```
= PEO interviewed yesterday called
= clashes beca se of ideological
= The people spoken to in a random s
еу
```

= (ifferences through dialogue rather than violence.

cause of ideological differences. -

knowing that rival organisations will be blamed.  $\hat{a}\200\235$ 

when they see their  $a\200\230$  leaders fighting each other like it is happening. There has to be unity among all the po-

please by fighting amongst ourselves? We are merely pleasing our enemies with this sort of behaviour. We need to

try and resolve our dif- litical groups becausz we ferences through dia- have one objective. $\hat{a}\200\235$  = |ogue anditis discourag- The national treasurer

of the United Democratic Front (UDF), Mr Azar Cachalia, said his organisation rejected the notion that there

= ing that at this point in = time we have not yet learned to talk to one another, \(\hat{a}\)200\235 Mr Nkosi snother. \(\hat{a}\)\235 Mr

- =  $Smain\201$  Wilson Bu- was black on black vio- = thelezi:  $\hat{a}\200\234$ This is terrible.  $\hat{a}\200\234$ This is terrible.
- = How mary lives have
  = been lost because of
  = these clashes? How
  â\200\230many more people are
  oing to die? This is disd it must

Conflict .

He said: â\200\234I am not denying that there is an
element of conflict, but I
â\200\234do not think this is im5 k peding our progress to- Mr Moeketsi Sabata wards liberation. We acS â\200\234We are fighting tually believe the forces
K battle. And that of apartheid are actively
should be enough to directing this violence

g make us unite. These anditis unfortunate tha
= (lashes are a reflection

couraging an

senseless ideological some of the organisa--tions have falien into

= on us that we have not this teap.t =  $ga^2200^231$  grown to a stage The national publicity = where we can agree to secretary of the Azanian

ee. These clashes - Peoplesâ\200\231 Organisation ) (Azapo), Mr Muntu

Myeza, said: â\200\234A regrettable situation of internecine.politicaliolence ! exists. ¢ " â\200\234We have condemned echoed the same. sentiits as Mr Sebata. He said:  $\hat{a}$ \200\234It is not good forblack to fight black be-= cause it is retrogressive. this type of violence = Instead of black people time without number g.fgjlâ\200\231 ing around their \_and have challenged po-\_commonness they fight ~ litical organisations ' 1 to- y of the title to do 1 am to- worthy of against this type of likewise. on and it must come  $\hat{a}\200\2340ur$  organisation is stop.â\200\235 committed to black sol-Said Mr David Mah- idarity which we con-. ) sider a sine quo non for  $\hat{a}\200\230$ our ultimate liberation. $\hat{a}\200\235$  -LTa&QWE;TAw'NMWsMM1 aw@aé and to strive for unity. t survey said the clashes were unneces-AP 1886320 - 13 == sary and called upon the leaders of the major organisations to resolve their " The pleas follow those made by parents from Moletsane, Tladi, Jabulani and Zola at the weekend, that organisations should stamp out physical clashes be-They also come after the homes of Azanian Peoplesâ $\200\231$  Organisation national secretary, Mr George Wauchope, and Counci rica (Cusa) official Mr Thami Mcerwa, were attacked on Tuesday morning.  $\hat{a}\200\230$ Said one prominent member of the community:  $\hat{a}\200\234$ These youngsters, whoever they are, are playing with fire. They are endangering the lives of our leaders. Agents that support the system will take advantage of this and kill our leaders

Mr Simon Nkosi of Dube, Soweto, said the clashes were taking the struggle

1 of Unions of South Af-

Lo ETAM

/;/u/ §Â¢

⢠e
MAPUTO â\200\224 The rich Mozam- \_ b, 3
bican province of Zambezia is on '
the brink of a total collapse and
the Mozambique news agency,
Aim, has given a grim description
of destruction and chaos in the
province.

It blamed the situation on  $a^200^234$ South Africa $^200^231$ s war of destabilisation launched from Malawi $^200^235$ .

Zambezia province, north of the Zambezi riv $\tilde{A}$ ©r, borders Malawi and is one of the country $\hat{a}$ \200\231s richest agricultural areas. It used to produce large quantities of sugar and tea for export.

Aim said that: ® About a million and a half people in Zambezia are facing shortages of food and clothing; ® The provincial capital, Quelimane,, is now housing 70 000 refugees, sleeping in garages, on balconies or in refugee centres built on the outskirts of the city; 3 ® All economic activity in Zambezia is badly affected by the war. The sugar plantations of Luabo, occupied by the MNR in 1985, are paralysed, as are the Tantalite mines at Morrua. Agriculture production in the province has fallen by 50 percent.

Overland communications be-'
tween Quelimane and the district
capitals are virtually paralysed. The
roads are pitted with the holes left by
mine explosions or are blocked by
enormous tree trunks. Links with the
interior are largely maintained
through light aircraft or, in the case
of the coastal districts, by boat.

Trucks which have tned to carry, food to hungry peasants

have been destroyed and burnt. Their contents have either been destroyed or stolen by rebels of the Mozambi-

que National Resistance movement. o Sietndasy. iwols Wa 1 G 0'  $a\200\234$  pl OVI  $a\200\234$ ce

throughout the province, students and teachers

MOZAMBICAN President, Joaqulm Chlssano . his country being dtyed by MNR  $\hat{a}\200\234$ The Malawian auth-

are undergoing military training so that they can defend villages and towns.

Aim said that thousands of MNR rebels had crossed the border into Zambezia in September a few days after the Frontline States had given President Kamuzu Banda of Malawi an ultimatum to stop aiding

the rebels or face a clo-

sure of its borders. = .

â\200\231

orities began  $a\200\230$ expelling $a\200\231$  thousands of heavily ar- "med bandits into the

\_provinces of Tete and

Zambezia, $\hat{a}$ \200\235 the agency said. -

Thursday 13 November 1986

THE CITIZEN

Terroâ\200\231s court bld on non-vmlenc postpon

AN URGENT appli\* cation for the release
from prison of a terrorist who claims to have
foresworn violence was
postponed sine die in
the Pretoria Supreme
Court yesterday.

The release of the pris-

. oner who is serving a 10-

year sentence in the security section of the Pretoria prison would, however, in the normal course of events have been considered in January next year.

The application for his release was based on a Parliamentary speech by the State President, Mr P W Botha, earlier this year when he stated that the release of political

. prisoners who foreswear violence may be considered by the authorities.

The application for release by a White man,

Renfrew Leslie Christie, who holds an Oxford university doctorate, was postponed by Mr Justice Human (Acting).

Christie claims an application for his release previously directed through normal prison channels was refused.

In his application to the Supreme Court, Christie referred to Mr Bothaâ\200\231s Parliamentary speech presented on January 31 this year when the State President indicated his willingness to consider the release from prison of

Nelson Mandela who is serving a life sentence â\200\224 provided the Black man foreswears violence or the propagating thereof. -

According to Christieâ\200\231s application, the State President indicated that

i

Mandelaâ\200\231s release woï¬\2011d

- be considered if he  $a\200\234$ gives

a commitment that he will not make himself guilty of planning, instigating or committing acts of violence for furtherance of political objectives, but will conduct himself in such a way that he will not again have to be arrestedâ\200\235.

Christie indicates that he  $a\200\234$ wondered whether it applied to him $a\200\235$  as he was  $a\200\234$ keen to accept the offer if it did?::  $-\hat{A}$ «

His application indicates that he wrote to the State President on February 12 this year. Christie stated that in the letter he â\200\234unconditionally undertook not to make himself guilty of planning, instigating or committing acts of violence for the

furthering of political ob-\_

jectivesâ\200\235.

The letter stated that he would  $\hat{a}\200\234$  conduct himself in such a way that he would not again have to be arrested  $\hat{a}\200\235$ .

Furthermore, Christie claimed none of the counts on which he was convicted involved violence.

In the Supreme Court application, Christie sub-

mits that on the letter

having been handed to the Prisons Department,

he accepted the condition laid down by the State President for his release. He, therefore, became entitled to be released, his application indicated.

According to the application, Christie signed a

form brought to him  $a\200\234$ in

prison on February 2, this year, which incorporated provision or the acceptance of the conditions imposed by the State President.

Christie said in his ap-

- plication' his request for

release from prison was refused.

A letter received from the State Presidentâ\200\231s Private Secretary in July this

the  $\hat{a}\200\234$ matter is still recelv-

g attention $\hat{a}$ \200\235.

In an answering affidavit, the Commissioner of Prisons, Lieutenant General Willem Hendrick Willemse, said he understood the contents of Mr P W Bothaâ\200\231s speech as stating that the release of prisoners foreswearing violence will be â\200\234consideredâ\200\235.

Mr L Visser (SC) told
The Citizen after the Supreme Court hearing yesterday that in the normal
course of events,
Christieâ\200\231s release would

" have been considered by

January next year.

However, with a view to Christieâ\200\231s application for release before the Supreme Court yesterday, the matter will now probably be considered in the next two weeks.

year stated however, that

## THE CITIZEN

COMMENT
><Be alert</pre>

TWO bombs go off in Newcastle  $a\200\224$  one in a shopping complex and the other at the local Magistrate  $a\200\231$ s Court  $a\200\224$  injuring 28 people, nearly all of them Black.

Although, fortunately, only three people were seriously injured  $a\200\224$  a Black policeman lost both his legs  $a\200\224$  the brutality of the incidents should not be shrugged off.

. tried to project an image of moderation. 'lheANCâ\200\231sdilemmaissimple.Ifitblowsnp too many people, if it engages in what are clearly seen to be atroéities, it will lose

port among the governments and politici inEuropeandAmericawhodeai¬\202ywmm believe the ANC is not a terroristic move-- ment, but that it merely tosses a bomb here and plants a landmine there because it is frustrated by being outlawed. On the other hand, the ANC needs to demonstutebytenorattuhthatitiscontinuing the so-called war of liberation in South Afri $u' i - - = \hat{a} \ 200 \ 231$ So, although the ANC wants to get Western governments to believe it is not as bad as SouthAï¬\201'icamakuitâ\200\230outtobe,itwillnot abandon terrorism as a weapon. o Pre-Christmas is a particularly dangerous period, as the ANC always increases its cam-- \_paign before the festive season. . - Fortunately, although 1986 has been the worst ; year for terrorism, with 200 incidents, the police have successfully solved all but a few of the most recent cases, arresting 111 terrorists and killing 48. ' However, every Black youth who flees the . country is a potential terrorist  $\hat{a}\200\224$  and those terrorists who are caught or killed are replaced by others trained mainly by the Soviet Union and other Eastern-bloc countries. ,

CITr2£n /3 Mov . /9 &

 $\tilde{\ }$  For you donâ\200\231t treat with the terrorists while

tionsâ\200\235.

'lâ\200\230lnsmonthagmupoï¬\202naeh[zï¬\202stsremmed

Perhaps it is time we had a similar law. The hlksinlmhgavedleANCaï¬\202etï¬\201bï¬\202ityit didnâ\200\231thcï¬\201euuiltutedapmeeawheieby the ANC received recognition from Western hï¬\201nemuMWmme-theï¬\202neeï¬\201np-vidlitwillonlyhebmébluue the nature of its terrorist activities.

The time to talk to the ANC will be if and

SOUTH African security intelligence believes Tuesdayâ\200\231s two limpet mine blasts in Newcastle heralds the beginning -of the cyclical upswing of terrorist activities of the ANC 'that generally starts shortly before the Christmas season. So far 1986 has been the countryâ\200\231s worst year for terrorist incidents, but it has also been the most successful year of the police in apprehending or

By TONY STIRLING

elminating terrorists.

Police experts yesterday made a strong appeal for security personnel at shopping centres and the public to" be particularly alert over the next few weeks.

It was pointed out that in security conscious Israel, about 80 percent of all devices found before detonation were spotted by alert members of the public.

But the South African police-also point to the in-

creasing contribution played by members of the public in spotting devices, apprehension of terrorists and in locating ANC arms caches.

Up until the start of October this year, according to evidence recently given in court by Brigadier Herman Stadler, Chief of Security Intelligence, 200 terror incidents had occurred in South Africa.

But, except for a few of the most recent incidents,

the police have solved all outstanding cases with the arrest of 111 terrorists and the elimination of a further 48.

The build-up of terrorist activities in South Africa was anticipated in the

light of intelligence and

the January amnouncement of the ANC President Oliver Tambo, that 1986 was to be the year of â\200\230Umkonto we Sizweâ\200\231, the armed wing of the organi-

TO PAGE 2

THE CITI2EN = /3 Nou 1 98%

alel il .Ncl

sation  $\hat{a}200\224$  a year culminating in the 75th.anniversary of the ANC.

ers and 87 rockets, 86 anti nel mines, 333 AK rifles and more than 73 000 rounds of ammuni-Previous patterns of

ANC terrorist activity indicate an increase in incidents can be expected towards the year-end and again at mid-year.
Public enemy number one in terror activities rethe limpet mine and its cousin, the minidigaly

\* s 0o

By Rita McWilliams / 6 â\200\231

THE WASHINGTON TIMES

= Zulu Chief Mangosuthu  $\hat{a}\200\234$ Gatsha $\hat{a}\200\235$ 

Buthelezi, a staunch opponent of sanctions against South Africa, arrives in the United States this week o convince Americans that non-'violent change is possible in his country.

i â\200\224 leader of \_Â\$outÂ\$

Inkatha\_political \_arganization.  $\hat{a}$ 200\230which has.1.3 million paid- members.\_  $\hat{a}$ \200\224 i $\hat{a}$ \$\_planning a media\_saturation

lanning â\200\230 tampaign during hi&.,momhli¬\2011i¬\201\_â\200\230\_,\_\_

visit, according to David James;:
Is coordinating the U.S, trip.
s uch of the chiefâ\200\231s time in the

United States will be spent at news-bapers and on television tajk shows, Mr. James said.

The trip is designed to take Mr. Butheleziâ\200\231s views, as well as proposals for a non-racial South African constitution  $\hat{a}$ \200\234less to the government and more to the American people. $\hat{a}$ \200\235 Mr. James said.

 $\hat{a}\200\234$ We want his views to be represented to some proportion equal to the importance of the man who represents the single largest black ethnic group in South Africa,  $\hat{a}\200\235$  he said.

 $\hat{a}\200\234$ Itis a truth trip, a trip to address issues and present a side we don $\hat{a}\200\231$ t hear enough of, $\hat{a}\200\235$  Mr. James said.

Mr. Buthelezi has condemned the violence advocated by the outlawed

<sup>&</sup>quot; proposed, unti

Buthelezi to campaign a month in U.S,

African National Congress. But he has refused all wer-sharing for-ihlï¬\202aï¬\201.mq&etoria government has 1t relÃ@ases jailed ANC leader Nelson Mandela.

Mr. Butheleziâ\200\231s trip- will not be Sponsored by any political group because  $a\200\234$ we donâ\200\231t want him to be identified as owing to anybody,  $a\200\235$  said Mr. James.  $a\200\234$ One of the reasons he wants to do it this way is to show he is not in anyone $a\200\231$ s pocket. $a\200\235$ 

The trip is being sponsored, Mr, James said,  $\hat{a}$ 200\234by a loose network of friends and people who have really not any political ideological back-round or philosophy in common. $\hat{a}$ \200\235

 ${\operatorname{Mr}}$ ,  ${\operatorname{Buthelezi}}$  will spend nearly a

\_

week in Washington, and travel to California, Florida, Texas, and Boston, where he will receive an honorary doctorate from Boston Univer-

sity, Mr. James said.

In Washington, Mr. Buthelezi will visit officials at the State Department, attend a dinner with policymakers hosted by the Heritage l"oundation, a reception by the National Forum Foundation, a forum held by the Washington Association of Black Journalists, and a breakfast for business representatives by the National Foreign Trade Council.

,  $\hat{a}\200\234 \, \text{Hisisa}$  campaign against any of the extremes. He is non-violent. He believes violence is idiocy . . . to the extent that the African National

ongress is advocating violent solutions, he is absolutely against that,  $\hat{a}\200\235$  Mr. James said.

## EX-SECURITY COPS CHARGED WITH SPYING FOF

TWO former security branch policemen who allegedly spled for the ANC, giving them information relating to State security, have been charged with terrorism and espionagg-keports Sowetan.

Mr Matshwenyeg
teridgeville and Mr
of Soshanguve, neg
W.J. van den Berg;
last Friday on ten charges of terrorlsm furtherin
the aims of the ANC and of,

The State alleges that | with the ANC between Ju year when they were arres ney-General has prohibited they will appear again in court on January 6 and 7 next year. : P

BARELY three months afte Conciliation Party (UCCP) was ed gnd cious circumstances, it has e t effectively controlled by whites  $\hat{a}\200\224$  one of whom is linked with a Government department, reports The New Nation.  $\hat{a}\200\230$ Wits University $\hat{a}\200\231$ s Internat

fessor Colin Vale, who works
tion of the Department of Forei
isalleged to be linked with UCC
: The allegation that UCCP was a Government

body stemmed from the fact that the party is made up mostly of councillors, who are regarded as Pretoria stooges in their communities.

Churches Association bishop mer Soweto mayor Edward as the men behind it.

Vale, Unisaâ $\200\231$ s Prq â $\200\231$  titute of Ing m Levin ha indt nisation.

BOTH English and A cerned with the politi country, according

nd Bowles in t

ut concern for the  $\hat{a}\202$  to political unrest and English speakers.

Many of them considerg ners say they have becor ried about their familie ought guns. Only five percent of Afrik earn to live under a black gove More than 70 % of Englis with apartheid and want spgah % of Afrikaners beliey ore than a quarter of A g place too qulckly The most worrying Sl i that South Africans hg t cp selves and the countrghy  $i^{\}$ 201t 0 their childrenâ\200\231s lives J@ ordet ONAL CONGRESS political ofganisations. hey had information that fairs and Information tres (JMCs), the semiate Security Council, gn reminiscent of the sources, offi&\g@ls in es in the JMCs have . At can be used to pro-of organisations and cted to use a\200\234sympathe-. sinformation and find ght $a\200\235$  for this use. hus being used to finance, Wmunications system, but a fl at quelling legitimate oppoarty and its policies. \* \* \* . or help has been smuggled out of by State of Emergency detainees eing  $a\200\234$ terrorised $a\200\235$  by a group of eréntâ\200\235 prison warder &'which is making their to Detainees Parents pttion  $\hat{a}\200\224$  the detainees erventlon â\200\234before rela-

B ders develop into some-

When the party was launched, former Ibhayi CIVIL servants havéien invalved in' mayor Thamsanga Linda, Reformed Independent using their official pOSiisgn credats

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Mr}}$  MOEKETSI Sebata . . . we should learn to agree to disagree.

SN wr SIMON Tshabalaia ... tis enough.

Al pics: TAPS MOKOENA

SO WETAN

00000

0

S nemmsammmEm e

 $a\200\224$  12 Nov. (284