in an isolated cottage on the beach near Capetown. Preferring to be alone with nature in its starkest form, his paintings and drawings often depict gaunt, somewhat frightening but deeply moving human figures. They reflect a troubled soul, for Stone is a searching and sensitive critic of society.

The soft-spoken young man says, "I never imagined that I would really gain recognition. Now that I have had my first breaks, I intend working in the country — living with the people, studying them and finally painting them."

The two young artists met shortly before they presented their two-man show. They became close friends and saw similarities and contrasts in their works. Both men hope to travel outside South Africa to study the works of other artists, but they both profess a sense of rich creative stimulation in their own country.







Trevor Stone studies arrangement of works at Johanneshurg exhibit. Above right is his drawing, "Give My Child Some Food or He'll Die;" at left is his painting "The Adulteress; The Adulterer; The Husband."

BY CHRIS HENZE

WO TALENTED young artists, Ben Arnold and Trevor Stone, who have been gaining popularity in South Africa for their powerful rica for their positive statements in sculpture and painting, joined forces for a two-man show at the USIS auditorium in Johan-

nesburg recently. Arnold is a 27-year-old sculptor whose growing reputation is based on numerous group and one-man shows and on recent commissions for several bas-reliefs in Johannesburg. His work is characterized by massive, angular forms. Stone is a 20-year-old painter from Capetown, whose works in conti, charcoal and pastels are just now

attracting wide attention.

For several years Arnold studied with Cecil Skotnes,, founder of South Africa's first art school for Africans in 1951. The young sculptor's work displays a mastery of modern technique combined with easily recognizable local: motifs. Having tasted success, he is especially interested in encouraging other young artists and school children who visit his showings. "These young people are the artists of tomorrow," Arnold contends. "I feel that if I can explain to them what I am trying to say in my sculpture, they will grow up with a better understanding of the relevance of art to their daily lives."

Stone is a self-taught artist who draws his inspirations from the jazz artistry of his friend, the well-known South African musician Dollar Brand. Brand's music, he is striking example of says, provides the atmosphere the dynamic style of sculptor which stimulates him to find Ben Anold, shown at full expression. "My love for of his works, "Awakening jazz has influenced me great-Form," for exhibition. ly," Stone declares. "I can



Striding Figure" (above) right as he readies another

