

At this meeting, there were a number of Heads of States namely President Kaunda, Nyerere, Ngouabe and the Brother of King of Belgium and also a number of Representatives from a number of African countries. One outstanding observation at the rally was the huge attendance of the people of Zaire and when President Mobutho Sese Seko was introducing the Heads of States the greatest ovation and acclamation from the masses greeted Mario Ngouabe of Congo Brazzaville. He seems to be very popular among the rank and file of the people of Zaire despite the differences between Mobutho and himself.

The following day the delegates attended the opening of the first stage of Electric Power Station at Inga. We understand that when this project is completed, it will cater for the whole of Zaire and other neighbouring territories. President Mobutho emphasised that with the completion of this power station, it will be possible to electrify the rural areas and supply power for the development of industries in Zaire.

On the 25th we attended the passing Parade which was really interesting and colourful. For 5½ hours we watched the March Past and Salute of the columns of military men and women and also tanks and other military exhibition. Women Brigade, Youth branches and students took salute. Indeed it was very impressive. It also showed the participation of women in the activities of the country. Our own observation was that the PMR was well organised. It is felt in every branch of the country including the churches. We understand that there are Commissars of the MPR in every association and every organisation in Zaire.

Our own impression was that there was discipline and that the President of Zaire Mobutho Sese Seko is in full control of the situation in that country. There is stability and re-organisation of the Party and every part of the community.

Immediately after the 25th we then requested officials of the Party that we would like to meet President. We were later informed that it was going to be a bit difficult since the President was attending the Meeting of the Central Committee. Also a request from the President to the delegation that we should avail ourselves in visiting a number of industrial developments in the country. The following day, we visited a place called Ntsele which is built by the assistance of the Nationalist China, Taiwan. We understand the place was a swamp. It is along the Zaire River. The place has been cleared and developed. There are Residential buildings for dignitaries ministerial Government officials and for the people of Kinshasa. There is also a vast experimental scheme on Agriculture, Poultry and Cattle breeding.

We understand that the poultry experiment provides chicken for the 2½ million people of Kinshasa.

We also visited a place called Kumpesi, it is a huge factory still under construction when finished would produce more than 30,000 tons of cement a day. This is geared to boost the building industry in the country and also for export.

We also visited a very big complex of industries 30 k.m. from Kinshasa the place is called Maluku. This complex runs along Zaire River. This factory is also under construction and when finished it will manufacture almost all products produced in Zaire including iron ore. The aim is to make Zaire self reliance and economic independence. After these visits we handed our Memo to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs who promised that he will hand over the Memo to President Mobutho.

On the 7th of December we met the President of Zaire Sese Seko Kuku Ngbendu ya ZaBanga which means "A cock which spares no hen". We had thought that we were going to meet the President individually but we learnt that President Mobutho did not have time to meet

organisations individually. As a result of this, four organisations met him. SWAPO, ZANU, COREMO and A.N.C. He briefly welcomed us and informed us in brief his plans for internal development of Zaire to be self sufficient politically and economically.

He then mentioned the fact that all the projects we have seen are all built by the funds from Zaire except the Iron Ore Complex industry which is being built by joint companies of West Germany and Italy.

During our discussions, he did mention that we should at least visit Zaire three times a year and that was prepared to help National Liberation Movements in their struggle against white domination. He also briefly informed us of the educational improvement in Zaire and that at this stage he pointed out that all schools including the universities are State controlled and that they are having a crash programme to get Zaire lecturers in their universities. He also informed us that a year back there was discontent and indiscipline in the universities. He then pointed out that he sent all students into the army and after six months he allowed those who wanted to continue with their education back to the universities and those who did not want to go back to remain in the army. He said now there is complete discipline in the universities.

He then offered each movement a cheque of \$10,000 and that it was a token of appreciation for our struggle. At that meeting he requested us to visit Roberto Holden Training Camp. We agreed to this suggestion. He made his own helicopter to carry us. The following day we left for the camp. It took us ½ hour. As the helicopter was touching the ground, Roberto Holden militants were already at attention in full uniform. We were shown a number of departments in that training camp. We were told that it is the first camp which trains the militants of the F.L.N.A. When they have completed they are then sent to the front line.

continue and consolidate our relationship with the Government and people of Zaire.

We would like to point out that our mission did not achieve what we had intended only that we were going to have brotherly discussions with the Government officials of Zaire on our struggle and also to discuss with them what the Government could offer to our movement in the struggle against white domination. We do hope that this visit should be followed up so that another delegation should be sent there discuss our problems with the Government of Zaire.

Holden Roberto has full support of Sese Seko and we understand that he is a very powerful person in Zaire and that nothing that Sese Seko does can be done without having consulted him.

Our own observation was that there is great potentialities in Zaire to establish friendship with the Government and people of Zaire towards national liberation movements. This is shown by the interest shown by the papers and television to the delegation. Indeed we were interviewed by the press as A.N.C. by a number of press men. We did explain our struggle to the press.

Mr. Dibongo: is a South African and one who once belonged to PAC. He trained in Yugoslavia militarily and also in the U.S.A. in intelligence service. He says he is no more a member of PAC because leaders of PAC have accused him of being a CIA not only that but PAC leadership is only interested in themselves. He cited a man like Mahono whom he said he was business minded for his own interest.

At the present moment, he is working with GRAE. He works as an advisor to Holden Roberto in arms as he stated to us but we strongly believe that he is a personal security man for Roberto.

The MEMO presented to Zaire is available for members of the A.N.C. It is our earnest belief that this visit should be followed up.
