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Star Africa Service and Sapa-Reuter

LUANDA $\hat{a}\200\224$ Angola $\hat{a}\200\231s$

MPLA yesterday accused

| the Unita rebel movement

of planning to partition the country, while hopes for peace rested on a meeting scheduled for this afternoon between President Eduardo dos Santos and Unita leader Jonas Savimbi.

The meeting, which South African Minister of Foreign Affairs Pik Botha helped broker, is seen by diplomats as being vital to hopes of maintaining

peace.

It follows the collapse of a meeting scheduled for Friday and the release of election results at the weekend $\hat{a}\200\224$ more than two weeks after nearly

million Angolans went to the

The results, which the United

Nations declared $\hat{a}\200\234$ generally

free and fair \hat{a} 200\235 showed that a - run-off in the presidential poll

Wwas required, but gave the rul-

ing MPLA a significant majori-

3 over Unita in the legislative $\tilde{\ }$ elections.

Yesterday, tensions rose as

troops,

Unitamobilising)

says MPLA

MPLA officials accused Unita of Ps in some regions and pl

southern area of the coun

where Savimbi retreated after the elections, said Unita was preparing for

B Huamho st achar

cities.

city of Huam

Governor Baltasar Manuel, in

a statement broadcast on state radio yesterday, said the government demanded Unita withdraw its forces under international supervision.

MPLAofi¬\202dnlshavealsore-'

rorted Unita troop movements n Bie and Moxico, the provinces east of Huambo, Diplomats said grou s of Unita men appeared to be in control of some towns Election results were announced on Saturday, 17 days Tnet'.'«'hgoun"lg' leâ\200\231s Liber eâ\200\231s a-;lst');lâ\200\230 Movent:eint:(:ngl;l.A) vtvion n the legislative 11, p:{fleenthe Union for the (t?ntlg Liberation of u?%gola party secured 34,1 percent. remaining votes in the legislative ballot were shared by 16 smaller parties, In the presidential poll, President dos Santos mananged to

get 49,57 percent â\200\224 just sort of

the 50 percent necessary to

avoid a run-off for the

3 o; zainsttsdafvith?bl, who got The of the re-

sults were delayed when Unita claimed election fraud and threatened war if the results were to be
After the results were reh of MPLA supporters took to the streets to celebrate. But tight security and riot police have put a damper on the festivities which have already provoked violence. At two MPLA su

porters were killed in when Unita soldiers fired at celebra

hile there were larities $\frac{200}{235}$ they been $\frac{3}{200}$ due to human error and inexperience. $\frac{3}{200}$

There was no evidence of major, systematic or wide-md fraud, or that the irregu-

some to have -

\0 19

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KAUNDA faces a SolomÃ@nic

this week in trying to adjudicate

between the ANC and IFP. Both parties

 \hat{A}° were signatories to the peace accord, but

f : their supporters continue to attack one an-

Orglveness other, physically and verbally. The IFP is

! especially irked by ANC charges that it is a surrogate of the Government. If the former

Zambian leader can clear the air between

W BOTHA tried it and failed. FW the two sides, he will earn the gratitude of de Klerk should not imagine he all peace-desiring South Africans. will meet with greater success. When he fashioned for himself the office of State President, the Groot Krokodil took to arguing that this somehow removed him from the political fray, and placed him $\hat{a}\200\234$ above politics $\hat{a}\200\235$. The former president even entertained notions of be-::rt,x,ling a nationally accepted â\200\234concilia-Now we find at the centre of the Govern $ment \hat{a} \ 200 \ 231s$ justification for the form of its Further Indemnity Bill, is the same contention that the State President is not a â\200\234political figureâ\200\235. According to this spurious argument, he is above politics, and can therefore be relied upon to arbitrate neutrally on the question of who should receive indemnity, and whether the details of their application should be made public. He is ven full responsibility for appointing a $\hat{a}\200\234$ National Council of Indemnity $\hat{a}\200\235$ and its members will be responsible to him alone. It is extraordinary that the Government - should think it can get away with this argument in transitional South Africa. The unrepresentative nature of the current ' Parliament is obvious to all, and De Klerk was elected by a fraction of this country $\hat{a}\200\231s$ \hat{a} \200\234people. 4 e Government is playing a dangerous game in riding roughshod over widespread _objections and going ahead with its new $\hat{a}\200\234$ indemnity law. Whatever its protestations to the contrary, there are justifiable suspi- \tilde{c} ions that, \tilde{b} hands of De Klerk and not providing for public disclosure of misdeeds by those ap-:â\200\230*plying for indemnity, a cover-up is made - possible.

- " _The Democratic Party is correct in saying that the sensitive matter of wiping the slate clean is the proper preserve of a rep-
- resentative, multi-party interim government of national unity. Forgiving and forgetting is essential if South Africa is to achieve reconciliation. All parties must agree on the manner in which this should

be done, or the forgiving will be partial, and the forgetting unlikely.

ALAN COOPER Daily News Reporter

MORE than 200 armed African National Congress supporters Were ferried to safety through Inkatha lines yesterday under guard in army and police vehicles after being besieged by taunting, jeering crowds of people in a school at Phatheni,

near Richmond.

The successful rescue and evacuation avert ed \hat{a} 200\224 for now \hat{a} 200\224 fears of large-scale bloodshed in the area.

The siege followed an eyeball-to-eyeball confrontation in the area, with an exchange of shots in which one man was killed.

A clash seemed inevitable when the ANC members arrived in the area on Saturday, determined to settle on land from which they were forged to $,a\200\230\$ \2029e,m past violence. : S dadias

After weeks of talks between ANC, Inkatha Freedom Party, church and business leaders failed to resolve the issue, the refugees announced their determination to return on Saturday, while tribal leaders warned they would retaliate against the â\200\234incursionâ\200\235.

Trouble started only minutes after their return. A large group of armed IFP supporters descended from the hills and a stand-off ensued.

In the ensuing fusilade of shots IFP member Mr Cyprian Nzimande, 27, was killed while police and army personnel struggled to keep the opposing factions apart.

The ANC group eventually took refuge at the local school.

In the early hours of yesterday, an ANC team led by Richmond ANC chairman Mr Sifiso Nkabinde was shot at when they ventured into the area to bring food to the returnees. No one was hurt in the shooting.

Hurled taunts

The ANC members remained at the school throughout yesterday morning under the protection of soldiers while a group of Inkatha women, children and

teenagers hurled taunts at them.

Just over 100 metres up the road, heavily armed Inkatha men and youths manned the only route out of the area, preventing unauthorised entry or exit.

After negotiations between senior police and army officers and Inkatha leaders $\hat{a}\geq00\geq24$ closely observed by United Nations peace monitors $\hat{a}\geq00\geq24$ it was agreed that the ANC members would be escorted from the area.

They left in a series of police and army vehicles, leaving jubilant Inkatha members to $a\200\234$ liberate $a\200\235$ the school at around 3.30pm yesterday.

The exodus went without incident $\hat{a}200\224$ the ANC members leaving behind only their shouted warning: $\hat{a}200\234$ We'll be back. $\hat{a}200\235$

O In a statement today, the Natal KwaZulu Regional Dispute Resolution Committee said they had been involved in two weeks of intensive negotiations with ANC, IFP and tribal leaders in the Richmond area in an attempt to facilitate the peaceful return of the ANC-affilliated displaced persons to their homes in the IFP stronghold of Patheni.

They had intended to return on Saturday, October 10, but the committee asked them to delay the return for a week to allow negoatiations to be conducted with the chiefs and the IFP.

 $\hat{a}\200\234$ They agreed to this and are commended for the decision $\hat{a}\200\235$.

The committee said the matter had been referred to the National Peace Secretariat and the national leaderships of the ANC and IFP.

The security forces had been fully briefed on the situation and had undertaken to do everything in their power to help maintain peace.

high poll vital - ANC

NnF Ly

'gâ\200\230GNE OF the most important $a\200\230$ things for the ANC to do be re an election is to wean . voters away from the boycott ", politics which has ruled in the .townships for years, according | to-the ANCâ\200\231s election commission head, Popo Molefe. =<It will be a mammoth task _of motivating the voters to see ".the need to vote; to see that this _election is different from those for illegitimate township coun-. cils and has the sup rt of liberation movements, â\200\235 Molefe said. "He said that while the ANC was the only organisation with enough support to organise street committees and develop 1.200 branches around the country, that support was among the -poorest people and this meant resources to fight the campaign ' were scarce. $a\200\234$ The Government spent R30 a voter during the $\hat{a}\200\230$ erendum

With the prospect of an election looming large over the South African political scene, the ANC, short of

resources, Is banking on

its close links with ordinary

people. MICHAEL SPARKS reports.

(on negotiations in February).

We will not be able to spend nearly that much. \hat{a} \200\235

Molefe said the ANC was not concerned about other $a\200\230$ parties having more election experience, as events in countries

such as Namibia and Zimbabwe

showed that support was more rtant.
olefe said the most important aspect of the first election was to get a very high poll, to give the whole transition pro-

cess legitimacy.

 $\hat{a}\200\234$ You can $\hat{a}\200\231$ t have legitimacy without the participation of the vast majority. We need more than just over 50 percent of voters. We are hoping for a poll of 90 percent.

 $\hat{a}\200\234$ This would give legitimacy to a Constituent Assembly which would, in turn, give legitimacy to the constitution which emerged, $\hat{a}\200\235$ he said.

To get a high poll it was essential that the issue of voter registration be dealt with soon $a\200\224$ preferably in the next round of constitutional negotiations.

He said it would be impossible to rely on the $\hat{a}\200\234$ inefficien 4 Department of Home Affairs to $\hat{a}\200\230$ issue millions of people with ID books in the time available. The ANC itself had still to decide on voter identification, he said.

In order to get large numbers of voters to the polls it was vital for all parties to have ac-

cess to voters, particularly those in the rural areas.

Molefe said National Party supporters were throwing tea parties for domestic workers $a\200\224$ with madams serving the tea $a\200\224$ in order to try to encourage them to vote for the NP.

The ANC was holding meet-

gs in white suburbs.

 $\hat{a}\200\234$ It is crucial to have the white voters listen to us explain what we stand for, rather than have them listen to what the hostile SABC says we stand for, $\hat{a}\200\235$ Molefe said.

Confidently asserting the ANC would be the next government, Molefe went on to say it would change the attitudes of people in the country.

 $\hat{a}\200\234$ The scales and cobwebs will fall from the eyes of even the most conservative people once they realise we are not cannibals, and they will realise they have a future here. $\hat{a}\200\235$ O

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â\204¢ THE CITIZEN
COMMENT
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THE ri tween the governmen =
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armed with traditional weap o
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Police had tefused permission for them
carry these weapons.
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The question of the
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Chief Buthelezi say s
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ban on of traditional weapons, e:(;ctel\ddot{} \201= i
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b:'ts -ihyany further negotiations. SR, $\M^2200\2301$) e can understand the chagrin leader and his followers. e Traditional weapgns artet ltll:t;g e bombs, $\mbox{y}^2\202\$; v glr(;g sei(:{ler to disband Umkhonto we S

(MK), its military wing, Ot hand over its arms

- e :« and knobkerries can and do M@pu%z::sheï¬\201%s cause far more d;ag;:r Yo 'thei'eâ\200\231 wouldnâ\200\231t be so much angt st .P:,lrlhag:n on weapons if the governmen e

hown a marked preference for negotiating sho!

agreements directly with the ANC.

g of traditional, or

It is now trying to reassure other parties, in- $\hat{a}\204$ ¢ cluding the IFP, that they are not being ignored, but the evidence suggests that the ANC is regarded as the government $\hat{a}\200\231$ s main negotiating partner. i We have repeated often enough our belief that there cannot be a settlement which ignores the IFP and the Zulu nation, as represented by its king, or any other major players (or non-players like the White Right).

There are reports that the Cape Nationalist congress showed signs of restiveness over the alienation of Chief Buthelezi and a large section of the Zulu nation. :

The party would pay dearly for this in a forth-coming election, one MP reportedly told the Nationalist caucus.

The same report claims Mr De Klerk explained it was essential to strengthen the hands of ANC moderates, hence his decision to accept the ANC demands.

The ANC moderates were now in a stronger position and it was possible to resume negotiations that would lead to a government of national unity. $\hat{A} \!\!\! > \!\!\! >$

Since we do not believe that there are moderares in the ANC, which is dominated by the SA Communist Party, we would certainly not go along with this argument.

More importantly, we do not think that it is wise to offend Chief Buthelezi and to place him in a position in which he finds it worthwhile to form an alliance with the Conservative Party, Bophuthatswanaâ\200\231s Dr Lucas Mangope and Ciskeiâ\200\231s Brigadier Oupa Gqozo.

For the sake of its own alliance of moderates, the government should take great care not to alienate Chief Buthelezi further.:

It needs him as an ally in any election. It cer-

tainly does not need him as an enemy. And it certainly should not drive him into alliance with the White Right.

On the other hand, it would be wise if Chief - Buthelezi did not openly defy the govern-

ment by breaking any bans, since this might alienate his sympathisers in the National Par- \hat{a} 200\231

"ty and the general public.

/Hé,

OUDTSHOORN ey

President FW de Klerk on: Saturday again called on - $\frac{3}{200}$ collective leadership. of South Africa $\frac{200}{235}$ to work - together to turn around the country $\frac{200}{231}$ misfortunes.

- Mr De Klerk told a Nahonal â\200\234Party public meeting in the Cape town of Oudtshoorn that the best remedy for South Africa was rapid reform through honest negotlation.

Jie also assured his lisâ\200\230teners that the National Party Government would not give way under pressure nor hand over the country to chaos..

Instability and violence benefited only radicals. Realists and moderates needed to stand up to stop this element in its tracks.

After congratulating the Oudtshoorn NP for

ing blockaded roads to stop buses which were to bring NP supporters to the meeting $\hat{a}\200\224 \hat{a}\200\234\hat{a}\200\234$ and then they are the people who claim to believe in democ-racy. $\hat{a}\200\235$

 $\hat{a}\200\234$ They are the people who complam they cannot organise politically in KwaZulu but are themselves intolerant.

 $\hat{a}\200\234$ The ANC are fighting politics in an ugly manner, $\hat{a}\200\235$ he said.

â\200\234They call for mass action but how many job opportunities did that create? No, thousands of jobs were destroyed as a result.

 \hat{a} \200\234They organise strikes,

but did anyone obtain a job because he went on strike?â\200\235

The President called on

bemg the fastest-gmwmg
in the country, he took
_the ANC to task for hav-

hlS &udledce consp:cu-:;
_dominated - by

ously Colouteds and Blacks, not to let themselves be intimidated.

It was not the policies of the government which were behind violence and the failing economy, but poeple who did not really want peace and who were involved in a power struggle.

- \hat{a} 200\234That is the root of the

evil, \hat{a} \200\235 he said.

- What was needed was positive involvement by all leaders and opinion-makers in building reconciliation.

The National Party offered the only peaceful alternative, the only attainable.road to justice in South Africa, he said.

 $\hat{a}\200\234$ And justice is the only basis on which to build a peaceful future. $\hat{a}\200\235$ $\hat{a}\200\224$ Sapa.

African ess that

 \hat{a} \200\230 weapons be banned.

\AN C in PWYV calls fi $\frac{200}{234}\frac{200}{230}$ mass actio

 $\hat{a}\200\234$ THE African National Congress PWV region called yesterday for the \hat{A}° continuation of the mass - action campaign.:

 \hat{a} 200\234Mass action must con-

- tinue and be strengthened

and maintained on a national, regional and local level while taking into account developments in the negotiations process,â\200\235 said a resolution adopted during the organisationâ\200\231s

_regional congress in Jo-

hannesburg.
In other resolutions,
the conference called for

- the suspension of local le-

vel constitutional negotia-

 \hat{a} 200\230tions, the dissolution of

Black local authorities and management committees, the suspension of negotiations on the Interim Measures Act and Provincial and Local

Government Acts.

It also resolved that White cities and towns provide resources and funds for the provision of municipal services in the townships, a moratorium on all sales of houses

owned by Black local authorities and the halt-ing of evictions, water and electricity cuts, and legal action against rent boycotts. â\200\224 Sapa.

) Gâ\200\224 70 â\200\224

Armed Zulus in well-behaved: A.Jhb march

TENS of thousands of

chanting and ululating

Zulus surged through the _centre of Johannesburg
â\200\234early on Saturday afternoon, openly carrying
their traditional weapons
in defiance of an agree-

ment reached between the government and the

National Condangerous

The lively but well-behaved stream of Inkatha Freedom Party supporters â\200\224 many of them in traditional ~dress and brandishing sticks, spears, shields, axes and even whips â\200\224 headed from the George Gogh Hostel to the headquarters of the South African Police in Johannesburg, John Vorster Square.

Small groups of bystanders watched warily as the impis strode past, ready to duck into shops and up side streets at the first shake of a stick.

The march was to protest against the â\200\234Record of Understandingâ\200\235 reached between the government and the ANC which, among other things, decided that hostels should be fenced off and that dangerous weapons â\200\224 including the Zuluâ\200\231s traditional coutrements â\200\224 be banned.

A plea by the South African Police for all weapons to be left at home was simply ignored.

A strong police pres-

ence kept watch over the
march, with police and
army vehicles in the vang-

uvard, and a helicopter
hovering overhead.

The marchers were led by dozens of cars carrying gesticulating and singing IFP supporters. Immediately behind the cars were thousands of ululating women, some barebreasted in traditional style. â\200\224 Sapa. :

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CATI& 12-10=93

 $a\200\230$ special session $a\200\235$ of Parllament

_CITING the $\hat{a}\200\234$ threatS; de- . \hat{A} «iye believe that there mands :and @Meral is need to move swi

'SACC T1 ms the

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sessmmm bl]ied axr{
one more: step mtoa new
future.

â\200\234It " seems mtead to â\200\230have been filled with issues and resolutions that take us back rather than forward. We can "only . hope that the threats, demands, and-general-tone 3 ofthes&ssaonnsapohhcal play for one section of the community and not intended as a serious part of the negotiation process the SACC said.:

- $\hat{a}\200\234$ The SACC cannot but question the value of the present speaal sessnon of | Parhament, |

B â\200\224â\200\224

FROM PAGE 1

yesterday that they are in-

vestigating the possibility of crimina! charges against the organisers and leaders of Saturdayâ\200\231s 20 000-strong Zulu march in Johannesburg during which spears, knobkerries, and other traditional weapons were carried by many marchers.

 $a\200\234$ The government $a\200\231$ s ban is totally unenforcable. It will therefore be defied, $a\200\235$ Mr Felgate said.

Police spokesman,
Captain Eugene Opperman, said dockets had
been opened by the
police. He declined to say
whether the Inkatha
Freedom Party president
and Chief Minister of
KwaZulu, Chief Mangosuthu Buthelezi, was
among those whose role
in organising the march
and the carrying of the
weapons was under investigation.

Chief Buthelezi was at the forefront of the march, which started at the George Goch Stadium and ended at John Vorster Square, where a petition was handed over to the police.

According to Captain Opperman, video ma-

terial will have to be

studied and investigations carried out before the dockets are handed over to the Witwatersrand Attorney-General,

kau, SC, for a decision on whether or not to pros-

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fage

Mr

Klaus von Lieres und Wil-

ecute. :

The police had not acted to disarm the marchers because this could have endangered the safety of the public. The police also wished to avoid the possibility of a bloody confrontation that might have ensued if the police had resorted to force to remove the weapons.

Before Saturdayâ\200\231s march, the Witwaters-rand Regional Commis-sioner of Police, Major-General Gerrit Erasmus, issued a warning that the carrying of weapons would be illegal.

He said it was clear from a Press release by the organisers that the

march was political in

nature, and thus fell within the definition of a political gathering as envisaged in the government notice on February 28 prohibiting the carrying of dangerous weapons at such a gathering.

He warned it would also be a breach of the law to carry the weapons at stations or on trains and called on all involved to leave their weapons at home.

[TIZAE (Â¥

IFP will still defy

After the march, the

police said in a statement $\frac{3}{200}^234$ that it was $\frac{3}{200}^234$ generally

well-behaved and disciplined $200\235$. They knew of only three incidents which might be connected to the march.

Before it started, a man reported that a group of men carrying traditional weapons had hijacked his car near the George Goch Hostel in Benrose. No arrests had been made in connection with the incident.

A bystander had reported being hit over the head with a stick by a marcher as the march moved away from John Vorster Square. This had cased her a slight injury.

In the third incident, an innocent man had been hit over the head with a knobkerrie, and while he was being searched by a group of men, the police $a \geq 00 \geq 30$ dad come on the scene. One of the men $a \geq 00 \geq 24$ who were wearing traditional clothing $a \geq 00 \geq 24$ was arrested and the remainder fled.

â\200\230In a fourth incident, about 30 people were reported to have been in-

" jured and damage caused

to seats and doors when

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three Inkatha supporters entered the Goodhope Cinema in Johannesburg and patrons panicked in their rush to get away from the Inkatha men.

Mr Fellgate said even if Chief Buthelezi called on IFP members to refrain from the carrying of $a\200\234$ cultural $a\200\234$ cultural and political men $a\200\235$ were the ones who decided on the carrying of such weapons.

 $\hat{a}\200\234$ And they will continue to honour the Chief Minister and the King by . carrying their cultural weapons, $\hat{a}\200\235$ Mr Fellgate said.

The IFP realised that continued defiance of the governmentâ\200\231s prohibition on the carrying of danger-ous weapons at political gatherings would lead to arrests of and charges against Zulus.

 $\hat{a}\200\234But$ we will continue carrying cultural weapons into the new South Africa. it is AK-47 $\hat{a}\200\231s$ that are killing people, not the Zulus traditional weapons, $\hat{a}\200\235$ Mr Felgate said.

The IFP had already compromised by calling on Zulus not to carry weapons in unrest areas. $a\200\234$ And that is how far we will go. $a\200\235$

e See Page Four.

Inkatha Freedom Party president, Chief MANGOSUTHU BUTHELEZI; "centre) leads supporters on a march in Johannesburg on Saturday to protest a ne(w han)on mdm weapons.

By Chris Steyn and Tony Stirling THE Zulus would continue to defy the governmentâ\200\231s ban on the carrying of cultural weapons at political gatherings, senior Inkatha Freedom Party spokesman, Mr Walter Felgate, said yesterday. IFP leader, Chief Mangosuthu Buthelezi, would neither take responsibility for his followers carrying such weapons, nor call on them to stop doing so, $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Mr}}$

Felgate added.
He was reacting to an announcement by. police

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nloy, October 19, 1992
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Zulu

JOHANNESBURG \hat{a} 200\224 Thousands of Zulus waving spears and clubs and chantmÂS war cries defied police and marched on central Johannesburg dyest, erday to demand their \hat{a} 200\234place in the $suna^200^235$ in a democratic South Africa. Cracking sticks against spears in a staccato noise reminiscent of distant unfire, they sweaf)t ugh streets normally bustling with shoppers. They presented a . petition to police, accusâ\200\230ing President F W de Klerk and Nelson Mandeln, leader of the rival Afiican National Con-3s, of colluding to exclulie the Zulu nation from a post-apartheid settlement. About 15,000 men and women, many bare-

Marchers demand $a\200\230$ a place in the sun $200\231$

breasted and clad in animal skins, raised clubs and battle axes in salute when Chief Mangosuthu

Buthelezi, on the steps of

the high-rise police headquarters, thanked them for $a\200\234$ all you have done in your struggle for the Zulu nation to have a place in the sun $200\235$.

Chief Buthelezi, leader of the Zulu-based In-katha Freedom Part{. whose followers are locked in a township war with loyalists of Mr Mandelaâ\200\231s ANC, said earlier he would not resume talks with Mr de Klerk until he was satisfied they would produce results.

As his followers gathered at a stadium on

the outskirts of the,cig. he said top Inkatha ofiicials were meeting ministers to see if there was a basis for new talks.

 $\hat{a}\200\234$ To meet for the sake of meeting is not good," he

said.

» Chief Buthelezi broke off democracy negotiations with the Government in anger over a Se;t) wmber 26 peace summit between de Klerk -and Mr Mandela.

He described yesterday's march as a Zulu national event and not an Inkatha affair â\200\224 a crucial distinction as the law forbids weapons at political gatherings.

Police said the demonstration was political and

® Chief Buthelezi

had refused permission for wea%ons to be carried.

But they did not intervene as the throng of warriors moved into city streets brandishing their medieval waepons.

A small group of UN monitors kept pace as the demonstrators jogged through the streets, chanting war songs and singing the praises of their king.

Marshalls with traditional thong whips kept the marchers in line and no serious incidents were reported. !

The demonstratorsâ\200\231 petition, issued in the name of â\200\234the Zulu nation's representativesâ\200\231, said there could be no quick return to all-party constitutional talks.

It demanded a muiltiparty conference on the de Klerk-Mandela summit accords, which were aimed at bringing the ANC back into negotiations after a five-month boycott in protest over township violence.

The petition said summit agreements to contain migrant workerfhos-

tels and ban the carnying of cultural weapons amounted to ANC-{rov-

ernment action @ t

the Zulu nation.
- REUTER

Buthelezi

charge on weapons

By ROSS DUNN, Johannesburg, The president of the Inkatha

organisation defied police notices prohibiting the carrying of dangerous weapons in public. i

A police spokesman, Captain Eugene Opperman, said charges would be drawn up and forwarded to the attorney-general in Johannesburg for a decision on whether to prosecute Chief Buthelezi and other Inkatha leaders and supporters.

Captain Opperman said the marchers were â\200\234generally well-behaved and disciplinedâ\200\235 but car was hijacked and a woman and a man were assaulted in separate incidents after the protest.

A crowd estimated at 20,000 Inkatha supporters marched through Johannesburg led by Chief Buthelezi, Dr Frank Mdlalose, the organisationâ\200\231s general-secretary, and other prominent Inkatha leaders.

At the end of their march at John Vorster Square, the police headquarters, they presented a petition protesting against recent agreements between the Government and .the African National Congress (ANC).

These agreements include a ban on the carrying of dangerous

weapons in public and the fencing off of hostels identified as Inkatha bases for attacks on township residents.

. In a rally before the march, Chief Buthelezi said the accord reached between the President F. W. de Klerk and the ANC presideat, Mr Nelson Mandela, amounted to an attack on the Zulu nation.

 $\hat{a}\200\234$ In the signing of the record of 'understanding, De Klerk has added his weight to the undemocratic and violent manner in

which the ANC seeks the destruc-: tion of (muiti-party) negotiations, by making them bipolar instead of: all-inclusive, a \200\235 he said.

Chief Buthelezi has held extensive meetings in recent days with right-wing white leaders and nominally independent black homeland leaders who share his fears.

A 12-member Commonwealth team of observers arrived in South Africa yesterday to help end the political violence that has killed more than 2000 people this year.

The delegation included Professor Duncan Chappell, director of the Australian Institute of Criminology.

The delegationâ\200\231s leader, Mr Austin Amissah, a former judge in Ghana, said the team would be in the country for at least three months.

 $\hat{a}\200\234$ We hope in that time we will1 | have been able to make some } impact. After that the situation will be reviewed, $\hat{a}\200\235$ he said.

NEWS

By Peter Wellman

RICHMOND â\200\224 In the rolling green hills of Natal that Alan Paton wrote about, army troops

on Saturday stopped Inkatha warriors from butchering 300 ANC supporters returning to their homes in Patheni township, near here.

The hills rang with ugly war chants as the Inkatha warriors gathered. g

The refugees had come 19 km by taxi from Richmond, and walked the last kilometre of the narrow road to their homes, many of which had been burnt down.

Men, women and children sat

 $Arm \hat{a} 200 230y sto \tilde{A}@@mzn \hat{a} 200 2311 \hat{a} 200 231s \hat{a} 200 231% \hat{a} 200 231fe in Natal 200 231% \hat{a} 200 231% \hat{a}$

in a quiet group, discussing the warriors across the valley and half way up the opposite hill. Before they left Richmond, ANC Natal Midlands leader Harry Gwala â\200\224 whom many Inkatha supporteirs call a warlord â\200\224 had told them the Inkatha supporter:sâ\200\231 would have many more weapons than they did, and urged them not to provoke a clash. I saw several sticks and spears;, but the ANC supporters could hardly be called an armed band of fight-

ing men.

they knew a coming massacre when they saw one and were determined to prevent it.

Up to the army line came Inkathaâ\200\231s Paulus Vezi, a big fat man in shorts and shirt, who was so worked up he could hardly speak. The ANC calls

him a warlord as well.

their houses. \hat{a} \200\235;

But the only shooting was from the Inkatha side, and a cripple on crutches died.

NP slams burning of coffins bid in Soweto

Chizen Reporter

THE Natiopal Party yesterday expressed concern over what was perceived to be a lack of control by the leadership of the ANC over its supporters.

This followed an inc-

dent in Sowelo yesterday when a group of about 100 members of the ANC's Youth Leaguc marched to the Diepkloof Police Station where they attempted to set, fire to

thwwi¬\201mi¬\202epresÃ@nhag#

Pvesident De Klerk,

Bnrigadier Oupa Ggozo and President Lucas Man-gope.

A spokesman for the NP, Mr Derek Christophers, said ;n Cape Town

* yesterday actions such as these were inflammatory, childish and against the spirit of the Peace Accord.

Mr Churistophers said
with multi-lateral negotiatons expected to resume
uext mooth, one would
" baye thought that. - the,

barriers were placed in the way of peaceful negotrztion.

 $\hat{a}\200\234$ It almost seems as if they want io stop democratic elections to be held which makes onc wonder if they really believe they can win an election, $\hat{a}\200\235$ he said.

Mr Chxbtopbers said it appeared as if the ANC lcadership had no real

control over their
grassroot members,
-which , could become .a

MANC eadership would = \hat{a} \200\234srtnistng bioek \hat{A} » i b gor 3

have made sure that no

trations

THE CITIZEN, MONDAY 19 OCTOBER 1992

NC knocks bowa deal

African Nationaj

Congress land commis-| slon yesterday rejected an announcement that certam tracts of SA Development Trust land were to be jointly admumistered by Lebowa and the SA Government

In a statement, the commssion labelled the move as $a\200\234a\200\230a$ crude attempt by the National Party 10 win the support of home { land leaders, as part of

the build up to its ele [tions campaign $\hat{200}$ 235.

The agreement was reached without consult ing $a\200\230$ other interested $a\200\234$ par-"Hes, $a\200\234$ The AN ehd v

Sapa

9 killed in Natal fightin

DURBAN. â\200\224 Nipe people died at Shlazeni Reserve 1n Umgababa early vesterday in an attack by what appeared to be a group of Inkatha Frcedom Party supporters on Afncan National | Congress supporters |

Police spokesman Major Ruben Bloomberg |
said the attack, at
4.45 am, resulted 1 the
death of five men and
thrce women. Most died |
of gunshot and hack
wounds, and one was
bumed to death. Eight
een others were njured.

Another man died and ope was mjured when police came under, and returned fire on arnval at the reserve

Five pcople were arrested

Twenty huts and 10 { houses were destroyed in the attack

Polite mamtamned a presefice in the area last ngh $a\geq 00\geq 30$; $a\geq 00\geq 30$

THE CITIZEN, MONDAY 19 OCTOBER 1992

Impi marches: Army
Bvacuates 300 ANC

PIETERMARITZ-BURG. - African Natwonal Congress members were evacuated from Phateni near Richmond yesterday when tension arpong Inkatha Freedom Party supporters rose because of their presence.

. The group of about 300

C members returned

 \hat{a} 200\230 E?) NPbatenz on Saturday

gainst the wishes of the

local chief and Inkatha teaders.

They bad fled the area

when violence erupted a year ago,

Evacuated

The ANC members were evacuated by the SA Defence â\200\234Force about 2.30pm when a large crowd of armed Inkatha supporters advanced towards them.

The refugees spent the

| night at neighbouring Smozomeni,

Inkatha secretary-gen-

cral Dr Frank Mdlalose is

cxpected to visit Phatenj
today for discussions with
local leaders.

Trouble started minutes after the ANC members returned to Phateni ou Saturday. A lage group of armed IFP supporters descended from the hills and a stand-off ensued.

Kilied

Shots were fired, killing IFP member Cyprian Nz-

mande (27), while police and army personnel struggled to keep the opposing factions apart,

The ANC group eventually took refuge at a local school.

Yesterday morning, an ANC team led by Richmond ANC chairman Mr Sifiso Nkabinde was shot at when they ventured into the area to bring food to the returnees. No-one was hurt in the shooting

Inkatha spokesman Mr Ed Tillet ycsterday said the ANC returnces made

the \hat{a}^200^234 wiscst and shrewdest move \hat{a}^200^235 by getting out of Phateni.

The ANC members should approach and recogmse the authority of the local chief, who was the constituted leader of the community, and pot \(\frac{a}{200}{234}\) barge their way in\(\frac{a}{200}{235}\), he said.

Mr Tillet sasd the ANC group had not returned with peaceful mtentions.

Failed

Local Dispute Resoluton Committee meetings to arrange a peaceful return to the area of the ANC group have previously failed.

ANC . natiopal exccutive member Mr Andrew Mlangeni on Saturday tried to stop the repatriation when umrest mowtors reported the area to be tense.

His attempts wet as angry response from defiant ANC youths who voted to return to their homes, $\hat{a}\200\224$ Sapa

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â\200\234ITIZEN, MO 1992
THE CITIZEN, MONDAY 19 OCTOBER 1
Alliance targets %
Bop for mass
'HE African National
Congress/SA Communist
Party/Congress of South
African Trade Uniops al-
llancg yesterday of 1cially
- it i
launched a mass 4ction
Campaign against what ir
calls political oppression
n Bophuthatswana
A rajly at the grounds
of the Medical University
of Southern Africa (Me
dunsa) near Pretona yes-
terday marked the begin-
mng of the campaign
which 15 to culminate in a
mar¢h on the capital
in carly De-
I Mmbatho
f cember
i
Ι
ÂS
Boycotts and marches
are planned against insti-
tutions and businesses en.
Ioying the approval of the
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ANC exécutive

ment

Bophuthatswana ¢ Jovern

 $\hat{a}\200\234Rocky$ Malebane Mets-INg said in an interview

 $\overline{}$

 $\hat{a}\200\230$ t o the ampagn would pus the homeland $\hat{a}\200\231$ s security forces 10 the test

â\200\2340f course this is a test
to them becayse they
claim to be democratic
and they'll have ro prove
themselves to he demo.
cratic

â\200\234But of course we should not exclude the South Afncan Government. We feel the South Amcan Government has the responsibility 10 ensure that the other side also abides by agreements ¢nlered into, particularly by the guidelines of the Goldstene Commission and the National Peace Accord,â\200\235 M Maiebane said ~ Sapj.

S observers arrive in S Africa

A TEAM of Common wealth observers ar aved in Sowth Afnca vesterday 10 help end political viclence

alth observ-

Dr MOSES AMAFU, spokesman for a team of Commaonwe ers who arvived in Johannesburg yesterday, addie ANTONIE GILDENHUYS, chalrman of the National P looks on. The team forms part of the International effq arresting violence in the country.

eace Secretariat, ort to assist In

which more than 2 000 people have been killed this year.

The arnval of the 12 man team vnder a United Nations mandale strengthened the mternal-tonal communilyâ\200\231s presence in the country. UN observers are already here.

Commonwealth delegation leader Awustin Missah, 8 bawyer and former pudge w Ghana, told newsmen at Jan Smuls Aiport the tcain would be in the country for three ; months

 $\hat{a}\200\234$ We bope in that time we will have been able 10 make some 1mpact. After (hat the situation will be reviewed $\hat{a}\204$ ¢

Chicf Emek Anyaoku Commonwealth SeC retary-peneral, said in an

S el A $\hat{a}\200\224\hat{a}\200\224$

nouncing the delegatonâ\200\231s mission on Saturday: â\200\234All Major partics now accept that unless the vielence 18 brought under consro! no progress can be made n negotiationsâ\200\235

The Human Rights Commmssion says about 2 700 people have died in political violence this year

The Commonwealth delegation includes Maj-Gen Evaristus S O Arm-

ah of Nigeria, May Wil ham Jansen of the Bo tswanan Defence Force, Prof Duwncan Chappell. director of the Austraban Institute of Criminology, Emmett Mitten, Assislant Commissioner of Police in New Zealand, and S Mubako, a former Zimbabwcan Government Minister

 $\hat{a}\200\234$ We bope that our various backgiounds and experiences will help oon: tribute 10 the solving ol

the violence, \hat{a} \200\235 Mr Missal sand.

The team will werx 50 haison with the Natteaal Peace Secretanat and UN ODSETYERS

Other members of the expected 18-man delegs on will armve an the nexi two days

Mr Missab team would consult van ous political and con munity leaders $a\200\234$ te bec what can be done $a\200\235$ Sapa

said s

L 4380100 61 AVONOW "NHZI.LI-â\200\231J JHL

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\hat{a}200\230Any \hat{a}\200\230regional
Keep
if
f the National Party Govern
solutionâ\200\231
'he Star Monday October 19 1992
will result in disproportionate influence, argues Mike Kenyon
ing NP\hat{a}200\231s hands on wheel
National Party congress tabled 4
i
; Such a bold move would gain
([ B ment wished 1t conld colla pse
the banfustans lomorrow
motion caliing tor Natal and Kwa.
2ulu 10 decome a single region m
a federal S&7
both at home and abroad.
Pruning the civil service would
be an easier iask {or Finance Min
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ister Derek Keys if he could take his shears to the 19 bantustan bureaucracies as well as the South

African bureavcracy

The bantustans were crucial pleces of grand apariheid, but have not yet outlived their useful ness. The Goyernment does not abolish the hantustans bec ause they are cructal to its plans for holding ou to power in 2 federjal South Africa

| The Government recently held a conference on federalism which

{t()uk place behind closed deors
| President de Klerk claimed (t was
inot an aitempâ\200\231 to undermine 3
possible return (0 Codesa or ne
gotiations 10 gemeral

Bul the conference was ceriainly @ marshalling of supporters for a federal constitution

' Since this cenference, the Natal

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2o TOPTCORAY Y an

L, £ (&T\.&

] $4\hat{A}$; h(\hat{a} \200\230 Governmeat much applause \hat{a} \200\230 !

The motion called far

Natal'KwaZulu (0 have 65 own

legislature, execulive and admin

ΑT

istration with $\hat{a}\200\234$ original oowers ubses and functions entrenctied i

a tederal constitution

In February University of Pot chefsiroom academics proposed a e region which mcluded the western Transvaal. Bophutha tswana and a large part of the northern Cape. They simply assumed powers ot a regional government for suck a region would be entrenched in ${\bf z}$ rew federal constitution

This proposal represents the combired interests of the Bogp hutkatswana government and the Conservalive Pariv in the ares This region is largely nnprised ot districts where Tswana is the dominart language

In the Border regiona the Ciskel regme under Brigadier Uupa Gqoeo has been arguing for a feqderal South Africa since August

L99¢. In dotng so, Ggozo i hoping to preserve the Ciskel as an entity within a fruture SA. and hang on to s pewer and privilege What the De Rierk Government is advocating is not very diiferent from what his predecessor, PW Botha, advorated a constellaton of southern African states inctuding the 0 bantustans Se while the Government has acknowledged the necessity of a re democratic constiire a fu $a\200\224$! unlegacy of tnesualiweal

ryving to ens De weak

able to redress the apartheid, especially the ty in the distribution of Therefore, it is advocat federal government with tmited powers The g tion Wil take power awas Oy 1t tral government and give â\20273 re-

g a ery

L e an to o dernog acy WUl be a transition in forim. bt aot in substance

The Governmen:i has also eased its best chance of hanging on 0 power s through elections) fur regiona governments rather than

al a national level.

For years the South African

Government has deluded itselt about the support of its allies. [n Zimbabwe's first election it believed Bishop Abel Muzorewa would comfortably win sufficient votes to enter an alliance with {an Smith's Rhodesian Froat to keep out Zanu-PF.

In Namibia South Africa poured millions thto the Democratic Turnhalle Alliance {DTA} belieying it could defeat Swape at the polls. Both Zanu-PF and Swapo trounced ther opposition.

[n both Zimbabwe and Namibia the winnirg party ruled over a central unttary state. The National Party Goverament has realised It is extremely unlikely that it can Wi an sverail majority in a wetional election,

But $\hat{a}200\230\hat{A}$ beheves that in certain significant regions of the country it can win enough support o enler ruling alliances with other groups in regional gavernments

in Natal the government be tieves it ceuld enter an alliance with Buthelezi's Inkatha Freedom

Party to control a regional goverament. [n the PWV it believes that the ethnic diversity of the popaiation would rule out an ANC majority as it believes the ANC is essentially a Xhosa organisation and thus bas a real interest in promoting inkatha in the PWV as an ally at the polis.

{o the Western Cape it believes
it could win enough votes wm the
colcured community to control a
regionat government, despite De
Klerk's disastrous attempi to hold
a redly in Mitchell's Ptain earlier
this year

Natal, the PWV and the Western Cape are the kev economic regrons of South Africa They also tave the biggest populations.

Regtonal governments con trolled by the National Parly o thes regions weould wield vast povr in a weak national federat

UVErBINent.

economically it is very weak. $S\hat{A}^{c}$ it 5 not a very powerful area in national terms.;

The ANC has proposed that this

area be divided int¢ twe regions The Goverament and the bantu-stans mdy accept this proposal, but argue that the regional goverament should be based oun the bantustans. .

This is what the Cisket regime wants. The Ciskei, Kwazulu and Bophuthatswana regimes preposed this at Codesa where they had equal status to the ANC aad the present government.

In fact the National Party agenda 1s precisely to isolate the ANC to the broader Eastern Cape and to ket it run regional governments there in economically poor areas.

Taking the bentustans with it it probably could win sufflctent, Sunpart 10 key reginns to control theer regional governments and wield 4

Two-thicds of the ANC'S nation- | al wembership is in the Eastern Cape, Border :nd Transkei But

this area has a populauon of only about five million out of a total SA nopulation of 40 mullion and

disgroportionate influence on the country 1n the national federai government. $\hat{a}\200\224$ KEcna.tl

@ Mike Kenpon s co-ordingtor of the Grakamstoun Ricrol Cenmmetiee

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I'I'he [FP said vesterday it $^{\prime}$ â\200\234would not be intimidat $jed \hat{a} \ 200 \ 235$ by a pelice investiga-! tion of charges against its | leaders - including Chiet Mangosuthu Buthelezi â\200\224 for defying the ban on ihe carrying of dangerous weapons during a mass i march through Johannesburg at the weekend i Chief Buthelezi led at least 20 600 IFP suppariers armed with shields |woeden sticks, sjambok iaxes and basebal' bats, on 4 march from George Goch $\hat{a}\200\230$ Hostei, down Coruussioner 1Street ta John Vorster Square to deliver a4 petilico :against the ANC-Govern imneat agreement to ban car rying dangerous weapons and to fence in hostels.

As a furore grew over the | armed rearchers, Witwatecsirand police spokesman Capâ\200\230tain ene Opperman said â\200\230Buthelezi could be among 1 those facing charges becaase

metal apnd

bis supporters had tgnored
It.heban.

! IFP central committe: 1 member Walter Felgate said the edrrying of $a\200\234$ cultural weapshsa $\200\235$ on the march had not been sanctioned oy Buth eles1 But was $a\200\234$ an inherent

right of every Zufu".

i He &ded: â\200\234We'll continue carryigg these traditionat weapos and face charges | We're not bound by decisions ireached by the ANC and the |Govarnmeny â\204¢

| Opperman said dockets iwond soon he forwarded t jthe Attorney-General of the Witwatersraad. Police had tfilm of the mareh faken t[rm:;. the air and groand.

Asked why police did not idisarma the inarchers, Opper (man responded: $\hat{a}\200\234We$ had to lconsider the safeiy of the public, police, and those car- \hat{A} Yying the weapons.

Ll"lt would have been ridicous for the pelice to fry to

would not g@ve their weapang easity out: cmg. " The Government and the ANC agreed last month on the necessity of banning dangerous weapons and femcing off hostels : ANC spokesman Gill

Marcus gaid yesterday the ban was @at an ANC-Govern-

et deddsion but followed

recommendations by UN special envoy Cvrus Vanee

'and other bodies

CITY LATE *

The Star Monday Octoder 19 1992

FW hits out at ANC $\hat{a}\200\230$ intolerance $\hat{a}\200\231$

OUDTSHOCGRN â\200\224 President de

Klerk took the ANC to task on Raturday for baving blockaded

| roads to stop buses that were 1 10 bring NP supporters to a

meeting in Cape Town

De RBlerk said at a National Party public meeting: â\200\234And nen they are ine people who claim to beiteve in demaocracy

 ${\hat a}\200\234 They are the pecpile who$

couipiain they cannot organise politically in EwaZuls but ate themselves intolerant. $\hat{a}\200\235$

The President cailed on his audience, which was conapi cususly dominated by coloure and black people, net to le: tremselves he wtimidated Own Carrespondent

Lo F el] fl! fpoee 0 Q 2 iz Yo e, 4 0 L 응 L응 ke ok 2] V

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Local ANC reglon decides to suspend talks

THE ANC PWV region has resolved that all lecal constitutional negotiations, including those for metropolitan chambers, will be suspended until a a^200^234 pational framework a^200^235 and guidelines for local government have been adepted.

During its third aboual congress, held in Johannesburg at the weekend, the crganisation also resolved ic strengthen and maintain mass action at all levels $\hat{a}\200\234$ while taking into account developments in the negotiations process $\hat{a}\200\235$.

WILSON ZWANE j

The regioe decided local government negotiations would be limited to the provision of services.

According o spokesman Ronnie Mamoepa, while towns and cities should take over the administration of their neighbouring townships.

 $\hat{a}\200\234$ The congress also resolved that all evictions, water and electricity cuts and legal aclions against rent defaulters be stopped. $\hat{a}\200\235$

Mamoepa said the congress re-

solved that a moratorium be declared on all land sales in the region and in the homelands.

The congress decided "mass action must be affirmed as az ubalienable right that will be prolected irrespective of whether there is ar in! terim or democratic government

It was also resolved that an electoral syslem be designed which did not exclude people {rom voling because of a lack of a\200\234documentation, illiteracy or any other resuit of oppression and exploitatiorna\200\231

March by 20 000 was peaceful

MORE than 20 000 Inkatha supporters who marched through Johannesburg on Saturday dispersed peacefully after president Mangosuthu Butheiez! and party official Frank Mdlalose handed 3 memorandum to & semor policeman at John Vorster Squure.

However, about 30 cinemagoers were injured and the Goodhope Cinema damaged when a crowd panicked, rushing to get away from three Inkatha supporters who entered the cinema after their march,

Although police warnings about carry—INg Weapons were fgnored, no arrests were made: Witwatersrand police liaison officer Capt Eugene Opperman said leaders would possibly be rebuked. Decisions on prosecutions would be taken by the Witwatersrand attorney-general.

would be dangerous for police to move into \mid the crowd to confiscate weapons apd arrest people, $\hat{a}\200\235$ said Opperman,

The memorandum handed to Witwaters-rand police district commissioner Brig Braam Strauss contained several de-! mands, among them that the Record of Understanding between government and the ANC be reviewed by all parties in- â\200\230 volved in constitutional negotiations.

Goodhope Cinema manager Sanjith \mid Lutchman said most of the cinemaâ\200\231s 400 \mid Séats and its doors had been hroken and \mid babies had been. hurt when patrons fled from Inkatha: supporters. \mid

Soon. afterwards, patrons returned to \mid their damaged seats to continue watching \mid the double feature. $\hat{a} \geq 00 \leq 224$ Sapa.

 $\hat{a}\200\234$ In volatile situations such as this, it $\hat{a}\200\231$

'I'op observer 5group arrives

GAVIN DU VENAGE

A GROUP of 18 Commounweaith observers, led by former Ghanaian Supreme Court judge A Amigsah, arrived in SA yesterday to monitor the violence situation.

The group was met at Jan Smuts Airport by national peace secretariat chairman Antonie Gildenhuys and Deputy Justice and National Iotelligence Service Minister Danie Schutte.

The group consists of members from legal, diplomatic, political and security backgrounds, among them the director of the Australiap Institute of Criminology and & former commissiover of the Capadian Mounted Police

Amissah said the group would assist the secretariat in momntoring violence, and would make its expertise available to

| the secretariat.

i The group expected to stay

i

for three months, and would meet various poh tical leaders, and visit violence-hit areas However any findings the group made would not be made public but conveyed directly to the secretariat, sald Amissab. He said if at the end of the day they bad made a contribution to endiog the violence, they would be

| very happy Srremâ\200\224â\200\224â\200\224 A

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Rilateral talks seen as vital
TF{ERE was a growing consensus between o < \DDOCK H
grverbrv.\hat{a}200\230n'a\hat{a}200\230em;) md the ANC that comptehen-1\hat{a}200\224 i B1 = \hat{a}200\224}
sive bilateral talks between various par- little headway | i
tiezs(a :e:ï¬\201:ï¬\201 to ttake place to ensure â\200\230t)hat the table. S
her iparty, negotiations resumed Inkatha was waitt :
: : \hat{a}\200\230 ng for gover
 ;1;;: :;?;1gt t:ies:x;:ceisf\g, sepior negotia- \(\frac{1}{200}\)234correct the impressi\text{m} gl&enei\text{-}
\202g{:e&;:i
1:!c; wever vink ?â\200\230e end. ' was full consultation with Inkatha on the
[ approa\tilde{A}@h o ;(s v.fngy&s;figay {ejlgcted rec%rd of understanding reached with the
th ach, e only legiti- { AN at the summit on Se "
mate topics for bilateral discussion we G ; Snivok
re overnment and ANC i
setting the agenda for multiparty talks a oAy enon
etun : u nd the weekend they were in
g(; \{\hat{a}\200\2301; :nihgi¬\2011tdt) :sk\tilde{A}@ornx 2 new multiparty certed effort lg, try anc; I 0};:
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ur 1 : © ground in order s dil
bet; zeu: gerstq?d thata meeting last week interim sovernmgzli stth: g
Seme Oei,?n\in.,uuonal Development Min- ANC negotiator Mac Maharaj said, how-
s Meyer, State Affairs Minister ever, there was absolutely no atten';pt on
Gerrit Viljoen and re i
errit presentatives of the part N
Inkatha, Bophuthatswana and Ciskei made G â\200\230g :?i::i gzovemmenz g
Talks > | eugs |
impose conclusive agreements between obstacies and get common understanding
tnern on other parties. He said government saw negotiations_
! â\200\230Tt happens all OVer the world. Justook with Inkatha and the ANC as top priority-
at the Pa\estâ\200\230nian/â\200\230lsraell negotiations on Inkatha central cornmittee me
mberâ\204¢
 the Middle East. The US speaks to oné Walter Felgate said there had been a per=s'
 party and then another 2 est \_ ceptible shift in the way the ANC and,...
 joint meeting 10 resolve the CTisis, d. government were oW operating, and-::
} & LikeRiee, we need to hoid bilaterals attributed this to Inkatha's protest at the, ..
i with numerous parties to create the condi- record of understanding. 3
 tions to make the talks successful. «The original intention pehind the scenes
[ e ek the bilateral process 2 discuss- as for De Klerk and Mandela to take up lng. 4 TN of issues relating to NEgOtid the reins and direct ihe whole negotiations
tions at multiparty level and trymg 10 t@nd rocess. Only when they saw Our reaction ik
{ the common thread where e can find gid the L e ade s
ot : y takeup 2 mpore cautious attitude,
{} agreement, rather than concentrating of said Feigate
]
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He said Inkatha would reject any -
pilateral agreerents that had nationat =
implications and affected other parties,..
other parties such as the record of understanding. e
\ ause goverss However, be said the governmena, \(\hat{a}\)\200\230A?iC -

ment an were at loggcrheads. agreement should not be disposed of but.

Viljoen agreed \(\hat{a}\)\200\231 A lot of work still forym for scrutiny and pegotiation an d-

the divisive one;
Another semor ANC negotiator said that
it was vital for the organisation and gov-
\ erpment to clear some of the ground be-

nad to be done in bilaterals to clear the adopuon ot rejection by al} the parties

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" BUSINESS DAY, MONDAY 19 OCTOBER 1992

Nine I{iilÃ@d."&uring $a\200\231$ ANC, Inkatha clash

DURBAN $\hat{a}200\224$ Nine people died at Umgababa in Natal yesterday in a clash between Inkatha and ANC supporters.

Police spokesman Maj Ruben Bloomberg said five men and three women were killed.- Most died of gunshot and hack wounds and one was burned to death. Eighteen others were injured.

Another man died when police came under and returned fire oo arrival at the scene. Five people were arrested.

Meanwhile, ANC members were evacuated from Phateni near Richmond after being threatened by Inkatha supporters.

The group of about 30¢ ANC members returned to the area ou Saturday against the wishes of the local chief and Inkatha leaders. They had fled when violence erupted a year ago.

The AMNC grouwp wae \hat{A} ¢vocuated by tho SADF yesterday when a crowd of armed men advanced on them.

Trouble started minutes after the ANC arrived in Phatem on Saturday. Armed men descended from the hills and shots were fired, killing Inkatha member Cyprian Nzimande, 27. Police and soldiers kept the opposing factions apart.

Local dispute resolution committee meetings to arrange a peaceful ANC return to the area have previously {ailed

ANC national executive member Andrew Mlangeni tried to stop the repatriation when unrest monitors reported the area to be tense. His attempts were rejec ted by defiant ANC youths. â\200\224 Sapa LONDON â\200\224 ANC president Nelson Man dela has caused outrage in {he apparently sy V interview Mandeia Bob Geldof the ANC supported the IRAs right to fight against British colonialism, and added that \hat{a} 200\234i any conflict, civillans must be hit by crossfireâ\200\235. According to London's Su which yesterday published the intervjew, Irishman shocked, and The report nday Express, extracts from Geldof wag rebuked Mangela. said Mandela tol4 Geldof: â\200\224â\200\224â\200\224 g, over! Mandelaâ\200\231s stand on IRA 7 e e DD еео "The IRA is conducting a struggle for se}i assertion. It does not wan! Britain \hat{a} 200\224, foreign countiy â\200\224 (o rup a oolony (Northern freland}. We do not want any form of colonialism and, wherever it is, we support those who fight it Geldnf repling: \hat{a} \200\234] am from the south of Ireland, and I do not accept your analysisâ\200\231 Geldof and executives of Channe] 4 TV which wouly he broadeasting {he interview, world not comment yesterday, The Irish foreign ministry Is Dublin last once it had seen (he intervie might said it was not possible 10 respond unbil it had received the full iest of the interview. Mficia) sources saic there was considerable concerpn over the reporg Senior representatives of

pers, wary of the Sunday Ex

of being $a\200\234$ sofl $a\200\235$ on anti-Irish, said wh spoken naively, th might have been

Approached for man Gill Mare would only

Irish Rewspa
pressâ\200\231s history
apartheid and steongly
iie Mandela may bave
â\202¬y suspeciod his words
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comment, ANC spoxes
us sald the organisatjop
be able to respond, if necessary
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TiC STAN WJNDAY 19 OCTOBEER 1992

Adjudicatos

ENNETH KAUNDA faces

test this week 1n trying (0 a i \hat{A}^{c} between the ANC and IFP Both pa were signatories to the peace accord. but their supporters continue to (0 other, physically and verbally. The especially irked by ANC charges that it is a surrogate of the Governn f Zarnbian leader can cle $1\hat{a} \setminus 202 \neg$! the two sides, he will earn the gratitude of

| peace-desiring South Africans '

eâ\200\224â\200\224 AN e

ANC PWY branches

experience problems,;

By Esther Wauga Political Reporter

In a frank assessment of the state of affairs of ANC branches, the organisationâ\200\231s PWYV regional! chairman, Tokyo Sexwale, outlined several organisational problems at the weekend

Speaking at the annual gener al meeting of the PWV region, Sexwale said i sume branches nly the branch executives were operational and in others opniv a skeleton of the branch execniive committee was func froning

Recruitment 1n many branches had come to a half, $a\200\234$ not because we have exhausted

the recruitment campaign, but $\ensuremath{\mathtt{B}}$

simply- becanse we, ourselves, are exhausted \hat{a} \200\235.

Sexwale said the continuing viclence had negatively affeci-

"ed enthusiasm of many

branches and people were afraid to aitend meelings for fear of being attacked by \hat{A}° ams ANC forces \hat{a} \200\235. Although the ANC survnwd 30 years of bannings, 1mprisonment and exile, it appeared that the organisation, itself, had the capacity to weaken itseli The problems included

@ A tendency for members to

executive

stand for election i«
structures while rul;-;:ne, they
would have no time to serve ef

1 fec tively in {hose posilion:

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while others
ng to attend meetings
aftend meelings
a\200\230 but do not report back on the
discussions to their branches
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.Havmg qmck-hx dlstS\hat{a}\200\230;1\hat{a}\200\230)n~
or none at all, then putling
forward personal views on a sit-
uation.
@ Poor branch administration
@ Starting meetings late
@ Being elected to 100 many ex
dashing from one meeting it
ecuiive positions requiring
\hat{a}200\230the next feaving no time for
i strategic planning.
@ Insufficient co-operation be-
tween branches and civic
ganisations, and with the SA
and Cosatu
Â¥
â\200\230Hnw» wver, Sexwale said many
anches called meetings regu
In. ly, kept their membership
files updated, continued recrut
ment drives and bad sound
nancial support
A new regional executive will
he elected on Sunday
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e o1 an, mONDAY 19 OCTOBER 1992
Team of
â\200\230observers
arrives
A team of Commonwealtn OB i
servers arrived in South Atrica {
vesterday to pelp end political
violence that has killed more
than 2000 people so far this
y(11 1
The arrival of the ls-man
team under the United Nations
mandate strengthened tie UN
presence in the country
Commonwealth delegatior
Jeader Austin Amissah, lawyer
and former judge ip Ghana, said
tho team would be in SA for
three months
\hat{a}200\230We hope in that lime we
will have been able to make i
some impact.\hat{a}\200\235 i
Chief Emek Anyaoku, Com-
monwealth Secretary-General,
satd on Saturday: â\200\234All major
parties accept that unless !
lence s brought under contr
no progress can be made {
The Coramonwealth delega:
i includes Major-General
sapistus SO Armah of Nige-
riz. Major William Jansen of
a\200\2307?-~ 2otswana Defence Force
vrofessor Duncan Chappell, di
rector of the Australian Insti
tute of Criminology, Emmetl
Mitten, assistant commissioner
i of police in New Zeajand, and S
Mubako, a former Zimbabwean
government Minister.
The team will work with the
Natjonal Peace Secretariat and
\hat{a}\200\230 the UN observers
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Other members of the 18-mar { delegation will arrive in the | next three days. -~ Sapa

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TR M. ANSS S8 e
v o man, o NDAY 19 OCTOBER 1992
  " \hat{A} \hat{A}
  after massacre
Oy Correspondent
A â\200\224 i
DURBAN â\200\224 Police hay
rested five men In ¢connce 4
tton with the massacre
nine people at Shlazen
 serve, Umgababa, on
latal South Coast in a pre-
dawn attack vesterda §
Мi
victims were shot
and hacked to d f r
attack by IFP supporters on
ANC supporters. Elghteen
people were tnjured
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When police arrived th

were fired on. They returned the fire, Killing ", \.a\200\231,*;' man

By Esther Waugh Political Reperter The African National Con gress will today release (he findings of an internal inves tigation into zallegations ol terture in its Angola

CaImnix
A ugh it is understol
hat several individuais ha
inlieate Lk

hat the ANC wili assume collective responsibility rather than making scape-goats of those who were implicated

The commission Comprising independent advo cate Gilbert Marcus, Durbar Louws Skweyiya lawyer Brldgetis

heard evidenc

advocate and AN Mabandia

o 25 wilnesses

P he W 36508 | i

former Umkhonto we Sizwe chief-of-staff, Chris Bani Yesh sday ANC spokes man G111 Marcus would nol comment op an alieged row over the release of the re

port al a meeting on Friday

of the ANC's National Work ing Committee

Marcus said that there hat been a $a\200\234g00d$ CISCUSSIOT {he meeting

Sh lso said that it W

decided at lease the When! appointed,

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findings public

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inE >1An, mONDAY 19 OCTOBEK 1992

Troops stop massacre
Troops stop Inkatha warriors fron
butchering 300 ANC supporters re
turning to their homes in Pat}
township, near Richmonad.

ST;H} |G $\hat{a}\200\224$ rO $\hat{a}\200\224$ % \hat{a} » - Buthelezi may face charges

1KFP defiant =
over weapons

By Brian Sokutu

- The IFP said yesterday it

â\200\234would not be intimidatedâ\200\235 by a police investigation of charges against its leaders â\200\224 including Chief Mangosuthu Buthelezi â\200\224 for defying the ban on the carrying of dangerous weapons during a massive march through -Johannesburg at the weekend.

Chief Buthelezi led at least 20 000 IFP supporters armed

with shields, metal and

wooden sticks, sjamboks, axes and baseball bats, on a march from George Goch Hostel, down Commissioner Street to John Vorster Square to deliver a petition against last monthâ\200\231s ANC-Government agreement to ban the carryingand of fdangerous weapons to fence in hostels.

As a furore grew over the armed marchers, Witwaters-rand police spokesman Captain Orperman said Buthelezi could be among those facing charges because his supporters had ignored the ban

IFP central committee member Walter Felgate said yesterday the carrying of $a\200\230$ cultural weaponsa $200\235$ during

the march had not been

by Buthelezi but

was $200\234$ an inherent right of Zulu $200\235$.: He added: $200\234$ We $200\231$ ll continue

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| R A

weapons and face charges. Weâ\200\231re not bound by decisions reached by the ANC and the

\'Gogemnwn %
rman said dockets |
would 3

soon be forwarded to the Attorney-General of the Witwatersrand for his opinion on whether the IFP leaders would be ted. He said police had footage of the march filmed from the air

and ground.
Aggd why police did not

disarm the marchers, Opperman responded: â\200\234We had to consider the safety of the public, police, and those carrying the weapons,

 $\hat{a}\200\234$ It would have been ridiculous for the: police to try to disarm them. The Zulus would not give their weapons easily without fighting. $\hat{a}\200\235$

The Government and the ANC agreed last month on the necessity of dangerous- weapons and fencing off hostels.

ANC spokesman Gill Marcus said yesterday the ban was not an ANC-Government decision but â\200\234followed recommendations by UN special envoy Cyrus Vance and other bodiesâ\200\235.

â\200\234The carrying of any
weapons contributes to vio::::e t:el;g leaders should

e supporters aware of this, \hat{a} \200\235 said Marcus.

National Peace Commit-

he was $a\200\234$ grateful that the march was peaceful $a\200\235$. $a\200\234$ The whole question of the of cultural weapons will be a subject of a lengthy debate. As chairman of the National Peace Committee I

cannot afford to be judgmen-

tal, \hat{a} \200\235 said Hall.

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Page.

carrying these traditionaï¬\201

tee chairman John Hall said :

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Meanwhile Sapa reports that about 30 cinemagoel-â\200\231s were injured and a cinemaâ\200\231s doors and chairs weredbadly damaged when a crowd panicked while rushing to get away from about three IFP supporters who entered the cinema after the march.

Goodhope Cinema manager er Sanji'zge Lutchman said most of the 400 seats and the doors had been broken. He said some babies had been hurt when patrons rushed to get away from the marchers. One bystander said some marchers had robbed him of his money, cigarettes and cold drinks. o