

16/1/11

AP1991-7-6-22

Umholi weNkatha ulandule isu lomkhandlu wesikhashana eseMelika

E-ATLANTA (eMelika):-Ukusungulwa komkhandlu wokwakha umthethosisekelo kanye nohulumeni wesikhashana lapho uHulumeni ophethe njengama-nje eSouth Africa eyoshiya phansi amandla okupha-tha awadlulisele kulomkhandlu kanye nakuloHulumeni kuyinto okungeke yenzeke.

Lokhu kushiwo nguMongameli weNkatha Freedom Party, uDr Mangosuthu Buthelezi, ngesikhathi ekhuluma nabezindaba eMelika.

Uqhube wathi iSouth Africa kayinawo uhulumeni ontengantengayo ngasohlangothini lwezombusazwe okungaholela ekuthathweni ngabavukeli bombuso.

Uthe uhlelo lwe-African National Congress (ANC) lokuba lowo onqobayo athathe konke ngokulandela isu lomkhandlu wokwakha umthethosisekelo okuhloswe ukuba wandulele uhulumeni wesikhashana luyinto engeke yenzeka. Uthe loluhlelo ngeke lwasebenza ngoba lokho okudingwa ngabantu futhi okwesekelwe ngabantu ababumbeneyo baseSouth Africa okuwukuba kwakhiwe umbuso okhululekile wentando yeningi yikhona kanye okugqugquzela uguquko kulelizwe.

Uthe i-ANC ngeke yatshela amaqembu ombusazwe ukuthi kufanele enzeni kanjalo uHulumeni waseSouth Africa kanye neqembu lamaNeshinali ngeke lawatshela amanye amaqembu ukuthi kufanele enzeni. Uthe kunesimo esikhulayo kubantu baseSouth Africa okuyibona abayokwesekela kumbe bachithe amaqembu ombusazwe.

Uthe ukuchitha kwakhe umkhandlu wokwakha umthethosisekelo kanye nohulumeni wesikhashana akusho ukuthi ucheme ngasohlangothini oluthile, kepha akushoyo ngukuthi ngeke loluhlelo lwasebenza. Uthe inkululeko yabantu baseSouth Africa iyophelela ngamhla abantu bayo kanye nalabo abasemazweni angomakhelwane bekhululeka ebuphofini, ukungazi kanye nezifo.

16/1/11

Mandela risks a split with the ANC hardliners

John MacLennan

NELSON Mandela will have to deal with an apparent split between himself and other members of the ANC's controlling National Executive Council this week on the crunch issue posed by the armed struggle.

The ANC deputy president perceptibly softened his rhetoric on the subject during his recent 14-nation tour, saying he expects to reach an agreement which will allow him to declare a ceasefire before the end of the year and call for an end to sanctions.

On his return this week he also said the ANC was prepared "to consider the question of the suspension of hostilities" once all obstacles to negotiation had been removed.

But this runs directly counter to ANC policy as spelled out again recently by NEC member Pallo Jordan, who is also the organisation's information director.

This states there will be no peace until after a constituent assembly has run its course and a new government is in place after fresh elections.

Mr Mandela will also be expected to discipline Chris Hani — Umkhonto we Sizwe's chief-of-staff — for acting against the spirit of the Groote Schuur minute by saying that the armed struggle will continue unabated.

But this, also, appears to be in complete agreement with ANC policy.

The ANC policy, as explained by Mr Jordan at an Idasa workshop in Lusaka earlier this year holds out little hope for a termination of the armed struggle until the ANC

has reached its objective: A new government.

ANC thinking appears muddled on the subject, however, because he also said that although the ANC could not prevent oppressed people from taking up arms to achieve freedom, a mutually binding ceasefire could be the precursor to a constituent assembly. The government has made it abundantly clear it is not interested in a constituent assembly.

Mr Jordan asserted the ANC would not have been legitimised, nor Mr Mandela freed were it not for the armed struggle. He also said President De Klerk had opted for constitutional reform because the government felt it could no longer sustain a costly cycle of repression.

But Mr De Klerk hoped to control the negotiation process and still had a long way to go in removing obstacles. The ANC, by contrast, would insist on an elected constituent assembly.

"That elected constituent assembly would then have the responsibility of drawing up a new democratic constitution for South Africa.

"Having completed its work, that constituent assembly could be dissolved. Fresh elections would then be held, and a new South African government based on those elections could be created. At that point we would consider that the objectives for which the ANC was created, and for which it began its armed struggle, had been realised. Therefore it would be possible to terminate the armed struggle."

UHani uphika umbango wezikhundla kwi-ANC

Ngu: Bheki Ncube

INGQUNGQUTHELA ezayo ye-African National Congress (ANC) ayizokugxila ebuholini njengoba amaphephandaba enza engathi kunjalo, kodwa izogxila ekutheni kuqhutshekela kanjani phambili, kusho umkhuzi woMkhonto weSizwe uMnuz Chris Hani eMlazi ngeSonto.

UMnuz Hani utshele abantu ababalelwa ku 1 000 emgubheni kaJune 16 eMlazi Stadium ngokubika izinto ngokuzihlane-

kezela athe kwenziwa ngabezi-ndaba. Uthe ingqikithi ephambili kulengqungquthela ezoba se-University of Durban-Wesville wukudingida ukuthi kuyiwa kanjani phambili, wathi udaba lobuholi yinto eza ekugcineni.

Uthe kunezinto ezibalulekile njenga nodaba lomhlaba, izingxoxo nokunye okubaluleke ngaphezu kobuholi okumele ngabe kugxilwa kukona.

Unobhala wesiyingi se-ANC esiseningizimu yeNatali uMnuz S'bu Ndebele uthe kulindelwe noMnuz Yasser Arafat umholi

wePalestinian Liberation Organisation (PLO) kwabamenyiwe abangu 200.

Lengqungquthela ezoba ngeyokuqala eminyakeni engu 30 izodonsa kusukela ngoJuly 2 kuze kube nguJuly 7. NgoJuly 8 kuzoba nerally eKings Park Stadium lapho kuyobikwa ngezinqumo ezithathiwe.

Ekhuluma ngalengqungquthela uMnuz Hani uthe: 'Udaba olubalulekile kuzoba wukucela phansi ubandlululo kuyima kuza udaba lweNingizimu Afrika engasenabandlululo.'

UMnuz Hani uphawule na-

ngokukhononda athe kwenziwa nguHulumeni kokuthi i-ANC ayikafuni ukuguqukela ekubeni yiqembu lezopolitiki. Uthe: 'Singaba kanjani yiqembu lezopolitiki singakakhululeki? Inhlalo yokuba yiqembu lezopolitiki wukukhankasela ukhetho.'

Uthe bayoba yilo sekunombuso wentando yeningi, wathi ngabantu abayothatha leso sinqumo.

Okwamanje uthe basazoqhubeka njengeqembu lokuzabalazela inkululeko kuze kube uyachithwa uHulumeni weNational

Party. Uthe yingakho kubalulekile ukuba abantu balwele ukukhulisa baqinise i-ANC ukuze kuthi uma sekufika ukhetho izihambele ngamalengiso.

Uthe i-ANC iyonqoba kalula ngoba iyinhlangano kazwelonke.

Uthe kuliphutha okushiwo ngabanye kokuthi abantu baseNatali kabayifuni i-ANC ngoba empeleni lenhlangano yakhiwa yaqiniswa yibo. Uhlabe ababhebhezela umoya woqhekeko ngokusebenzisa ubuhlanga.

'Asiwona amaXhosa, asiwona amaZulu, noma amaTsho-

nga, kodwa sonke singama-Afrika, sinenhloso eyodwa,' kusho uMnuz Hani.

Uthe i-ANC isiyilwele kanzi- ma inkululeko, isihlawule nangenegazi imbala, kodwa sekunezinhlangano esekuyizona esezikhuluma phambili ngalengkululeko, kodwa ezingazange zabonakala ziyilwela.

Uthe i-ANC ikhuluma ngomkhandlu wokubumba umthetho-sisekelo (Constituent Assembly), olomhlaba nangoHulumeni wesikhashana kodwa laba asebekhuluma kakhulu abakazwakali abaqhamuka nakho.

10/1/11

16/1/11

ANC slams Congress decision to deny funds

JOHANNESBURG: The United States House of Representatives' vote this week to deny the ANC government funds because of its ties with the South African Communist Party (SACP) was both "unfortunate and regrettable," the ANC said yesterday.

The vote, supported by 127 Democrats and 152 Republicans, capped long-standing efforts by the Republicans to prevent the ANC from receiving any of the £10 million (R29 million) which Congress last year allocated to the promo-

tion of democracy in South Africa.

Approached for comment today, ANC spokesman Gill Marcus said: "The people of South Africa should have the right to exercise their own choice. If the people feel that the SACP does not reflect their views, then they won't support it," Miss Marcus said.

The ANC, she said, was an independent organisation and funds from the US, or anywhere else, should not be prescriptive.—Saturday News Reporter

See Page 3

S. News 22 Feb 1991

18/1/11

I-ANC inezikhali ezithukusile eS Africa kusho u "Terror" Lekota

VUSI SOSIBO

ETHEKWINI:-Oyisi-
khulu se-African Na-
tional Congress
(ANC) e-Orange
Free State uMnuz
Patrick "Terror" Le-
kota ngempelason-
to utshele abezinda-
ba ukuthi kuyiqiniso
ukuthi inhlangotho
yakhe inezikhali ezi-
fihlile ngaphakathi
kulelizwe.

Ekhuluma ohlelweni
lwethelweshini olwaziwa
ngokuthi yi-Agenda,
uMnuz Lekota uthe na-
boMkhonto wesiZwe
okuwuphiko lwezempi
lwe-ANC bame ngomu-
mo balindele ukuthatha
izinyathelo zokusebenzi-
sa umzabalazo wezikhali
uma umbusazwe woku-
xoxisana ungaphumeleli.

Ebuzwa mayelana ne-
zinkulumo ezenziwa yisi-
khulu soMkhonto,
uMnuz Chris Hani, zo-
kwesabisa ngokuthi i-
ANC inokubuyela noma
yini emzabalazweni we-
zikhali okuyinkulumo

okuthiwa wayenza eMeli-
ka, uMnuz Lekota uthe
kungumkhulu wabaholi
bombusazwe ukwenza
izinkulumo ezishube nga-
lendlela. Wathi kodwa
kuyiqiniso ukuthi i-ANC
inazo izikhali ngaphaka-
thi kulelizwe.

Ebuzwa ukuthi i-
ANC izimisele yini ukuya
emhlanganweni wokubo-
nisana ngezindlela ezino-
kusetshenziswa ekunqa-
ndeni indluzula kulelizwe
ohlangozwa ngabaholi
benkolo bakuleli futhi
okuhloswe ukuba uha-
njelwe ngabaholi bezo-
mbusazwe, uMnuz Leko-
ta uqale wachaza ukuthi
inhlangotho yakhe seya-
kusho kaningi ukuthi
iyohambela kuphela izi-
ngxoxo ezibizwe yinhla-
ngano noma ngumuntu
ozimele ongachemile.

Nokho ugcine evumi-
le ukuthi inhlangotho ya-
khe izozihambela lezizi-
ngxoxo ngemuva koku-
phoqwa yilowo obephe-
the uhlelo uMnuz John
Bishop ukuba acacise

ngaphandle kokunanaza
ukuthi izozihambela lezi-
zingxoxo.

Ubuye wakhala ka-
khulu ngesinyathelo esi-
thathwe nguHulumeni
sokuba enze isichibiyelo
emthethweni owaziwa
ngokuthi yiNatal Zulu
Code ovumela isizwe sa-
maZulu ukuba siphathe
izikhali emicimbini ethile
yesizwe. Ubuze ukuthi
kungani uHulumeni eku-
vumela ukuba amaZulu
aphathe lezizikhali. No-
kho uMnuz Bishop
utshele uMnuz Lekota
ukuthi lombuzo kufanele
awubhekise ngqo kuHu-
lumeni.

UMnuz Bishop ubuye
wakhala ngokuthi unesi-
fiso sokuba uMnuz Chris
Hani afike ohlelweni olu-
fanayo ukuze achazele
abantu bakuleli ngezi-
nkulumo okuthiwa uyazi-
sho mayelana nokuqala
phansi umkhankaso we-
zikhali. Nokho uMnuz
Lekota utshele uMnuz
Bishop ukuthi uMnuz
Hani ungumuntu ohlala
ematasatasa kumbe
ongenaso isikhathi.

16/1/11

SACP not cutting ANC ties

10/1/11
22/6/91
Political Staff

THE SA Communist Party would not cut its ties with the ANC to allow its alliance partner to receive R28 million of United States aid, SACP leader Joe Slovo said yesterday.

The US House of Representatives this week voted to prevent money allocated by the Senate last year to promote democracy in South Africa from going to the ANC unless it severed its links with the SACP.

Asked at a Cape Town Press Club lunch whether the SACP, if it really had the interests of the ANC at heart, would not rethink its position, Mr Slovo responded:

'I am not sure about business, but in politics you cannot be bought.'

ANC spokesman Gill Marcus said yesterday that funds it received from abroad should not be conditional and described the move by US lawmakers as 'unfortunate and regrettable'.

Mr Slovo told the Press Club that he was 'not surprised or shocked' that American lawmakers had voted to bar aid money to the SACP.

16/10/6

16/1/11

ANC in-fighting *W/mercury 22/6/91* bursts into the open

POLITICAL in-fighting within the ANC burst into the open yesterday just 10 days ahead of its first election conference in South Africa.

ANC hardliner Harry Gwala yesterday took a side-swipe at the ANC's leadership, labelling their negotiation efforts with the Government as a 'dismal failure'.

The increasingly popular former Robben Islander with strong grassroots support in Natal said the ANC would have to decide whether it wanted to be a revolutionary movement governed by 'the people' or an elite organisation.

Mr Gwala told a Numsa conference in Johannesburg that the

Political Staff

upcoming Durban conference would determine whether the revolution in South Africa could be saved, Sapa reports.

The rhetoric from the 71-year-old Natal Midlands chairman in the run-up to the Durban conference is bound to boost his stakes among the powerful ANC Youth League and other more radical elements in the organisation.

Mr Gwala recently inflicted a heavy defeat on the ANC's security chief and Natal South Coast Region chief Jacob Zuma in a run-off for the deputy-president nomination.

UHani uphika umbango wezikhundla kwi-ANC

Ngu: Bheki Ncube

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Uthe i-ANC ikhuluma ngomkhandlu wokubumba umthetho-sisekelo (Constituent Assembly), olomhlaba nangoHulumeni wesikhashana kodwa laba asebekhuluma kakhulu abakewakali abaqhamuka nakho.

NEWS BACKGROUND

Silly Senators, lost jobs and ANC funding

Australia's garrulous Foreign Minister, Mr Gareth Evans, has come and gone. He repeatedly made an ass of himself and did his country no credit.

Problem is, that no matter how foolish he appeared to most perceptive people he met, he remains a Foreign Minister and one must thus perforce take note of what he said.

ABSURD

His reasoning on why his Government supported the ANC and would not help fund other parties, such as the Inkatha Freedom Party, was absurd.

The IFP, he said, did not need external support because 'Inkatha is being so conspicuously funded through the whole support structure of the KwaZulu homeland - with the very substantial budgetary subvention and the support base to go with that.'

IFP President and KwaZulu Chief Minister, Dr M G Buthelezi, was quick to disabuse him on this score when he visited Ulundi. He told the Foreign Minister: "Were you not the dignitary you are, Senator Evans, I would take you now to our IFP head offices

just a couple of kilometers away from us and show you what we have as our national head office.

DEDICATION

"Dingy offices, overcrowded, not even filing facilities, underpaid staff, badly equipped with no operating funds. Only dedication keeps the place going," Dr Buthelezi said.

Printed elsewhere on this page is a picture of the IFP's pre-fabricated head office at Ulundi. Also published on this page is a picture of the ANC's multi-million rand head office, Shell House, Johannesburg.

Inkatha has been operating legally in South Africa and fighting apartheid internally since 1975. The ANC returned to South Africa during 1990, yet it already owns a head office worth more than R20 million. Which of the two parties is in need of outside financial support?

NO SUPPORT

The IFP President told Senator Evans that the IFP received no political programme or organisational support from anybody anywhere in the world.

"We are a shoe-string

organisation, standing in our own pride of being able to say we existed without anybody's assistance and we owe nothing to anybody," he said.

The Senator clearly did not enjoy being told that the South African Government had for years punished KwaZulu financially for opposing apartheid. That KwaZulu received the lowest per-capita funding for education among regional governments. That there was more rural poverty in KwaZulu than anywhere else in South Africa.

It is a pity the Foreign Minister could not have been taken to the nearby Ukuku coal mine, where black South Africans have lost their jobs because of the hypocrisy of the Australian Government.

LOST JOBS

They lost their jobs because of the sanctions imposed on the South African coal industry. Australia was one of the leaders in the sanctions pack - and it was up front so that white Australians could keep their jobs, while black South Africans lost theirs. And this, despite the fact that Australia could clearly not com-

pete on fair terms with this country.

No wonder the silly Senator wants to give the ANC money. For it is the ANC, through

its sanctions campaign, that ensured that the whites who vote for the Senator could keep their jobs, while blacks, whom the ANC claims to be

fighting for, lost theirs.

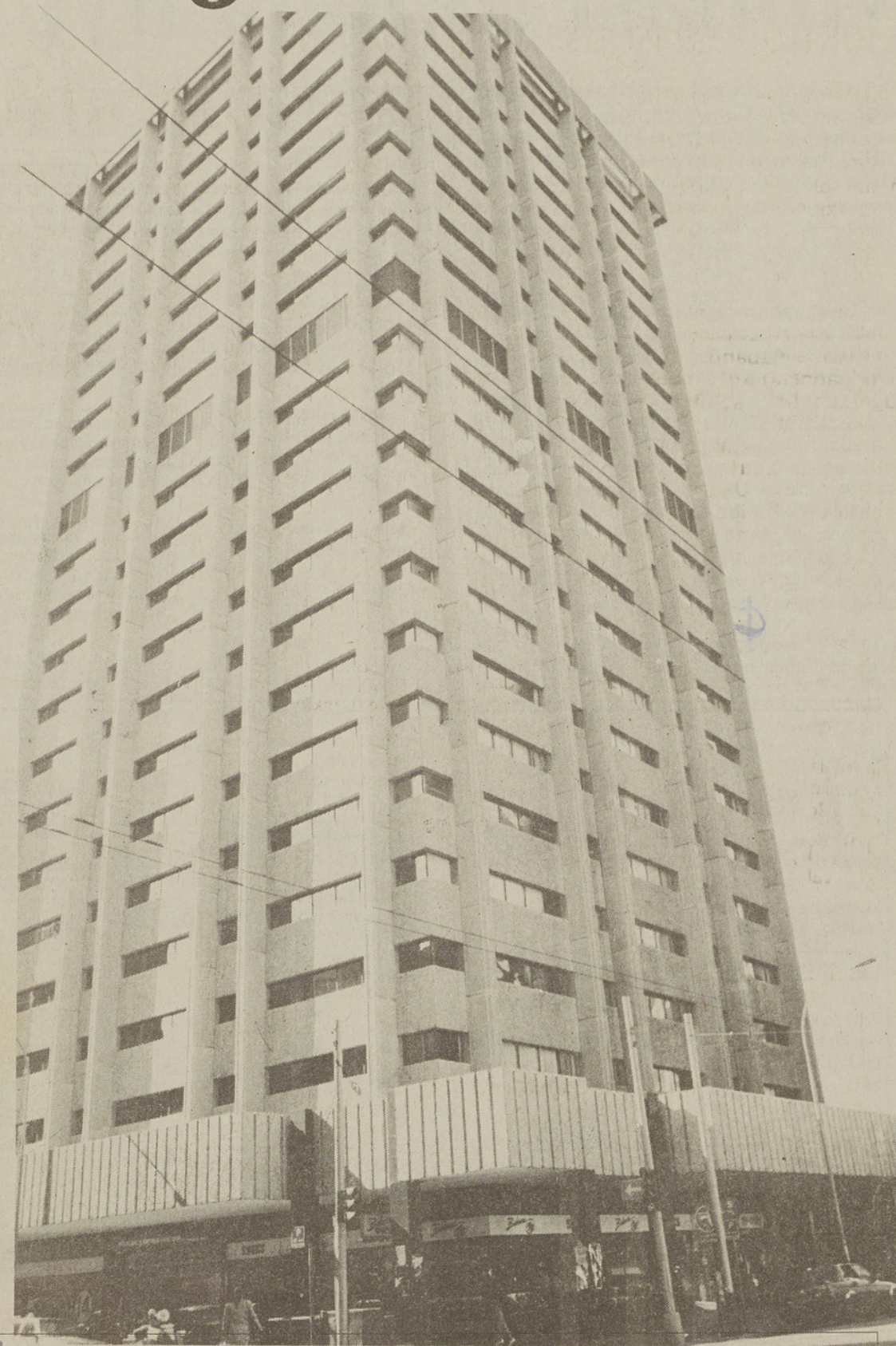
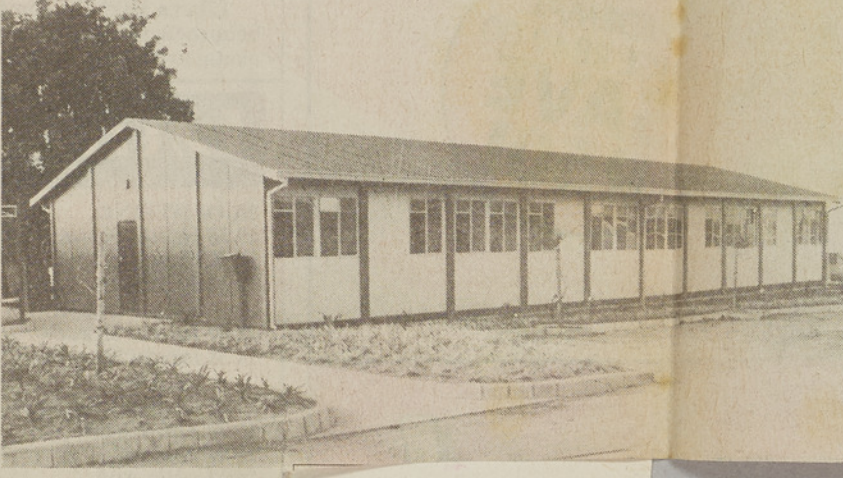
The hypocrisy stinks. Thank heavens the good Senator has gone back to where he comes from.

This is Shell House, the ANC-owned headquarters building in Johannesburg. Below are the two pre-fabricated buildings that have served as the Inkatha Freedom Party's headquarters in Ulundi for more than a decade.

How ironical it is that while the ANC is avowedly socialist - if not communist - and anti free enterprise it already owns a multi-million rand building and is being overtly and covertly financed by the captains of commerce and industry. This despite the fact - or is it because of the fact? - that the ANC continues to threaten to nationalize its assets. The IFP, on the other hand, has supported free enterprise since its inception, yet it still has a humble industrial building as its headquarters and receives no funding from the major corporations of this land.

And while the major democracies of the West have funneled hundreds of millions of rands into ANC-supporting groups through the Kagiso Trust, the IFP, which has supported multi-party democracy since its inception, is denied funding.

It is our guess that there are going to be some very red business faces, if you will excuse the pun, when black South Africans other than ANC apparatchiks are voted into Parliament.



On June 8 . . .

On June 8 this year a young recruit into the defence units of the African National Congress had the following to say in a column called "Talk of the Townships" in The Natal Mercury:

"...within one hour he had recruited me for the ANC's defence units. I felt important and useful and he (the man who recruited him - Editor) assured me the ANC would pay me a good salary.

"I was to be used in the Prickly Pear project, which is aimed at establishing defence units

across the whole nation.

"I was sent to a training base north-west of a certain farm near a certain town in Transkei.

"I was there for about three months, where I became a platoon commander in bush warfare. I specialised in sabotage, assassination and ambushes. I was to be armed with a rifle, a pistol and defensive grenades.

"We received instruction from a book called 'For the sake of our lives'.

"We practised training raids on police stations,

on houses of KwaZulu members and their families, and other co-operators.

"I support the idea of negotiation, but now that the ANC no longer wants to talk, I would like to tell these things to everyone.

"People who have good education mislead the people with little education, promising them money.

So I ran away from that camp with three documents, which you can see and keep, Sir. I hope you can do something

about it.

"I fear for my life because I am aware of the MK (uMkhonto WeSizwe - Editor) code of conduct, which I have now broken."

With that, the writer of the column said, the youth gave him three battered pieces of paper, all clearly coming from a guerrilla training manual. The youth, the writer said, then got up with a sort of brave hopelessness, and left the writer's home. He had, he said, never seen him again. The column ended with the expression "I hope he is still alive."

On June 11 . . .

On June 11 this year three me were arrested by the police near the Transkei border. There were travelling in a stolen vehicle with false registration numbers.

In the car were AK47 ri-

fles, hand grenades, a machine gun and a firearm fitted with a silencer. Also found were maps of townships around Durban and of the Richmond area.

One of the men arrested

is the right-hand man of a prominent ANC leader.

Strangely, nothing about this incredible incident has been released to the media. Why? What is going on?

And in Umlazi this weekend, a prominent member of the ANC encouraged about 600 youngsters to build defence units.

The South African Government owes the public an explanation.



The ANC's campaign against so-called traditional weapons has now reached absurd proportions. Believe it or not, the Vrye Weekblad would now have the world believe that somebody is now actually producing folding spears. Most have by now seen through the propaganda for what it is - a campaign against KwaZulu and the Zulu people. If cultural weapons really were the issue, why is ANC president, Oliver Tambo, bearing them in this photograph taken when he visited Natal?