```
MAYIBUVE
asked the
t general
secretary of the
recenHy
lau:h_Ohed South
African
Democratic
Teabhers Union,
Randall van'den
. 5:7,- Heever, to
explain the role
Of teachers
-. under present
conditions
his was the first time a
1:7 ganisation was formed,
clearly committed to the sting-
gle for a people's democracy'in
the country. . '
Education has long been' one
of the most racially-segregated .
arenas of public life in South Af-
rica. It has always been very
firmly divided into various com-
partments. And there were. as
many tegchers' organisations. as
there were departments.
While one acknowledges that
various teachers organisations
had tried to remedy problems in
their immediate school environ-i
ment, it cannot be denied that
separate teachers organisations
soon became a blueprint of
apartheid. v .
When teachers therefore de-
cided in Harare in April 1988 to
form a single, national union of
teachers, it was a very signifi-
cant political decision that was
taken. Thacher: decided that
r'they themselves pave-the way
for a new education dispensa-
tion.
As much as teachers demand-
BACK TO
Wt;
mmmxx
truly non-racial_ . and: .
democratic teachers' or:
ed, a demOcratic constitution
with a single parliament, as
they called for a single education '
system with a policy of non-
racialismu in schools, so they
Would have to be prepared to
'form a single non-racial teach-
ers' organisation themselves.
- Teachers would -demonstrate
by such an act that they were
prepared to apply the demand
for transformation to their own. .
organisations and that they did
not simply demand a non-racial
society, a principle which they
were not prepared to implement
themselves.
-It was this commitment tog;
nonqacialism and democracy:
```

which led to 191-.organisations and affiliates signing an historic unity agreement or) 30 September in which they committed themselves to the abovementioned ideals. iThe teacher formations involved were: Atasa, Utasa, Tasa, Neusa, Detu, CTPA, Wectu, PT". Ectv, 'Edasa, Catt: Ofsata, Ofsta, Sonat, Elptu, PTL, TTA (Transkei), Boptul However, there wereorganisations such as they'h'ansvaal Union of Affican Teachers Associations, the Natal Teachers Society and the 'hanskei Teachers Assobiation, which pulled out of the unity initiative at the last moment. And there are some other organisations who had signed the unity agreement who are now raising doubts about their continued participation in SADTU.

Some of the arguments raised by these organisations are that SADTU is ANC-amliated, that it has leanings towards trade unionism which are estranging professional organisations, and that the teachers from the newly emergent organisations were attempting a coup through ,SADTU on the established organisations and their considerable assets. .

SADTU's responses to these allegations were as follows: Sadtu is an organisation of teachers.

```
i
1
.. .....N..., ..M...M I - . - "A'
gmvaSsvgmmny $32?
It is committed to fighting for
fundamental change in educa-
tion. The union, however, realis-
es that education does not occur
in a vacuum, and that consider-
ation has to be given to the so-
ciopolitical context in which ed-
ucation operates. SADTU
members are therefore free to
join whatever political organisa-
tions they feel committed to.
This is the essence of democra-
SADTU is further of the opin;
ion that unionism and profes-
sionalism are not mutually ex-
clusive- concepts. A trade union
is not necessarily opposed to
professionalism.
The World Confederation of
Organisations of the Teaching
Profession (WCOTP) - an inter-
national organisation which 15
the epitome of the professional-
ism - is today largely made up
of teacher trade unions.
The American Federation of
Teachers (AFT), a trade union
with a long tradition, is today
involved in many professional
projects like teacher upgrading
and curriculum development.
SADTU is busy with a profes-
sional programme never before
realised by any other organisa-
tion - the formulation of a
teacher code of ethics. But SAD-
TU remains equally committed
to serve as a .union advancing
the rights of itsemembers.
Finally, SADTU was not es-
tablished in order to dispossess
m? ieeewezzg
organisations .5 of the assets
which they haveibuilt up over
the years. The main reason be-
hind the formatien of SADTU
was not a decisign based on fi-
nancial or material considera-
tions - it was a fundamental po-
litical decision, I ._
It was basedeon the realisation
by teachers that mass-based
forms of struggle were'theionly
means by which we could over-
throw apartheid. 1
It is this commitment to strug-
gle that has led to the teachers
of SADTU deeiaring' 1n the com":-
stitution of the eargamsation
WVe dedicate ourselves to the es-'
tablis'hmentivof a South Afi-ica' 1n
which the doors of Ieaming and
culture shail be opened to ail".6
Mayibuye February. 1991
```

i