- 5. The Political Head will have to provide political leadership. However, a clear distinction will have to be made between the work of the Political Head and the Head of the Division. The political Head should not be involved in the day to day running of the Division; he/ she should only be consulted when necessary on daily managerial concerns.
- 5. What kind of structure is needed for DIP?

The communication strategy that is proposed can be actualised only if a management structure that is geared towards the new needs is set up. We propose a management structure that is represented by the following diagram. An explanation of the diagram follows below:

POLITICIAL HEAD!

HEAD OF DIVISION!

[DIVISIONAL MANAGEMENT TEAM]

HEAD OF MEDIA LIAISONT

a

MEDIA LIAISON SECTOR]

1

Ι

ministerial spokes- $\hat{a}200\235$ liaison $\hat{a}200\234$ person

ANC
thairs of
Parliament media
standing
committees; ofi¬\201cer

PROVINCIAL SECTOR | IINFORMATION SECTOR1

J J nine Provincial media officers

Production Reseanzh Library Unit

Provincial media h'ainer

 ${\tt monitor}$

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QC)

must be made as a matter of absolute urgency. This person must fulfil the extremely important role of acting as a channel for information to and from the ANC inside and outside Parliament.

- 5. It is urgent that a decision must be made a bout the future of Mayibuye. Once this has been done a full evaluation of the tasks and the needs of the Production Unit will have to be undertaken.

8. Conclusion

We thank the SC for putting this matter on the agenda even though we were so late in our request. We thank the NBC for a sympathetic listening and for the action that will i-202ow therefrom.

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L- .n...â\200\224. --.. _...'._..â\200\230 â\200\235.113. â\200\230.â\200\230.~LI~3

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(g) We have not as yet been able to balance creatively the tension between

our newsmakers on government (particularly Ministers) and their responsibilities as ANC leaders. The real question is how we take credit for good work done by our comrades in the government without creating the impression that there are party political cabinet members government. on the contrary we seem to get more than our fair share of the blame when things are not going right.

(h) Our people in various government positions have begun to savour the taste of power. The consequence has been belligerent territoriality in certain instances. In such a situation a coherent information policy becomes the first casualty.

(I)

3.2.1

There are a number of issues that have a bearing on the information needs of the ANC, but do not issue from dispersion of the ANC in the political system. The following issues are of immediate relevance:

I)

ii)

We are confronted with a situation in which 99% 0f the media supports a political party that commends 1% of the support of the people.

The commitment we have to an open society and a free media is seen by some of the media as an opportunity for $mucka^200^24$ raking that can sap the energy of the ANC and hopefully divide it.

iii) Attempts by the other side to $dea\200\224emphasise$ the importance of political

power and to shift the real exercise of power to ostensibly independent institutions where the ANC is weak.

3â\200\231?

However, some problems about the general attitude of many ANC leaders to media matters continued to impair the efi¬201ciency of DIP. Throughout this period there was a serious lack of coâ\200\224operation with DIP; and often important decisions and political developments were not communicated to DIP. This general attitude was also evident in the Department's constant struggle to have adequate resources made available to it in order to manage the demands made on it.

After the April 27th elections a number of senior members of DIP became national and regional members of parliament. This meant that the Departments staff contingent was seriously depleted; unfortunately some of the most skilled people left. This together with the continuing lack of full appreciation by the leadership of the importance of a well-functioning DIP to the ANC had a disastrous effect. The photo, Video and sound units left DIP; and the Publishing Unit continues to face serious problems because of exceedingly long delays by the NBC to take a decision about the publishing of a monthly mouthpiece for the ANC. The Media Liaison unit has for all practical purposes ceased to function, depriving the ANC from the ability to respond in any effective way to the many criticisms ands attacks that are constantly being launched against it in the media.

At Regional/ Provincial level the Media Departments have all but collapsed. In most provinces there are no longer fullâ\200\224time media ofï¬\201cers, and the few that are still employed are inexperienced and without the resources to do the work.

Comrade Jackson Mthembu was appointed as the Head of DIP, but because of

a lack of proper stafi¬\201ng backâ\200\224up and also because he has duties as a Senator, found it impossible to meet all the demands that are being made on him.

In general DIP also suffers from a proper strategical analyses about what its function ought to be in the Changed circumstances where the ANC is now also the majority party in government.

The current situation should not be allowed to continue, and there is an urgent need to re-evaluate the role and structures of DIP, and develop a comprehensive media strategy for DIP.

6.11.2 ADMINISTRATION DIVISION

Crucial to the smooth and effective functioning of the ANC, the Administration Division should:

coordinate the different administrative units at national, provincial and regional level, with the aim of creating uniform administrative systems and procedures; manage and maintain the ofin\201ces of the ANC;

manage personnel issues and develop the human resource potential of the ANC; meet the transport needs of the ANC;

work closely with the Finance Division to ensure the most efin\201cient use of ANC I'CSOUI'CCS.

Revise and update personnel policy manual

by end of March

Personnel

Staff recruitment

ongoing

Personnel/divisions

Compile divisional reports

monthly

HOD

Complete training needs assessment

by 1 March

Personnel

Check payroll inputs

22nd of each month

Personnel ofi¬\201cer

Compile divisional organograms

by 1 March

Personnel/
divisional admin

Workshops for administrators

- Headquarters
- Provinces
- Regions

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mid-March
end of March
mid-April
HOD
HOD
HOD
Training for administrators
May-June
Outside consultants
Training for PAS, secretaries and receptionists
March
Personnel
Training for switchboard operators
March-April
HOD/Personnel
begin 1 April
Personnel
Personnel
Training for bookkeepers
Compile staff i¬\2011es
Senior management training
May
February
February
Training for performance appraisal
HOD/
Personnel Ofi¬\201cer
Finalisation and introduction of vehicle scheme
HOD/Division heads/
BTS
Transport consultant
HOD
```

Ofi¬\201cial opening of sub-headquarters in CT

March-April

HOD/

Personnel Ofi¬\201cer

Management skills training

Time management training

Relocation of headquarters

Outside consultants

Personnel

June-July

August

end March/April

March

Apn'l

Salary structure review

Secretariat

SG/DSG/HOD

1 9

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Provincial Ex Ofi¬\201cio Members

Gauteng E. Tvl E. Tvl. N. West N. West

W. Cape W. Cape E. cape E. Cape N. Cape N . Cape Natal Free State Free State (Verbal) (Verbal) (Verbal) (Verbal) (Written) (Verbal) (Written) (Verbal) (Written) (Verbal) (Verbal) (W ritten) ABSENT . S. Bhengu D. Hanekom M. Mayekiso S. Ndebele C. Chabane 1 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. Z. Skweyiya RESIGNED 1. T. Botha 2. J . Gomomo DECEASED -J . Slovo 45. T. Sexwale 46. M. Phosa 47. S. Zwane 48. P. Molefe 49. D. Ndleleni 50. C. Nissen 51. J . Ngculu 52. D. Mafu 53. B. Gxilishe 54. M. Dipico 55. W. Steenkamp 56. S. Mchunu 57. P. Matosa 58. K. Sebothelo

APOLOGIES

- 1. H. Gwala
- 2. P. Lekota
- 3. S. Maeozoma
- 4. M. Maharaj
- 5. R. Mhlaba
- 6. P. Mokaba
- 7. S. Ngoyama
- 8. A. Pahad
- 9. S. Shilowa 10. S. Sigcau
- 11. P. Mashatile
- 12. N. Ramathlodi

1. Opening

The National Chairperson opened the meeting and welcomed every one to the i-201rst meeting of the NEC and wished all members well for the year. The Chairperson apologised for the two hour delay in starting the meeting and explained that this had been occasioned by the different messages that were sent by different staff members who had been on

AFRICAN NATIONAL CONGRESS

VOLUME ONE CONTENTS

Document

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- 1.
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- 5.
- 6.

Agenda

Minutes of Previous Meeting

Strategic Plan for 1995

Memorandum on DIP

Proposal on Chaplaincies

Conference Decisions

1

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- 10 32
- 33 43
- 44 â\200\224 45
- 46 52

To achieve these objectives the organisation needs to address a number of pn'orities in t coming year. These priorities can be deï¬\201ned in three categories: political, organisa tional and administrative. â\200\230 At a broad political level, the immediate priorities of the ANC are: Â٥ a decisive victory in local government elections; substantive progress towards the writing and adoption of a democratic constitution; delivery of, and effective grassroots participation in, the Reconstruction and Development Programme; fundamental transformation of society at all levels. To put the ANC in a position to achieve these political priorities, the organisation need s to: strengthen its structures at national, provincial and branch level; embark on a far-reaching programme of cadre development; develop the capacity of ANC representatives to execute their responsibilities effectively maintain the unity of the organisation around the common strategic objectives; build and strengthen alliances at all levels. The ANC needs to address its administrative capacity - often an area of neglect. In parti cular, we should: establish structures and processes at national and provincial level capable of implementing the programme of the organisation; coordinate all activities of ANC structures and representatives; establish and maintain effective mechanisms of in\201nancial control and progress towards i¬\201nancial self-sufi¬\201ciency at all levels of the organisation; Â٥ ' ensure clear lines of communication and accountability within the structures and divisions of the organisation. 3.

PROBLEM STATEMENT

The ANC victory in last year $200\231$ s democratic elections has correctly been hailed as the single most

 $\signiin\201\cant$ expression yet of our objective of the transfer of power to the majority of South

Africans. It has also been noted, however, that this objective remains to be fully realis ed. It is

towards the attainment of the complete transformation of our society that we must now ded icate

ourselves.

The obstacles to progress in this regard are numerous. The challenges the ANC will have to meet are plentiful, complex and - in some cases - very new. In the coming year, we will need

the organs of state remain largely unchanged; the successful implementation of the RDP is hindered by the lack of democratic local government;

\[\alpha\200\230 \text{ violence} \] and criminal activity threaten the stability of the country and contn\(\alpha\200\231 \) bute to

\[\alpha \]

climate of counter-revolution; inequality and inefin\201ciency remain dominant in the economy; there remain huge shortfalls in housing, education, health, social welfare and infrastructure development.

The conditions in which we in\201nd ourselves, together with our inability to remedy some of the weaknesses that have long plagued our organisation, means that we are faced with a number of challenges internal to the organisation:

' to focus attention on the following problems:

ANC structures are largely inactive and membership is demoralised; there has been a drain on our leadership through deployment to parliament, legislatures, government and the public service;

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0 0 0 the activities of the ANC and its members18 dispersed across a broad range of sites, with little effective coordination of these activities; the organisation is facing serious in\201nancial and resource shortages; there is poor communication between the structures of the organisation; there is insufi¬\201cient emphasis on strategic planning and effective implementation. BROAD PROGRAMME OF WORK The restructuring of the organisation at all levels is intended to address some of these challenges and realise our key objectives. The physical restructuring is largely complete however, the capacity of our new structure remains largely untested. Below are organograms of the constitutional structures of the ANC and the divisions of th organisation at a national level. NATIONAL CONFERENCE 1 Mâ\200\230 NATIONAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE NATIONAL WORKING COMMITTEE Т NEC 1 1 NATIONAL OFFICE BEARERS

President

Deputy President

National Chairperson

Deputy Secretary General Secretary General Treasurer General 1 1 Ι 1 1 1 E Cape PEC E Tvl PEC Gauteng PEC

KINatal

PEC

N. Cape

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N.Tv| PEC

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5 1 Regionaâ\200\224JRegional

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Policy/RDP

Division

Legislatures

Division

Finance Division

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Organising

Division

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Qonstitutional Qommission Qecretariat
Tasks
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0
Process issues for commission;
coordinate work of Constitutional Assembly with ANC CA structures in
parliament;
monitor work in provinces.
Constitutional Commision Secretariat members
1. Z. Skweyiya (Chairperson)2. C. Ramaphosa
3. M. Manzini
5. F. Ginwala
4. V. Moosa
6. B. Kgositsile
Draï¬\202ing Committee
Tasks
Draft documents on the instruction of the ofi¬\201cials, NWC and NEC.
Draï¬\201ing Committee members
1. J . Cronin (Chairperson)
3. P. Jordan
5. S. Bhengu
2. J. Netshitenzhe
4. M. Maharaj
Finance Committee
Tasks
Oversee the control of the funds and assets of the ANC;
receive and consider budgets;
receive and consider half-yearly in\201nancial statements and other in\201nance
management reports before presentation to the NEC;
review i¬\201nance policy and accounting procedures.-
Finance Committee members
1. A. Stoï¬\201le (Chairperson)
3. T. Mbeki
5. C. Ramaphosa
Provincial Treasurers
Ν
Ρ
. N . Mandela
. J . Zuma
. C. Carolus
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National Working Committee

The National Working Committee shall meet fortnightly and oversee the work of the movemen

between NEC meetings. It should carry out ther decisions and instructions of the NBC and Conference, and should submit a report to each NEC meeting.

Members of the NWC should be given oversight responsibility for various aspects of the movement $a \geq 0$ work. The NWC should ideally be composed of the following categories: 0 six of $a \geq 0$

 ${\tt 0}$ seven members each responsible for one of the following:

- Organising
- Political Education
- ' Policy/RDP
- Provincial matters

6.5

TRIPARTITE ALLIANCE .

The Tripartite Alliance is situated at the centre of the broad political and organisation al front

which recognises the leading role of the ANC and is united around the perspectives contained

in the Reconstruction and Development Programme. The Alliance has the key responsibility to

defend the gains of our democratic revolution, ensure that the RDP is implemented and mobilise our people for their constructive engagement in the process of fundamental transformation of the country.

The Tripartite Alliance should:

function effectively at all levels; embark on joint campaigns; participate effectively in joint structures; work towards an ANC-led victory in local government elections; draw SANCO more into the programme of the alliance; be involved in the constitution-making process.

Joint NECs

Strategy meetings

Secretariat

3 per year

Elections

Participate effectively in all structures

Constitution

Participate effectively in all structures

Monitor work

Secretariat

Provinces

Monthly

Secretan'at

Meetings

RDP Councils Meetings Fortnightly Secretaries RDP structures Ongoing Secretaries 6.6 YOUTH LEAGUE The objectives of the Youth League for 1995 are centred around the need for youth development and empowerment throughout the country. In particular, the Youth League will focus On: developing a culture of learning which will include joint programmes on education with SASCO and COSAS; mobilising youth to ensure an ANC victory in local government elections; promoting nation-building and reconciliation among youth, in particular; involving youth in the constitution-making process; 0 0 . establish a strong and effective National Youth Council. NBC Meetings YL Secretary (31% dates NWC Meetings Give dates YL Secretary Set up election team March YL NEC Identify reps for list committee

WOMENâ\200\231S LEAGUE

6. 7

Conference on youth

Give date

YL NBC

YL NEC

March

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The Treasurer Generalâ200231s Ofi¬201ce, together with the Finance Division, needs to
fuli¬\2011 the
following functions:
managing the resources and assets of the ANC;
implementing and maintaining systems of i¬\201nancial control throughout the
organisation;
develOping strategies for fundraising (especially for the local government elections).
Staff
Appointment of Head of Department End Feb
Personnel, TG,
SG
Evaluation of staff capacity
End March
HOD, TG,
SG/DSG
Devise programmes for staff capcity
building
End April
Personnel with
TG and HOD
Evaluate capacity and install
upliftment programmes for prov
ï¬\201nancial staff
HOD, TG,
consultant
Controls
Devise mechanisms for checking
usage of ANC property
Initiate controls on usage of
consumables eg. letterheads, bus
cards
March/Apnil
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HOD, TG,
consultant

March/April

HOD, TG,
consultant

Immediate

TG, SGO

March/April

HOD, TG

Initiate rigid controls and evaluate all existing ANC projects

Investigate all instances of misuse of Immediate ANC funds

Devise and implement methods of collecting contributions from Ministers and Parliamentarians

Devise controls to prevent misuse of funds

Fundraising

Plan fundraising trips by leadership

Ongoing

TG, accountant, legislature

At least once a month

lst week of March

leadership

HOD, SG, TG

HOD, Admin Secretary

Local fundraising events

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AFRICAN NATIONAL CONGRESS

NATIONAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

DATE: 25 - 26 February 1995 VENUE: UWC, Cape Town

TIME: 10H00

 ${\tt _\hat{a}\200\224$

DRAFT AGENDA

- . Opening
- . Apologies
- . Adoption of Agenda
- . Minutes of last NEC
- . State of the Nation President
- . Discussion of President's input
- . Strategic Plan and Programme of Work

8.

Ofi¬\201cials Report

9;

Constitutional Commission Report

- 10 Local Government Elections
- 11. Election of NWC
- 12. Any Other Business
- 13. Closure

AFRICAN NATIONAL CONGRESS

NATIONAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

MINUTES

DATE: 21-22 January 1995

VENUE: Ritz Inn Hotel, Cape Town.

In the Chair - J. Zuma (National Chairperson)

PRESENT

- 1. N. Mandela
- 3. C. Ramaphosa
- 5. A. Stoï¬\2011e
- 7. J. Cronin
- 9. B. Holomisa
- 11. P. Jordan
- 13. A. Kathrada
- 15. P. Maduna
- 17.T. Manuel
- 19. G. Marcus
- 21. W. Mkwayi 23. T. Modise 25. V. Moosa 27. L. Mti

- 29. J . Netshitenzhe
- 31. C.Niehaus
- 33. C. Nqakula
- 35. A. N20
- 37. E. Pahad
- 39. M. Sisulu
- 41. A. Tambo
- 43. T. Yengeni
- 2. T. Mbeki
- 4. C. Carolus
- 6. K. Asmal
- 8. L. Hani
- 10. L. Johnson
- 12. R. Kasrils
- 14. B. Kgositsile
- 16. W. Mandela
- 18. M. Manzini
- 20. T. Mboweni

- 22. J. Modise 24. R. Mompati 26. T. Mthintso
- 28. S. Mufamadi
- 30. J . Nhlanhla
- 32. S. Nkondo
- 34. B. Nzimande
- 36. D. Omar
- 38. J. Radebe
- 40. R. Suttner
- 42. S. Tshwete
- 44. N. Zuma

Finalisation and introduction of new administrative systems and procedures

June-July

SG/DSG/ HOD/ Division heads/ Prov secretaries

Conduct staff appraisal

June and November

SG/ DSG/ HOD/ Division heads/ Prov secretaries

Compile skills inventory

Arrange annual staff party

workshop for headquarters, provinces and regions

Vehicle maintenance, transport procedures

end of March

end of March

Personnel

Personnel

October

HOD

5.12.3 ORGANISING DIVISION

The Organising Division13 central to all the campaigns of the ANC In particular, it shoul d:

assist in launching and building branches and regions;

play an integral roleln the local government election campaign, including overseeing the establishment and operation of election structures at all levels;

develop and implement a programme of cadre development;

improve and maintain the operation of the membership system;

empower branches to participate in RDP implementation and the constitution-making process;

build the Tripartite Alliance and relations with MDM structures at all levels.

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provmclal and

Revive branches by calling AGMs

by end of March

regional organisers

Recruit at least 500 000 members

up until December

organisers at all levels

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Strengthening alliance and leagues

end of February

HOD to meet alliance
and league leaders

Organise prernier $\200\231s$ forum to visit provinces where we fared badly during elections

by end of March

OD, PECS and Premiers

Recruitment drive

Political induction

after branch launches

Cadre development

OD, DIP, PECs and branches

immediately, as part
of voter registration

provincial and
regional organisers

Voter registration launches

Upholding work ethics

from end February

NEC, OD, PECs

immediately

immediately

HOD

OD

5.12.4 RDP AND POLICY DIVISION

The RDP and Policy Division should:

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After the ANC'S unbanning in 1990 the process of rebuilding the ANC in the country was accompanied by a continuing expansion programme of the Department of Information and Publicity - at both National and Regional level. An initially very small operation with a few staff members running publishing and media liaison components at Head Ofi¬\201ce, and i¬\202edgling media departments in the regions (often without even a single full-time media ofi¬\201cer); was over the next four years expanded to become one of the largest departments in the ANC. Various strong units were developed, among them the Print/Publishing Unit that took responsibility for publishing Mayibuye and all other printed material. A Media Liaison Unit, which grew from a one person unit in 1990 to a staff of four fullâ\200\224time spokespersons and back-up staff. Other units included the photo-unit, video-unit, sound-unit (the old Radio Freedom), and closer to the elections a strong briei¬\201ng unit was also created.

Every region had at least one full $200\224$ time Media Ofi¬201cer. Often a second person was employed to deal with the publishing side of matters, and further staff was employed on contract during the last three months before the elections.

In order to build capacity a full time Training facilitator was also employed, Who travelled extensively between the regions and ensured that a very extensive training programme was implemented.

During the last month and a half before the elections a media centre was opened at the Carlton Hotel. This operation stood under the control of the Media Liaison Unit, and further staff were employed on contract in order to deal with the huge media interest in the elections.

This expanding department stood under the control of Comrade Pallo Jordan as the Secretary of Information. He was ably assisted by two Deputies: Cde Joel Netshitendze and Cde Gill Marcus.

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An objective assessment will indicate that DIP was one of the ANC'S more successful operations. It succeeded in giving the ANC the capacity to respond relatively successfully to the many hostile attacks that it had to face from a biased media. Close to the elections DIP had developed the capacity to beat the National Party in both the publications/ advertising and media liaison in\201eld.

A need for a full - time media liaison of \$\in\$\201cer based in Parliament is great, this individual will serve the press gallery in Cape Town on behalf of the ANC. He/ she will work with the nine Provincial media liaison of \$\in\$\201cers to ensure that events and issues at Provincial level are raised with the Parliamentary press. He/ she will work With the ANC Chief Whips in Parliament in their handling of the media. The liaison of \$\in\$\201cer will report to the Head of Media Liaison. He/ she will also work with Provincial Ministerial spokespersons in a discretionary manner.

5.6 DIP units at Head Quarters

All the DIP units at HQ will be led by a head of a unit. The Head of a unit will be a member of the Divisional Management Team to which they will provide reports. The Unit Head will be responsible for everything in his/her} unit from budgeting, to staff management, efi¬\201ciency levels, planning etc.

6. Personnel and Staff Component

Staff needs for this structure to function can be easily calculated. this can be

done more efi¬\201ciently in consultation with the SG and TG ofi¬\201ces. The basic principle is that it will have to be a lean but effective structure. It will have to be proactive and develop and adapt a media strategy. In carrying out its mandate The DIP will have to make use of the comrades that are deployed in the Parliamentary system. Dynamic linkages with the constituency ofi¬\201ces will have to be maintained.

- 7. The way forward
- 1. The NEC must in principle agree to the implementation of the proposed Departmental Structure for DIP.
- 2. It is absolutely urgent that a full time head for the Department must be appointed to implement these proposals effectively. This person must have the necessary political weight and managerial skills.
- 3. The appointment of Media Liaison of in 201cer in Parliament

3.2 Challenges facing the ANC in this new situation

Inspite of our protestations to the contrary our assumption of the ofi¬\201ce after the April elections dispersed the ANC throughout the political system and the impact of the dispersion was quite radical. This dispersion had the following news and information consequences for the ANC.

- (a)
- (b)
- (d)

The capacities of HQ and Provincial Ofi¬\201ces in various DIP functions declined markedly as comrades moved to legislatures, to civil service, the private sector. Continued uncertainty exacerbated this situation.

News - Making and generation by the ANC became dispersed. Thus news and information gathering and dissemination changed drastically. Our structures could not be responsive to this situation.

The relationship between the ANC constitutional structures and the ANC structures within the political system took time to crystallise. Information i-2020 between the two structured ebbed to a frustrating trickle.

We took a long time to shift our information paradigm form the situation in which we engaged the propaganda of the States and the establishment as if we were still a liberation movement. The fact that we are now part of the governing alliance created a state of near - paralysis in our propaganda.

The institutional cohesion of the ANC was adversely affected by the dispersion. Thanks to corrective measures taken at the interregional summit the situation was arrested and later reversed.

(f)

The President, the greatest newsmaker for the ANC and in the country has had to be shared With (or taken over by) the country. The publicity mileage that we got as the ANC was lost.

5.1 The Political Head

This will be a member of the NEC whose main responsibility will be to i-201nd the In practical terms he/ she will ensure that the divisions political leadership.

division clearly understands its tasks as de i^2 01ned by the NBC, in turn, resource the division accordingly. He/ she will not be involved in the day to day running of the division. He/ she Will be consulted only when it is necessary.

5.2 Head of Division

The head of division will be based at HQ in Johannesburg and be part of the organisation management team. He/ she will be responsible for all staff and implementation of the DIP policies throughout the organisation. He/ she will report to the Political Head. He/ she will chair the Divisional Management Team.

5.3 Divisional Management Team

This structure will consist of the nine Provincial Media Ofi¬\201cers and the Heads of the variou units of the DIP at HQ. It will assist the Head of the Division in the management of the division. Strategy for the division will be proposed, discussed and operationalised at this level.

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5.4 Head of Media Liaison

The Head of Media Liaison will be responsible for the effort of improving the image Of the ANC in the media. He/she will be based at HQ and they will with, Parliamentary media liaison of \[\] \201cers and the Provincial media liaison of \[\] \201cers. He/ she will deputise the Head of the Division when the latter is not available.

5.5 Media Liaison Officer in Parliament

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Workshops

Training for HQ staff

End March

HOD, Accts
staff, SG, TG

Training for provincial treasury staff

Apnl/M'ay

HOD, Accts
staff, TG

Devise format for presentation of monthly statement for NBC and NWC

Apnl/M'ay

Discuss methods to implement systems based on ANC admin manual

ANC supporting business experts to set up business ventures

TG, HOD, business coord

24 March and ongoing

Apnl/M'ay

6.11 HQ DIVISIONS

6.11.1 INFORMATION DIVISION

The Information Division has the following key functions: $\boldsymbol{\Omega}$

developing and implementing a media strategy for the ANC; developing and implementing an election media strategy; building media capacity at a provincial and branch level; meeting the information needs of the ANC.

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ASAP"

HOD

Media brieï¬\201ng sessions in CT/HQ

weekly from 30 Mar

Media liaison ofi¬\201cer

Production of Mayibuye

monthly from April

Production head

Production of ANC Constitution News

monthly from mid Mar

HOD

Library updates sent to provinces, parliament ASAP and ongoing and legislatures $\,$

Librarian

Training of provincial media ofi¬\201cers

Updates from prov media ofi¬\201cers to HQ

ongoing

monthly

Production of provincial newsletters

from 30 April

Inter-provincial meetings

every three months

Provincial press releases sent to HQ

Develop provincial media strategies for local government elections campaign

daily

April

Prov coordinator

Prov media ofi¬\201cers

Prov media ofi¬\201cers/
Prov coordinator

Prov media ofi¬\201cers/

Prov media ofi¬\201cers

Prov coordinator

HOD/Elect team

18

9â\200\2317

The Secretary General and Deputy Secretary General will i¬\201nalise the Womenâ\200\231s League programme with WL ofi¬\201cials and insert it in this document.
NEC Meetings
WL Secretary
Give dates
NWC Meetings
Give dates
WL Secretary
Set up election team
March
WL NEC
Identify reps for list committee
Conference on women
WL NEC
Give date
WL NEC
March
6. 8
PRESIDENCY
The President, Deputy President and National Chairperson need to continue their important political interventions when the need arises. The President will continue to spend one day a week at HQ, and efforts will be made to arrange a regular time when the Deputy President
and National Chairperson can be at HQ.
6. 9

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SECRETARY GENERAL â\200\2315 OFFICE

The key functions of the Secretary Generalâ\200\231s Ofi¬\201ce are:

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Coordinate the work of the organisation ef<code>i¬\201ciently</code> and effectively at all levels; ensure that the administration of the ANC is ef<code>i¬\201cient;</code> coordinate the work of the NEC, NWC and NEC Committee.

NEC meetings

Quarterly

SG

NWC meetings

Fortnightly

SG

NEC Committees

Ongoing

Committee Secretaries

Ofi¬\201cials meetings

Weekly

DSG

HQ Secretariat

Weekly

Overall Coordinator

Provinces

Ongoing

Feb-Oct

SG/DSG

SG/DSG
Elections
Prov Secs Forum
Constitution-making
Inter Provincial Summit
MDM Conference
Fortnightly
November
SG/DSG
SG/DSG
SG/DSG
Ongoing
Monthly
April
May
SG
DSG
Alliance
mm
1 6

8. T. Manuel 10. P. Molefe 12. A. Kathrada 7. G. Marcus 9. T. Lekota 1 1. J. Netshitenzhe One representative per province Womenâ\200\231s League representative Youth League representative COSATU representative SACP representative SANCO representative Local Government Elections National List Committee (ad hoc) Tasks 0 Draw up list procedure guidelines; ensure strict enforcement of guidelines; mediate in provinces where disputes arise; ensure process is administratively simple and efin 201cient. National List Committee members 1. S. Tshwete (Chairperson) 2. C. Ramaphosa 3. C. Carolus 5. W. Sisulu COSATU SACP SANCO 4. A. Stoï¬\2011e Constitutional Commission Tasks Λ 0 Strategise and process the movementâ\200\231s constitutional positions for presentation to the NWC and the NBC; coordinate the constitutionâ\200\224making process in the CA; ensure that Provincial Constitutional Commissions function. Constitutional Commission members 1. Z. Skweyiya (Chairperson)2. N . Mandela 3. T. Mbeki 5. C. Ramaphosa 7. A. Stofile 9. F. Ginwala 11. P. Maduna 4. J. Zuma 6. C. Carolus 8. J . Nhlanhla 10. S. Mufamadi 12. B. Kgositsile 14. B. Ncguka 16. B. Mabandla 18. J . Netshitenzhe 20. M. Phosa 22. V.Moosa - 13. D. Omar

15. M. Manzini 17. J. Modise 19. M. Maharaj 21. K. Asmal

One representative per province Womenâ\200\231s League representative Youth League representative COSATU representative SACP representative SANCO representative

The collective programme of work of these structures for 1995 is primarily the following: winning local government elections; leading the constitution making process; rebuilding the structures and mass base of the ANC; developing meaningful grassroots participation in the RDP; transforming organs of state and society more broadly; ensuring increased delivery of peopleâ\200\231s basic needs. Among the strategies which will be employedin effecting this programme of work are: Â٥ 0 0 the deployment of MPs and NBC members throughout the country; effective management of divisions at headquarters; coordination between the ANC in government, the public service, parliament, provincial legislatures and ANC structures; developing sound in\201nancial practices and building a culture of self-sufin\201ciency a mona our structures; developing alliances (including the Tripartite Alliance) particularly at provincial, regional and local levels. 5. IMPLEMENTATION Although this document presents an ambitious programme, with proper planning and effectiv use of human and other resources the work can be completed â\200\224 and the objectives w eâ\200\231ve outlined can be achieved. We will also need to impose stringent in 201nancial controls to ensure that our expenditure for the year does not exceed what is absolutely necessary.

If the effort and the expense are going to be justiï¬\201ed, we need to place emphasis on

effective implementation of the plans described in this document. The key concern is that mechanisms for implementation be built into the programme of the ANC for the year. To thi

end the following should be agreed upon:

their work;

coordination of the implementation of the programme will take place throughh the Secretary Generalâ\200\231s Ofi¬\201ce and the national divisions; NEC committees will have staff dedicated to the smooth running and administration of

a person will be employed to monitor the implementation of our programme on a full time basis;

our accountability to ourselves and each other and our structures can ensure proper implemeneation.

' The job of implementation lies ultimately on our effectiveness in developing a clear pr ogramme

of action - a programme which is in\201rmly grounded in the objectives of the organisatio

which takes cognisance of the objective and subjective constraints of the organisation.

African NatiOnal Congress

STRATEGIC PLAN FOR 1995

1 .

INTRODUCTION

This document is a culmination of the strategising and planning work that has taken place over

the last couple of months. It provides a thorough and detailed plan of the priorities, ac tivities

and plans of the ANC for 1995 based on:

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49th National Conference decisions;

NEC decisions;

Management Committee (now Secretariat) bosberaad decisions;

Divisional plans;

Provincial plans.

In itself, the document attempts to begin addressing a major shortcoming in our organisat ion -

the lack of coherent, realistic and comprehensive planning. We need to move away from the culture of $\hat{a}\200\234$ crisis management $\hat{a}\200\235$, which for a long time has characterised the way we approach

our programme.

This document deliberately emphasises the implementation of decisions, providing a clear time

frame for all activities and dividing responsibility among the structures and divisions of the $\ensuremath{\mathsf{I}}$

organisation. The plan also makes provision for mechanisms to monitor implementation and do

follow-up work, where necessary.

The usefulness of this plan needs to be judged on the basis of whether it:

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is coherent and deepens our understanding of our organisation; sets out our objectives, action plans and allocation of resources; responds to our strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats; sets out a broad programme of work that is achievable; dei¬\201nes the tasks of each structure of the movement in realising our objectives.

Ultimately, though, the test of this plan will be whether we can say, at the end of 1995, that the organisation is stronger than ever before and that we have made substantial progress in

a realising the strategic objectives of the ANC.

2 .

OBJECTIVES OF THE ANC

Conference resolved that the strategic objective of our struggle remains the building of a united,

democratic, non-racial and non-sexist society, as envisaged in the Freedom Charter. The main

content of the present phase remains the all-round political, economic and social emancip ation

of the historically oppressed majority of our country.

The key strategic objectives of the movement in the coming period are therefore:

deepening democracy through completing the transfer of power to the majority; the deracialisation of South African society; building a non-sexist society; achievement of national consensus on the democratisation process; destroy all centres of counter-revolutionary violence and destabilisation.

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Strategise on CA
Commlssmn
Report to NWC
Monthly
Monthly
25 Feb
Commission
Commission Secretariat
Send paper to provinces
Attend provincial workshops
March
Commission
Constitutional Conference
1-2 April
Commission
MDM Conference
April
Commission
Attend provincial meetings
Ongoing
Commission
Constitutional Commission Secretariat
Meetings
Twice weekly

Chairperson

Drafting Committee

National List Committee

Do work in accordance with List Process

First meeting Finalise budget Finalise ï¬\201nance systems

Committee Committee Committee

Prepare statements and documents

Ongoing

- 15 March
- 31 March
- 31 March

Financg: comm

Mar-Oct

Committee

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PROVINCIAL STR UCTURES

The provincial structures of the organisation, in particular the PECs, need to perform the ϵ

following functions:

all provincial structures must meet on a regular basis in accordance with an agreed schedule of meetings;

adopt an achievable programme of work with clear action plans;

complete the restructuring of provinces and launch regions in terms of the guidelines agreed to;

build and strenghten regions, sub-regions and branches;

ensure that all PEC members, MPs and MPLs are deployed to do work in the province at regional and branch level;

oversee establishment of election structures and list process; give direction on provincial and local governance.

PGC

Meetings in year

Give dates

PEC

PEC

Regular meetings

Give dates

Prov Sec

Present programme for the year to

31 February

Prov Sec

Regular meetings

Give dates

Prov Sec

Set up Election Team

End February

PEC

PWC

Election

Set up List Committee

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End February
PEC
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Voter registration

Feb-April

PEC, MPLs,

MPs

Plan and strategise

Febâ\200\224April

PEC, Team

Peopleâ\200\231s Forums

Feb-April

PEC

List Comm

PEC, Team

Voter education

Start canvassing

Choose candidates

Candidates meet voters

Set up Provincial Commission Delegation to Conference Major events $\hat{a}\200\224$ - rallies Sept-Oct Sept-Oct

PEC

PEC

PWC

PWC
May-Aug
May-Aug
25 March
25 March
Workshop on CA
Win elections
Constitution
End October
Now
May
PEC
Provincial Executive Committees are urged to give more content to this broad programme outline and present their programme to HQ by 31 February 1995.
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 * A report on the processes we had embarked on with SANCO was tabled.

13. Situation in Natal

The National Chairperson gave a brie $in\201$ ng on the situation in Natal regarding violence. It was agreed that measurers had to be taken to reduce the violence.

14. Political Prisoners

The plight of political prisoners was discussed and it was decided that:

- $\ ^{*}$ A delegation should be sent to explain to the edes. regarding their situation.
- \star . A delegation should meet the relevant Minister to take this matter to a solution.

15. Closure

The meeting adjourned at 25-26 February 1995.

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PROGRAMME OF WORK AND ACTION PLANS

NATIONAL CONSTITUTIONAL STRUCTURES

The National Executive Committee, National Working Committee and national of $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc i}}\xspace \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc o}}\xspace \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc o}}\xspace$ eed

collectively to fulï¬\2011 the following key functions: $\ensuremath{\text{0}}$

provide overall political direction to the organisation; monitor and evaluate the state of the organisation and the progress of the programme; deploy leadership to build the organisation at all levels; give political direction to ANC representatives in government and parliament; oversee, in particular, the local government election campaign and the constitution-making process.

National Executive Committee

6.1.1

The NEC must meet at least four times a year, but should be able to be convened when the need

arises. All NEC members must attend meetings of the NBC and remain in attendance throughout the meetings. All members of the NEC deployed in committees shall be required to

report on their activities whenever the NEC meets.

NEC Committees

Provincial Committees

Tasks

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all provincial committee members must work as a collective and be accountable to each other, the Provincial Executive Committee, the national ofi¬\201cials, the NWC and the NEC;

provincial committees must do systematic work in the province in terms of building and strengthening organisation, in particular the local government election campaign;

provincial committees must deal with matters that require NEC intervention; members shall submit regular written reports to the Secretary General.

Each provincial committee will be supported and serviced by staff based in the SGO.

By decision of the NEC the following committees will be established:

Free State Provincial Committee

- 1. T. Lekota
- 3. D. Hanekom
- 5. M. Mayekiso
- 7. K Sebotlelo (Prov Sec)
- 2. J. Nhlanhla
- 4. L. Hani
- 6. P. Matosa (Provincial Chairperson)

~NOrthern Cape Provincial Committee

- 1. M. Maharaj
- 3. A. Pahad
- 5. B. Holomisa
- 7. W. Steenkamp (Prov Sec)

- B. Mabandla
 C. Niehaus
 M. Dipico (Prov Chair)

. Disciglinagj Qommittee Tasks 0 Investigate any activity or conduct in breach of the Constitution or the Code of Conduct by members of the ANC deployed at any level; conduct hearings, in accordance with the disciplinary procedure, against any member alleged or suspected of having breached the Constitution or Code of Conduct; submit reports to the ofin\201cials, the NWC and the NEC on work done; each PEC should set up 3 Disciplinary Committee. Disciplinary Committee members 1. K. Asmal (Chairperson) 3. A. Erwin 5. W. Mkwayi 2. N. Zuma 4. R. Mompati 6. Z. Skweyiya Economic Transformation Committee Tasks Λ The committee shall attend to economic issues and coordinate its work with Policy/RDP Division and the relevant government ministers; the committee shall report to the ofin\201cials, the NWC and the NEC. Economic Transformation Committee members 1. T. Mboweni (Chairperson) 3. T. Manuel 5. S. Sigcau 7. J . Radebe 2. A. Erwin 4. G. Marcus 6. M. Sisulu 8. D. Hanekom Social Needs Committee Tasks Attend to matters pertaining to social needs and coordinate its work with the Policy/RDP Division and relevant government ministers; report to the of $i\neg\201$ cials, NWC and NEC regularly and process matters requiring decision. Social Needs Committee members 1. S. Nkondo (Chairperson)

B. Nzimande
 D. Hanekom
 W. Mandela

Securing and Qtabiling Committee 2. S. Bhengu 4. A. Tambo 6. T. Modise Tasks ° The committee shall deal with all matters regarding the security and stability of the country; reports shall be presented regularly. Security and Stability Committee members 1. S. Mufamadi (Chairperson) 3. T. Yengeni 5. R. Kasrils 2. J. Modise 4. L. Mti 6. B. Holomisa

\b

Conference was presented. The President expressed a concern that the NEC as presently constituted lack the type of balance required for our organisation in terms of geographic representation and gender and also that there were no less than 24 members of Cabinet and Deputy Ministers on the NEC, many of whom were too busy with work in their ministries. After discussion it was felt that the matter should not be taken any further.

The vacancies that had occurred following Cde J . Slovo's death and the withdrawal from the NEC by Cdes. T. Botha and J. Gomomo were discussed. It was decided that the vacancies should be <code>i-\2011led</code> by the three women with the highest votes following the sixtieth candidate. It was noted that the three comrades who would replace the above mentioned comrades would be Cdes N. Maphisa, B. Mabandla and T. Msane.

9. NWC

It was agreed that the NWC should be elected at the next NEC meeting.

9. Conference Evaluation

There being little time left, it was decided that we should not deal with this matter. It was proposed that the evaluation of National Conference should be more political rather than technical.

10.

Local Government Proposals

10.1 Local Government National Election Co-ordinator

The N EC agreed that the ofin-201cials should in-201nalise this matter.

10.2. Election strategy Workshop

It was agreed that the workshop should be held and that NEC members should attend.

10.3 National List Committee

It was agreed that the National List Committee should be appointed.

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In W.Cape we faced blatant racism and we were not able to counter the strategies of the NP effectively. We need to give priority to strengthening organisation in the two provinces.

The President continued to say that the ANC has sound policies but we could only address our weaknesses through organisation.

The President remarked about the threatening strikes in the civil service. Some of these strikes were accompanied by sit-ins in government buildings and hostage taking. He commended Cde Zola Skweyiya in the way he was handling this problem but said that the problem was too large for one person. Cde Zola Skweyiya needed the support of other ministers in handling this problem.

Equally important is the local government elections. These elections are going to be more complex than the general elections. At local level we will have to be dealing with $speciin\201c$ local issues. The registration of voters will be a challenging task. This means that the NEC will have to work out a plan to ensure that we win the elections. If we don't win the local government elections, then the implementation of the RDP will be undermined. If we as N EC members work hard we can consolidate the gains we have already made and be successful in the elections.

The 86 will brief the NBC on how the NEC should function. The structures he will propose will require a lot of human and $i^2 201$ nancial resources. This brings to the fore the question of our $i^2 201$ nancial resources. We will need to involve all N EC members in fund-raising. This is an issue that many leaders in the movement ignore.

The President concluded by wishing all members luck and success in their work as NEC members.

5. The Indemnity Issue

The President gave a report on his meeting with Mr. De Klerk following the meeting of the Cabinet when the indemnity issue was discussed. After discussion it was agreed that the proposals set out in Cde. D. Omar's statement as Minister of Justice should be endorsed.

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n o i s i v THE SITUATION IN DIP SINCE THE ELECTIONS OF THE 27TH OF APRIL 1994

1.

INTRODUCTION

A strategy meeting of the Department of Information and Publicity(DIP) was held at Shell House on the 13 February 1995. The meeting was attended by 25 Comrades representing all nine ANC regions, all units of DIP in Johannesburg and Cape Town and CDE's from the National and Gauteng Region.

The purpose of the meeting was to take a critical look at the effectiveness of the DIP, to evaluate its strengths and weaknesses and to develop a strategy for enhancing the strengths and eradicating the weaknesses.

Reports were received from all provinces and all units of the Department. They were discussed at length.

It was decided that what is need is an integrated media strategy that will ensure that our media capacity is commensurate to the challenges that the current political conjuncture has thrown up.

A number of comrades were given the task of preparing and processing the views that are contained in the section that follow hereunder. The intention was to take advantage of the process of restructuring that is underway and thus to submit this document as the humble contribution of the Department of

Information and Publicity to this process.

- 2. What has happened, to the DIP since the elections?
- 3. What are the information needs of the ANC in the present context?
- 3.1 Introduction

We have raised this question in the context of the change brought about by the April elections. The real question here is whether the DIP, as it has been traditionally structured and researched or in some other form, is still needed by the ANC. We can only answer this question if we clearly deï¬\201ne the information needs of the ANC at this time.

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monitor the implementation of the RDP;
develop ANC policy on an on-going basis;
provide capacity for the ANC in government;
ensure the coordination of ANC work in various sites of deployment;
oversee the ANC input into the constitution-making process, including the work of the

4
Constitution Commission.
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Constitutional Commission meetings

Monthly

ANC Constitutional Conference

31 March - 2 April

Ensuring full participation of ANC and MDM ongoing structures in implementation of RDP

RDP coordinator

Setting up provincial RDP councils

RDP coordinator

Ensure full participation of RDP council participants in Local Development Forums

ongoing

RDP coordinator

Set up policy and RDP section in subâ\200\224headquarters

Work closely with ANC chief whip and chairs of ANC study groups

ongoing

Policy and RDP section in CT

National Sectoral coordinating forums

about 4 times a year

coordinators

Meetings of coordinators

regularly

Meetings between coordinators and ANC committee of Chairpersons of study groups $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left$

regularly

RDP coordinator in CT

Consultations with tripartite alliance, MDM and other organs of civil society

regularly

monthly and bi-monthly

Human Development coordinator

Publication of ANC policies and info sheets

as needed

Health meetings of ANC MECs for health and people involved in health in provinces

RDP council health sector and provincial RDP council/forum health sector meetings

Education meetings of MECS, parliamentary study group and ANC provincial Chairpersons on education

Infrastructure

every six weeks

Civil service workshop in preparation for a conference

National Coordination Forum: Local Government

Local Govt and Infrastructure coord

Local Govt and Infrastructure coord

Human Development coordinator

Arts and culture meeting

Science and technology seminar

Human Development coordinator

monthly
regularly
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monthly
National Coordination Forum:

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iv) Problems facing the ANC is exaggerated, tendentiously reported on and orchestrated to create an impression of confusion, corruption, predatory political'behaviour, <code>i¬\201</code>nancial bankruptCy etc. In this scenario, the ANC is projected as being only held together by the President. If one removes the President the ANC will self Destruct.

v)

In the jockeying for advantage within the movement, certain comrades are using the media by providing it with information that should remain privileged. Often this information is slanted in order to create a particular impression which may not necessarily coincide with the truth. This complicates life extremely for the DIP.

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3.2.2_ What then are information needs of the ANC

Flowing from this context the information needs of the ANC have changed. What then are the information needs of the ANC? here are some Pointers:

a)

b)

c)

d)

Keep membership informed ~of the activities, policies and the strategic thrust of the ANC in the new situation.

To inform members of the ANC on the programme of the GNU from the ANC perspective, particularly to explain areas of blockage.

To enable our people to participate in the processes that are part of the RDP and to infuse therein ANC perspectives without being Factionalist.

To bring into effect our desire for a politically coherent ANC wherever individual members may be deployed through the provision of relevant, timeous and empowering information.

e) We need to i-201nd a way to Claim credit for the ANC on the achievements of the GNU. Information is essential if we are to succeed in this regard. this will have an impact on our re-election chances.

- 3.4
- 3.5
- 3.6

To facilitate conflict resolution and help resolve disputes affecting state, political and religious sectors.

To be responsible for ensuring that suitable persons lead devotions at national, provincial or local ANC Conferences or other public events.

To make advice available, and take responsibility as far as the ANC is concerned, for the conduct of funerals, wakes and weddings, in consultation with the families involved.

3.7

To promote national unity and reconciliation.

4.

Request to the ANC NEC

- 4.1
- 4.2
- 4.3
- 4.4
- 4.5
- 4.6

that the establishment of a Commission for Religious Affairs at National and Provincial levels be endorsed as official ANC policy.

that the Commission for Religious Affairs relates directly to the NEC via the Presidency.

that the members of the Commission for Religious Affairs be accountable to, and appointed by the NEC, for a period of three years, renewable by two years.

that four or five persons be appointed by the NEC to establish a nucleus

of the Commission which will continue consultation among all the major religious stake holders in South Africa.

that the ANC makes available the basic administrative infrastructure for the $\operatorname{Commission}$.

that Provincial and local structures of the ANC enact similar Commissions as they see fit.

Conclusion

Consultation on this matter-included some religious organisations as well as Members of Parliament from all the major faiths.

After a formal endorsement of the proposal by the NEC, the Commission will work out its programme of action in consultation with all the relevant structures.

7. T. Modise 8. J. Nhlanhla Political Education Committee Tasks Â٥ 0 0 Oversee the movementâ\200\231 5 political education programme and report regularly; guide the development of curricula; develop a cadre development policy for the organisation. Political Education Committee members 1. R. Suttner (Chairperson) 3. C. Nqakula 5. N. Maphisa 7. B. Nzimande 2. S. Ndebele 4. P. Mokaba 6. L. Mti 8. S. Tshwete Parliamentaï¬\202 Committee Tasks Monitor the legislative programme at national and provincial level and coordinate its work with all the caucuses and process matters for decision; monitor the deployment of all elected representatives. Parliamentary Committee members 1. M. Manzini (Chairperson) 3. B. Kgositsile 5. E. Pahad 2. A. Stoï¬\2011e 4. F. Ginwala 6 T. Manuel Governance Committee Tasks 0 monitor process of governance at national, provincial and local level; convene meetings of the cabinet caucus; provide political direction to ANC functioning in government. Governance Committee members 1. T. Manuel (Chairperson) 3. P. Jordan 5. C. Ngakula

6. C. Carolus 8. A. Tambo

7. A. Pahad

T. Mbeki
 Z. Skweyiya

Elections Commission

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Tasks
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oversee the local government elections campaign; supervise, and provide direction to, the work of the national election team; ensure national leadership is integral to the election campaign work.

Elections Commission members

- 1. S. Macozoma (Chairperson)
- 3. C. Ramaphosa
- 5. A. Stofile
- 2. T. Mbekj
- 4. C. Carolus
- 6. P. Jordan

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KwaZulu/Natal Provincial Committee
1. J. Radebe
3. A. Erwin
5. B. Kgositsile
7. V. Moosa
9. S. Ndebele
11. S. Bhengu
13. J. Zuma (Prov Chair)
2. B. Nzimande
4. N. Zuma
6. P. Maduna
8. L. Mti
10. H. Gwala
12. K. Asmal
14. S. Mchunu (Prov Sec)
Northern Transvaal Provincial Committee
1. S. Mufamadi
3. P. Mokaba
5. A. N20
7. C. Chabane (Prov Sec)
2. C. Nqakula
4. M. Manzini
6. N. Ramathlodi (Prov Chair)
North West Provincial Committee
1. R. Mompati
3. S. Macozoma
5. R. Kasrils
7. S. Nkondo
9. D. Duma (Prov Sec)
2. S. Tshwete
4. E. Pahad
6. T. Mboweni
8. P. Molefe (Prov Chair)
Western Cape Provincial Committee
1. J. Netshitenzhe
3. F. Ginwala
5. D. Omar
7. P. Jordan
9. J . Makhanya (Prov Sec)
2. T. Manuel
4. R. Suttner
6. T. Yengeni
8. C. Nissen (Prov Chair)
Eastern Cape Provincial Committee
1. G. Marcus
3. W. Mandela
5. W. Mkwayi
7. S. Sigcau
9. D. Mafu (Prov Chair)
2. L. Johnson
4. T. Mthintso
6. S. Ngonyama
8. R. Mhlaba
10. B. Gxilishe (Prov Sec)
Gauteng Provinvcial Committee
1. J . Cronin
3. A. Tambo
5. A. Kathrada
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7. M. Sisulu

- 9. P. Mashatile (Prov Sec)
- 2. N. Maphisa 4. T. Modise 6. E. Ebrahim

- 8. T. Sexwale (Prov Chair)

' Eastern Transvaal Provincial Committee

- 1. Z. Skweyiya
- 3. T. Mthintso
- 5. T. Msane
- 7. S. Zwane (Prov Sec)
- 2. J. Modise
- 4. N. Maphisa
- 6. M. Phosa (Prov Chair)

10.4 Budget

The budget presented was approved as a provisional budget and that it be further scrutinized as the NEC felt that the amount proposed was inadequate.

10.5 ï¬\201nancial Controls

It was agreed that the $i\neg\201$ nancial controls as suggested be adopted.

10.6 Voter Registration Campaign

It was agreed that the campaign for local government elections should be integrated into all ANC programmes and MP/MPLs constituency work.

10.7. Election Structures

The election structures as proposed were accepted subject to further elaboration at Provincial and local level.

11. Finance Commission Report

The Treasurer General tabled the report of the Finance Commission established at the 49th N ational Conference. After discussion it was decided that we should appoint a Finance Strategy team to determine how the ANC should generate funds.

12. Report from Officials

The Ofi¬\201cials' report dealt with

- * The January 8 Statement. An explanation was given as to why the January 8 statement was so short.
- * Cabinet Caucus. It was reported that an ANC Cabinet Caucus had been hled.

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REGIONS
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Regional structures of the ANC need to: $\boldsymbol{\Omega}$

be established and built up; provide a link between provinces and branches; coordinate the work of branches; relate closely to election structures.

.Reglonal Vlaunchmg conference

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~ by endJune ~

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Setting up election structures

March onwards REC

Participate in list process

Coordination of election campaigning

Marchâ\200\224June

March-Oct

REC

REC

6.4

BRANCHES

As the engines of the ANC from where ANC derives its mass base character $\hat{a}\200\224$ it is crucial to

the programme of the ANC that branches fuli¬\2011 the following functions:

function properly and democratically; recruit, organise and empower membership; help establish and participate in RDP councils; work with civics and alliance structures; implement the local government elections campaign \(\frac{a}{200} \) 224 canvass, campaign, distribute

Set up local election structures

March

Intensive local issue campaigning

March-July

Branch members

Popularising candidates

Door-to-door canvassing & voter education

Door-to-door canvassing and campaigning

Sept to Election Day

Branch members

Branch members

Branch members

Early Sept

Aug-Sept

1 4

0 International Affairs $\hat{\mathbf{A}}^{\text{o}}$ Legislatures and Governance coordination - a member from the Youth League 0 a member from the Womenâ $\200\231$ s League. The NEC must elect the NWC at the meeting of 25-26 February 1995. ACTION PLANS NEC Meetings 25-26 Feb SGO 22-23 April NWC Meetings Provineial Visit Provinces Fortnightly Monthly SGO SGO C0 tees Reports Monthly Committee

Disciplinary conumm

Members Code NEC rules Discipline rules

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Economic

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Paper on coordination
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Greetings,

His Excellency the President, the Deputy President of the ANC; the National Chairperson, the Secretary General, the Deputy Secretary General and members of the N.E.C.

We bring you warm greetings from the people who mandated us to present the following memorandum.

1

The present ANC constitutional position

It is proposed that the ANC 1991 Constitutional provision for a National Chaplain and Provincial Chaplains be envisaged in terms of a corporate ministry on an inter-faith and ecumenical basis, which we propose should be called a Commission for Religious Affairs.

Role of the Commission for Religious Affairs

- 2.1
- 2.2
- 3.1
- 3.2

An interfaith and ecumenical Consultative Forum for religious and political leaders seeking political and theological insights on current events. This role needs to embrace both the pragmatic and the prophetic, and form a meeting place where such issues can be considered and moved into action. This

forum will be inclusive of all religious traditions eg Islam, Christians, Jews, African Indigenous churches, Hindus, Buddhists and others.

A Chaplaincy or pastoral role, which in the first instance shall be available for the ANC membership at national, provincial and local level, but also embrace a concern for wider chaplaincies in political, military, Correctional Services, and other para-statal and local activities.

Proposed Functions of the Commission for Religious Affairs

To facilitate a spiritual and moral ministry to the members and leaders of the ANC at national, provincial and local level; and to assist others who may wish to avail themselves of this ministry.

To provide a consultative forum, fostering direct personal links, where the ANC and Religious Bodies

can consult together regularly at national,

provincial and local levels, to consider matters of mutual interest on a well-informed and cooperative basis.

This will include such issues as cagital

punishment, surroqate motherhood, religious fundamentalism, the protection of religious freedom in the Constitution, and such issues as may arise from time to time.

3.3

To provide guidance and information to the ANC leadership and structures on religious concerns, activities and opinions.

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- 4. ANC Proposal for a Communication Strategy
- 1. A full assessment must be made of what tasks DIP, with the limited resources at its disposal, can realistically fulï¬\2011.
- 2. Obviously the ANC must have a competent and fully functioning media liaison capacity in order to respond fast to political developments and attacks. This will necessitate a full time media spokesperson at ANC Head Ofi¬\201ce, and also an ANC Media Liaison Office staffed by a full-time media spokesperson at parliament. The spokesperson at parliament will have to interact very closely with the ANC Caucus, and the Chairpersons of ANC Study Groups as the spokespersons on the particular areas that are covered by their respective Study Groups.
- 3. The Production Unit will have to receive clarity about their role, and specii¬\201cally the question of a monthly mouthpiece for the ANC (either Mayibuye or another publication) must be addressed as a matter of urgency. We believe that such a publication, that is specii¬\201cally aimed at communicating the ANCâ\200\231s point of View and policies, is absolutely crucial. The interaction between the Publication Unit at Head Ofi¬\201ce and the publicity done at regional level must also be Clarified. Distribution of printed material, and who takes responsibility for distribution at regional level, must also be Clarified.

Parliament

and

The

3.1 Research and Monitoring Unit must clarify their job description, With specific reference to the service that they can realistically give to Members of electronic

the National

communication With regions must also be re-established urgently. It is

suggested that the Research Unit does not try to be all things to all people, and that they should specii¬\201cally concentrate on ANC documentation and related research. They can also help MP's to establish electronic contact With Internet, Worlnet and other electronic information systems.

Parliaments.

Regional

4. DIP needs to be run and administered on a daily basis by a full time Head of Division (a general manager).

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Provincial coordination forums: local
government and infrastructure
8 times a year
Strategising workshops between ANC,
SANCO and alliance members on local govt
and local economic development
3 times a year
(one meeting will
include Contralesa)
Provincial workshops of ANC, SANCO and
alliance members
3 times a year
Provincial workshops with Contralesa
twice a year
Consultative workshops on:
0 Constitution
O Local govt and RDP at local level
0 Housing
O Non-metropolitan and rural local govt
Publication of bulletin on local government,
housing and infrastructure
Training sessions for provincial local
government coordinators
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6 times a year

6 times a year

6.11.5 LEGISLATURES DIVISION

The Legislature Division needs to fulï¬\2011 the following functions: 0 $_{\rm 0}$

coordinate our work in the National Assembly, Senate and Provincial Legislatures; keep all structures of the organisation informed of developments within all legislative processes;

develop a stratgie approach to the presentation and enactment of legislation; monitor deployment of MP8.

0

A programme of activities for the Legislatures Division will be developed once a head has been appointed for the division.

6.11.6 GOVERNANCE DIVISION

' The Governance Division needs to fulin 2011 the following functions:

-0

coordinate the work of ANC representatives in national, provincial and local governments; ensure that all ANC structures are in touch with government activities;

 \hat{a} 200\230 ensure that, where necessary, the approaches of different levels of government are

uniform.

A programme of activities for the Legislatures Division will be developed once a head has been appointed for the division.

6.1 1.7 INTERNATIONAL DIVISION

In maintaining the world-wide network of relations the ANC has established - and building new relations $\hat{a}\200\224$ the International Division will perform the following functions: 0 \hat{a}

convene a conference of international supporters of the ANC; establish relations with parties with whom we share common concerns;

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keep abreast of global developments and formulate ANC approaches to them; develop ANC policy on international relations, involving in the process ANC and alliance structures.

The programme of the International Division will be developed once a head has been appointed

for the division.

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AFRICAN NA__10NA_L CONGRESS

Μi

25 - 26 FEBRUARY 1995

NATIONAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

VOLUME1

leave when the i-201rst notices for the meeting were sent. The Chairperson promised that the mistake would not happen again.

Members of the NEC expressed dissatisfaction and unhappiness for the wasted time.

2. Apologies

The apologies were noted with the reasons given.

3. Adoption of the Agenda

The Agenda was adopted with the following additions:

- Situation in Natal
- Political Prisoners.

4. Remarks by President

The President welcomed everyone and congragulated all members on their election to the NEC. He hoped that every one had taken time to rest during the festive season holidays.

The President said that the ANC was a fortunate organisation in that it has a leadership of a high caliber such as the N EC members elected at the last conference. The leadership of the ANC over the years worked under difi¬\201cult conditions but succeeded in mobilizing our people in the face of enormous obstacles. President was coni¬\201dent that the newly elected NEC would rise to the challenges that lie ahead.

The President expressed his concern about the violence in Natal where innocent people were dying in large numbers. He referred to the death of Cde. Bheki Ntuli's mother who had been killed at her home in N .Natal. He said that it was important that the leadership of the movement should be seen to be with our people when they go through hardships like violence. When leaders of the movement are seen in areas where there is violence the people get encouraged and never give up. The presence of leaders in such areas mobilizesthe people.

The ANC lost elections in two provinces because it had serious weaknesses in both areas. In Natal we never penetrated the rural areas.

6. The Functioning of the NEC

The Secretary General tabled a memorandum on how the NEC should function. The Memorandum was accepted in principle and in particular:

- * That there should be rules for the NEC;
- * NEC members should be allocated specii¬\201c tasks by doing work in

NEC Committees;

- * The following NEC Committees should be set up:
- Provincial Committees
- Economic Affairs Committee
- Security and Stability Committee
- Political Education Committee
- â\200\224 Disciplinary Committee.
- Committee on Governance.
- * The N EC should have agendas that have regular standard items

dealing with reports from its committees;

- * The NWC should be composed of people who will have political
- responsibility for certain areas of the organisation's work;
- * That the comrades who are heading HQ Divisions should be referred

to as the Secretariat and not the Management Committee, and that they attend NEC and NWC meetings as observers for purposes of ensuring that NBC and NWC decisions are implemented;

 $\hat{a}\200\231$ That there should be NEC/NWC Secretaries who should be

responsible for recording minutes of these structures.

It was further agreed that the memorandum should be re-drafted to take into account some of the suggestions and comments put forward.

7. Composition of the NEC

An analysis of the composition of the NEC as elected by National

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(g) We have not as yet been able to balance creatively the tension between

our newsmakers on government (particularly Ministers) and their responsibilities as ANC leaders. The real question is how we take credit for good work done by our comrades in the government without creating the impression that there are party political cabinet members government. on the contrary we seem to get more than our fair share of the blame when things are not going right.

(h) Our people in various government positions have begun to savour the taste of power. The consequence has been belligerent territoriality in certain instances. In such a situation a coherent information policy becomes the first casualty.

(I)

The dispersion has led to a dissipation of the political cohesion of the movement. This has been a consequence of the necessity to operationalise our policies in the context of creating new government policy. This process has not been managed. Consequently we speak as the ANC, at best from various positions and no central thrust and, at worst , there is a deafening silence from the ANC that arises out of all the problems already identiï¬\201ed.

3.2.1

There are a number of issues that have a bearing on the information needs of the ANC, but do not issue from dispersion of the ANC in the political system. The following issues are of immediate relevance:

I)

ii)

We are confronted with a situation in which 99% Of the media supports a political party that commends 1 % of the support of the people.

The commitment we have to an open society and a free media is seen by some of the media as an opportunity for $muck\hat{a}\200\224$ raking that can sap the energy of the ANC and hopefully divide it.

iii) Attempts by the other side to deâ\200\224emphasise the importance of political

power and to shift the real exercise of power to ostensibly independent institutions where the ANC is weak.

3â\200\231?

must be made as a matter of absolute urgency. This person must fulfil the extremely important role of acting as a channel for information to and from the ANC inside and outside Parliament.

- 5. It is urgent that a decision must be made a bout the future of Mayibuye. Once this has been done a full evaluation of the tasks and the needs of the Production Unit will have to be undertaken.

8. Conclusion

We thank the SC for putting this matter on the agenda even though we were so late in our request. We thank the NBC for a sympathetic listening and for the action that will i-202ow therefrom.

- 5. The Political Head will have to provide political leadership. However, a clear distinction will have to be made between the work of the Political Head and the Head of the Division. The political Head should not be involved in the day to day running of the Division; he/ she should only be consulted when necessary on daily managerial concerns.
- 5. What kind of structure is needed for DIP?

The communication strategy that is proposed can be actualised only if a management structure that is geared towards the new needs is set up. We propose a management structure that is represented by the following diagram. An explanation of the diagram follows below:

POLITICIAL HEAD!

HEAD OF DIVISION!

[DIVISIONAL MANAGEMENT TEAM]

HEAD OF MEDIA LIAISONT

a
MEDIA LIAISON SECTOR]

.

1

PROVINCIAL SECTOR | IINFORMATION SECTOR1

J J nine Provincial media officers

Production Reseanzh Library Unit

Provincial media h'ainer

monitor

82

Ι

1

ministerial spokes- $200\235$ liaison $200\234$ person

ANC
thairs of
Parliament media
standing
committees; ofi¬\201cer
a

L_â\200\224

QC)

6.11.2 ADMINISTRATION DIVISION

Crucial to the smooth and effective functioning of the ANC, the Administration Division should:

coordinate the different administrative units at national, provincial and regional level, with the aim of creating uniform administrative systems and procedures; manage and maintain the ofin\201ces of the ANC;

manage personnel issues and develop the human resource potential of the ANC; meet the transport needs of the ANC;

work closely with the Finance Division to ensure the most efin\201cient use of ANC I'CSOUI'CCS.

Revise and update personnel policy manual

by end of March

Personnel

Staff recruitment

ongoing

Personnel/divisions

Compile divisional reports

monthly

HOD

Complete training needs assessment

by 1 March

Personnel

Check payroll inputs

22nd of each month

Personnel ofi¬\201cer

Compile divisional organograms

by 1 March

Personnel/
divisional admin

Workshops for administrators

- Headquarters
- Provinces
- Regions

```
mid-March
end of March
mid-April
HOD
HOD
HOD
Training for administrators
May-June
Outside consultants
Training for PAS, secretaries and receptionists
March
Personnel
Training for switchboard operators
March-April
HOD/Personnel
begin 1 April
Personnel
Personnel
Training for bookkeepers
Compile staff i¬\2011es
Senior management training
May
February
February
Training for performance appraisal
HOD/
Personnel Ofi¬\201cer
Finalisation and introduction of vehicle scheme
HOD/Division heads/
BTS
Transport consultant
HOD
```

Ofi¬\201cial opening of sub-headquarters in CT

March-April

HOD/

Personnel Ofi¬\201cer

Management skills training

Time management training

Relocation of headquarters

Outside consultants

Personnel

June-July

August

end March/April

March

Apn'l

Salary structure review

Secretariat

SG/DSG/HOD

1 9

93

However, some problems about the general attitude of many ANC leaders to media matters continued to impair the efi¬201ciency of DIP. Throughout this period there was a serious lack of coâ\200\224operation with DIP; and often important decisions and political developments were not communicated to DIP. This general attitude was also evident in the Department's constant struggle to have adequate resources made available to it in order to manage the demands made on it.

After the April 27th elections a number of senior members of DIP became national and regional members of parliament. This meant that the Departments staff contingent was seriously depleted; unfortunately some of the most skilled people left. This together with the continuing lack of full appreciation by the leadership of the importance of a well-functioning DIP to the ANC had a disastrous effect. The photo, Video and sound units left DIP; and the Publishing Unit continues to face serious problems because of exceedingly long delays by the NBC to take a decision about the publishing of a monthly mouthpiece for the ANC. The Media Liaison unit has for all practical purposes ceased to function, depriving the ANC from the ability to respond in any effective way to the many criticisms ands attacks that are constantly being launched against it in the media.

At Regional/ Provincial level the Media Departments have all but collapsed. In most provinces there are no longer fullâ\200\224time media ofï¬\201cers, and the few that are still employed are inexperienced and without the resources to do the work.

Comrade Jackson Mthembu was appointed as the Head of DIP, but because of

a lack of proper stafi¬\201ng backâ\200\224up and also because he has duties as a Senator, found it impossible to meet all the demands that are being made on him.

In general DIP also suffers from a proper strategical analyses about what its function ought to be in the Changed circumstances where the ANC is now also the majority party in government.

The current situation should not be allowed to continue, and there is an urgent need to re-evaluate the role and structures of DIP, and develop a comprehensive media strategy for DIP.

AFRICAN NATIONAL CONGRESS

VOLUME ONE CONTENTS

Document

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Egg:

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.

Agenda

Minutes of Previous Meeting

Strategic Plan for 1995

Memorandum on DIP

Proposal on Chaplaincies

Conference Decisions

1

- 2 9
- 10 32
- 33 43
- 44 â\200\224 45
- 46 52

Provincial Ex Ofi¬\201cio Members

Gauteng
E. Tvl
E. Tvl.
N. West

N. West W. Cape W. Cape E. cape E. Cape N. Cape N . Cape Natal Free State Free State (Verbal) (Verbal) (Verbal) (Verbal) (Written) (Verbal) (Written) (Verbal) (Written) (Verbal) (Verbal) (W ritten) ABSENT . S. Bhengu D. Hanekom M. Mayekiso S. Ndebele C. Chabane 1 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. Z. Skweyiya RESIGNED 1. T. Botha 2. J . Gomomo DECEASED -J . Slovo 45. T. Sexwale 46. M. Phosa 47. S. Zwane 48. P. Molefe 49. D. Ndleleni 50. C. Nissen 51. J . Ngculu 52. D. Mafu 53. B. Gxilishe 54. M. Dipico 55. W. Steenkamp 56. S. Mchunu 57. P. Matosa

58. K. Sebothelo

APOLOGIES

- 1. H. Gwala
- 2. P. Lekota
- 3. S. Maeozoma
- 4. M. Maharaj
- 5. R. Mhlaba
- 6. P. Mokaba
- 7. S. Ngoyama
- 8. A. Pahad
- 9. S. Shilowa 10. S. Sigcau
- 11. P. Mashatile
- 12. N. Ramathlodi

1. Opening

The National Chairperson opened the meeting and welcomed every one to the i-201rst meeting of the NEC and wished all members well for the year. The Chairperson apologised for the two hour delay in starting the meeting and explained that this had been occasioned by the different messages that were sent by different staff members who had been on

0 0 0 the activities of the ANC and its members18 dispersed across a broad range of sites, with little effective coordination of these activities; the organisation is facing serious in\201nancial and resource shortages; there is poor communication between the structures of the organisation; there is insufi¬\201cient emphasis on strategic planning and effective implementation. BROAD PROGRAMME OF WORK The restructuring of the organisation at all levels is intended to address some of these challenges and realise our key objectives. The physical restructuring is largely complete however, the capacity of our new structure remains largely untested. Below are organograms of the constitutional structures of the ANC and the divisions of th organisation at a national level. NATIONAL CONFERENCE 1 Mâ\200\230 NATIONAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE NATIONAL WORKING COMMITTEE Т NEC 1 1 NATIONAL OFFICE BEARERS

President

Deputy President

National Chairperson

Deputy Secretary General Secretary General Treasurer General 1 1 Ι 1 1 1 E Cape PEC E Tvl PEC Gauteng PEC

KINatal

PEC

N. Cape

PEC

N.Tv| PEC

N. Wat

PEC

OFS PEC

w. Cape

PEC

SECRETARIAT

Ι

Governance

Division

International

Division

Admin Division

Information

Division

Policy/RDP

Division

Legislatures

Division

Finance Division

1

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Organising

Division

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To achieve these objectives the organisation needs to address a number of pn'orities in t coming year. These priorities can be deï¬\201ned in three categories: political, organisa tional and administrative. â\200\230 At a broad political level, the immediate priorities of the ANC are: Â٥ a decisive victory in local government elections; substantive progress towards the writing and adoption of a democratic constitution; delivery of, and effective grassroots participation in, the Reconstruction and Development Programme; fundamental transformation of society at all levels. To put the ANC in a position to achieve these political priorities, the organisation need s to: strengthen its structures at national, provincial and branch level; embark on a far-reaching programme of cadre development; develop the capacity of ANC representatives to execute their responsibilities effectively maintain the unity of the organisation around the common strategic objectives; build and strengthen alliances at all levels. The ANC needs to address its administrative capacity - often an area of neglect. In parti cular, we should: establish structures and processes at national and provincial level capable of implementing the programme of the organisation; coordinate all activities of ANC structures and representatives; establish and maintain effective mechanisms of in\201nancial control and progress towards i¬\201nancial self-sufi¬\201ciency at all levels of the organisation; Â٥ ' ensure clear lines of communication and accountability within the structures and divisions of the organisation. 3.

PROBLEM STATEMENT

The ANC victory in last year $200\231$ s democratic elections has correctly been hailed as the single most

 $\signiin\201\cant$ expression yet of our objective of the transfer of power to the majority of South

Africans. It has also been noted, however, that this objective remains to be fully realis ed. It is

towards the attainment of the complete transformation of our society that we must now ded icate

ourselves.

The obstacles to progress in this regard are numerous. The challenges the ANC will have to meet are plentiful, complex and - in some cases - very new. In the coming year, we will need

the organs of state remain largely unchanged; the successful implementation of the RDP is hindered by the lack of democratic local government;

\[\alpha\200\230 \text{ violence} \] and criminal activity threaten the stability of the country and contn\(\alpha\200\231 \) bute to

\[\alpha \]

climate of counter-revolution; inequality and inefin\201ciency remain dominant in the economy; there remain huge shortfalls in housing, education, health, social welfare and infrastructure development.

The conditions in which we in\201nd ourselves, together with our inability to remedy some of the weaknesses that have long plagued our organisation, means that we are faced with a number of challenges internal to the organisation:

' to focus attention on the following problems:

ANC structures are largely inactive and membership is demoralised; there has been a drain on our leadership through deployment to parliament, legislatures, government and the public service;

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6.5

TRIPARTITE ALLIANCE .

The Tripartite Alliance is situated at the centre of the broad political and organisation al front

which recognises the leading role of the ANC and is united around the perspectives contained

in the Reconstruction and Development Programme. The Alliance has the key responsibility to

defend the gains of our democratic revolution, ensure that the RDP is implemented and mobilise our people for their constructive engagement in the process of fundamental transformation of the country.

The Tripartite Alliance should:

function effectively at all levels; embark on joint campaigns; participate effectively in joint structures; work towards an ANC-led victory in local government elections; draw SANCO more into the programme of the alliance; be involved in the constitution-making process.

Joint NECs

Strategy meetings

Secretariat

3 per year

Elections

Participate effectively in all structures

Constitution

Participate effectively in all structures

Monitor work

Secretariat

Provinces

Monthly

Secretan'at

Meetings

RDP Councils Meetings Fortnightly Secretaries RDP structures Ongoing Secretaries 6.6 YOUTH LEAGUE The objectives of the Youth League for 1995 are centred around the need for youth development and empowerment throughout the country. In particular, the Youth League will focus On: developing a culture of learning which will include joint programmes on education with SASCO and COSAS; mobilising youth to ensure an ANC victory in local government elections; promoting nation-building and reconciliation among youth, in particular; involving youth in the constitution-making process; 0 0 . establish a strong and effective National Youth Council. NBC Meetings YL Secretary (31% dates NWC Meetings Give dates YL Secretary Set up election team March YL NEC Identify reps for list committee

WOMENâ\200\231S LEAGUE

6. 7

Conference on youth

Give date

YL NBC

YL NEC

March

15

94>.

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Qonstitutional Qommission Qecretariat
Tasks
0
0
Process issues for commission;
coordinate work of Constitutional Assembly with ANC CA structures in
parliament;
monitor work in provinces.
Constitutional Commision Secretariat members
1. Z. Skweyiya (Chairperson)2. C. Ramaphosa
3. M. Manzini
5. F. Ginwala
4. V. Moosa
6. B. Kgositsile
Draï¬\202ing Committee
Tasks
0
Draft documents on the instruction of the ofi¬\201cials, NWC and NEC.
Draï¬\201ing Committee members

    J . Cronin (Chairperson)
    P. Jordan

5. S. Bhengu
2. J. Netshitenzhe
4. M. Maharaj
Finance Committee
Tasks
Oversee the control of the funds and assets of the ANC;
receive and consider budgets;
receive and consider half-yearly in\201nancial statements and other in\201nance
management reports before presentation to the NEC;
review i¬\201nance policy and accounting procedures.-
Finance Committee members
1. A. Stoï¬\201le (Chairperson)
3. T. Mbeki
5. C. Ramaphosa
Provincial Treasurers
N
Ρ
0
. N . Mandela
. J . Zuma
. C. Carolus
National Working Committee
The National Working Committee shall meet fortnightly and oversee the work of the movemen
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between NEC meetings. It should carry out ther decisions and instructions of the NBC and Conference, and should submit a report to each NEC meeting.

Members of the NWC should be given oversight responsibility for various aspects of the movement $200\231s$ work. The NWC should ideally be composed of the following categories: 0 six of 201cials

O seven members each responsible for one of the following:

- Organising
- Political Education
- ' Policy/RDP
- Provincial matters

COMMISION AND

RESOLUTIONS

IMPLEMENTATIONSI
GOVERNMENT/LEGISLATURE

ANC STRUCTURES

OTHER

- 6: Land & Agriculture
- 6.] Convene a strategic planning session of ANC Premier & Provin cial Chairpersons
- * NEC & ANC Policy Division
- 6.2 Establish ANC Agricultural Comnzittees
- * NEC & ANC Policy Division
- 6.3 Convene a national consulta
- * NEC & ANC Policy Division

tive summit to endorse ANC Agricultural Policy

- 7: Education
- 7.1 Launch "Mobilisingfor a [£61m ing Nation Campaign
- 8: Emancipation of Women
- 8.1 Appoint Cabinet Committee to monitor work in all ministries
- 8.2 Immediate ratii \neg \201cation of UN. convention on the elimination ofall forms of discrimination against women (CEDA W)
- * ANC Education Desk
- * Emancipation Commission
- * Emancipation Commission
- * Study groups (Nat & Prov) MEC's, Ministers
- * President

* Government, Gender Commission

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The Treasurer General 200\231s Ofi201ce, together with the Finance Division, needs to
fuli¬\2011 the
following functions:
managing the resources and assets of the ANC;
implementing and maintaining systems of i¬\201nancial control throughout the
organisation;
develOping strategies for fundraising (especially for the local government elections).
Staff
Appointment of Head of Department End Feb
Personnel, TG,
SG
Evaluation of staff capacity
End March
HOD, TG,
SG/DSG
Devise programmes for staff capcity
building
End April
Personnel with
TG and HOD
Evaluate capacity and install
upliftment programmes for prov
ï¬\201nancial staff
HOD, TG,
consultant
Controls
Devise mechanisms for checking
usage of ANC property
Initiate controls on usage of
consumables eg. letterheads, bus
cards
March/Apnil
```

HOD, TG,
consultant

March/April

HOD, TG,
consultant

Immediate

TG, SGO

March/April

HOD, TG

Initiate rigid controls and evaluate all existing ANC projects

Investigate all instances of misuse of Immediate ANC funds

Devise and implement methods of collecting contributions from Ministers and Parliamentarians

Devise controls to prevent misuse of funds

Fundraising

Plan fundraising trips by leadership

Ongoing

TG, accountant, legislature

At least once a month

lst week of March

leadership

HOD, SG, TG

HOD, Admin Secretary

Local fundraising events

1 7

IMPLEMENTATIONS

COMMISION AND

RESOLUTIONS

ANC STRUCTURES

GOVERNMENT/LEGISLATURE

OTHER

- 8.3 Establish Commission involving rural structures to propose mecha nisms to address cultural practices that are oppressive to women. To report to NEC in six months
- 9: Youth Empowerment & Development
- 9.1 Develop a youth policy document
- * Organising
- * Rural womens' movements
- * Policy Division & Youth League

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AFRICAN NATIONAL CONGRESS

NATIONAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

MINUTES

DATE: 21-22 January 1995

VENUE: Ritz Inn Hotel, Cape Town.

In the Chair - J. Zuma (National Chairperson)

PRESENT

- 1. N. Mandela
- 3. C. Ramaphosa
- 5. A. Stoï¬\2011e
- 7. J. Cronin
- 9. B. Holomisa
- 11. P. Jordan
- 13. A. Kathrada
- 15. P. Maduna
- 17.T. Manuel
- 19. G. Marcus
- 21. W. Mkwayi 23. T. Modise 25. V. Moosa 27. L. Mti

- 29. J . Netshitenzhe
- 31. C.Niehaus
- 33. C. Nqakula
- 35. A. N20
- 37. E. Pahad
- 39. M. Sisulu
- 41. A. Tambo
- 43. T. Yengeni
- 2. T. Mbeki
- 4. C. Carolus
- 6. K. Asmal
- 8. L. Hani
- 10. L. Johnson
- 12. R. Kasrils
- 14. B. Kgositsile
- 16. W. Mandela
- 18. M. Manzini
- 20. T. Mboweni

- 22. J. Modise 24. R. Mompati 26. T. Mthintso
- 28. S. Mufamadi
- 30. J . Nhlanhla
- 32. S. Nkondo
- 34. B. Nzimande
- 36. D. Omar
- 38. J. Radebe
- 40. R. Suttner
- 42. S. Tshwete
- 44. N. Zuma

AFRICAN NATIONAL CONGRESS

NATIONAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

DATE: 25 - 26 February 1995 VENUE: UWC, Cape Town

TIME: 10H00

 ${\tt _\hat{a}\200\224$

DRAFT AGENDA

- . Opening
- . Apologies
- . Adoption of Agenda
- . Minutes of last NEC
- . State of the Nation President
- . Discussion of President's input
- . Strategic Plan and Programme of Work

8.

Ofi¬\201cials Report

9;

Constitutional Commission Report

- 10 Local Government Elections
- 11. Election of NWC
- 12. Any Other Business
- 13. Closure

After the ANC'S unbanning in 1990 the process of rebuilding the ANC in the country was accompanied by a continuing expansion programme of the Department of Information and Publicity - at both National and Regional level. An initially very small operation with a few staff members running publishing and media liaison components at Head Ofi¬\201ce, and i¬\202edgling media departments in the regions (often without even a single full-time media ofi¬\201cer); was over the next four years expanded to become one of the largest departments in the ANC. Various strong units were developed, among them the Print/Publishing Unit that took responsibility for publishing Mayibuye and all other printed material. A Media Liaison Unit, which grew from a one person unit in 1990 to a staff of four fullâ\200\224time spokespersons and back-up staff. Other units included the photo-unit, video-unit, sound-unit (the old Radio Freedom), and closer to the elections a strong briei¬\201ng unit was also created.

Every region had at least one full $200\224$ time Media Ofi¬201cer. Often a second person was employed to deal with the publishing side of matters, and further staff was employed on contract during the last three months before the elections.

In order to build capacity a full time Training facilitator was also employed, Who travelled extensively between the regions and ensured that a very extensive training programme was implemented.

During the last month and a half before the elections a media centre was opened at the Carlton Hotel. This operation stood under the control of the Media Liaison Unit, and further staff were employed on contract in order to deal with the huge media interest in the elections.

This expanding department stood under the control of Comrade Pallo Jordan as the Secretary of Information. He was ably assisted by two Deputies: Cde Joel Netshitendze and Cde Gill Marcus.

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An objective assessment will indicate that DIP was one of the ANC'S more successful operations. It succeeded in giving the ANC the capacity to respond relatively successfully to the many hostile attacks that it had to face from a biased media. Close to the elections DIP had developed the capacity to beat the National Party in both the publications/ advertising and media liaison in\201eld.

Finalisation and introduction of new administrative systems and procedures

June-July

SG/DSG/ HOD/ Division heads/ Prov secretaries

Conduct staff appraisal

June and November

SG/ DSG/ HOD/ Division heads/ Prov secretaries

Compile skills inventory

Arrange annual staff party

workshop for headquarters, provinces and regions

Vehicle maintenance, transport procedures

end of March

end of March

Personnel

Personnel

October

HOD

5.12.3 ORGANISING DIVISION

The Organising Division13 central to all the campaigns of the ANC In particular, it shoul d:

assist in launching and building branches and regions;

play an integral roleln the local government election campaign, including overseeing the establishment and operation of election structures at all levels;

develop and implement a programme of cadre development;

improve and maintain the operation of the membership system;

empower branches to participate in RDP implementation and the constitution-making process;

build the Tripartite Alliance and relations with MDM structures at all levels.

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provmclal and

Revive branches by calling AGMs

by end of March

regional organisers

Recruit at least 500 000 members

up until December

organisers at all levels

_

Strengthening alliance and leagues

end of February

HOD to meet alliance
and league leaders

Organise prernier $\200\231s$ forum to visit provinces where we fared badly during elections

by end of March

OD, PECS and Premiers

Recruitment drive

Political induction

after branch launches

Cadre development

OD, DIP, PECs and branches

immediately, as part
of voter registration

provincial and
regional organisers

Voter registration launches

Upholding work ethics

from end February

NEC, OD, PECs

immediately

immediately

HOD

OD

5.12.4 RDP AND POLICY DIVISION

The RDP and Policy Division should:

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5.1 The Political Head

This will be a member of the NEC whose main responsibility will be to i-201nd the In practical terms he/ she will ensure that the divisions political leadership.

division clearly understands its tasks as de i^2 01ned by the NBC, in turn, resource the division accordingly. He/ she will not be involved in the day to day running of the division. He/ she Will be consulted only when it is necessary.

5.2 Head of Division

The head of division will be based at HQ in Johannesburg and be part of the organisation management team. He/ she will be responsible for all staff and implementation of the DIP policies throughout the organisation. He/ she will report to the Political Head. He/ she will chair the Divisional Management Team.

5.3 Divisional Management Team

This structure will consist of the nine Provincial Media Ofi¬\201cers and the Heads of the variou units of the DIP at HQ. It will assist the Head of the Division in the management of the division. Strategy for the division will be proposed, discussed and operationalised at this level.

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5.4 Head of Media Liaison

The Head of Media Liaison will be responsible for the effort of improving the image Of the ANC in the media. He/she will be based at HQ and they will with, Parliamentary media liaison of \[\] \201cers and the Provincial media liaison of \[\] \201cers. He/ she will deputise the Head of the Division when the latter is not available.

5.5 Media Liaison Officer in Parliament

Ln

3.2 Challenges facing the ANC in this new situation

Inspite of our protestations to the contrary our assumption of the ofi¬\201ce after the April elections dispersed the ANC throughout the political system and the impact of the dispersion was quite radical. This dispersion had the following news and information consequences for the ANC.

- (a)
- (b)
- (d)

The capacities of HQ and Provincial Ofi¬\201ces in various DIP functions declined markedly as comrades moved to legislatures, to civil service, the private sector. Continued uncertainty exacerbated this situation.

News - Making and generation by the ANC became dispersed. Thus news and information gathering and dissemination changed drastically. Our structures could not be responsive to this situation.

The relationship between the ANC constitutional structures and the ANC structures within the political system took time to crystallise. Information i-2020 between the two structured ebbed to a frustrating trickle.

We took a long time to shift our information paradigm form the situation in which we engaged the propaganda of the States and the establishment as if we were still a liberation movement. The fact that we are now part of the governing alliance created a state of near - paralysis in our propaganda.

The institutional cohesion of the ANC was adversely affected by the dispersion. Thanks to corrective measures taken at the interregional summit the situation was arrested and later reversed.

(f)

The President, the greatest newsmaker for the ANC and in the country has had to be shared With (or taken over by) the country. The publicity mileage that we got as the ANC was lost.

A need for a full - time media liaison of \$\in\$\201cer based in Parliament is great, this individual will serve the press gallery in Cape Town on behalf of the ANC. He/ she will work with the nine Provincial media liaison of \$\in\$\201cers to ensure that events and issues at Provincial level are raised with the Parliamentary press. He/ she will work With the ANC Chief Whips in Parliament in their handling of the media. The liaison of \$\in\$\201cer will report to the Head of Media Liaison. He/ she will also work with Provincial Ministerial spokespersons in a discretionary manner.

5.6 DIP units at Head Quarters

All the DIP units at HQ will be led by a head of a unit. The Head of a unit will be a member of the Divisional Management Team to which they will provide reports. The Unit Head will be responsible for everything in his/her} unit from budgeting, to staff management, efi¬\201ciency levels, planning etc.

6. Personnel and Staff Component

Staff needs for this structure to function can be easily calculated. this can be

done more efi¬\201ciently in consultation with the SG and TG ofi¬\201ces. The basic principle is that it will have to be a lean but effective structure. It will have to be proactive and develop and adapt a media strategy. In carrying out its mandate The DIP will have to make use of the comrades that are deployed in the Parliamentary system. Dynamic linkages with the constituency ofi¬\201ces will have to be maintained.

- 7. The way forward
- 1. The NEC must in principle agree to the implementation of the proposed Departmental Structure for DIP.
- 2. It is absolutely urgent that a full time head for the Department must be appointed to implement these proposals effectively. This person must have the necessary political weight and managerial skills.
- 3. The appointment of Media Liaison of in 201cer in Parliament

Workshops

Training for HQ staff

End March

HOD, Accts staff, SG, TG

Training for provincial treasury staff

Apnl/M'ay

HOD, Accts staff, TG

Devise format for presentation of monthly statement for NBC and NWC

Apnl/M'ay

Discuss methods to implement systems based on ANC admin manual

ANC supporting business experts to set up business ventures

TG, HOD, business coord

24 March and ongoing

Apnl/M'ay

6.11 HQ DIVISIONS

6.11.1 INFORMATION DIVISION

The Information Division has the following key functions: $\boldsymbol{0}$

developing and implementing a media strategy for the ANC; developing and implementing an election media strategy; building media capacity at a provincial and branch level; meeting the information needs of the ANC.

0

ASAP"

HOD

Media brieï¬\201ng sessions in CT/HQ

weekly from 30 Mar

Media liaison ofi¬\201cer

Production of Mayibuye

monthly from April

Production head

Production of ANC Constitution News

monthly from mid Mar

HOD

Library updates sent to provinces, parliament ASAP and ongoing and legislatures

Librarian

Training of provincial media ofi¬\201cers

Updates from prov media ofi¬\201cers to HQ

ongoing

monthly

Production of provincial newsletters

from 30 April

Inter-provincial meetings

every three months

Provincial press releases sent to HQ

Develop provincial media strategies for local government elections campaign

daily

Prov coordinator

Prov media ofi¬\201cers

Prov media ofi¬\201cers/
Prov coordinator

Prov media ofi¬\201cers/

Prov media ofi¬\201cers

Prov coordinator

HOD/Elect team

18

9â\200\2317

ANC STRUCTURES

GOVERNMENTILEGISLATURE

OTHER

COMMISION AND

RESOLUTIONS

4.4 Establish Constitutional

Commision

- 5: Local Government
- 5.] Traditional leaders* Request government to centralise the payment of traditional leaders
- * Political education programmes for traditional leaders on rights & duties
- * Establish government commission to investigte restoration of traditional leadership to heriditary leaders
- 5.2 Call a national elections strategy workshop by February 1995
- 5.3 Establish RDP Oï¬\202ices and RDP Standing Committees in all local governments support
- 5.4 Launch integrated campaign for socioaeconomic transformations

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- * Cabinet
- * ANC Political Education School
- * Ministry of Constitutional Affairs
- 8 Local Governments
- * Organising & Local Government Divisions
- * ANC branches

8. T. Manuel 10. P. Molefe 12. A. Kathrada 7. G. Marcus 9. T. Lekota 1 1. J. Netshitenzhe One representative per province Womenâ\200\231s League representative Youth League representative COSATU representative SACP representative SANCO representative Local Government Elections National List Committee (ad hoc) Tasks 0 Draw up list procedure guidelines; ensure strict enforcement of guidelines; mediate in provinces where disputes arise; ensure process is administratively simple and efin 201cient. National List Committee members 1. S. Tshwete (Chairperson) 2. C. Ramaphosa 3. C. Carolus 5. W. Sisulu COSATU SACP SANCO 4. A. Stoï¬\2011e Constitutional Commission Tasks Λ 0 Strategise and process the movementâ\200\231s constitutional positions for presentation to the NWC and the NBC; coordinate the constitutionâ\200\224making process in the CA; ensure that Provincial Constitutional Commissions function. Constitutional Commission members 1. Z. Skweyiya (Chairperson)2. N . Mandela 3. T. Mbeki 5. C. Ramaphosa 7. A. Stofile 9. F. Ginwala 11. P. Maduna 4. J. Zuma 6. C. Carolus 8. J . Nhlanhla 10. S. Mufamadi 12. B. Kgositsile 14. B. Ncguka 16. B. Mabandla 18. J . Netshitenzhe 20. M. Phosa 22. V.Moosa - 13. D. Omar

15. M. Manzini 17. J. Modise 19. M. Maharaj 21. K. Asmal

One representative per province Womenâ\200\231s League representative Youth League representative COSATU representative SACP representative SANCO representative

The Secretary General and Deputy Secretary General will i¬\201nalise the Womenâ\200\231s League programme with WL ofi¬\201cials and insert it in this document.
NEC Meetings NWC Meetings
WL Secretary
WL Secretary
Give dates
Give dates
Set up election team
March
WL NEC
Identify reps for list committee
Conference on women
WL NEC
Give date
WL NEC
March
6. 8
PRESIDENCY
The President, Deputy President and National Chairperson need to continue their important political interventions when the need arises. The President will continue to spend one day a
week at HQ, and efforts will be made to arrange a regular time when the Deputy President and
National Chairperson can be at HQ.
6. 9
SECRETARY GENERAL â\200\2315 OFFICE
The key functions of the Secretary Generalâ\200\231s Ofi¬\201ce are:
â°
Coordinate the work of the organisation efi¬\201ciently and effectively at all levels; ensure that the administration of the ANC is efi¬\201cient;

NEC meetings Quarterly SG NWC meetings Fortnightly SG NEC Committees Ongoing Committee Secretaries Ofi¬ $\201$ cials meetings Weekly DSG **HQ** Secretariat Weekly Overall Coordinator Ongoing Feb-Oct SG/DSG Provinces

coordinate the work of the NEC, NWC and NEC Committee.

Prov Secs Forum
Constitution-making
Inter Provincial Summit
MDM Conference
Fortnightly
November
SG/DSG
SG/DSG
SG/DSG
Ongoing
Monthly
April
May
Alliance
SG
DSG
mm
1 6

SG/DSG

Elections

African NatiOnal Congress

STRATEGIC PLAN FOR 1995

1 .

INTRODUCTION

This document is a culmination of the strategising and planning work that has taken place over

the last couple of months. It provides a thorough and detailed plan of the priorities, ac tivities

and plans of the ANC for 1995 based on:

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49th National Conference decisions;

NEC decisions;

Management Committee (now Secretariat) bosberaad decisions;

Divisional plans;

Provincial plans.

In itself, the document attempts to begin addressing a major shortcoming in our organisat ion -

the lack of coherent, realistic and comprehensive planning. We need to move away from the culture of $\hat{a}\200\234$ crisis management $\hat{a}\200\235$, which for a long time has characterised the way we approach

our programme.

This document deliberately emphasises the implementation of decisions, providing a clear time

frame for all activities and dividing responsibility among the structures and divisions of the $\ensuremath{\mathsf{I}}$

organisation. The plan also makes provision for mechanisms to monitor implementation and do

follow-up work, where necessary.

The usefulness of this plan needs to be judged on the basis of whether it:

, -0

is coherent and deepens our understanding of our organisation; sets out our objectives, action plans and allocation of resources; responds to our strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats; sets out a broad programme of work that is achievable; dei¬\201nes the tasks of each structure of the movement in realising our objectives.

Ultimately, though, the test of this plan will be whether we can say, at the end of 1995, that the organisation is stronger than ever before and that we have made substantial progress in

a realising the strategic objectives of the ANC.

2 .

OBJECTIVES OF THE ANC

Conference resolved that the strategic objective of our struggle remains the building of a united,

democratic, non-racial and non-sexist society, as envisaged in the Freedom Charter. The main

content of the present phase remains the all-round political, economic and social emancip ation

of the historically oppressed majority of our country.

The key strategic objectives of the movement in the coming period are therefore:

deepening democracy through completing the transfer of power to the majority; the deracialisation of South African society; building a non-sexist society; achievement of national consensus on the democratisation process; destroy all centres of counter-revolutionary violence and destabilisation.

The collective programme of work of these structures for 1995 is primarily the following: winning local government elections; leading the constitution making process; rebuilding the structures and mass base of the ANC; developing meaningful grassroots participation in the RDP; transforming organs of state and society more broadly; ensuring increased delivery of peopleâ\200\231s basic needs. Among the strategies which will be employedin effecting this programme of work are: Â٥ 0 0 the deployment of MPs and NBC members throughout the country; effective management of divisions at headquarters; coordination between the ANC in government, the public service, parliament, provincial legislatures and ANC structures; developing sound in\201nancial practices and building a culture of self-sufin\201ciency a mona our structures; developing alliances (including the Tripartite Alliance) particularly at provincial, regional and local levels. 5. IMPLEMENTATION Although this document presents an ambitious programme, with proper planning and effectiv use of human and other resources the work can be completed â\200\224 and the objectives w eâ\200\231ve outlined can be achieved. We will also need to impose stringent in 201nancial controls to ensure that our expenditure for the year does not exceed what is absolutely necessary.

If the effort and the expense are going to be justiï¬\201ed, we need to place emphasis on

effective implementation of the plans described in this document. The key concern is that mechanisms for implementation be built into the programme of the ANC for the year. To thi

end the following should be agreed upon:

their work;

coordination of the implementation of the programme will take place throughh the Secretary Generalâ\200\231s Ofi¬\201ce and the national divisions; NEC committees will have staff dedicated to the smooth running and administration of

a person will be employed to monitor the implementation of our programme on a full time basis;

our accountability to ourselves and each other and our structures can ensure proper implemeneation.

' The job of implementation lies ultimately on our effectiveness in developing a clear pr ogramme

of action - a programme which is in\201rmly grounded in the objectives of the organisatio

which takes cognisance of the objective and subjective constraints of the organisation.

COMMISION AND

RESOLUTIONS

ANC STRUCTURES

IMPLEMENTATIONSI
GOVERNMENT/LEGISLATURE

OTHER

* Tri Partite Alliance

m F:

- * Ministry to draft
- * Convene a workshop on role of community policing forums before end of February 1995
- * Restructuring the SANDF
- Concept legislation to democra tise the Defence Act & military disciplinary code in line with the principles of the Interim Constitu tion & a civilian ministry of Defence
- Establish a Service Corps Brigade
- * Give effect to Section 189 of teh Interim Constitution (pensions for veterans)
- 4: Constitution making process
- 4.] Hold ANC Constitutional Conference by March I 995
- 4.2 Conference ofall Democratic Forces by April 1995 to discuss ANC constitutional proposals
- 4.3 Reï¬\201ne policy on relationship between different levels ofgovern ment & allocations ofpowers
- * ANC study group
- ANC study group: Possible legisaltion
- * ANC Constitutional Commission
- * ANC Constitutional Commission
- * Policy & RDP with Constitutional Commission

PROVINCIAL STR UCTURES

The provincial structures of the organisation, in particular the PECs, need to perform the ϵ

following functions:

all provincial structures must meet on a regular basis in accordance with an agreed schedule of meetings;

adopt an achievable programme of work with clear action plans;

complete the restructuring of provinces and launch regions in terms of the guidelines agreed to;

build and strenghten regions, sub-regions and branches;

ensure that all PEC members, MPs and MPLs are deployed to do work in the province at regional and branch level;

oversee establishment of election structures and list process; give direction on provincial and local governance.

PGC

Meetings in year

Give dates

PEC

PEC

Regular meetings

Give dates

Prov Sec

Present programme for the year to

31 February

Prov Sec

Regular meetings

Give dates

Prov Sec

Set up Election Team

End February

PEC

PWC

Election

Set up List Committee

```
End February
PEC
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Voter registration

Feb-April

PEC, MPLs,

MPs

Plan and strategise

Febâ\200\224April

PEC, Team

Peopleâ\200\231s Forums

Feb-April

PEC

List Comm

PEC, Team

Voter education

Start canvassing

Choose candidates

Candidates meet voters

Set up Provincial Commission Delegation to Conference Major events $\hat{a}\200\224$ - rallies

Sept-Oct

Sept-Oct

PEC

PEC

PWC

PWC
May-Aug
May-Aug
25 March
25 March
Workshop on CA
Win elections
Constitution
End October
Now
May
PEC
Provincial Executive Committees are urged to give more content to this broad programme outline and present their programme to HQ by 31 February 1995.
13
SQ

Constit'utipnal
Strategise on CA
Commlssmn
Report to NWC
Monthly
Monthly
25 Feb
Commission
Commission Secretariat
Send paper to provinces
Attend provincial workshops
March
Commission
Constitutional Conference
1-2 April
Commission
MDM Conference
April
Commission
Attend provincial meetings
Ongoing
Commission
Constitutional Commission Secretariat
Meetings
Twice weekly

Chairperson

Drafting Committee

National List Committee

Do work in accordance with List Process

First meeting Finalise budget Finalise ï¬\201nance systems

Committee Committee Committee

Prepare statements and documents

Ongoing

- 15 March
- 31 March
- 31 March

Financg: comm

Mar-Oct

Committee

Committee

12

6.

6.]

PROGRAMME OF WORK AND ACTION PLANS

NATIONAL CONSTITUTIONAL STRUCTURES

The National Executive Committee, National Working Committee and national of $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc i}}\xspace \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc o}}\xspace \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc o}}\xspace$ eed

collectively to fulï¬\2011 the following key functions: $\ensuremath{\text{0}}$

provide overall political direction to the organisation; monitor and evaluate the state of the organisation and the progress of the programme; deploy leadership to build the organisation at all levels; give political direction to ANC representatives in government and parliament; oversee, in particular, the local government election campaign and the constitution-making process.

National Executive Committee

6.1.1

The NEC must meet at least four times a year, but should be able to be convened when the need

arises. All NEC members must attend meetings of the NBC and remain in attendance throughout the meetings. All members of the NEC deployed in committees shall be required to

report on their activities whenever the NEC meets.

NEC Committees

Provincial Committees

Tasks

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all provincial committee members must work as a collective and be accountable to each other, the Provincial Executive Committee, the national ofi¬\201cials, the NWC and the NEC;

provincial committees must do systematic work in the province in terms of building and strengthening organisation, in particular the local government election campaign;

provincial committees must deal with matters that require NEC intervention; members shall submit regular written reports to the Secretary General.

Each provincial committee will be supported and serviced by staff based in the SGO.

By decision of the NEC the following committees will be established:

Free State Provincial Committee

- 1. T. Lekota
- 3. D. Hanekom
- 5. M. Mayekiso
- 7. K Sebotlelo (Prov Sec)
- 2. J. Nhlanhla
- 4. L. Hani
- 6. P. Matosa (Provincial Chairperson)

~NOrthern Cape Provincial Committee

- 1. M. Maharaj
- 3. A. Pahad
- 5. B. Holomisa
- 7. W. Steenkamp (Prov Sec)

- B. Mabandla
 C. Niehaus
 M. Dipico (Prov Chair)

 * A report on the processes we had embarked on with SANCO was tabled.

13. Situation in Natal

The National Chairperson gave a brie $in\201$ ng on the situation in Natal regarding violence. It was agreed that measurers had to be taken to reduce the violence.

14. Political Prisoners

The plight of political prisoners was discussed and it was decided that:

- $\ ^{*}$ A delegation should be sent to explain to the edes. regarding their situation.
- \star . A delegation should meet the relevant Minister to take this matter to a solution.

15. Closure

The meeting adjourned at 25-26 February 1995.

. Disciglinagj Qommittee Tasks 0 Investigate any activity or conduct in breach of the Constitution or the Code of Conduct by members of the ANC deployed at any level; conduct hearings, in accordance with the disciplinary procedure, against any member alleged or suspected of having breached the Constitution or Code of Conduct; submit reports to the ofin\201cials, the NWC and the NEC on work done; each PEC should set up 3 Disciplinary Committee. Disciplinary Committee members 1. K. Asmal (Chairperson) 3. A. Erwin 5. W. Mkwayi 2. N. Zuma 4. R. Mompati 6. Z. Skweyiya Economic Transformation Committee Tasks Λ The committee shall attend to economic issues and coordinate its work with Policy/RDP Division and the relevant government ministers; the committee shall report to the ofin\201cials, the NWC and the NEC. Economic Transformation Committee members 1. T. Mboweni (Chairperson) 3. T. Manuel 5. S. Sigcau 7. J . Radebe 2. A. Erwin 4. G. Marcus 6. M. Sisulu 8. D. Hanekom Social Needs Committee Tasks Attend to matters pertaining to social needs and coordinate its work with the Policy/RDP Division and relevant government ministers; report to the of $i\neg\201$ cials, NWC and NEC regularly and process matters requiring decision. Social Needs Committee members 1. S. Nkondo (Chairperson)

B. Nzimande
 D. Hanekom
 W. Mandela

Securigg and Qtabiligg Committee

- S. Bhengu
 A. Tambo
 T. Modise

Tasks

Â٥

The committee shall deal with all matters regarding the security and stability of the country; reports shall be presented regularly.

Security and Stability Committee members

- 1. S. Mufamadi (Chairperson)
- 3. T. Yengeni
- 5. R. Kasrils

- 2. J . Modise 4. L. Mti 6. B. Holomisa

\b

Conference was presented. The President expressed a concern that the NEC as presently constituted lack the type of balance required for our organisation in terms of geographic representation and gender and also that there were no less than 24 members of Cabinet and Deputy Ministers on the NEC, many of whom were too busy with work in their ministries. After discussion it was felt that the matter should not be taken any further.

The vacancies that had occurred following Cde J . Slovo's death and the withdrawal from the NEC by Cdes. T. Botha and J. Gomomo were discussed. It was decided that the vacancies should be <code>i-\2011led</code> by the three women with the highest votes following the sixtieth candidate. It was noted that the three comrades who would replace the above mentioned comrades would be Cdes N. Maphisa, B. Mabandla and T. Msane.

9. NWC

It was agreed that the NWC should be elected at the next NEC meeting.

9. Conference Evaluation

There being little time left, it was decided that we should not deal with this matter. It was proposed that the evaluation of National Conference should be more political rather than technical.

10.

Local Government Proposals

10.1 Local Government National Election Co-ordinator

The N EC agreed that the ofin-201cials should in-201nalise this matter.

10.2. Election strategy Workshop

It was agreed that the workshop should be held and that NEC members should attend.

10.3 National List Committee

It was agreed that the National List Committee should be appointed.

. 7

In W.Cape we faced blatant racism and we were not able to counter the strategies of the NP effectively. We need to give priority to strengthening organisation in the two provinces.

The President continued to say that the ANC has sound policies but we could only address our weaknesses through organisation.

The President remarked about the threatening strikes in the civil service. Some of these strikes were accompanied by sit-ins in government buildings and hostage taking. He commended Cde Zola Skweyiya in the way he was handling this problem but said that the problem was too large for one person. Cde Zola Skweyiya needed the support of other ministers in handling this problem.

Equally important is the local government elections. These elections are going to be more complex than the general elections. At local level we will have to be dealing with $speciin\201c$ local issues. The registration of voters will be a challenging task. This means that the NEC will have to work out a plan to ensure that we win the elections. If we don't win the local government elections, then the implementation of the RDP will be undermined. If we as N EC members work hard we can consolidate the gains we have already made and be successful in the elections.

The 86 will brief the NBC on how the NEC should function. The structures he will propose will require a lot of human and $i^2 201$ nancial resources. This brings to the fore the question of our $i^2 201$ nancial resources. We will need to involve all N EC members in fund-raising. This is an issue that many leaders in the movement ignore.

The President concluded by wishing all members luck and success in their work as NEC members.

5. The Indemnity Issue

The President gave a report on his meeting with Mr. De Klerk following the meeting of the Cabinet when the indemnity issue was discussed. After discussion it was agreed that the proposals set out in Cde. D. Omar's statement as Minister of Justice should be endorsed.

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monitor the implementation of the RDP;
develop ANC policy on an on-going basis;
provide capacity for the ANC in government;
ensure the coordination of ANC work in various sites of deployment;
oversee the ANC input into the constitution-making process, including the work of the

4
Constitution Commission.
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Constitutional Commission meetings

Monthly

ANC Constitutional Conference

31 March - 2 April

Ensuring full participation of ANC and MDM ongoing structures in implementation of RDP

RDP coordinator

Setting up provincial RDP councils

RDP coordinator

Ensure full participation of RDP council participants in Local Development Forums

ongoing

RDP coordinator

Set up policy and RDP section in subâ\200\224headquarters

Work closely with ANC chief whip and chairs of ANC study groups

ongoing

Policy and RDP section in CT

National Sectoral coordinating forums

about 4 times a year

coordinators

Meetings of coordinators

regularly

Meetings between coordinators and ANC committee of Chairpersons of study groups $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left$

regularly

RDP coordinator in CT

Consultations with tripartite alliance, MDM and other organs of civil society

regularly

monthly and bi-monthly

Human Development coordinator

Publication of ANC policies and info sheets

as needed

Health meetings of ANC MECs for health and people involved in health in provinces

RDP council health sector and provincial RDP council/forum health sector meetings

Education meetings of MECS, parliamentary study group and ANC provincial Chairpersons on education

Infrastructure

every six weeks

Civil service workshop in preparation for a conference

National Coordination Forum: Local Government

Local Govt and Infrastructure coord

Local Govt and Infrastructure coord

Human Development coordinator

Arts and culture meeting

Science and technology seminar

Human Development coordinator

monthly
regularly
?
?
?
monthly
National Coordination Forum:

?

?

21

THE SITUATION IN DIP SINCE THE ELECTIONS OF THE 27TH OF APRIL 1994

1.

INTRODUCTION

A strategy meeting of the Department of Information and Publicity(DIP) was held at Shell House on the 13 February 1995. The meeting was attended by 25 Comrades representing all nine ANC regions, all units of DIP in Johannesburg and Cape Town and CDE's from the National and Gauteng Region.

The purpose of the meeting was to take a critical look at the effectiveness of the DIP, to evaluate its strengths and weaknesses and to develop a strategy for enhancing the strengths and eradicating the weaknesses.

Reports were received from all provinces and all units of the Department. They were discussed at length.

It was decided that what is need is an integrated media strategy that will ensure that our media capacity is commensurate to the challenges that the current political conjuncture has thrown up.

A number of comrades were given the task of preparing and processing the views that are contained in the section that follow hereunder. The intention was to take advantage of the process of restructuring that is underway and thus to submit this document as the humble contribution of the Department of

Information and Publicity to this process.

- 2. What has happened, to the DIP since the elections?
- 3. What are the information needs of the ANC in the present context?
- 3.1 Introduction

We have raised this question in the context of the change brought about by the April elections. The real question here is whether the DIP, as it has been traditionally structured and researched or in some other form, is still needed by the ANC. We can only answer this question if we clearly deï¬\201ne the information needs of the ANC at this time.

ANC STRUCTURES

OTHER

IMPLEMENTATIONSI GOVERNMENT/LEGISLATURE

- * Study group on Justice
- *Minister via Cabinet
- *Human Rights organisation, Legal organisation
- * DIP to make preposal to NBC
- * Submissions to the LEA.

COMMISION AND

RESOLUTIONS

- * Establish the central office of the AG
- 1.3 Media
- * Adopt policy on transformation of SACS, the public broadcaster, the role of provinces in public media
- 2: Transforming the Economy
- * Budget reprioritisation
- * Review of Security sector including Dene], Armscor
- * Set up Special Task Team on job creation
- * Transforming state institutions
- * Review tender system to assist small contractors
- * Develop policy on
- Black economic empowerment for communities rather than individuals
- * ANC Policy & RDP division with respective NCF'S $\,$
- * NEC, ANC study groups on Defence & Safety Security. Economics NCF
- * Study groups & Economics NCF
- * ANC Economics Desk

- * Policy & RDP Division to submit to NBC $\,$
- * Cabinet
- * Finance Standing Committee Cabinet
- * RDP Councils, MDM formations
- * NEDLAC
- * Small & black business organisa-

- 3.4
- 3.5
- 3.6

To facilitate conflict resolution and help resolve disputes affecting state, political and religious sectors.

To be responsible for ensuring that suitable persons lead devotions at national, provincial or local ANC Conferences or other public events.

To make advice available, and take responsibility as far as the ANC is concerned, for the conduct of funerals, wakes and weddings, in consultation with the families involved.

3.7

To promote national unity and reconciliation.

4.

Request to the ANC NEC

- 4.1
- 4.2
- 4.3
- 4.4
- 4.5
- 4.6

that the establishment of a Commission for Religious Affairs at National and Provincial levels be endorsed as official ANC policy.

that the Commission for Religious Affairs relates directly to the NEC via the Presidency.

that the members of the Commission for Religious Affairs be accountable to, and appointed by the NEC, for a period of three years, renewable by two years.

that four or five persons be appointed by the NEC to establish a nucleus

of the Commission which will continue consultation among all the major religious stake holders in South Africa.

that the ANC makes available the basic administrative infrastructure for the $\operatorname{Commission}$.

that Provincial and local structures of the ANC enact similar Commissions as they see fit.

Conclusion

Consultation on this matter-included some religious organisations as well as Members of Parliament from all the major faiths.

After a formal endorsement of the proposal by the NEC, the Commission will work out its programme of action in consultation with all the relevant structures.

iv) Problems facing the ANC is exaggerated, tendentiously reported on and orchestrated to create an impression of confusion, corruption, predatory political'behaviour, <code>i¬\201</code>nancial bankruptCy etc. In this scenario, the ANC is projected as being only held together by the President. If one removes the President the ANC will self Destruct.

v)

In the jockeying for advantage within the movement, certain comrades are using the media by providing it with information that should remain privileged. Often this information is slanted in order to create a particular impression which may not necessarily coincide with the truth. This complicates life extremely for the DIP.

â\200\230

3.2.2_ What then are information needs of the ANC

Flowing from this context the information needs of the ANC have changed. What then are the information needs of the ANC? here are some Pointers:

a)

b)

c)

d)

Keep membership informed ~of the activities, policies and the strategic thrust of the ANC in the new situation.

To inform members of the ANC on the programme of the GNU from the ANC perspective, particularly to explain areas of blockage.

To enable our people to participate in the processes that are part of the RDP and to infuse therein ANC perspectives without being Factionalist.

To bring into effect our desire for a politically coherent ANC wherever individual members may be deployed through the provision of relevant, timeous and empowering information.

e) We need to i-201nd a way to Claim credit for the ANC on the achievements of the GNU. Information is essential if we are to succeed in this regard. this will have an impact on our re-election chances.

7. T. Modise 8. J. Nhlanhla Political Education Committee Tasks Â٥ 0 0 Oversee the movementâ\200\231 5 political education programme and report regularly; guide the development of curricula; develop a cadre development policy for the organisation. Political Education Committee members 1. R. Suttner (Chairperson) 3. C. Nqakula 5. N. Maphisa 7. B. Nzimande 2. S. Ndebele 4. P. Mokaba 6. L. Mti 8. S. Tshwete Parliamentaï¬\202 Committee Tasks Monitor the legislative programme at national and provincial level and coordinate its work with all the caucuses and process matters for decision; monitor the deployment of all elected representatives. Parliamentary Committee members 1. M. Manzini (Chairperson) 3. B. Kgositsile 5. E. Pahad 2. A. Stoï¬\2011e 4. F. Ginwala 6 T. Manuel Governance Committee Tasks 0 monitor process of governance at national, provincial and local level; convene meetings of the cabinet caucus; provide political direction to ANC functioning in government. Governance Committee members 1. T. Manuel (Chairperson) 3. P. Jordan 5. C. Ngakula

6. C. Carolus 8. A. Tambo

7. A. Pahad

T. Mbeki
 Z. Skweyiya

Elections Commission

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Tasks
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oversee the local government elections campaign; supervise, and provide direction to, the work of the national election team; ensure national leadership is integral to the election campaign work.

Elections Commission members

- 1. S. Macozoma (Chairperson)
- 3. C. Ramaphosa
- 5. A. Stofile
- 2. T. Mbekj
- 4. C. Carolus
- 6. P. Jordan

8

17

10.4 Budget

The budget presented was approved as a provisional budget and that it be further scrutinized as the NEC felt that the amount proposed was inadequate.

10.5 ï¬\201nancial Controls

It was agreed that the $i\neg\201$ nancial controls as suggested be adopted.

10.6 Voter Registration Campaign

It was agreed that the campaign for local government elections should be integrated into all ANC programmes and MP/MPLs constituency work.

10.7. Election Structures

The election structures as proposed were accepted subject to further elaboration at Provincial and local level.

11. Finance Commission Report

The Treasurer General tabled the report of the Finance Commission established at the 49th N ational Conference. After discussion it was decided that we should appoint a Finance Strategy team to determine how the ANC should generate funds.

12. Report from Officials

The Ofi¬\201cials' report dealt with

- * The January 8 Statement. An explanation was given as to why the January 8 statement was so short.
- * Cabinet Caucus. It was reported that an ANC Cabinet Caucus had been hled.

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KwaZulu/Natal Provincial Committee
1. J. Radebe
3. A. Erwin
5. B. Kgositsile
7. V. Moosa
9. S. Ndebele
11. S. Bhengu
13. J. Zuma (Prov Chair)
2. B. Nzimande
4. N. Zuma
6. P. Maduna
8. L. Mti
10. H. Gwala
12. K. Asmal
14. S. Mchunu (Prov Sec)
Northern Transvaal Provincial Committee
1. S. Mufamadi
3. P. Mokaba
5. A. N20
7. C. Chabane (Prov Sec)
2. C. Nqakula
4. M. Manzini
6. N. Ramathlodi (Prov Chair)
North West Provincial Committee
1. R. Mompati
3. S. Macozoma
5. R. Kasrils
7. S. Nkondo
9. D. Duma (Prov Sec)
2. S. Tshwete
4. E. Pahad
6. T. Mboweni
8. P. Molefe (Prov Chair)
Western Cape Provincial Committee
1. J. Netshitenzhe
3. F. Ginwala
5. D. Omar
7. P. Jordan
9. J . Makhanya (Prov Sec)
2. T. Manuel
4. R. Suttner
6. T. Yengeni
8. C. Nissen (Prov Chair)
Eastern Cape Provincial Committee
1. G. Marcus
3. W. Mandela
5. W. Mkwayi
7. S. Sigcau
9. D. Mafu (Prov Chair)
2. L. Johnson
4. T. Mthintso
6. S. Ngonyama
8. R. Mhlaba
10. B. Gxilishe (Prov Sec)
Gauteng Provinvcial Committee
1. J . Cronin
3. A. Tambo
5. A. Kathrada
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7. M. Sisulu

- 9. P. Mashatile (Prov Sec)
- 2. N. Maphisa 4. T. Modise 6. E. Ebrahim

- 8. T. Sexwale (Prov Chair)

' Eastern Transvaal Provincial Committee

- 1. Z. Skweyiya
- 3. T. Mthintso
- 5. T. Msane
- 7. S. Zwane (Prov Sec)
- 2. J. Modise
- 4. N. Maphisa
- 6. M. Phosa (Prov Chair)

0 International Affairs $\hat{\mathbf{A}}^{\text{o}}$ Legislatures and Governance coordination - a member from the Youth League 0 a member from the Womenâ $\200\231$ s League. The NEC must elect the NWC at the meeting of 25-26 February 1995. ACTION PLANS NEC Meetings 25-26 Feb SGO 22-23 April NWC Meetings Provineial Visit Provinces Fortnightly Monthly SGO SGO C0 tees Reports Monthly Committee

Disciplinary conumm

Members Code NEC rules Discipline rules

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Transformation G Committee Draft paper k enera wor Social Needs Draft paper K. Asmal K. Asmal K. Asmal Committee С ommlttee Committee Committee 24 March 22 April. 22 April 10 April ngomg 10 April Ongoing Discipline work Ongoing Committee

Economic

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Commlttee
General work
Discussion paper
Reports on progress
10 April
ngomg
Draft paper
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Committee
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Security and
Stability
Committee
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government elections programme
Convene cabmet caucus meetlngs
Elections
Commission
Governance
Committee
Paper on coordination
Meetings t0 strategise
10 April
Monthly
10 April
Monthly
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Reports on work
Committee
Committee
Committee
Committee
Parliamentary
Committee
Comnnttee
Commision
Regularly
Monthly
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REGIONS
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Regional structures of the ANC need to: $\boldsymbol{\Omega}$

be established and built up; provide a link between provinces and branches; coordinate the work of branches; relate closely to election structures.

lReglonal Vlaunchmg conference

by endJune

PECsoversee

Setting up election structures

March onwards REC

Participate in list process

Coordination of election campaigning

Marchâ\200\224June

March-Oct

REC

REC

6.4

BRANCHES

As the engines of the ANC from where ANC derives its mass base character $\hat{a}\200\224$ it is crucial to

the programme of the ANC that branches fuli-2011 the following functions:

function properly and democratically; recruit, organise and empower membership;

7 help establish and participate in RDP councils;

work with civics and alliance structures; implement the local government elections campaign \hat{a} 200\224 canvass, campaign, distribute

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BBC Set up local election structures Intensive local issue campaigning

Branch members

March-July

March

Popularising candidates

Door-to-door canvassing & voter education

Sept to Election Day

Door-to-door canvassing and campaigning

Branch members

Branch members

Branch members

Early Sept

Aug-Sept

IMPLEMENTATIONS

ANC STRUCTURES

GOVERNMENT/LEGISLATURE

OTHER

COMMISION AND

RESOLUTIONS

- Direct investment
- * Establish ANC Economics Com mission (NCF)
- 3: Stabilising the Country & 'D'ans forming the Security Services

7 T 5

- study groups to drive legislation
- * Adopt a comprehensive approach to arms control
- support "gun free SA"
- regular audit of arms & legal arsenals by an independentauthority $a\200\224$ Call Southern Africa summit on arms control & regional security
- Restructure Armscor
- Review licensing procedures & legislation on possesion & carrying of weapons in publib
- Safety & security at posts & air ports to revertt to state functions
- Develop a comprehensive pro gramme to stop politically motivated violence
- Attend to poor working conditions of police
- * Establishing Community Policing Forums

- ANC Economic NCF
- ANC study groups on Safety & Security
 - Ministries of Security & Foreign
 - POPCRU
- * Ministry must provide resources to

enable meaningful community participation

$a\200\224$ ANC Provinces

- Cabinet
- * MDM formations at local level
- Minister of Safety & Security
- Ministry of Safety & Security

- 4. ANC Proposal for a Communication Strategy
- 1. A full assessment must be made of what tasks DIP, with the limited resources at its disposal, can realistically fulï¬\2011.
- 2. Obviously the ANC must have a competent and fully functioning media liaison capacity in order to respond fast to political developments and attacks. This will necessitate a full time media spokesperson at ANC Head Ofi¬\201ce, and also an ANC Media Liaison Office staffed by a full-time media spokesperson at parliament. The spokesperson at parliament will have to interact very closely with the ANC Caucus, and the Chairpersons of ANC Study Groups as the spokespersons on the particular areas that are covered by their respective Study Groups.
- 3. The Production Unit will have to receive clarity about their role, and specii¬\201cally the question of a monthly mouthpiece for the ANC (either Mayibuye or another publication) must be addressed as a matter of urgency. We believe that such a publication, that is specii¬\201cally aimed at communicating the ANCâ\200\231s point of View and policies, is absolutely crucial. The interaction between the Publication Unit at Head Ofi¬\201ce and the publicity done at regional level must also be Clarified. Distribution of printed material, and who takes responsibility for distribution at regional level, must also be Clarified.

Parliament

and

The

3.1 Research and Monitoring Unit must clarify their job description, With specific reference to the service that they can realistically give to Members of electronic

the National

communication With regions must also be re-established urgently. It

suggested that the Research Unit does not try to be all things to all people, and that they should specii¬\201cally concentrate on ANC documentation and related research. They can also help MP's to establish electronic contact With Internet, Worlnet and other electronic information systems.

Parliaments.

Regional

4. DIP needs to be run and administered on a daily basis by a full time Head of Division (a general manager).

Greetings,

His Excellency the President, the Deputy President of the ANC; the National Chairperson, the Secretary General, the Deputy Secretary General and members of the N.E.C.

We bring you warm greetings from the people who mandated us to present the following memorandum.

1

The present ANC constitutional position

It is proposed that the ANC 1991 Constitutional provision for a National Chaplain and Provincial Chaplains be envisaged in terms of a corporate ministry on an inter-faith and ecumenical basis, which we propose should be called a Commission for Religious Affairs.

Role of the Commission for Religious Affairs

- 2.1
- 2.2
- 3.1
- 3.2

An interfaith and ecumenical Consultative Forum for religious and political leaders seeking political and theological insights on current events. This role needs to embrace both the pragmatic and the prophetic, and form a meeting place where such issues can be considered and moved into action. This

forum will be inclusive of all religious traditions eg Islam, Christians, Jews, African Indigenous churches, Hindus, Buddhists and others.

A Chaplaincy or pastoral role, which in the first instance shall be available for the ANC membership at national, provincial and local level, but also embrace a concern for wider chaplaincies in political, military, Correctional Services, and other para-statal and local activities.

Proposed Functions of the Commission for Religious Affairs

To facilitate a spiritual and moral ministry to the members and leaders of the ANC at national, provincial and local level; and to assist others who may wish to avail themselves of this ministry.

To provide a consultative forum, fostering direct personal links, where the ANC and Religious Bodies

can consult together regularly at national,

provincial and local levels, to consider matters of mutual interest on a well-informed and cooperative basis.

This will include such issues as cagital

punishment, surroqate motherhood, religious fundamentalism, the protection of religious freedom in the Constitution, and such issues as may arise from time to time.

3.3

To provide guidance and information to the ANC leadership and structures on religious concerns, activities and opinions.

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keep abreast of global developments and formulate ANC approaches to them; develop ANC policy on international relations, involving in the process ANC and alliance structures.

The programme of the International Division will be developed once a head has been appointed

for the division.

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COMMISION AND

IMPLEMENTATIONS

RESOLUTIONS

ANC STRUCTURES

GOVERNMENT/LEGISLATURE

OTHER

- 1: 'Ihmsformation of state machinery
- 1.1 Civil Service
 *White Paper on transformation
- * Interim Constitution
- * Civil Service National Co-ordinating Forum ANC Parliamentary Study Groups (Nat & Prov)
- * NEC to examine the necessity to $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) ^{2}$
- * Parliament 1995 i¬\201rst session
- * Alliance
- * Executive Action
- * Study corps to monitor
- * Minister
- * PSC
- * Structures
- * Study groups to monitor
- * Establish an ANC public service unit in SGO
- * Minister to lead on
- government review of mandate of $\ensuremath{\mathsf{PSC}}$
- $\tilde{\ }$ Establishing a full government department
- 1.2 Judiiâ\200\230iary
- * Establish independent representa tive prosecution authority
- * Human Rights organisings Legal organisations
- * Study groups on Justice
- * Minister via Cabinet

* NEC

7 â\200\230

* Establish broad forum

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Provincial coordination forums: local
government and infrastructure
8 times a year
Strategising workshops between ANC,
SANCO and alliance members on local govt
and local economic development
3 times a year
(one meeting will
include Contralesa)
Provincial workshops of ANC, SANCO and
alliance members
3 times a year
Provincial workshops with Contralesa
twice a year
Consultative workshops on:
0 Constitution
O Local govt and RDP at local level
0 Housing
O Non-metropolitan and rural local govt
Publication of bulletin on local government,
housing and infrastructure
Training sessions for provincial local
government coordinators
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6 times a year

6 times a year

6.11.5 LEGISLATURES DIVISION

The Legislature Division needs to fulï¬\2011 the following functions: 0 $_{\rm 0}$

coordinate our work in the National Assembly, Senate and Provincial Legislatures; keep all structures of the organisation informed of developments within all legislative processes;

develop a stratgie approach to the presentation and enactment of legislation; monitor deployment of MP8.

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A programme of activities for the Legislatures Division will be developed once a head has been appointed for the division.

6.11.6 GOVERNANCE DIVISION

' The Governance Division needs to fulin 2011 the following functions:

-0

coordinate the work of ANC representatives in national, provincial and local governments; ensure that all ANC structures are in touch with government activities;

 \hat{a} 200\230 ensure that, where necessary, the approaches of different levels of government are

uniform.

A programme of activities for the Legislatures Division will be developed once a head has been appointed for the division.

6.1 1.7 INTERNATIONAL DIVISION

In maintaining the world-wide network of relations the ANC has established - and building new relations $\hat{a}\200\224$ the International Division will perform the following functions: 0 \hat{a}

convene a conference of international supporters of the ANC; establish relations with parties with whom we share common concerns;

2 2

3\

leave when the i-201rst notices for the meeting were sent. The Chairperson promised that the mistake would not happen again.

Members of the NEC expressed dissatisfaction and unhappiness for the wasted time.

2. Apologies

The apologies were noted with the reasons given.

3. Adoption of the Agenda

The Agenda was adopted with the following additions:

- Situation in Natal
- Political Prisoners.

4. Remarks by President

The President welcomed everyone and congragulated all members on their election to the NEC. He hoped that every one had taken time to rest during the festive season holidays.

The President said that the ANC was a fortunate organisation in that it has a leadership of a high caliber such as the N EC members elected at the last conference. The leadership of the ANC over the years worked under difi¬\201cult conditions but succeeded in mobilizing our people in the face of enormous obstacles. President was coni¬\201dent that the newly elected NEC would rise to the challenges that lie ahead.

The President expressed his concern about the violence in Natal where innocent people were dying in large numbers. He referred to the death of Cde. Bheki Ntuli's mother who had been killed at her home in N .Natal. He said that it was important that the leadership of the movement should be seen to be with our people when they go through hardships like violence. When leaders of the movement are seen in areas where there is violence the people get encouraged and never give up. The presence of leaders in such areas mobilizesthe people.

The ANC lost elections in two provinces because it had serious weaknesses in both areas. In Natal we never penetrated the rural areas.

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6. The Functioning of the NEC

The Secretary General tabled a memorandum on how the NEC should function. The Memorandum was accepted in principle and in particular:

- * That there should be rules for the NEC;
- * NEC members should be allocated specii¬\201c tasks by doing work in

NEC Committees;

- * The following NEC Committees should be set up:
- Provincial Committees
- Economic Affairs Committee
- Security and Stability Committee
- Political Education Committee
- â\200\224 Disciplinary Committee.
- Committee on Governance.
- * The N EC should have agendas that have regular standard items

dealing with reports from its committees;

- * The NWC should be composed of people who will have political
- responsibility for certain areas of the organisation's work;
- * That the comrades who are heading HQ Divisions should be referred

to as the Secretariat and not the Management Committee, and that they attend NEC and NWC meetings as observers for purposes of ensuring that NBC and NWC decisions are implemented;

 $\hat{a}\200\231$ That there should be NEC/NWC Secretaries who should be

responsible for recording minutes of these structures.

It was further agreed that the memorandum should be re-drafted to take into account some of the suggestions and comments put forward.

7. Composition of the NEC

An analysis of the composition of the NEC as elected by National

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