a H/ 05 6 / w m ha. ai ' I I. QQNTINQENQY PLANNING

QQESTIONS FOR NCQR RESPONSE

- Q 1. What criteria would be used to determine who needs food aid?.
- Q 2. What criteria will determine the duration of such assistance?.
- Q 3. What constitutes a minimgm daily food basket as recommended by local nutritional experts?.
- Q 4. What is the cost, in Rand, of the above daily food basket. per adult?.
- Q 5. Has the option of cash coupons, in lieu of cash or food, been discussed or found viable?. How would the system work?. What would be the duration of assistance and amount agreed?.
- Q 6. What are food arrangements at reception (primary and secondary) centres?. Has the possibility of using Fedics Food Service been explored?.

Transport and ngigtic:

- Q 7. What, after investigation, is the ghgapest and safest form of transgort for returnees with their luggage. Please give unit cost for main destinations. Please provide estimates of the number of persons likely to go to the various destinations.
- Q 8. What arrangements have been made for speedy and simplified Immigration. Health end gustgmg prggedureg upon arrival?
- Q 9. Are there any details of draft or concluded internal transport contracts from airport to reception centres and from reception centres to final destinations.?
- Q 10. Details of all confirmed and provisional entry points.
- Q 11. How many points of entry have the GRSA and NCCR agreed upon?

```
Q 12.
Q 13.
Q 14.
2.
```

Have airport or border screening areas/facilities been identified and assessed?

Are local NCCR committees organized to arrange/facilitate local onward transport?

Has special transport for vulnerable groups been planned? Domestic Needs and Household Package

Q 15.

Q 16.

Q 17.

Q 18.

Q 19.

What will the basic household package comprise?.

State its cost per adult, and per family in Rand.

What is the cheapest and most efficient method of distribution of this type of assistance?

What are the criteria for determining who is in need?

Please list the criteria to be used to determine eligibility for the receipt of installation grants (including level, type and duration for each eligible category)?

Heglth and Nutrition

Q 20.

Q 21.

Q 22.

Q 23.

9.24.

Describe the mechanism agreed with GRSA for referral of cases requiring special medical care.

Under what circumstances would complementary (non-GRSA) help be required?. List such circumstances, their cost implications and the alternative sources of support. In what circumstances would a UNHCR contribution to this sector be absolutely vital and indispensable?. What form of assistance would be considered most cost-effective, and why?.

Has the issue of pre-departure vaccinations and certificates been resolved?

Are health staff available for: primary and secondary reception centres; escorts on convoys, especially for vulnerable groups?

Μ

Q 25.

Q 26.

Q 27.

State how many primary and secondary reception centres are in operation, by location, capacity and maximum period of stay.

What are the 24-hour security arrangements already in existence at these centres?. What additional measures are required and at what cost per month?. What is the current GRSA contribution to security at these centres?.

State the maximum period of stay at reception centres for returnees. Are there variations between categories e.g. families single parent, disabled etc?.

- Q 28. What concrete measures have been taken or are being planned to address longer-term housing needs of returnees?
- Q 29. What is the most cost-effective form of assistance to returnees for initial medium-term housing upon leaving the reception centres?. State minimum cost per individual and per family?.
- Q 30 Have facilities been identified which could be adapted/converted into transit/reception facilities (such as hotels, hostels, school buildings)?
  Q 31. Have any contractual arrangements been concluded thus far for reception
- ${\tt Q}$  32 Does any organization exist in the RSA on low\_cost housing loans or assistance?
- So i l r i f r Vuln r 1 R rne

facilities?

- Q 33. What type of services complementary to that provided by GRSA will be requried for vulnerable returnees e.g. the aged, sick. orphans etc?
- Q 34. What type of counselling and referral procedures exist already between NCCR and GRSA?  $\mathsf{t}$

What is the minimum period of notification required before the arrival of the first group of vulnerable returnees?

- 0.36. Can a community-based approach to self-sufficiency be planned?
- 0.37. Has the possible role of the ICRC in tracing and family reunification been clarified?
- 0.38. Which existing governmental/NGO counselling services are available?
- Q 39. Will elderly returnees have pension rights upon entry?
- Q 40. Does the NCCR have a mechanism (or the capacity) for computer processing of socio-demographic-economic data obtained from Voluntary Repatriation Forms?
- . Education
- Q 41. How does the Educational and Training Counselling Service in NCCR function, especially for placement of returnees?
- Q 42. What is the cost per pupil per annum: for primary, lower secondary, higher secondary, and various types of tertiary academic and technical-vocational institutions in South Africa, in Rand?
- Q 43. What are the equivalent costs in other approved and recommended alternative forms of education e.g. distance learning?.
- Q 44. Has it been clarified that in general refugee students will complete cycles of education abroad before returning?
- ${\tt Q}$  45. Is there yet a rough idea of the number of school-age children who will repatriate?
- . Emplomen;
- Q 46. iWhat'referrellmechanisms exist between NCCR and various employers, trades unions and professional bodies for employment placement?. If none give details of such plan.
- ${\tt Q}$  47. Is there a structure dealing with advisory and appraisal services for Small Enterprise Development?
- Q 48. Will skills training Programmes be available to returnees in which skill areas? Which categories of employment are more likely than others for jobs?

```
Legal Protectign
0 49.
Q 50.
Q 51.
Q 52.
Q 53.
Q 54.
Q 55.
Q 56.
Q 57.
Q 58.
Q 59.
0 60.
What mechanisms have been actually established to deal with returnees
problems related to their re-integration in South Africa?
Regarding registration upon arrival, has a compatibility been
achieved between the governmental intake form, and the NCCR
"Registration and Data Form"?
What documentation(s) will the returnees require after arrival (e.g.
identification documents') and where and how will these be obtained?
What are the procedures (e.g. security vetting, finger printing etc.)
that returnees have been subjected to upon return?
Describe the present practice of the South African Government in
respecting idemnity granted to returnees.
In particular, describe the general situation of arrest, detention,
imprisonment or trials of the returnees?
What role is NCCR and its legal task force playing in legal or other
interventions in those instances? Describe the network, number and
distribution of lawyers that NCCR works with to resolve these and
other problems? What are the costs involved?.
Describe the same problems/issues raised in the above questions so
far as the homelands are concerned.
Describe the problems of determination of citizenship claims by the
so-called TBVC citizens.v How are they determined? Does deportation
thereafter take place? Is it preceded by arrest and detention?
What interventions take place here. by lawyers. associations?
What kind of role and procedures can be envisaged to enhance
monitoring of the safety of the returnees in situations of violence
(particularly in the townships) and in the homelands)
What particular problems can be envisaged?
O erational S ort
Q 61.
Q 62.
Q 63.
Q 64.
Could you provide us with specific details of the type of operational
support required for the various sectoral activities?
What is the range of counselling activities envisaged for returnees
```

and where and how will these be conducted?. Has a revised NCCR budget been prepared yet?

Which NGO's are being considered for which sector of activity?

65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70.

Has the possible role/involvement of the Red Cross Society been clarified?

How is the NCCR, operationally and practically, planning to deal with the "homeland" issues?

Has the issue of the possible operational involvement of the ANC, PAC, and AZAPO in reception, transport, etc., been addressed? resolved?

Has the NCCR received donor interest for this operation, or for the subsequent reintegration phase?

Would the NCCR be able to assist in preparing a returnee information paper, dealing with formalities and assistance upon arrival, transport, and installation and reintegration assistance? Has there been any further discussion on a possible RP training/team-building course?

How does the NCCR see the role of UNHCR in the RP operation?