

Defiant Winnie insists on returning to Soweto

By SYLVIA VOLLENHOVEN

A DEFIANT Mrs Winnie Mandela is due to leave Cape Town this week to return to Soweto.

Last Saturday, police forcibly removed her from her Soweto home in terms of a new banning order, and arrested her when she returned the following day.

She was later released and has spent the past few days in Cape Town where she has paid four marathon visits to her husband, jailed ANC leader Nelson Mandela, in Pollsmoor prison.

She was due to see him again today and, at a Press conference yesterday, it was announced that Mrs Mandela could possibly visit her husband again tomorrow.

Consultations

"Depending on the authorities," said a family spokesman.

Mrs Mandela's repeated visits to her husband have fuelled speculation that negotiations to secure his release may have begun again.

Mr H Kamdar, a representative of Ismail Ayob and



WINNIE MANDELA
In defiance of ban

Associates — the Mandela family attorneys — revealed that he and another attorney from the firm, Mr Akbar

Ayob, had also held a four-hour consultation with Nelson and Winnie Mandela.

It was possible that more consultations could be held this week.

The attorneys could not say when Mrs Mandela planned to leave, but they emphasised she would not delay her return to Soweto.

Children

Mr Akbar Ayob said he could not discuss the meeting at the prison because of the Prisons Act.

However, he said the talks concerned "family matters" and centered mainly on the effect of Mrs Mandela's new restrictions.

Mrs Mandela, accompanied by her daughters Zinzi and three grandchildren, first saw her husband on Christmas Day during a 40-minute meeting.

She returned to the prison

on Thursday and again on Friday when the consultation with the lawyers took place.

The rumours about Mr Mandela's release were dismissed by family members as speculation.

Mrs Mandela's attorneys have applied for an urgent Supreme Court interdict asking for the order, banning her from the Johannesburg and Roodepoort magisterial districts, to be set aside.

The respondents are the Minister of Police, Mr Louis le Grange, and the Commissioner of Police, Brigadier Johan Coetzee.

Negotiations

The application, lodged with the Johannesburg Supreme Court on Friday, is expected to be heard on January 7.

Negotiations also began on Friday between the Mandela lawyers and the police in a bid to persuade the police to refrain from arresting her until the application has been heard.

"Whether or not we succeed in our undertakings, she is determined to go home," one of the attorneys said.

★ **HAPPY NEW YEAR!**

Ref 11/11

Raid victims linked to SA terror

Sunday Times 29/12/85

FIVE of the nine people shot dead in last week's mystery Maseru raid were highly-trained members of the ANC's military wing, and have been linked to several other attacks in South Africa, it is claimed.

It has also been established that several of them had lived in Lesotho under false names.

In the early hours of last Friday, a mysterious raiding party, alleged to have been white South Africans, burst into a Maseru home where a Christmas party was in full swing and killed seven of the nine.

The raiders then went to a flat several kilometres away and killed two more.

It is believed that the Lesotho-based ANC squad had planned a series of terror attacks inside South Africa to take place two days after the day they were killed.

South Africa denied that it launched the raid, and a shadowy organisation called the Lesotho National Liberation Army (LNLA) later claimed responsibility.

Released

Lesotho authorities this week released the names used by the six ANC members when they entered the country with false passports, as well as the identities of the three Lesotho nationals also killed in the raid.

According to Mr Morapeli Motaung, Lesotho's Director of Information and Broadcasting, they are Jackie Quin, a former head girl of an elite Natal school, her coloured husband Leon Meyers, Themba Albert Mthembu, Glen Daries, Nomsa Mthethwa and a man described only as Morris.

The three dead Lesotho nationals are Makaelane Mohatile, Boemo Tau and Amelia Lesenyehlo.

But reliable sources have provided the true identities of the six ANC members, four of which have been confirmed by an ANC spokesman in Lusaka. The ANC and Sunday Times sources differ on two of the names.

Sources close to the ANC in Lesotho have revealed details of the military background of those killed in the

By STEPHAN TERBLANCHE

raid. According to the sources they were:

● Leon Lionel Meyers, 25, originally from Melbourne Road, Buffalo Flats, East London. He left South Africa for Lesotho in 1978, underwent ANC military training in Angola in 1979, further training in East Germany in 1980, and was then sent to Cuba for more training.

Training

Meyers was also a political instructor in an ANC camp in Angola and has been giving crash-course military training to ANC recruits in Lesotho since 1982. He was "married" to another victim, Jackie Quin, and was a member of Umkhonto We Sizwe.

● Jacqueline (Jackie) Quin, 30, whose parents are wealthy Natal farmers. Quin had been head girl at the posh Maritzburg Girl's Collegiate school before going to Lesotho for the first time in the '70s after a spell at the University of Cape Town.

She later returned to Cape Town and Johannesburg before settling again in Maseru where she married Meyers.

Involved

The couple's one-year old baby, Phoenix, survived the attack. Although Quin's parents have denied that she was a member of the ANC, spokesmen for the ANC have repeatedly confirmed her membership.

The house in which Quin and Meyers lived had also been used for ANC training purposes and as a transit and safe house for other ANC members.

● Joseph Mayoli, who left Cape Town for Lesotho in 1977. He received military training in Angola in 1977 and 1978 and was later trained in East Germany.

During 1980 and 1981 he

was military Chief-of-Staff in an Angolan training camp of the ANC.

At the end of 1981 he was sent to Lesotho as local ANC Chief-of-Staff where he was involved in the ANC's Western Cape military machine.

It is also believed that Mayoli was involved in the incident in Cape Town this year when a senior policeman was seriously injured in a hand-grenade attack, as well as several other grenade attacks in the Cape Peninsula.

● Nonkosi Mini, 27, originally from Port Elizabeth. Her father, a prominent leader in the ANC trade union wing Sactu, was hanged for murder in 1964.

Mini received military training in Angola in 1978, after which she received specialised training in the Soviet Union. Upon her return to Lesotho she became a member of the ANC's Transkei military machine.

● Ngwenduna Wanda, 34, who came from Cape Town, and was a member of the South African Students Organisation, which was banned in the '70s. Wanda went to Lesotho in 1979, was trained in Angola in 1980, received political training in the Soviet Union, and returned to Lesotho to head the political training of ANC recruits.

Left

● Sipho Gumede, who left Queenstown for Lesotho in 1984. He was involved with ANC trade union activities.

The sources have also claimed that at least one of the other three killed in last week's raid, and said to be Lesotho nationals, had been receiving crash-course military training in Maseru.

It is alleged that the Lesotho-based ANC squad had been handpicked by senior ANC executive member Chris Hani, who is also deputy chief and political commissar of Umkhonto. Hani was once the ANC's senior representative in Lesotho.

Apart from Mayoli's alleged involvement in hand-grenade attacks, it is believed the Lesotho squad had also been involved in other terror attacks during the year in the Western and Eastern Cape and Bloemfontein.

Confirmed

In Lusaka, the ANC has confirmed four of the names, but claim no knowledge of Wanda and Gumede. According to their information the other two dead were Harold Lulamile Dentile and Midian Nhlanhla Zulu.

The ANC has denied that any of those killed had received military training, but confirmed that the six had all been members of the ANC.

It also denies that it uses neighbouring countries as springboards for attacks on South Africa. Instead, it says, ANC fighters are based and trained inside South Africa, and weapons supplied "by other means" and not via neighbouring countries.