

S B

dela if you have any doubts about
Ehisl T

They became the enemy number
one of the ANC, again because they
. Stood in that movementâ\200\231s path of
Â© Wanting to create a hegemony in
â\200\230this country,

Yet, today, the Zulu people and
their leaders stand accused of effec-
tively isolating themselves from the
-rest of the South African Nation.
What a travesty of justice.

They have been through all this
many times before and will, no
doubt, again survive the current on-
slaught and emerge stronger than
before. But their anger against the
injustices inflicted upon them is
mounting daily. South Africans
take note. ,

"Wena osandia sinenkhwantshu kuMandela,. Bayete"

?Kaunda > lg\s\t\ \dltdl THE NATAL 2 Âf
â\200\230 o PRETTY WOMAN| |
effort to AN |

TAX !
Because there can be

ambia

}\' \ {\J\
HARAREâ\200\224President
| Kenneth Kaunda has
l mortgaged proceeds of
| Zambiaâ\200\231s 1992 copper pro-
| duction to South Africa so
| it can feed its 9 million
' people for the next six
" months, former United
States president Jimmy
Carter has claimed here.

Addressing a press confer-
_ence while passing through
| Harare International Airport
| late on Tuesday, Mr Carter
| stated: â\200\234Zambia is in the pro-
| cess of buying \$46 million
| (about R135 million) worth of
| maize meal. They are mort-
| gaging next yearâ\200\231s copper
sales to get them by in the
next six months.â\200\235

The last Democratic Party

By Michael Hartnack

occupant of the White House
was on his way home from
Lusaka, where he has been
observing preparation for
Zambiaâ\200\231s first multi-party
elections for 20 years.

Sources here say South
Africa has agreed to supply
Zambia with 2,5 million bags
of maize from its strategic
stockpile, in spite of South Af-
ricaâ\200\231s own poor maize harvest

this year. The sources say the maize is likely to be shipped through Zimbabwe by rail.

The director of the Zambian Commercial Farmers' Bureau, Mr John Hudson, warned recently that Zambia would run out of maize by December.

With national consumption at 900 000 tons a year, and a third of the Zambian crop smuggled out for sale on Zaire's black market, the country is estimated to have a 450000 ton shortfall in maize supply. The next harvest will not be available until May 1992.

Zambia this month forfeited \$80 million (about R230 million) in World Bank finance, refusing to cut controversial food subsidies in the run-up to the elections. The last maize price rise precipitated widespread food riots.

Loss of World Bank finance aroused doubts about Zambia's ability to pay for essential imports such as maize.

| Pupils see many
| classmates die
Mercury Reporter

MORE than 80% of 244 Natal schoolchildren interviewed in a survey had seen classmates

| Projects Unit.

The study was based on 244 interviews with Std 9 and Std 10 pupils from 28 schools in Ndwedwe, Hammarsdale, Richards Bay, Empangeni, Pietermaritzburg and Umga-baba.

Researcher Blade Nzimande said 45 pupils reported see-

ing children Killed on school grounds. Many died travelling to or from school. The death of so many classmates has a devastating psychological impact, he said. Eighty of the 244 pupils blamed poor academic performance on attacks by Kwa-Zulu Police, the South African Police and gangsterism. However, others said a lack of commitment to their studies was responsible for poor results.

& LI)
: MK must train

8 N R |Cafe i

| cCAPE TOWN soldiers of Umkhonto we Sizwe must help to train township youths in combat tactics and set up defence units to retaliate against those who do not want peace, MK chief-of-staff Chris Hani said during a visit to Crossroads.

He was in the squatter camp to promote peace, and said the MK programme would emphasise discipline and helping the community.

He said defence units were necessary as people had a right to defend themselves. (Sapa)

|

CPREE RS

e e o s A R S

incorporating Natal
Tel (031) 305-5255 or fax (031) 304-3074.

only one original

Use Printy Self-inking Stamps to meet

| VAT requirements. Get gour free full-
colour VAT leaflet at Dur

Rubber

an. Typesetters
Stamps.

g NATAL NEWSPAPERS
B

%
169.

THURSDAY SEPTEMBER 26 1991

70cÂ¢ (62Â¢ + 8cGST)

Subscriptions from 55Â¢
Where available)

344 SMITH STREET

D= AN i
AN
; ; g ; \v%f_â\200\224ï¬\201J
THE FAMILY WHOLESALE JEWELLER

SINCE 1922

CNR MURCHIES PASSAGE DURBAN & 3051414

PAC and

) Bk i"? \$"(" i

Azapo to
attend talks

Mercury Correspondent

JOHANNESBURGâ\200\224The
PAC and Azapo yesterday
agreed for the first time to
join the ANC in attending
multi-party talks.

The three groups also
agreed on common principles
for such talks, namely: the
agenda, venue, funding, infra-
structure and the need for in-
dependent facilitators.

PAC and Azapo leaders did
not indicate that their atten-
dance would be conditional
on the Government and other
major players agreeing to all
the points contained in their
agenda for the talks.

The Government welcomed
the PAC and Azapo decision.

Delegations led by their

priority and that negotiations
could help this happen.

This implied â\200\234some form of
contact with the regimeâ\200\235â\200\231,
something both Azapo and
the PAC have until now resis-
ted.

The breakthrough occurred
after intensive discussions be-
tween ANC president Nelson
Mandela, PAC president Cla-
rence Makwethu and Azapo
president Pandelani Nefolo-
vhodwe.

PAC publicity secretary
Barney Desai said that only
limited information would be
provided at this stage be-
cause yesterdayâ\200\231s decisions
still â\200\230had to be confirmed by
the organisationsâ\200\231 national
executive committees.

Azapo national projects co-
ordinator Lybon Mabasa said
the parties had reached con-
sensus that the immediate
task of the broad liberation
movement was the transfer of
political power. The only le-
gitimate forum for the cre-
ation of a new constitution
was a constituent assembly,
elected on the basis of one
man, one vote.

The parties also agreed that

the formation of a broad patriotic front was a crucial element in empowering the liberation movement with these tasks.

Checkers bought THE Pepkor group has acquired the troubled Checkers chain of stores from parent Tradegro in a deal said to be worth R120 million, market sources said yesterday.

Â® Full story Page 9

' More than 150 hopeful models attended the casting forâ\200\231

. Wilson,

VAT and problems go together. So the Mercury is going to do what it can to help, starting this morning.

A special Mercury Vat-Line has been opened to deal with problems that arise over the implementation of VAT, Which replaces GST with effect from midnight on Sunday, September 29. Also, by keeping a watch on prices, _Lâ\200\230@â\200\231ll be helping to fight infla-

o
=

The Vat-Line will be open between 10 am and 1 pm on weekdays, with Consumer Reporter Nerissa Pitman taking the calls.

Vat ; Line

Where problems cannot be solved immediately, she will get the answers for you, and where problems need to be investigated with the people responsible, sheâ\200\231ll do that, too,

and â\200\224 if necessary â\200\224 highlight the problem in a published report.

Many people will have the

same questions that need answering, so she will eliminate duplication and get the answers for everyone.

The number to get Nerissa and the Vat-Line is 308-2325. It will be open only between 10 am and 1 pm.

LONDONâ\200\224Natal has been chosen to pioneer the potentially huge and lucrative package tourist trade to South Africa, starting in November.

London Ambassador Kent Durr yesterday welcomed the high-quality packages from Britain as a historic step towards South Africa becoming one of the worldâ\200\231s prime tourist destinations by as early as

Mr Durr said that as a further benefit from political reform, major international hotel groups had anticipated a spectacular tourist boom and were already planning to invest in South Africa.

By 1993 the â\200\234boomâ\200\235 in tourism in South Africa, in co-operation with its neighbouring

By lan Hobbs

countries, would have attracted all the worldâ\200\231s main airlines to the area.

The Natal packages, the first of a series of planned countrywide â\200\234South African Delight Holidaysâ\200\235 run by experienced British operators, are expected to take 5000 people to Durban and Natalâ\200\231s beauty spots between November and April.

The first season of the new breed of adventure package tourists, who will pay from Â£599 (about R2 995) each for a basic two-week holiday with Monarch Airlines, flying new Boeing 757s, will spend at least a further R25 million in Natal.

Mr Durr, who was involved

as a former Cabinet Minister.
in the planning for the venture,
told an embassy launch

Natal target for

ourism millions

reception that SA Delight
Holidays had spectacular potential
that would create many jobs
and benefits for all South
Africans.

He hoped to see the initial
tours to Natal spread quickly,
taking in the full beauty and
spectacle of South Africa,
with attention paid to unique
smaller inland centres like
Pietermaritzburg and Grahamstown.

In the tradition of strict ecological
control, the new and fast-growing
inflow of tourists would contribute
to the growth and improvement of
game parks, beauty spots and the
quality and number of hotels,
and never their deterioration,
said Mr Durr.

Mr David Bennet, MD of SA
Delight Helidays, who spent two
years planning the venture, said
Durban and Natal had been chosen
for the

launch because they alone had
the hotel capacity and experience
to handle South Africa's
first major foreign package
tours.

It is anticipated that tourists
who have for years been taking
similarly priced fly-drive
packages to Florida or Thailand
will be flocking to South
Africa.

Mr Bennett doubted that the
recent Inkatha-ANC violence
would discourage visitors. "Wherever
you go there is some sort of
political unrest. People who
travel the world understand this.

"My research indicates that
South Africa's reform process
has generated worldwide interest
and goodwill and people want
to come and see

what is happening in this
marvellous country, apart
from just enjoying its beauty,
wildlife and hospitality.â\200\235

the 1991 Natal Mercury Durban Designer Collection yes-
terday. Of these, 30 top-notch models were selected to
participate in the five DDC shows, which will take place
at the Botanic Gardens on October 31 and November 1
and 2. Going through their paces at the Leigh Downing
Model Agency were (front left), Carrie Carr, Cherese
urrae Hoffman, Celeste Wollhuter and Estelle
Munsamy. Picture by ANTHONY McMILLAN

News from

Durban Harbour

FOR a closer look at events in
Durban Harbour and for ship-
ping and transport news, turn
to Page 11.

JOHANNESBURG-â\200\224Cabinet
â\200\234â\200\234mÃetings, stock markets and
the average working Wednes-
day gave way to naartjies,
beer and biltong yesterday as
South Africa focused on
Loftus Versfeld where the
Blue Bulls put Western Prov-
ince to flight.

The weekly Cabinet meet-
ing was rescheduled to start
an hour earlier so that it

Mercury Correspondent

ters to get to the stadium or
return to their offices, where
TV sets had been set up.

Rugby mania set in to such
an extent that Home Affairs
Minister Gene Louw gave up
on his policy of non-interfer-
ence in the SABC to ask it to
switch the transmission from

TV1 so rural viewers would
not miss the action.

While a packed Loftus
â\200\230Versveld watched Northern
Transvaal beat Western Prov-
ince 34-21, on Diagonal
Streetâ\200\231s gilts floor, rows of
seated dealers had their eyes
glued to a single TV set. i

The market closed posi-
tions in the morning in readi-
ness for the big game as â\200\234the
predominantly Western Prov-

Stock market gives way to naartjies and biltong

inceâ\200\235 crowd saw its team go
down in flames.

Rumour had it that the Re-
serve Bankâ\200\231s belated release
of money supply figures â\200\224 at
530 pm â\200\224 was directly relat-
ed to the final whistle.

Sapa reports that police at
Loftus caught a streaker as he
was about to run on to the
field. He was charged with

public indecency.

Â® Match report Page 24

would finish in time for minis-

â\200\224

A â\200\224 g R

the spare sports channel to

S T L

ISR,

TR,

o S PR PST ERE ET

|
{

killed, according to a study presidents agreed at a Johan- ik &
recently released by the Uni- nesburg hotel that the trans- o
versity of Natalâ\200\231s Education fer of political power was a

T

zocse

S

.

Kaundaâ\200\231s
i ae\a\g!

effort to feed

HARAREâ\200\224President
Kenneth Kaunda has
mortgaged proceeds of

' Zambiaâ\200\231s 1992 copper pro-
' duction to South Africa so
| it can feed its 9 million

people for the next six
months, former United:

States president Jimmy

Carter has claimed here.
Addressing a press confer-

_ence while passing through

Harare International Airport
late on Tuesday, Mr Carter
stated: â\200\234Zambia is in the pro-
cess of buying \$46 million

| (about R135 million) worth of
' maize meal. They are mort-

| gaging next yearâ\200\231s copper

" sales to get them by in the

next six months.â\200\235

By Michael Hartnack

occupant of the White House
was on his way home from
Lusaka, where he has been
observing preparation for
Zambiaâ\200\231s first multiâ\200\224party
elections for 20 years.

Sources here say South
Africa has agreed to supply
Zambia with 2,5 million bags
of maize from its strategic
stockpile, in spite of South Af-
ricaâ\200\231s own poor maize harvest
this year. The sources say the
maize is likely to be shipped
through Zimbabwe by rail.

The director of the Zambian
Commercial Farmersâ\200\231 Bureau, Mr John Hudson,

warned recently that Zambia
would run out of maize by

last-ditch

ambia

With national consumption
at 900 000 tons a year, and a
third of the Zambian Crop
smuggled out for sale on
Zaireâ\200\231s black market, the
country is estimated to have
a 450 000 ton shortfall in
maize supply. The next har-
vest will not be available until
May 1992.

Zambia this month forfeited
\$80 million (about
R230 million) in World Bank
finance, refusing to cut con-
troversial food subsidies in
the run-up to the elections.
The last maize price rise
precipitated widespread food
riots.

Loss of World Bank finance
aroused doubts about Zam-
biaâ\200\231s ability to pay for essen-

December.

The last Democratic Party tial imports such as maize.

Pupils see many

| classmates die
Mercury Reporter

MORE than 80% of 244 Natal
schoolchildren interviewed in
a survey had seen classmates
killed, according to a study
recently released by the Uni-
â\200\230versity of Natalâ\200\231s Education
Projects Unit.

The study was based on 244
' interviews with Std 9 and

Std 10 pupils from 28 schools
in Ndwedwe, Hammarsdale,
Richards Bay, Empangeni,
Pietermaritzburg and Umga-
baba.

| Researcher Blade Nziman-

de said 45 pupils reported seeing children killed on school grounds. Many died travelling to or from school.

â\200\230â\200\234â\200\234The death of so many classmates has a devastating psychological impact,â\200\235 he said.

Eighty of the 244 pupils
| blamed poor academic performance on attacks by Kwa-Zulu Police, the South African Police and gangsterism. However, others said a lack of commitment to their studies was responsible for poor
| results.

& â\200\234 () 9

| MK must train

: N Ak 1< 4

CAPE TOWN-sldiers of

Umkhonto we Sizwe must help to train township youths in combat tactics and set up defence units to retaliate
| against those who do not] want peace, MK chief-of-staff i
| Chris Hani said during a visit

to Crossroads.

| He was in the squatter camp to promote peace, and
| said the MK programme would emphasise discipline and helping the community.

He said defence units were

necessary as people had a

| right to defend themselves. â\200\224
(Sapa)

e

]
LT
R o

~â\200\224Â¥

2 Q The Natal Mercury Thursday September 26 1991

- NEWS

PSS

Commonwealth
invitation hangs
on unified SA

London Bureau

SOUTH Africa will probably
only be invited to send repre-
sentatives to the Common-
wealth Heads of Government
meeting in Harare next
month if a â\200\234unified, interim
arrangementâ\200\231â\200\231 has been
reached by then.

Spokesman for the Com-
monwealth Secretariat Patsy
Robertson said in the past
that both the ANC and PAC
would attend such summits
as a matter of course.

But, she said, should a â\200\234uni-
fied groupâ\200\235 for South Africa
not have evolved by mid-Oc-
tober when the conference
starts, it was considered â\200\230â\200\234not
helpfulâ\200\235 to have just ANC and
PAC representatives, and not
those of the other political
organisations.

Current thinking in the
Commonwealth was that it
was not a good idea to have
representatives of the differ-
ent groups.

â\200\234It would be nice to have a
unified group.â\200\235

Next monthâ\200\231s summit is ex-
pected to rubber-stamp a de-
cision by the Common-
wealthâ\200\231s Foreign Ministers
Committee on South Africa

earlier this month to lift â\200\234peopleâ\200\235 sanctions, including consular and visa restrictions, cultural and scientific boycotts, restrictions on tourism promotion and the ban on direct air links.

However, the committee recommended that lifting economic and trade sanctions should only be considered once â\200\234appropriate transitional arrangements have been agreed on, which will enable all parties to participate fully and effectively in negotiationsâ\200\235.

@ At a function here yesterday to launch his report to the summit, Secretary-General Emeka Anyaoku said â\200\234aspects of sanctions pressure will continue to be necessary for ensuring a successful final outcome in South Africaâ\200\235.

Indian film
stars arrive

By Veven Bissetty

INDIAN screen heart-throbs Aamir Khan and Salman Khan will perform in South Africa for the first time, when they open their Durban concert Chamakte Sitare, at the Kings Park stadium on Saturday. OT}

Mr Aamir Khan, music director Anand Milan and choreographer Saroj Khan, arrived in Durban last night from Bombay. The rest of the 69-member troupe, including Salman Khan, is expected in the country tomorrow, a spokesman for Kad Promotions said last night.

â\200\230No early releaseâ\200\231 for McBride, Strydom

THE Government is not going to consider early release for prisoners such as Robert McBride and Brendan Strydom because they did not qualify as â\200\234political prisonersâ\200\235, a senior Correctional Services Department source has indicated.

This follows ANC warnings
that the continued incarceration
of prisoners such as

Magooâ\200\231s Bar bomber Robertq

McBride were â\200\234a fundamental
obstacle to negotiationsâ\200\235.

The prisons department
source said that people who
had killed innocent civilian:
â\200\234in cold bloodâ\200\235 did not quali-
fy for release in terms of the \0

Pretoria Minute.

He indicated that such pris-
oners would be treated in the

same way as any other con- g
NG

victed of murder. X

An ANC statement earlier
this week said â\200\234it is within
State President de Klerkâ\200\231s
power to release the remain-

By Chris Whitfield
Political Correspondent

ing political prisoners

tomorrowâ\200\235.

â\200\234To date, over a year pagt
the signing of the Pretoria
Minute, members of Umkhon-
to we Sizwe, like Robert
McBride, remain in prison.

â\200\234Others, like Comrades
Mthetheli Mncube and Mzon-

\delell Nondula, are still on

Death Row.â\200\235

~ Tt said there was no issue of

principle involved in

_McBrideâ\200\231s imprisonment be-

cause he was there â\200\234as a re-

(J sult of his activities on behalf

of Umkhonto we Sizweâ\200\235.

The ANC also dismisses any
linking of McBride to
Strýdom, the â\200\234Wit Wolfâ\200\235 killer

f\) of eight black people in

Pretoriaâ\200\231s Strijdom Square in 1988. McBride killed three people and injured 96 in the Magooâ\200\231s Bar blast.

In April, the death sen-

â\204¢ tences on both McBride and K. Strydom were commuted to

life imprisonment.

Demands on the sea causing â\200\230dwindling stocksâ\200\231

THE demands made by people on the sea were enormous and the numbers of crustaceans and fish were continuing to dwindle, according to Mr Peter Jurgens, who is the principal marine conservation inspector for the Natal Provincial Administration.

He was responding to a comment last week by Mr Ken Dobson of I&J, who said that wholesale prices of seafood were to be increased once again because of its unavailability and that kingklip, â\200\234a fish all South Africans loveâ\200\235, could soon become extinct, its breeding stock having been â\200\230fished outâ\200\235.

The wholesale price of kingklip had in the space of six or eight weeks shot up by around 100%.

Mr Jurgens said that, particularly in the case of kingklip, stocks were indeed very scarce.

Mercury Reporter

â\200\234The demands made on the sea are enormous and obviously stocks are going to diminish over the years.â\200\235

It was impossible to say at this stage, said Mr Jurgens,

whether the quotas of fish and other crustaceans would be reduced next year, although it's not impossible.

But before this could happen, he said, a tremendous amount of research would have to be done and many factors taken into account.

He made a special appeal to the public and to restaurants to buy only from commercial skiboat fishermen, and to anglers to catch only what they can eat.

We have problems on a daily basis with people exceeding their bag limits, or selling illegally, he said.

Thirty children from the partially-heard Hluhluwe Game Reserve. The trip was organised by past pupils Steve Harris Plessis, a warden at the game reserve, who also took the children last year. taken on a boat trip by teacher June we had, said Mr Harris.

ng unit at Ste

Wood. This is our way of saying t
They are pictured setting off on their h

llawood School, Umbilo, are having a three-day adventure at s, now a City policeman, and Mark du
When we were at the school we were hanks to her and giving the children something

oliday. i s

No hope of
early end to
cleaners' strike|

Labour Reporter

TODAY'S meeting between
the Education Crisis Commit

schools has been postponed
shattering hopes for an early
end to the strike. i

The meeting was postponed;
after the ECC â\200\224 an organis:
tion representing parents
teachers and pupils from 12
schools â\200\224 was informed the
senior officials from the Hol
were â\200\234waiting for a more ap
propriate timeâ\200\235. |

In a related developmenf

playing contract cleaners anÂçs
the number of affected work
ers rose to 8 000, according tÂç
the Transport and Genera
Workersâ\200\231 Union. i
Cleaning staff at Indiar
schools began downing toolt =
on September 5 to demand
minimum monthly wage @
R1 000. The current minimur;
paid by the National Contrac
Cleanersâ\200\231 Association is R435
Subsequently, other co
tract cleaners in Nats
downed tools in solidaritf
with Sneller employees. j
The strike has led to
closure of more than 12
schools because of health ha
azards. Parents, teachers an
students have staged demo
strations demanding the Hol
resolve the crisis by termina
ing its cleaning contract wit
Sneller Services, re-employ
ing workers directly and im==

mediately re-opening schools
@ In a statement last night
Dr Reddy said he had instruc

[FP slams DP unrest monitor for
biased political and violence reports

IFP central committee mem-
ber Senzo Mfayela yesterday
slammed Democratic Party
unrest monitor Roy Ainslie
for alleged biased reportage of
incidents of political conflict
and violence in Natal.

The IFP man accused Mr .
O~

Ainslie masquerade
ey queraded under

Ainslie of reporting allega-
tions as established facts.

He said Mr Ainslie also fai-
led to mention a number of

Political Reporter

down the door of an IFP-
member's house. }]

i

And in Bruntville near
Mooiriver, several houses be-
longing to IFP members were
attacked and a man died.

The IFP said because Mr

the guise of an independent
monitor, he was often be-

other incidents which took place, but clearly he was

place in Natal.

In Umlazi, Mr Thabane Gu-
mede, an IFP member was al-

9

f\) reached for comment.

aligned with the ANC.
Mr Ainslie could not be

All eight staff
accused of child
neglect acquitted

Mercury Reporter

ALL eight accused from the
Thembalethu Children's
Home near Harding were ac-
quitted in the Port Shepstone
Regional Court yesterday on
charges of child neglect and
ill treatment.

The home's director, Mr
James Sarjou, and seven staff
members had faced 190
counts of ill treating and ne-
glecting children at the home

. before police and social work-
ers closed the case. E N B |

" The trial, which st

| May then had a three-month

adjournment until September
4, took many dramatic turns,
with charges changed.
Magistrate Pieter Schoe-
man said in his summing up
that the home was an ap-
proved institution with stan-
dards not acceptable by First
World standards, but in the

Third World rural area of Har-
d 12)se_and

CP condemns
SADF code of
conduct plan

PRETORIA—The Conserva-
tive Party has condemned the
Government's plan to intro-
duce a code of conduct for the
SADF.

In a statement yesterday,
the CP spokesman on de-
fence, Mr JH van der Merwe,
said it was equally worrying
that the Government would

present the code of conduct to

the defence working group,
which consisted of represen-

tatives of the ANC.

He charged that it was un-

constitutional, as the pro--
_ceedings of the stanfling par-

liamentary committees were
now being taken away from
them.

â\200\234The Government is mov-
ing further away from Parlia-
ment as an institution which
approved or rejected these
measures,â\200\235 Mr van der Merwe
said.

According to the code sol-
diers now had â\200\234a kind of vetoâ\200\235
right to refuse to carry out

Ma;la Slabbert
is found dead

THE sudden death of Mrs

Mana Slabbert (above) came

as an awful shock, Idasaâ\200\231s ex-
ecutive director, Dr Alex
Boraine, said yesterday.

Mrs Slabbert, 51, the ex-wife
of Dr Frederik van Zyl
Slabbert, Idasin?olicy direc-
tor and the fo
the Opposition, had collapsed
and was found dead next to
the telephone at her
Goodwood home on Tuesday.

Dr Boraine said arrange-
ments were being made for
Mrs Slabbertâ\200\231s daughter,
Tania, who is working on an
Idasa-sponsored project in
Senegal, to fly home.

Mrs Slabbert also leaves a

son, Riko.

er leader of |

Not guilty plea

for â\200\230unknownâ\200\231
â\200\230'womanâ\200\231s murder

Court Reporter

.~ THREE men were indicted in the Durban Magistrate's Court yesterday for the murder of a white woman known only as Marietjie, whose body was found in Klaarwater in November last year. Appearing before Mr S Clark were Mr Ashwin Goven-der, 24, Mr Selvanathan Moodley, 30, and Mr Nadrajen Moodley, 30, all of Chats-

worth, who have pleaded not.

guilty to having murdered an

unknown white woman at Khannas F

s Farm, Klaarwater.

According to the indictments, Mr Nadrajen Moodley and a Mr Loganathan Gengan met Marietjie at the Palmerston Hotel in Durban last November.

Marietjie stayed overnight at Mr Gengan's Chatsworth home.

The following day, they

ted the HoD's legal adviser: to look urgently at the contract with Sneller Services. Meanwhile, the strike bound University of Cape Town was closed after road to the campus were blocked for a second day, sparking angry scenes between students wanting to attend lectures and supporters of striking workers, including kitchen staff, cleaners, gardeners: messengers and printers. SR

Ex-reporter
now a bishop

CAPE TOWN A former reporter has been elected the first bishop of a new diocese of the Anglican Church.

The Rt Rev Geoffrey Francis Davies, 65, was elected as the 11th bishop of the Transkei diocese, which covers the northern half of the Transkei and East Griqualand.

An elective assembly was held in Kokstad under the chairmanship of Bishop Michael Nuttall of Natal, who as Dean of the Church of the Province acts as deputy tof=

learned the police had called |

olmm s

Thursday 26 September 1991

spread over

-y-, ,.,

THL Afnsan Natronal
Congress (ANC) is the .
richest polrtical organr- B4

sation int the country . in

terms of eustmg assets

and nmnu.s pledged to
e e e

- But it also. has large
commitments and . ex-
penses to meet, not least
of all the repatnatron of
exiles. :

â\200\234Of its intetnal income
of R11,3 million in 1990,
RY.8 million came in the
form of grants. The grants
and donations, mostly
.rom foreign sources.
totalled R75 million. -

" Pledges totalling 4t
least .R150 million were

made to the ANC over -

the past vear, many of
them during trips abroad
by the ANC president,
Mr '\i-\202lson Mandela.

Somc of the pledges are
more then
but -

Â¥ !ANC:,. .

...(_.

ur\nng

,_-ua.:.Â«.aw;; Tt

::-Â»'wa&â\200\230 -4 â\200\230iâ\200\230 â\200\230txgz

Ã@aÂ»-,sf Aoed 8

;;-Ws;:skrr.,evr" â\200\230"â\200\230**i-\202ff" A SR F I A

haus, says the â\200\230organisa-
tion is.confident that it
- will receive the monies
pledged, although . the

United States has indi-

cated that it will withhold
a substantial sum destined
for the ANC while it re-

tains its links .with the

South African Commun-
.1st Party (SACP)

Tllk ,ANCS : recor"ls
show that the Swedish In-
ternational Development

Agency (SIDA) this year -

gave the ANC R54 mil-
lion, and that the Swedrsh
Government - donation
alone was about R40 mil-
lion. == = =

Otherâ\200\231 "pi'e'd'â\200\234iz'Ã©; to the

ANC included about R2> -~

million from France, R30
mrlhon from Germany,

spokesman, Mr Carl Nie- .

e tourn;

O g et â\202~T

Switzerland, RS million
from Nigeria, R1 million

. from Zimbabwe, R1 mil-

lion from Libva, R3 mil-
lion : from " Algiers,
R500 000 from Botswana

and R300 000 from_An-.

gola.

il
N R DA

An additional R20, mil-__

lion was raised on Mr
Mandelas i far-eastern
. with = substantial
pledges from both India

-and lndonesra while the
- Australian . Government

has pledged R33 â\200\230million
in ald over three years i

% These sums Â°
substantial pledges made
to the Kagiso Trust dur-

ing Mr Mandela's terms
abroad.

Against this, there is

AN =
Sydney, 5

ore-

exclude

;', y-202z;â\200\230vn- i-201gâ\200\230*is 3
FEE3 a4 R

led

S SR S

the huge financial com-
mitment involved in the
repatriation : of . about
40 000 exiles. - e
- The estimated costs of
this exercise, over a two-
year period, exceeds
R160 million, and it is
understood that much of
the money pledged will be
used to pay for this pro-
jectai e
5 Transport of the exiles,
" at around R8 million is
one of the smaller items.
Health and welfare, hous-
" ing and the establishment
of reception centres was
expected to cost more
than R140 million. -
.. There has been consid-
erable speculation that
one of the reasons why
â\200\230the ANC has decided not

ik

â\200\234to â\200\234onvert: itself â\200\234Tnto a
5 political party is because
if it became one these ex- :

- ternal sources of income

would dry up.

It would be illegal for z
the ANC as a political =
â\200\230such -
was a i of funds, he added.
possibility of a change in "
attitude by the donors -
should the ANC opt to

,become a political party. .
â\200\234* Mr Niehaus denied that
this was part of the ANC :
thinking on the subject. -
ANC discussions had not -

â\200\234touched on the legal as-
â\200\230pects of funding if it was -
to become a political par- .

A

receive
an there

party
funds,

the only reason ad-
vanced was that the pro-

cess of liberation was m-

complete.

ed for

%Â» s ;;\, ;: &

%f" ns ,j_: hireÃ©

{f

0.

DURBAN â\200\224= The Afrxcan Natronal Congress in
Natal yesterday appealed to the business communi-
ty to try to employ returning exiles as it was expen-
encingâ\200\231 financial difficulties in remtegratmg Tetur-
nees into South African socrety el S St

- At a Press conference in Durban, Southern Natal
ANC chairman Mr Sâ\200\231bu Ndebele said there were
still 40 D00 exiles waiting to return to-South Africa.

â\200\230The exiles who had returned after June had not
received any cash from the ANC because of a lack

Prior to the financial difficulties, returmg ANC
members had each been given R300 from the Nat-
ional Co-ordinating Committee for the Repatriation
of South African Exiles and R2 225 from the ANC.

About 100 ANC members recently confronted of-
ficials at the ANCâ\200\231s Durban headquarters demand-
ing to know why they had not recerved the cash pay-
out due to them. ..., ... -+ WY ey

Officials explamed that the money for retumees
had run out but added the ANC was presently rais-
ing funds and they would be credrted as soon as
possible. * o

The ANC was also expectmg the Umted â\200\230Nations
to begxn bearing the costs of retumees from later
this year. = Sapa. 317751y 51 DITrt 2=vs i el

e

and R30 rml1mn from |

b f///

ANC asks

The ANC in Natal yesterday appealed to the business community to try to employ returning exiles.

The organisation said it was having financial difficulties in reintegrating returnees into South African society.

_ At a Press conference in Durban, southern Natal ANC chairman Mr Sâ\200\231bu Ndebele said there were still 40 000 exiles waiting to return to South Africa. :

'/ had not received any cash from the ANC because of a lack of funds, he added.

Prior to the financial difficulties, re-

â\200\230turping ANC members had each been

given R300 by the National Co-ordinating Committee for the Repatriation of South African Exiles and R2 225 by the ANC. About 100 ANC members recently confronted officials at the ANCâ\200\231s Durban

headquarters, demanding to know why.

The exiles who had returned after June Â°

2ol 119

firmsto
he%?) exi

les

= SAPA |

they had not received the cash pay-out due to them.

Officials explained that the money for returnees had run out but added the ANC was presently raising funds and they would be credited as soon as possible.

The ANC was also expecting the United Nations to begin bearing the costs of returnees from later this year.

Meanwhile, the ANC in Natal was working on programmes to reintegrate returnees into society.

This process was difficult as â\200\234we are still a liberation movement, yet weâ\200\231re assuming the responsibilities of a government,â\200\235â\200\231 said Ndebele.

ANC information official Mr Dumisani Makhaye appealed to the business community to try to employ returnees.

2k]9]a]

DIFFERENT kind of political
entre-stageâ\200\231 is looming on the
| South African horizon. Those who
define themselves as committed
| to the unity of the oppressed see
"Ehe Patriotic Front (PF) - due to
| tak e,â\200\230jp'lace in Durban in October -
| as the opening of a new front in
the liberation struggle.

Re-defining = â\200\230centre-stageâ\200\231
politics are three core organisa-
tion within the liberation move-
|| ment, the African National Con-
gress (ANC), the Pan-Africanist
|| Congress (PAC) and the Azanian
| Peoplesâ\200\231 Organisation (Azapo).

However, the road to PF has
been dogged by many problems,
but at last some key common
ground is beginning to emerge
amongst the three co-sponsors of
united front politics.

| In fact, history has already
| been made. Moving into the third
floor of the Johannesburg Down-
town Holiday Inns Hotel you may
| be surprised to find officials of
the three organisations locked in
| discussions. This would have been
| unthinkable in the past. The of-

fice in Johannesburg is run by
two members from each organ-
isation.

It is a public secret that the
government and its allies are

~ ANC president Nelson Mandela

New libera
front emer

covertly and, sometimes, overtly harnessing their resources to present a strong block against those who demand a radical destruction of apartheid.

The three organisations see the overall strategy of the government as being to divide the liberation movement and the people.

With this in mind the three organisations are putting the final touches on the preparations for the PF conference.

Key participants in the PF point out that while they disagree on strategies to free the country from minority rule they are all agreed on one strategic objective.

The key movers in the PF agree that their strategic objec-

PAC president Clarence Makwethu

.SBO\.&.QF&A ;â\200\2315@50â\200\230?

DOGGED by a series of problems - both ideological and practical - the Patriotic Front (PF) seems set to take place in Durban next month. Not much has been said about its preparation. SIPHO KHUMALO traces the genesis of the PF.

tive is the seizure of power from the FW de Klerk government. This is seen as a major uniting factor. This of necessity means those involved in the PF must be committed to the removal of the present government. In particular, the PAC and Azapo believe that all those organisations that endorse the call for the removal of the present government should,

despite their differences, be galvanized into one force.

The first move towards the PF emerged from a bilateral meeting between the ANC and

PAC in Harare early this year.

One of the pre-conditions to booking a place in the PF is a commitment to the demand for a Constituent Assembly (CA). All three organisations are agreed on

Jo | 1) 14

Azapo president Pandelani Nefolovhodwe

the demand for a Constituent Assembly. It is envisaged that once the PF has been formally launched mass action campaigns will be set in motion to press home the need for the CA.

Those involved in the PF feel that there should be an election to the CA so that those organisations involved in the drawing of the constitution have a clear mandate from their members.

This will also help to demonstrate the support for those organisations boasting huge membership.

Inkatha, for instance, which claims millions of members, will be able to show that in the pre-constituent assembly election. But Inkatha has been steadfastly

A A SRS g

opposed to the idea of the CA. While still on Inkatha, it has also dismissed the PF as the 'ganging together of blacks against whites'.

[Ironically, the Chief Minister of KwaZulu and Inkatha president Mangosuthu Gatsha Buthelezi has, for sometime, marketed himself as a leader committed to black unity.

The PF is being viewed as political unity that will enable the liberation movements to present strong positions in any nego:

tiations with the government and its allies.

Some organisations within the PF have pointed out that they are not opposed to negotiations per se. But they refuse to negotiate the release of prisoners and the removal of other apartheid legislation. They dismiss talks about talks as being non-substantive.

Sources close to PAC and Azapo argue that their engagement with the government at the negotiating table will be to debate the transfer of power to the people. And they believe that the PF could strengthen the hand of the liberation movements when such engagement takes place.

ANC views the PF as a loose liaison without rigid structures.

WHILE the Patriotic Front (PF) moves closer to reality; it is however, no secret that it has been marred by problems. Because of the secrecy surrounding preparations for this big co

|| ference of the oppressed or the authentic liberation movements, some

have even suggested that it would never take place. N
The New African has uncovered information detailing the stum-â\204ç

bling blocks towards unity. {
Firstly, informed sources close to the PF describe it as an idea of
the African governments and the Organisation of the African Unity
' (OAU). The African body believes that liberation movements should
not go it alone in its negotiations with the government.

A meeting took place early this year between the PAC and ANC to
discuss the idea of a Patriotic Front.

Agreement was reached, but apparently, Azapo was not part of the
organising committee. Our source says this was because Azapo is not

| recognised by the continental body, the OAU.

And as such it was not to be given equal representation with that of

PAC and ANC. That, says our source, was the beginning of the problem

as Azapo demanded full status with the ANC and PAC.
This was one problem area which has now been resolved to the

| satisfaction of all three organisations.

In particular, some of the co-sponsors of the PF have raised

problems with organisations or individuals who have traditionally been

- | viewed as part of the system.

This was more of a case with the bantustans and its leaders who

have lately taken what appears to be a progressive line. Some of these
have moved closer to the ANC.

Sources close to the PF say PAC and ANC have suggested that these
people should be brought into the people's fold. The two argue that

these people could be taken by the government and that this move needs
to be pre-empted. :

In this regard PAC was originally given the task of talking to
Inkatha and wooing it into the PF. PAC did sound out Inkatha on the
idea but the latter has refused to join the PF and the meetings have been
dropped. PAC has also spoken to the Labour Party about joining the PF
and it is considering the proposal.

ANC's task was to talk to General Bantu Holomisa and other

bantustan leaders that have been close to it.

But the pre-conditions for these organisations to participate have been that they should be national in character, commit themselves to the constituent assembly and the transfer of power, commit themselves to one person one vote in a unitary state, total destruction of apartheid structures, unity of people and the principle of mass action.

These pre-conditions, perhaps, explain why Inkathadid not find the PF an attractive idea.

It is understood that while Azapo agreed to the idea of winning over some of the elements that otherwise would have been considered as part of the enemy, it however was uneasy.

It has, according to our sources, expressed concern that these people might attend the PF and after that go back to harass the people.

As a way of resolving this problem, we have reliably learnt, that Azapo has proposed that ANC and PAC should bring those people they have won over as part of their delegation.

The question of an interim government - favoured by the ANC: &)

has also been a source of problems for the three movements.

The PAC holds the view that it will only be involved in a transitional authority on issues that have direct bearing on transition.

They express fear that the government might want to prolong the process thereby making them co-responsible for the sin of apartheid.

This, they say, will put them on the firing line of the masses on the eve of the election.

Azapo is also opposed to the interim government but it prefers a transitional authority to be agreed upon by the PF.

Both PAC and Azapo say the transitional authority should have a fixed duration and a clearly defined mandate.

Azapo is opposed to the idea of the interim government.

There are also problems over the All-Party Congress, which is also favoured by the ANC. Azapo and PAC are opposed to this.

However, problematic areas are a subject of discussion by the Patriotic Front Joint Organising Committee. It is hoped that by the time the PF is convened in Durban these problems would have been resolved.

The flew Afncan

Ae/e5)

<7 Å4

S T SV TR % L 3

[CMH

Govt hopes to tal C Lekota

The Star Bureau

; ASHINGTON â\200\224 It was un-
fortunate
Bush had made the observa-
tion that
Klerkâ\200\231s reforms were irre-
~versible when the negotia-

tions in South Africa were in
the balance, Patrick Lekota .
of the ANC said here yester-

day 3

Mjr Lelgota in the US for a
conference, told a news

â\200\230that President

President de

their
: mg}vement

Press Club in Wa!hmgtton,:w

that recent actions by the
South African â\200\230Govern
had indicated it Wanu:g%f%

negotiate with a weakeneâ\200\230d,,v...
ANC. The Government ha
~ been content to allow

violence in the country

continue unchecked because
it intimidated ANC sup-

undermined
the

_He said it was true tï¬\201?â\200\230v

and

porters
conï¬\201dence m

vxolence had subswed in the - Ne]

â\200\230_._hnefm%; at the Natlon,Aaln;
3 Å»8 gk

allow Mr:de Klerk
ï¬\201CCesdfu*1 US visit

â\200\230assault on the ANC will con-

: tmuÃ© â\200\235he said. Â¢

Mfâ\200\230â\200\235 ekota said that iy
Ihany parts of Natal ANC
â\200\230members were too scared to
~to consider
* should take the responsibili-
ty of defending its members

i carry, their party member-
ship. ards or to wear T-shrts
dentlfl,ed them with

s,,mMan@e a oi' theâ\200\231j a

ent ays but_
thi could be on}y in order to
have a

â\200\230Â¢We Aremam certam the;;

movgment :
He sald the ANC did not

â\200\234to the US. It hoped the Us
~ authorities had -impressed
- upon the President the need
toâ\200\230act m good falth ;

added the ANC would have

â\200\231 m then' cammuntles

" If the situation in South
:Afnca did not improve, he

â\200\230whether its

This would be a serious
development as it could de-
rail the process of negotla-

- tion.

If the ANC felt there was

inadequate pressure on Pre-

toria it might be obliged to

revert to the armed strug-

gle, he warned. One could

therefore argue that sanc--
- tions were good for the De
â\200\234Klerk government in that
they added pressure for a

peaceful settlement in SOuth

i Afmca. Â£

ot S LIt AR T R AT

- Weighty warnings were issued from
- Diagonal Street this Sunday that
the Zulu people were in danger of
becoming isolated from the rest of
the South African nation.

'The comment was a pivotal one
and it is our guess that it will mark
the onset of a new and dangerous
phase in our politics as we edge to-
wards a new future. Champagne
corks must surely have popped in
Shell House and in a posh home in
the northern suburbs to mark the
event.

It is instructive to consider the advi-
ce from Diagonal Street in the con-
text of the interesting events that
were played out at Gamalakhe and
in the columns of Natal newspapers
last week.

The Zulu King, Zwelithini Go-
dwill, and KwaZulu Chief Minis-
ter, Mangosuthu Buthelezi, were to
be the guest speakers at a King
' Shaka Day celebration in this South
Coast township.

STRONGHOLD

An ANC violence (sic) committee
protested loudly in the Press
against the event, saying they fe-
ared it would result in violence in
this "last stronghold of the ANC" in
southern Natal.

When the ANC statement was read
out at a Shaka Day celebration at
King Shaka's burial place at Duku-
za on Saturday, the current King
was seen to shake his head sadly.
Later, in his address, he asked who
it was that would dictate to a Zulu
King where he might or might not
go in KwaZulu-Natal.

But if you really wished to unders-
tand what is going on in the Zulu
psyche, you would have been well
advised to listen carefully as the
King's iNyosi (those who
have an understanding of Zulu cul-
ture would do - if they
were not too busy to do so)

ses at Gamalakhe.

\

this word) recited the King's praises

For the first time he said the follo-

. wing: "Wena osandla sinenkwant-

shu kuMandela." (You, whose hand
gets cramps when Mandela |ex-
tends his] to greet you.)

NO RESPECT

This praise has its roots in an event
that took place in Johannesburg
last weekend. The President of the
ANC walked straight up to the
Zulu King with outstretched hand.
The King stood motionless and lo-

oked at Mandela with eyes, which, -

for those who know the King, did
not exactly mirror respect.

Transkei's military dictator, Bantu
Holomisa, had a similar experience
on approaching the Zulu King with
the same disregard for Zulu culture
as Mandela had made himself

guilty of.

But, there is more to this incident
[highlighting ignorance of Zulu culture and
a breach of etiquette.

The ANC has for years sought to
ingratiate itself with the Zulu mo-
narchy. It began in the days when
Terror Lekota was in Natal and
persists to this day.

Their biggest coup to date has been
to recruit one Mcwayizeni Zulu
into their ranks. That might be
useful for international propagan-
da, but the individual involved has
about as much chance of influen-
cing Zulu society as he has of wal-
king on the moon.

/ /_,/%Nĩ¬\201/â\200\230)

INSULT

Dr Mandela has desperately wanted to visit the graves of King Shaka

- *and King Cetshwayo in the company

of the Zulu King. He has twice offended the Zulu King in connection with planned meetings. Dr Mandela has made himself guilty of serious insult to the Zulu King. Etiquette does not allow that the

- insult be repeated.

Small wonder the iNyosi notes the "cramps" in the hands of the King.

Now, it would not surprise us if these events too are labelled "pretence", as is the case with controversy surrounding "cultural weapons". Perhaps His Majesty might

even be labelled churlish and the

iNyosi silly and vengeful. Well, quite frankly, it matters little if that is the case. The fact of the matter is that millions of Zulus are imbued with the same spirit as their King and South Africa will come to

terms with that reality whether it likes it or not. ;

And, where does this all come from? The "original sin" is not hidden in the "mists of the past." It is an everyday reality that Zulu people live with. Dr Mandela means exactly what he says when he told the world after the signing of the Peace Accord that he would not disband Mkhonto weSizwe.

'â\200\230And when his wife says that the ANC will "recruit for Mkhonto now more than ever before," this is not bluster. Ask the people from Richmond, from Ndaleni, from Bruntville, from uThongati and numerous other places in this country. They [

~son Mandela.

DR DRt

experience the truth of the claims every day. Speak to the police about the huge arms caches found in Bruntville just the other day.

And it would be prudent for people not to expect too much from the Peace Accord just signed in Johan-

nesburg. . It is our guess that no
matter how sick and tired black pe-
ople - and Zulus in particular - are =

of violence, they are convinced that
the Accord will not work.

Fact is that very large numbers of
Inkatha Freedom Party supporters
at grassroots level do not support
the signing of the Accord. They re-
member just too well what happe-
ned after the January 29 meeting
with the ANC under the leadership
of that movement's President, Nel-

FOLLOW.-UP

There was no follow-up on the part
of the ANC and the violence just
got worse. The ANC was to appear

for years.

. NO DIALOGUE

in public with the IFP in terms of
the 'settlement and call for peace.
This the ANC failed to do.

Instead, the people know all too
well that it is part of ANC strategy
to only get structures in place if
these can serve as a recruiting plat-
form for the ANC. And the meth-
ods they use to recruit are still |
exactly the same. The tool of selec-
tive violence is explained in minute
detail in the ANC's "guidelines for
comrades" and is as current now as

it was when it was issued almost 18
months ago.

LT

Large numbers of IFP supports are

A T 7

'convinced that the. monitoring
'structures envisaged by the Natio- |

nal Peace Accord will become re-
cruitment mechanisms for the ANC
and that violence will flow from
them. That is not negativism to-
wards peace - it is a reality that they
have experienced in their daily lives

Zulu people know too that the Afri-
can National Congress continues to
refuse to have dialogue with the
IFP. Although the previous Secre-
tary General had given a commit-
ment that the NEC and the central

Committee of the IFP would meet, the current Secretary General, Cyril Ramaphosa, seems to have reversed the decision.

Now, the ANC says, it cannot meet with the IFP until its regions and branches have been consulted. Everybody knows what that means.

Why, millions of Zulu people ask :

themselves, is the ANC able to meet with other groupings to form a "patriotic front", while excluding the IFP? Why can these meetings apparently be arranged at the drop of a hat, yet time cannot be found - to meet with the IFP?

Ordinary people know that it remains the mission of the ANC to isolate and destroy the IFP and they know too that there will be no peace until the ANC and the IFP meet to iron out their differences. No Peace Accord will work until that is accomplished.

+ and contrary.
~Wwould do well to reflect on the fact
~that the creation of such a perception - |

It has become fashionable to label the IFP and its leaders as difficult South Africans

tion has been the main mission of -th? AI: iIC since 1979 when the IFP refused to become g

the ANC. 7:4>â\200\230N:â\200\230[>â\200\230_j_;lÂ\$urrogalcâ\200\230 o
| e TEâ\200\224

I

., Lastly, we would suggest it would

v

| ~ be prudent for South Africans to
Â© remember that the Zulu people

have been at the coalface of divide and rule strategies for well over a century. â\200\231

The Zulu people under their King Cetshwayo stood in the way of British plans for national hegemony in the 1870â\200\231s and beyond. And so they had to be crushed under Lord Chelmsford.

Zulu people were the main obstacle to the policy of apartheid. While Transkei, spiritual home of the ANC, sold out, KwaZulu effecti-

vely brought apartheid to its knees.
It was the IFP that was the author
of the modalities for the unbanning
of the ANC and the release of poli-
tical prisoners. Ask Nelson Man-

fooq >