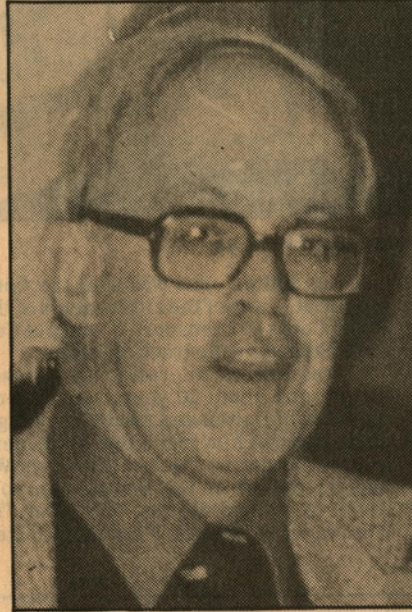


A leadership cartel emerges

NATAL WITNESS

22 FEBRUARY 1990



Professor Hermann Giliomee

aligned themselves to the ANC.

The ANC's main constitutional proposals still have virtually no support. In a nation-wide poll among a representative panel of whites (even among Democratic Party supporters)

there is only five percent support for the concept of "one-person one vote in a unitary state". The overwhelming majority of whites persistently appear to insist on maintaining their political coherence in some form or another and the right to choose their own leaders.

What this means is that there is no non-aligned "soft" centre in South African politics on which to base a new system. It will have to rest on the major representative institutions. During a visit in January to Northern Ireland and Israel I found in conversations with political leaders that some of them have come to a similar conclusion. As Mr John Hume, the remarkable leader of the main Catholic party in Northern Ireland remarked to me: "You cannot build a bridge from the middle of the river."

And Mr Feisal el-Husseini, the emerging leader of the internal Palestinian resistance, said: "We increasingly will have to engage the main stream Israeli politicians to pursue our quest for a separate state. The days of only talking to world bodies or left-wing Israelis are over."

The South African Government's game plan appears to be to put in place a leadership cartel of five or six political heavyweights representing the main political movements in the country. It is they who must steer the country out of the apartheid order. The objective is to position this cartel in a similar position as at the UN Security Council. If the government has its way any legislative body chosen in South Africa on a common voters' role will probably not have more power than

the General Assembly of the United Nations.

Both the ANC and the NP will have to unlearn some old bad habits if they wish to come to any understanding. It above all means that they will have to address the other party in terms of that party's own self-definition rather than some stereotype or caricature. In essence this means building up the other party as a prospective partner rather than demonising it as an evil and destructive force. In a SABC interview Mr Thabo Mbeki made a promising start in this direction when he said: "The ANC and NP must not single out the other as the black sheep. It is time that they told the truth about each other."

But it is ultimately co-operative activity which will count more than anything else. There will be no significant progress towards peace unless both the ANC and NP bring the violence in our society under control. Not only must the government bring the police under firmer control but the ANC will also have to make its stand on violence more unambiguous.

Over the past week the white right-wing has shown that it is a more formidable force than most observers (including this one) previously thought. It could become an unstoppable force should violence and mayhem continue while the NP and ANC are sitting down for negotiations. It is in the interests of both the NP and ANC to settle the issue of violence to their mutual satisfaction as soon as possible.

• Hermann Giliomee is Professor in the Department of Political Studies at the University of Cape Town.

THE tentative rapprochement between the government and the ANC signals a quite new departure in South African politics. For many years the NP and the ANC as the two main political forces in the country thought that the country could only be governed by totally excluding the other. When that proved to be impossible they contemplated seizing or retaining power by co-opting sufficient numbers of the "moderate" wing of their opponents. Now for the first time both the NP and ANC are moving beyond exclusion or co-operation and are considering becoming the two main pillars of a new ruling coalition.

While sanctions have exerted constant pressure, the main reasons for the government's fundamental shift must be sought elsewhere. When the government at the beginning of the 1980s started out on its co-optation policies its calculation was that it would pick up enough support in the form of brown and black junior partners to compensate for the losses it expected as a result of defections from the white rightwing.

By the mid-1980s it had become clear that this gamble had failed. During the unrest of 1984-86 very few of the gov-

ernment's putative allies in the townships or the homelands proved to be of much worth in stabilising the situation. For the whites as a shrinking minority it had become imperative to find credible partners in the black population to launch the major transformation South Africa will have to undergo in the next decade or two.

When black leaders during the second half of the 1980s consistently rejected government invitations to "negotiate" unless the ANC was unbanned and its senior political leadership released, the co-optation game was up. Insiders in government say that by the time of the 1987 election Mr de Klerk had already come to this conclusion. To President Botha's chagrin he refused to fight the election purely on a security platform and instead addressed the issue of a common citizenship for all.

The ANC similarly found that its strategy of "dividing the ruling bloc" only yielded limited returns. Undoubtedly the fifty-odd conferences overseas organised by Idasa and other bodies had a positive impact on the public perception of the ANC, but very few individuals with a significant internal following among whites

Isikhulu KwaZulu ecaleni lokubulala

LESLIE NYASHENG

ETHEKWINI. - Abantu abaningi ebebeni ngaphandle kwenkantolo yemantshi ePinetown ngolwesibili bangene bedudulana ngesikhathi iPhini likaNgqongqoshe wezangaPhakathi kuHulumeni waKwaZulu, hvela enkantolo maqondana namacala okuthiwa aphathelene nokubulawa kwabantu abane kanye nelilodwa lokuzama ukubulala.

Ovale phambi kuka-Nksz. C. Murray, imantshi, nguMnuz. Bhakizizwe Samuel Jamile (60),

kanti futhi onguMongameli wenhlangano yezi-nyanga eNatal naKwaZulu.

Ngesikhathi ovala enkantolo akabuzwanga ukuthi uyawaphika noma uyawavuma yini amacala.

Kunomfana oneminyaka engu 17 ubudala oseke wavela enkantolo ngoba kuthiwa uqhutshile kulamacala. Uzobuye avela enkantolo ngomhla kaMarch 14.

Kuke kwanesiqubu lapho ebebezolalela icala besabise abathwebuli bezithombe bamaphephandaba ngokuthi abangazithathi. Amaphoyisa

abatshele ukuthi abathwebuli bezithombe bathole imvume yokughuba umsebenzi wabo emantshini kanye nakumshushisi, uNkk. E. van Tonder.

UMnuz. Jamile ubesenkantolo ngoba ezocela ukuba anikezwe ibheyili. Lelisu lakhe aliphumelelanga ngoba abameli bakhe abafikanga ecaleni.

Icala bekulindleleke ukuba lingene enkantolo ngo 2 nambama. Akwenzekanga lokho ngoba inkantolo iblikhu ilindele ukuthi abameli bomboshwa bazofika. Kuze kwaphoqelesa ukuba uMnuz. Jamile ayiswe phambi kwemantshi egcine ngokukhipha isinqumo sokuthi uMnuz. Jamile usayozo avela enkantolo ngomhla kaMarch 6.

UMshushisi uNkk. van Tonder ukubekile enkantolo ukuthi uma kungase kwenzeke uMnuz. Jamile kanye nabameli bakhe bakwazi ukukhuluma ngasene noMshushisi omkhulu okhipha izinqumo ngamacala kuzodonga abuye abuyele enkantolo kuqoshiswa nwe ngokuthi ufanele noma akafanele yini ukunikezwa ibheyili.

Uthe lokhu kuyokwenzeka uma bekwazile ukufika kulesisinqumo kungakapheli izinsuku ezingu-14 kusukela ngolwesibili okuyilanga ebe-kuvele ngalo uMnuz. Jamile enkantolo yasePinetown.

NGOMUNYE wabantu abasinde behlase-lwa bebesabhasini eMgungundlovu, kungesikhathi echazela izikhulu zamaphoyisa kanye nezinkumbi zabantu ebezihlangene endaweni yakwaMncane khona eMgungundlovu ukuthi bahlaselwe kanjani. Ubuye wabakhombisa nalapho eshe khona endlebeni.

ILANGA, FEB

Iziboshwa ebezidonsa iminyaka eRobben Island zidedelwe

CAPE TOWN: Iziboshwa eziyisithupha ebezidonse iminyaka eminingi eRobben Island zidedelwe ejele ngo lwesiThathu lwamntu elilule ku landela isimemezelo sikaMongameli F.W. de Klerk ngomhla ka-February 2.

Ukudedelwa kwalezi-ziboshwa ebezidonsela amacala ezombusazwe kukhomba ukuthi kungase kwenzeke ukuba ezi-nye iziboshwa ezisadonsela amacala ezombusazwe zidedelwe khona maduze nje.

Iziboshwa ezidedelwe ngomnuz. Norman Yengeni, Mnuz. Bushy Maape, Mnuz. Eddie Khumalo, Mnuz. Vuyisile Mbundu, Mnuz. Mohau

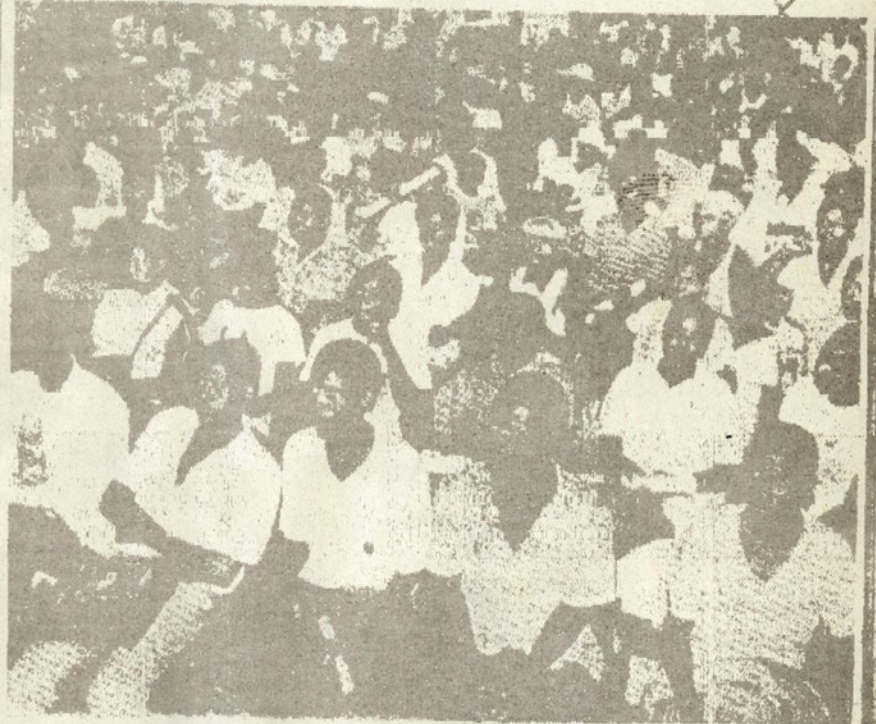
Mmoledi noMnuz. Nelson Qobeka.

Banele badedelwa eRobben Island baya eCowley House, eCape Town, lapho behlangatshezwe khona ngabesitsona abantu ababahlabelela.

Ngo 1981 uMnuz. Yengeni, Mnuz. Khumalo noMnuz. Mbundu bagwetshwa ngegala lobushokobezi.

UMnuz. Mmoledi wagwetshwa iminyaka emine ngo 1987 kwathi uMnuz. Qobeka wagwetshwa iminyaka emithathu ejele ngo 1988. Bagwetshwa ngaamacala okugqoquzela izinjongo ze-ANC.

Ngosikhothi baseCape Town benze isitatimende bajabule kakhulu ngokudedelwa kwabo.



BEKUBUTHENE Inqwaba yabantu abangamalunga enhlangano ye-Azanian People's Organisation (Aza-po), obewuse Ymca eThekwini ngomGqibelo. Lomhlangano ungowokuqala emva kokuba lenhlangano luvulwe umlomo kanye nezinye izinhlangano. Beyizocubungula isimemezelo sikaMongameli wezwe uMnuz. F. W. de Klerk ngezinguquko zakhe okanye ezintweni ezisemqoka ezixoxwe ylenhlangano kube ukukhombisa ukungakwenameli ukubonakala kwamalungu ayo ezimbandakanye nezihlele ezabe zihlalilela umholi we-ANC uDr. Nelson Mandela mhla ekhululwa.

Ahlaselwe emakhaya elinye labulawa

ZWELAKHE MKHIZE

KTHEKWINI: Kuhlase-
lwe emakhaya amabili
emaweni ezahlukana
emaweni aemizi yawo
kwathi elinye labulawa
ngesihluku eNtuzuma ge-
mpelasonto.

Kwesinye isigigaba
kubulawe iphoyisa lase-
South Africa ebelisebe-
nzela eChesterville elidu-
tshulwe lafa labuye lashi-
swa kwaMashu ngeSo-
nto.

UMphathi wesiteshi
samaphoyisa kwaMa-
shu, uCapt. M. A. Sikha-
khane, uthi uKhansela
uMnu. Phillip Mzikayise
Masibi (48) uhlaselwe
ngabantu abangeziwa
ngo-10.30 kusihlwa nge-
Sonto. Kulesisahlakalo
kuthiwa kushiswe umuzi
wakhe kwa-F.1980 eNtu-
zuma bambulala.

Kuthiwa ushona nje
bekuvele kunezinsongo
zokumbulala abelokhu
ezithola ngezincingo.
Ushiye umkakhe uNk.
Beatrice (uMaMzobe)
nezingane ezimbili zama-
ntombazane uNontokozi
(15) noNomkhosi (12).
A malungiselele
omngcwabo abengaka-
phothulwa.

IKhansela lasesigce-
meni sakwaWard 2 kha-
na futhi eNtuzuma,
uMnu. Mvakhwempu Ma-
jola, uhlaselwe ngabantu
abangaziwa kwashiswa
umuzi wakhe wangqo-
nga nezimoto zikanoku-

sho ezimbili kwadaleka
umakalo obalelwa ku-
R290 000 wezindleko.

Lesisahlakalo senzeke
ngale iSonto kusihlwa.
Unesitolo shosilela kwa-
Mashu endaweni eyaziwa
ngokuthi kuseCongo ka-
niti futhi unezinye izitolo
eMahlabathini.

UMnu. Majola uthi
ufike kusihlwa ngalolu-
ku evela emabizanisini
akhe. Ngaphandle ko-
muzi wakhe kuthiwa
ukhangwe yigulu labantu
ababemile besolisa se-
ngathi kukhona abafuna
ukukwenza. UMnu.
Majola uphume emotwe-
ni wayimisa ngaphandle
kwegceke eyolanda izi-
ngane zakhe ezimbili
endlini ngoba esola uku-
thi lababantu bayimpi.

Emuva kwesikhashe-
na engenile endlini,
uMnu. Majola, kuzwa-
kale ngamabhomu ka-
phethiloli eqhuma phezu
kwendlu, khona manjalo
kwasha izimoto zombili
lena ebeyipakwe ngapna-
ndle neblagalaji.

Izindleko zomuzi zi-
ngaphezulu kuaka-R50
000 kanti impahla yawo
beyimbize ngaphezulu
kuka-R30 000, imoto
ebeyisegalaji yona inga-
phezulu kuka-R14 000
kwathi ebingaphandle
komuzi ibiza R65 000.

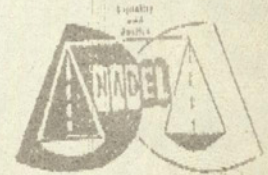
UCapt. Sikhakhane
uvumile ukuthi kukhona
abazovela enkantolo
ngamacala maduzane
nje.

UMKHANKASO WOBUMBANO NOKUTHULA

OKHISHWA YINHLANGANO YABAMELI

Umphakathi uyacelwa ukuba
uziphathe ngesizotha kube no-
kuthula futhi kungabi noku-
cwasana ngokwemikhakha
ngalempelasonto ezayo.

Zonke izinhlangano ziyanxu-
swa ukuzinikela ekushabalali-
seni ukugobhoza kwegazi
eNatali. Ophakimpi
nezigebengu nge-
ke basiholele enku-
lulekweni.



National Association of Democratic Lawyers

Owezitshudeni zas'Ongoye

LESLIE NYASHENG

ONGOYE: Isahlalazo so-
zitshudeni ezine-38 za-
seYunivesithi yakwaZu-
lu ebezizindaba khona ngo-
nyaka oshicile kodwa ze-
ngaphandle wa kubuza zizo-
zintshu. Nofundwa no-
nyaka, zezintshu ezinbo-
beni zeMkhandlu wa-
khona.

Kusqala uFebruary
kulonyaka ikomiti lase-
Yunivesithi elengamele
ukwemkela izitshudeni
una ziitosa ukuzofunda
khona lakutha isizimse-
zelo sobuthi lezitshu-
de ni ezine-38 ngeke zise-
mukelwa ukuba zizofun-
ba zifundo zazo khona
kulonyaka.

Ngezizathu eziyimfi-
tulo yabaphathi beYuni-
vesithi akuthiwe zingek-
zagaguwa, iYunivesithi
ithe ayizimisile ukuzi-
chaza lezitshu nabo-
kuthi bwenziwe yini uku-
ba kuzo kufuyelekwe ku-
zona.

Intsetshenziso izitshu-
deni kuleYunivesithi
zitekelile aziphi emakila-
sini ngoba zikhombisa
ukunganeliswa ngoku-
ngabuyiselwa kwalezi-
zitshu. Zaqala ukukela
ba amaklasi kusukela
uFebruary 6.

Izinhlangano yezitshu-
deni Student Represen-
tative Council, isicelo
ukuba ike nomhlango
nomphakathi weyunivesithi,
uProf. A. C. Nkabinde,
ukucela kuzidingwa lo-
ludaba lezitshudeni ezi-
ngaphandle ukuba zi-
zoqondela izifundo zazo.

UProf. Nkabinde usi-
chithile isicelo sezitshu-
deni wathi asafiki isi-
khathi skuba udaba hut-
gat kulonyaka emhlanga-
neni otukhona kuwona
izitshudeni njengamanye.
Uthe kufanele kuqale
kukhona ikomiti lase-
Yunivesithi kube yilona
elibanga ngaloludaba.

Korinti elaziwa ngo-
kuthi yi-Executive Co-
mittee of Senate seli-
kubeka ngokusobala
ukuthi njengoba kuno-
ngoye yezitshudeni ezi-
velilele ukuya emaklasi-
ni ngeke nangenzi ku-
hlelilele emuva kube-
kewe osekuqondile
ngazizithu zazo una so-
zibuyele emaklasi.

Ikomiti libike nokuthi
ngisbo nezinsuku okuyi-
qalwa ngazo ukubolwa
kunyaka ngeke nange-
ngazi zigqibwe.

ILANGA 22-24 Feb. 1990

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MODERN AIDS

22-24 1990

ILANGA 22-24 Feb 1990

UNgqongqoshe uxwayisa isizwe esiMnyama

Vusi Sosibo

ENKANDLA: UNgqongqoshe wemnyango wezoBulungiswa kuHulumeni wakwaZulu, uMfu. C.J. Mterwa, uxwayise isizwe esiMnyama kulelizwe ukuba sikubhekisise impela ukuthi yini uMbutho weNkatha uthi abantu mabangakuvumi ukuphuma ezandleni zomnyama ubani oyigumbu labaMhlophe lamaNeshinalli bese bengana komunye futhi ubasi oyigumbu lamaKhomaniisi.

Ekhuluma emcimbini wokubekwa ngokomthetho kwenkosi yesizwe sasamaChunwini Inkosi

uMzikayise Mchunu obusenkantolo yesizwe esifundeni saseNkandla, uxwayise ngokuthi ukuphuma embusweni wamaNeshinalli kungenwe embusweni wobasi bamaKhomaniisi lokho kuyosho ukuthi ayikatholaki ngempela inkululeko edingwa ngabantu abamaMnyama bakuleli.

Iqhuba wathi kufanele kubekwe futhi lokho okungafanele ukwemukelwa wathi njengamanje sekukhona imfundisoze ethi izingane mazingabahloniphi abezali bazo akuchaze ngokuthi kwenziwa yizitha zamaAfrika ngenhloso yokuba

kungabibikho ubudlelwano phakathi kwesizwe noNkulunkulu. Wathi ngalendlela kuzokwanda abantu abamihla yabo ifingqiwe emhlabeni njengoba uNkulunkulu ethi ukwanda kwezinsuku zomuntu ezweni kunike ekunonipheni uyise nonina.

Namhlanje sekukhona imfundiso emi intama ayifanele ukuhlolanipha abezali kanye nalo koku kokuthi intsha yakithi kufanele iteleke ingafundi ihlizekele ukuba lize iholwe yintsha yezinye izizwe kusasa. kusho uNqongqoshe.

Uwuhlabane kakhulu nomkhankaso wokuhoxisa izimbongi kulilizwe wathi lokhu kuhloswe ngakho ukwengeza okunye ukuhlupheka phezu kwabantu. Wathi lokhu kungumqondo ophuma kwezinye izinhlanga ezenza sengathi zithanda kakhulu abamaMnyama kanti inhloso wukuba ekugcineni zihlale zibaxhaphaze njalo.

Wathi okuyikhona kuzondelwa iNkatha kujelizwe yingoba yona iphikisane futhi iphambene ngokugcwele nalesisimo. Wathi ngakolunye uhlangothini izondwa ngenxa yokuthi yakhiwe ngabamaMnyama bodwa futhi yabuye yabizwa ngegama lobu-Afrika labaMnyama.

"Nibona sengathi kayifuneki nje yingoba kuyinto yabantu futhi yabuyabizwa ngesiZulu."

Ephawula maqondana nesizwe samaZulu uthi siyohlala njalo siyisizwe samaZulu. Wathi ulutho leleku ngenxa yokuthi sekukhona ukudideka okudalwa wukuthatheka kwabantu abamaMnyama bamaMnyama yinto eziningi ezifike nempucuko yaseNtshonalanga esezithatheka njengenqomo kaNkulunkulu.

Wathi okumangalisayo wukuthi nanxa abamaMhlophe bebuse ngokubambisana kabakugedi ukuthi iBhunu iyiBhunu iJuda iyiJuda neJalimane ngokunjalo kanti ngasohlangothini lwabaMnyama bakholwa ngokuthi okuyiyonanto eyobayisa enkululekweni ngokuba baqede ubuzwe babo kuqala.

Ebhedise kuyo Inkosi ebibekwa uthi uyetheмба ukuthi iyoholelela isizwe ekuthuthukeni kanye nasekunethezekeni futhi igcine yonke imithwalo yayo yokuphatha ngokhono ngaphandle kokwasaba kanye nokukhethe. Wathi ngokunjalo uthemba ukuthi ayikungabaza ukucela iseluleko emantshini yesifunda kanye nakumadoda akhaliphileyo.

kele ngesamba hest, okuyimali yezingane nava kwezingane. Manager enhlangano enikela.

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Incwadi enosizo

OLUNDI. Inkampani yezincwadi eyaziwa ngokuthi yiHans Kiraten cc okuyinkampani enama-hhovisi ePitoli ngesonto elidule yethule ngokomthetho incwadi entsha ye-

njengasebangeni uSSA noSSB kufanele kusukunyelwe futhi zihlaziye. Kanti bekunesidlo esikhulu esikhathini esidlule sokuba kusungulwe incwadi ezoba lusizo

ORGANISERS PREPARE FOR HUGE CROWD AT MANDELA RALLY

Daily News
Reporter

ORGANISERS of the Nelson Mandela rally on Sunday are frantically making special arrangements to cope with what is expected to be the largest crowd to gather in Durban.

Research done by the Natal Reception Committee indicates that between 175 000 to 250 000 people could attend the rally at Kings Park which will start at 9am and is scheduled to end at 4.30pm.

Portable toilets are being brought in from other provinces as there are not enough in Natal to cope. And, to slake people's thirst, there will be an estimated 20 000 cases of cold drinks on sale. The organisers are also hoping to arrange for the temporary provision of 300 water taps in the grounds. If this cannot be arranged with the Durban City Engineer's Department the organisers say they will provide bulk water tankers.

There will be vending areas in the grounds where T-shirts and other ANC souvenirs will be on sale.

Everyone attending will be asked to contribute R1 towards the R200 000 costs of mounting the rally.

Squads of marshals have been in training for several weeks and 3 300 of them will be handling crowd control. Senior marshals will be dressed in the khaki uniform and black beret of the ANC.

It is claimed that the sound system is the biggest put together in Natal.

Mr Mandela will arrive at 11am and, after being introduced by Mr Walter Sisulu, will speak at noon. He will leave

Country
Club to
stay open

Daily News
Reporter

ALTHOUGH most other clubs in the vicinity of Kings Park will be closing on Sunday because of the Nelson Mandela rally, the Durban Country Club will be open.

According to the secretary, Mr Alfred Sudheim, special arrangements have been made with the Durban City Engineers Department for access to the club.

Members will have to use an entry road from Walter Gilbert Road as rally traffic is expected to congest the usual NMR Avenue entrance.

"Members will be able to use the golf course and we expect our usual Sunday evening business once the rally is over," he said.

shortly thereafter for Bloemfontein where he will address another rally.

A large media contingent, both local and overseas, is expected to cover the rally and, to provide a vantage point for cameramen and reporters, a 7,5 metre "media tower" will be built 30 metres from the 10 metre high main stage. The organisers will be charging R300 per crew on the upper level of the media tower, R200 on the intermediate level and R100 for the lower level.

Mr Mandela will be flown to the rally by helicopter after he arrives on a scheduled South African Airways flight. The helicopter will land

16/1/11

ILANGA LITHI...

Ngengqungquthela ye-ANC ngeSonto

KAKUBUZZA nakanjani kuzobuthana izinkulungwane ngezinkulungwane zabantu eKings Park eThekwini ngeSonto lapho kulindeleke ukuba kukhulume uDr Nelson Mandela umholi we-ANC osanda kukhululwa emuva kokudonsa isigwebo sezombusazwe seminyaka engu-27. Nanxa kungumhlango wenhlangano ethile lona kodwa kulindeleke abantu bezinhlangano ezahlukeni nabezinhlanga zonke. Phela bonke balangazelele ukubona lomholi nokuzwa ukuthi uzothini. Abanye bayolithola ithuba bakwazi nokubuza imibuzo, kepha ngenxa yobuningi babantu nethuba analo, abanye bayogcina ngokumuzwa ekhuluma kanye nezinye izinkulungwane eziyokwethulwa ngezinye izikhulu.

Kodwa esithanda ukukubeka emphakathini ikakhulu oMnyama, ngokuba uzimisele kusuka emakhaya kuze kuyofika kulomcimbi ukuba zonke izinto zihambe ngokuthula. Sinxusa yonke intsha yezinhlangano ezahlukeni zalabo abazoya kulomcimbi nalabo abangezokuya ngezizathu ezithile ukuba bonke bazithibe. Siyazi kwezinye izindawo emalokishini sekukhona izindawo okuthiwa makungedlulwa kuzo kanye neminye imithetho ekhinyabeza omakhelwana nemiphakathi.

Kodwa sinxusa ukuba ivulwe yonke imigoqo bedlule abantu lapho kudingeka bedlule khona. Izinhlangano ezibukana ngeziqu zamehlo mazikhumbule lolusuku lungolunye lwezinsuku okukhulunywa khona ngenkululeko yethu thina esibaMnyama, ngakho masingayivimbi. Bonke abaholi banelungelo eligcwele lokwenza imihlangano, masingayithikazisi.

Nanxa kuphuma izidumbu zonke izinsuku emalokishini aboMdabu, kushiswa nemizi kucekelwe phansi nempahla, masikhumbule ukuthi kakusithuthukisi thina abaNyama lokhu. Kodwa kusibuyisela emuva kakhulu kunakuqala. Abantu abaNyama abalwela inkululeko kabayisheshisi ifike ngokubulalana bodwa. Siyahambisana nenhlalabamkhosi ekhishwe yinhlangano kazwelonke yabameli iNational Association of Democratic Lawyers enxuse umphakathi ukuba uziphathane ngesizotha nokuthula. Iqhuba lenhlangano ithi: "Ophakimpi nezigebe ngeke basiholele enkululekweni."

Ngobani ophakimi nezigebe nge? Yibobonke abaqoqana bahlasele abantu bashise nemizi yabo kwebiwe nezimpahla zabo. Kayikho neyodwa inhlangano noma abantu abavumelekile ukubulala abanye nesigwebo sentambo sisamiswe. Sithike bonke abezinhlangano eza-

hlukene mabawuyeke lomkhuba ngobamubi. Ukushisa abantu ngamathayi noma ukubulala noma ngaluphi uhlobo okubonakala kubhebhethaka emalokishini kubi makuyekwe, kubi futhi nokubaphoqa ngokujoyina izinhlangano, ngokwazi kwethu kayikho neyodwa inhlangano okufanele yesabise abantu bese ibaphoqa ngokuthi abayijoyine. Sethe mba nezikhulu ze-ANC zizokhuza iyekwe yonke lemikhuba kanye neminye.

IMeya yaseMlazi ibhekené nengwadla yesikweletu

**LESLIE NYASHENG
ETHEKWINI.** - IMeya yaseMlazi, umNtwana Patrick Zulu uphoqwe yinkantolo yamajaji ukuba akhokhele usomabhizinesi waseMlazi isamba sikaR14 000 okuyimali ayeyiboleke kuyena ezo- khokhela imoto ayeyithe- nga ngegama lenkampani yakwaGoodwill Invest- ments CC.

IJaji uMnuz. Justice Howard ukhiphe lesisi- nqumo ngomNtwana uPatrick onomuzi kwaB. 717 kulelilokishi ngolwe- siHlanu, wanquma uku- thi makakhokhele u- Mnuz. Mziwempi Almon Sibiya oyisakhamuzi ku- lelilokishi onomuzi kwa- U.1661 futhi ongusoma- bhizinisi.

Inkantolo ibuye ya- nquma ukuthi umNtwana uPatric makakhokhe le- mali eyisamba sikaR14 000 enenzalo ka18,5% ngonyaka kusukela nge-

langa langomhla kaFeb- ruary 9, okukhishwe nga- lo isinqumo. Inkantolo ibuye yamphoqa ukuba akhokhe izindleko zonke uMnuz. Sibiya ayefake ngazo isicelo enkantolo.

UMnuz. Sibiya waye- fake isicelo sakhe enka- ntolo ngabameli benka- mpani yakwaStrauss Da- ly, eThekwini.

Emaphepheni anezi- tatimende ezifungelwe abesenkantolo kubhalwe ukuthi:

*Ngaphambi kokuba kushaye uJanuary, 1988 umNtwana wathengelwa imoto yohlobo lwe-Olds- mobile yinkampani ya- kwaGoodwill Investme- nts CC eyabiza uR15 000.

UmNtwana Patric we- hluleka ukubuyisela abe- nkampani yakwaGoodwill Investments uR15 000 ayethengelwe ngayo imo- to,

*NgoJanuary 1988, uMnuz. Sibiya nomNtwa- na Patric Zulu bavumela- na ukuthi uMnuz. Sibiya akhokhele abakwaGood- will Investments CC ima- li eyisamba sikaR15 000 eyayikweletwa wuMnt- wana.

*Sekufanele umNtwa- na abuyisele uMnuz. Si- biya lemali ayemkhokhe- le yona enkampanini, wa- phumelela ukumkhokhe- la uR1 000 kuphela ngo- March, 1988.

Inkantolo ibe isinqu- ma ukuthi umNtwana akhokhele uMnuz. Sibiya uR14 000 amkweleta wo- na, akhokhe nezindleko uMnuz. Sibiya afaka nga- zo isicelo enkantolo futhi abuye akhokhe nenzalo yalemali ezala u18,5% njalo ngonyaka kusukela ngelanga inkantolo ekhi- phe ngalo isinqumo.

Kufe abangu-20 empini yombango

**LESLIE NYASHENG
EHARDING.** - Amaphoyi- sa aseHarding, ngasem- ngceleni waseTranskei abike ngomSombuluko ukuthi kufe abantu abali- nganiselwa kwabangu 20 ngeSonto ngesikhathi ku- tholene phezulu izigodi ezimbili zakulesisifunda empini yombango, kwa- gwazwa ngemikhonto kwabuye kwashiswa imizi eminingi.

Amaphoyisa abike ukuthi lempi ebiphakathi kwabantu besigodi sa- kwaKobela kanye nesa- kwaWela iqubuke ekuse- ni ngezikhathi zo 5.30 ngeSonto.

Kuzwakala ukuthi le- zizigodi zombili zilwa nje zibanga amadlelo ezinko- mo. Akwazeki ukuthi yi- siphilisi isigodi okuyisona esiqale uchuku nesihlase- le kuqala.

Esiwombeni sokuqala sempi kubulawe abantu

ababili ebekungakazeki ngesikhathi sokuloba ukuthi ngabasiphi isigodi kuzona zombili kwabuye futhi kwashiswa imizi emibili.

Kuthe uma esinye se- zigodi sesihlasela nge- nhloso yokuyoziphindise- la kwabulawa abantu abangu 17 kwashiswa eminye imizi eminingi.

Ngokusho komXuma- nisi wamaphoyisa no- mphakathi kwaPort Na- tal, uLt. Bala Naidoo ku- fike amaphoyisa kulen- dawo ngesikhathi iba- mbene okuyiwona asizile ngokulamula. Kuboshwe abantu besilisa boMdabu abayisihlanu kulesisigiga- ba.

Ngesikhathi sokuloba amaphoyisa abekanisile ezigodini zombili egade uchuku olungase luphi- nde luqubuke.

UMbhishobhi ubizo lumthumela eMalawi

ETHEKWINI:- UmBhishobhi L. E. Dlamini wamaLuthela osewathatha umhlalaphansi, angase ahambe ngoJune eseyongena emsebenzini omusha aqashelwe wona eMalawi lapho ezophatha khona iBandla iminyaka emibili.

Lokhu ukuvezele ILANGA emuva kokuba kade ehambele eMalawi ngoDecember kwaze kwaba nguJanuary. Kulesikhathi uthi wayesayobuka nje, kodwa indawo wafike wayithanda kanye nabantu bakhona.

UmBhishobhi Dlamini uzobe eye kulendawo njengomThunywa wamaLuthela aseSouth Africa. Uyosiza iBandla i-Evangelical Lutherna Church of Malawi, elinabantu abalelwa ku-10 000. Linzifunda ezingu-6, kodwa uthi zigqagqene kakhulu kangakuba kungalinganiswa njengokuthi esinye sikwaNongoma kanti esinye siseNtumeni. Uthi kukhona abefundisi abangu-4 kanye nabaVangeli abangu-21, bonke basebasha kakhulu. AbaVangeli banemfundo kaStd 8. Uhlelo lwemfundo khona luxuba zonke izinhlanga ezikole-

ni, kukhulunywa kakhulu isiNgisi wonke umuntu kanye nolimi lwaboMdabu.

"Ngesikhathi ngise-Malawi bengishumayela ngesiNgisi bese kuhunyushwa ngolimi lwakhona ngoba kukhona abantu abadala

enkonzweni, "kuchaza umBhishobhi Dlamini. Uthi ngesikhathi ekulelize bavumelane nabantu beBandla lakhona ukuba baqale balungise indlu azohlala kuyo kanye nento azohamba ngayo. Udaba lweholo bese luleve lulungisiwe naye waneliswa. UmBhishobhi Dlamini uthi yena nowakwakhe babona ukuthi bazozifunda kakula ezinye izilimi ezikhulunywa eMalawi.

UmBhishobhi Dlamini ucelwe ukuba ayosiza leliBandla ngoba uMfundisi oliphethe obizwa ngokuthi yiSenior Pastor, uzoyoqhuba izindo zakhe phesheya eMelika. Kuyothi uma eseqedile agcotshwe ngumBhishobhi Dlamini abeseqhubeka nomsebenzi wakhe, umBhishobhi Dlamini abuyele emzini wakhe eNtumeni lapho ehlala khona. UmBhishobhi Dlamini ubekade ephele iBandla lamaLuthela ehlala eMphumulo, esethatha umhlalaphansi indawo yakhe yathathwa ngumBhishobhi S. P. Zulu.



UMBHISHOBHI L.E. Dlamini wamaLuthela osewathatha umhlalaphansi.

Kuhlelwe umjaho wejubane eMlazi

ETHEKWINI.- Kuhlelwe iFun Run yebanga lama-khilomitha angu-15, ezosuka eMlazi Centre, ijike ngasegalaji elikwaSita-ambu esigcemini sakwa-V kulelilokishi, ngomhlaka March 4 ngo-6 ekuseni.

UBusi Ndaba ongumgugquzeli uthe akujoyinwa ngamali, banxusa

Abayophuma phambili esigabeni samantombazane kanye nesabafana bayohlabana ngekulu lamarandi umuntu emunye, kanjalo nabayophuma isibili bazuze uR75.00 kuthi isithathu sithole umthobanhliziyo kaR50. Abayophuma isine, isihlanu kanye nesithupha bavothola umtho-

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tha. Wathi ngokunjalo uthemba ukuthi ayikungabaza ukucela iseluleko emantshini yesifunda kanye nakumadoda akhaliphileyo.

Incwadi enosizo

OLUNDI.- Inkampani yezincwadi eyaziwa ngokuthi yiHans Kirsten cc okuyinkampani enama-hovisi ePitoli ngesonto elidlule yethule ngokomthetho incwadi entsha ye-

njengasebangeni uSSA noSSB kufanele kusukunyelwe futhi zihlaziye. Kanti bekunesidingo esikhulu esikhathini esidlule sokuba kusungulwe incwadi ezoba lusizo

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Matal Mercury
22 Feb. 1990

Stop killers, Inkatha tells Mandela

Pietermaritzburg Bureau

THOUSANDS of Inkatha supporters want released ANC leader Mr Nelson Mandela to call on his followers in Natal to stop the intimidation of Inkatha members and killings.

The supporters, gathered at the Elandskop home of Inkatha leader and member of the KwaZulu Legislative Assembly, Mr David Ntombela, yesterday following Tuesday night's attacks on buses in the area.

Police have confirmed that one man was killed and five others injured when nine buses transporting workers home were ambushed and attacked with stones, firearms and petrol bombs by a large group at Inadi on Tuesday night.

However, residents say at least two people were killed, five were seriously injured and many others suffered minor injuries.

There was a strong police presence at yesterday's meeting which was attended by thousands of people who

stayed home from work to discuss the incident with Mr Ntombela, and Chiefs Nsikayezwe Zondi, Shayabantu Zondi and A V Ngcobo, who is also the chairman of the Vulindlela Regional Authority.

However the meeting was peaceful and the crowds returned home about 1 p.m.

The meeting also resolved that the UDF and its supporters should not think that Inkatha was unable to fight back. Inkatha's policy of non-violence was 'well-known' and was the reason that there had not been retaliation for the attack.

A warning issued to the UDF that if attacks on Inkatha members continued they would be forced to defend themselves.

After the attack on Tuesday an impi of more than 1000 armed Inkatha supporters was persuaded to refrain from a revenge attack by Mr Ntombela and Lt Daniel Meyer of the Riot Unit.

Young 'thugs' cause schools to close



By SUZANNE AITKEN

THOUSANDS of school children in the Verulam area have been sent home following victimisation by 'a group of thugs' demanding their school fees be refunded.

Schools in the southern Ndwedwe and Inanda areas were closed by their principals last week due to the disturbances, which are believed to include clashes between parents acting as vigilantes and the groups of youths.

According to a KwaZulu Government education official, who did not want to be named, groups of youths were moving from school to school and disrupting school programmes by threatening staff and pupils.

They were, he said, demanding that school fees be refunded and that pupils only pay 40 c school fees a year.

For example last week a group of teenage boys came to Montobello High School by

bus and caused so much chaos that the children were afraid to come to school.

The chief PRO for the KwaZulu Department of Education and Culture, Mr B Z Dhlamini, said disturbances periodically occurred at the schools, adding that they were introduced by 'foreign elements' and not initiated by the pupils or parents.

'The parents of the children where disruption of school programmes is occurring immediately rally around the school committee and principal to quell the unrest,' he said, adding that parents responded positively to calls for meetings to identify problems and rectify them.

According to the official, the groups — usually unknown in the area — dictated to the schools as a means of disrupting activities. He did not know why.

Inkatha,

ANC to

discuss

violence

**By Nicola
Cunningham-Brown**

ANC and Inkatha leaders will discuss the Natal violence for the first time in an historic meeting today, as part of the ANC's 'peace mission' to the strife-torn Province.

The mission will include visits by ANC leaders to townships in Natal and discussions with people directly affected by the violence and will culminate with the mass ANC rally at Durban's Kings Park Stadium on Sunday, to be addressed by Mr Nelson Mandela.

ANC leaders including Mr Walter Sisulu, Mr Ahmed Kathrada and Mr Andrew Mlangeni will arrive at Louis Botha airport early today and will meet representatives of Inkatha and the Cosatu/UDF alliance this afternoon in a Durban hotel 'as a preliminary step to further negotiations'.

The Inkatha representatives are Dr Oscar Dhlomo, Inkatha's secretary-general and KwaZulu Minister of Education and Culture, and Dr Frank Mdlalose, KwaZulu Minister of Health and Social Welfare. The Cosatu/UDF representatives are Dr Diliza Mji, president of the National Medical and Dental Association, and Mr Alec Erwin, education officer for the National Union of Metalworkers of South Africa.

Tension

The primary purpose of the ANC's working visit is to investigate ways of stopping the violence in the Province and to reduce tension as far as possible, Dr Mji said at a Press conference yesterday.

He appealed to people attending Sunday's rally not to do anything which could aggravate the situation in Natal.

Meanwhile, between 175 000 and 250 000 people are expected to attend the all-day rally on Sunday at Kings Park stadium.

One of the rally's organisers, Ms Anne McKay, said security would be very tight. 'The entire venue is to be swept for bombs and all necessary precautions will be taken against the danger of assassination attempts'.

She said more than 300 water taps had been laid on for the crowds, as they were doing everything possible to reduce the possibility of heat exhaustion in members of the audience.

● See map Page 5

Natal
MECUMY

22 - FEB '90

Talks end Africanist/UDF fighting in Uitenhage

UITENHAGE — A ceasefire is now in place in Uitenhage following talks between industrialists, the Pan-Africanists and United Democratic Front on Friday, and after peace calls from Mr Nelson Mandela and the ANC.

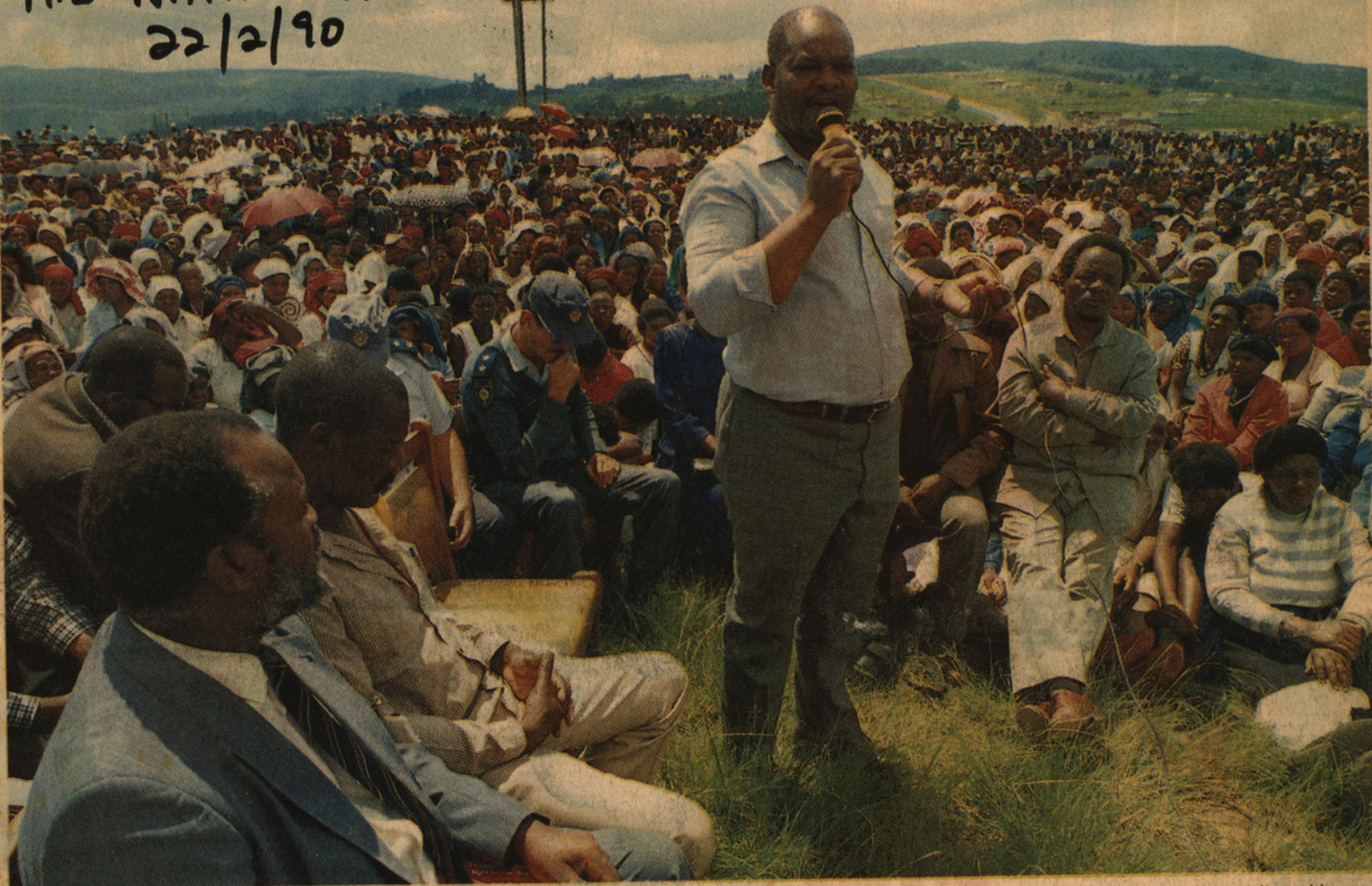
Business was at a standstill

last week when heavy fighting, in which at least 19 people were killed and scores of houses set alight or damaged, led to workers joining a Cosatu stayaway call that demanded immediate Government action.

The industrialists stepped in to mediate on Thursday.

Pan-Africanists accepted the proposals of Uitenhage industrialists, while the UDF waited until after a report-back rally on Friday, addressed by its general secretary, Mr Popo Molefe and the ANC's Mr Raymond Mhlaba, before going back to the chamber for further talks. — Sapa.

THE NATAL WITNESS
22/2/90



Hundreds march home after attack defused

by FRED KOCKOTT

A HUGE crowd of angry, armed Elandskop residents began marching towards town yesterday following an ambush on buses transporting Inkatha members home on Tuesday evening.

The crowd was dissuaded from launching an attack by police and KwaZulu Legislative Assembly member, Mr David Ntombela, who called a meeting near his home to discuss the volatile situation.

The KwaZulu Commissioner of Police, Brigadier Jac Büchner, flew in from Ulundi to attend the 5 000-strong gathering of residents, many of whom were armed with an array of traditional weapons.

"This morning they were on their way to Esigondini to attack, but Chief Ntombela and I were stopping them and telling them to turn back. Yes, they were proceeding on foot. But these people are disciplined. When he (Mr Ntombela) said turn back, they listened to him," a spokesman for the S.A.P. riot unit, Lieutenant "Tjokkie" van den Heever said.

"They would not attack if he did not say so," he added.

Had the group proceeded, the ensuing bloodletting could have reached a level unparalleled in the history of Natal's violence, police said afterwards. The walk from Elandskop to the outskirts of Edendale valley is about 20 km and hundreds more people were likely to have joined the warring party en route.

While Inadi had been targeted for attack, at yesterday's meeting residents spoke of "wiping out" other areas.

"We should go now after the meeting and take them out," one resident said to loud applause. Men chanted and women ululated.

"We don't like to attack anyone but they keep attacking us. We are begging Mr Ntombela and Lieutenant (Danie) Meyer to let us go down," the resident added.

"Let's cool down. Be calm," Mr Ntombela responded.

Residents were told that charges made against Mr Ntombela (concerning an alleged abduction of a girl) and the attacks on Elandskop buses on Tuesday evening had brought about the volatile situation.

Two people were reportedly killed and five injured when a group had opened fire and petrol-bombed a bus as it proceeded up Edendale Road towards Henley Dam. Eight other buses were subsequently stoned by crowds on the side of the road.

Police said the ambush on the first bus had appeared well planned and executed. The assailants had allegedly used a minibus, a description of which has been given to police.

"We do not need Ntombela. Let's go down and attack. From here we go straight to town," another resident said.

A woman added to the call for revenge: "I have lost two sons through these attacks. Last night I spent a sleepless night. My third son did not arrive home."

"I don't see what I am living for. One thing that I think is that we just go down and attack these people," she said. Again the crowd applauded.

Order was maintained, however, and the

A leader from the Elandskop community addresses thousands of residents who had prepared to march on the city yesterday. Seated to his left is KwaZulu MP Mr David Ntombela. Among others who attended yesterday's meeting were senior S.A.P. riot squad members, the KwaZulu Commissioner of Police, local chiefs and the secretary of the KwaZulu Legislative Assembly, Mr Robert Mzimela.

Picture by MARK WING

Turn to page 2

Malan slams reports about SADF squads

By Ormande Pollok Political Correspondent

CAPE TOWN—Defence Minister Magnus Malan last night rejected continuing allegations that the Defence Force was involved in clandestine hit squads and said investigations would prove this.

Reacting to media allegations yesterday he said the Defence Force was being 'tried and judged in an untested manner'.

However, opposition spokesmen said last night that while Gen Malan had denied personally ordering political assassinations by the Civil Co-operation Bureau, he had failed to say whether he was aware of such orders having been given by others.

Gen Malan said that apart from the one-sidedness of the allegations against the security forces, nothing was being said about the violence which had been committed by the ANC over the years.

'They are no angels. On the contrary, they still stand for armed violence,' he said.

Whether it was rhetoric or not, the ANC had to be judged by its words.

He said that through their successful counter-revolutionary actions, the security forces had paved the way to a new South Africa.

Nothing had been said

about how the security forces had scotched ANC predictions that it would bring the Government down.

'As I said in my statement of February 19, I expect the national executive of the ANC to say whether it accepts responsibility for the actions of its own people,' said General Malan.

See also Page 6

Man dies outside nightclub

Crime Reporter

A VISIT to a Durban nightclub ended tragically for a young Berea man when he collapsed and died of a suspected heart attack after being struck on the chest.

Police said Mr Andrew Saunders, 22, was assaulted during an argument inside the 330 Point Road club. He apparently had a heart attack and died soon afterwards.

A witness said he saw Mr Saunders and a friend leaving the club. The friend playfully struck Mr Saunders who stumbled and collapsed on the stairs. It later transpired he had previously undergone open heart surgery.

Bank rescinds decision after taxi protest

Mercury Correspondent

CAPE TOWN—A 'park-in' taxi protest by hundreds of mini-bus drivers yesterday brought the central business district to a virtual standstill, incensing the city's traffic chief and extracting a major backdown by a

The massive convoy then jostled its way out of the city, hooters blaring and driving, according to traffic chief Mr Wouter Smits 'with total recklessness and disregard' for pedestrians and other motorists.

Sabta regional vice



Everybody
nose



Indaba still has role to play says Mansfield

Mercury Reporter

THE KwaZulu/Natal Indaba is not obsolete and will never be just another community organisation, according to Mr Peter Mansfield, executive director.

He was reacting to criticisms that the Indaba had been forced to retrench almost 50% of its staff and introduce stringent financial measures because it was no longer relevant in the current South African political scenario.

'We still see the Indaba as being relevant. Its proposals and processes are being taken more seriously now than ever before.'

Mr Mansfield conceded that a national solution was needed for South Africa's problems — 'the Indaba's emphasis was never to solve Natal/KwaZulu's problems but to break down the logjam that existed through negotiation'.

Solution

'The Indaba has a lot to offer in terms of how to negotiate, which areas to tackle and how.'

'I'd like to add that I think regional provincial government has a very important role to play in the resolution of South Africa's problems — as does local government or city councils.'

'We need to reach a negotiated solution, possibly by a central government devolution of power to regional and local government.'

Mr Mansfield said there were two issues currently facing the Indaba. The first was its involvement in project orientated activities such as education, economic, youth and negotiation.

'We believe these

projects have a lot to offer to bring about change.'

The second was the Indaba's experience in the negotiation process and other proposals which 'could be valuable to South Africa'.

'The Indaba negotiations which took place in Durban in 1986 were a microcosm of South Africa's problems.'

Mr Paul Graham, Regional Director of Idasa, said the above was true but that at the time they operated under conditions which were not favourable for bringing all the relevant parties together.

'Now conditions are conducive and the Indaba needs to reassess their role in the next few months. The question will be whether they're able to overcome their history in order to play that role.'

Mr Graham said at present South Africa needed everyone who was committed to a non-racial democracy to work for a common cause.

'To the extent that the Indaba has a role to play in preparing South Africa for a non-racial democracy, they are relevant.'

Mandela

CAPE TOWN—Nelson Mandela will meet leaders of the Democratic Party on Friday at his home in Soweto at the request of the DP, MP Peter Gastrow said yesterday. The DP delegation will be led by co-leader Wynand Malan and will include Dr Denis Worrall, Dr Zach de Beer and Mr Gastrow. — (Sapa)

DP applauds Maggie

LONDON—British Prime Minister Mrs Margaret Thatcher needed to be thanked for the stand she was taking on the issue of sanctions against South Africa, Mr Harry Schwarz (DP, Yeoville), said yesterday.

Speaking during the second reading debate on the Part Appropriation Bill for the administration of the House of Assembly, he said this was especially so in view of the hostile climate in which she was operating.

Mr Schwarz said there was some lack of morality in pro-sanctions people shifting the goal-posts continu-

ously.

President de Klerk, was quite genuine in his desire to get negotiations going, and this should be accepted both inside and outside South Africa.

Mr Schwarz said the Government's failure to put a constitutional plan on the table was a disturbing feature to many people in South Africa.

Mr W A Botha (CP, Uitenhage) said in his maiden speech that it should not be allowed that South Africa be impoverished by a small group of people influencing the masses to strike. — (Sapa)

Lesotho's king stripped of his powers

MASERU—The Chairman of the Military Council of Lesotho, Maj-Gen Justin Metsing Lekhanya, has stripped King Moshoeshoe II of his powers.

'His Majesty's powers, for the time being, will be vested in me with the assistance of the Military Council,' he said in a statement.

According to Gen Lekhanya, this move follows the refusal by the Head of State, King Moshoeshoe II to approve the changes made in the Lesotho Government administration proposed by himself. — (Sapa)

The Natal Mercury

22 - Feb. 1990

22 FEB. 1990

10



THE NATAL

MERCURY

HOW MUCH LONGER?

HAVING FAILED to get a compromise at the meeting of European Community foreign ministers in Dublin, Britain has decided to 'go it alone' in rewarding President de Klerk's bold reforms with a partial lifting of sanctions.

Meanwhile, record cargo-handling figures at S A ports and a healthy January trade balance provide their own commentary on the state of our besieged economy. Though handicapped and starved of investment, it is certainly not 'in ruins', as Mr Nelson Mandela has described it.

Like many others, we are impressed by Mr Mandela's obviously keen intellect and grasp of affairs — with some important reservations. Prison is not the best place in which to keep abreast of complex economic issues, and we hope that as Mr Mandela walks abroad to enjoy the freedom he has not had for 27 years, he will discover why it is that S A, with 4.6% of Africa's population, accounts for more than 40% of the entire continent's economic activity.

To see the sad consequences of real economic ruin, he should take a look at the bare shelves in any Zambian supermarket when he visits there. And no doubt his ANC comrades will acquaint him with the delights of exile in Lusaka.

Another of his understandable blank spots is that he still wants sanctions but hardly seems aware that every time he mentions nationalisation he is poten-

tially doing more damage to the economy than sanctions ever could. Is that really what he wants? Does the ANC stand for freedom in everything except the market place?

These are issues that he and it will have to address within the context of the Africa's colonial heritage, which he appears to think requires some apology from the former colonisers. It is said that the only thing worse than being colonised is not being colonised. Look at starving, undeveloped Ethiopia.

Britain's Labour leader, Mr Neil Kinnock, attacks Mrs Thatcher for 'knowing better than Nelson Mandela' on sanctions. She probably does. And we hope that if Mr Mandela makes that telephone call to her, he will be receptive to her sound arguments.

For other sanctions advocates who have not spent 27 years in prison, there is less excuse. Someone should remind Mr Kinnock that, in a different context, he once said, 'You cannot play politics with people's jobs.'

Then there are the prelates who play God with people's jobs. To the fore again, urging the EC foreign ministers to keep the sanctions screws on, is that doughty anti-apartheid campaigner and author from the 1950s, Father (now Archbishop) Trevor Huddleston. How sad that he seems caught in a time-war of his own. He still has *Naught for Your Comfort*. For ever and ever, amen?

Stop these attacks

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Amakhansela

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ZWELAKHE MKHIZE

ETHEKWINI: Kuhlase-
lwe amakhansela amabili
ezindaweni ezahlukene
kwasiswa nemizi yawo
kwaThi elinye labulawa
ngesihluku eNtuzuma ge-
mpelasonto.

Kwesinye isigigaba
kubulawe iphiyisa lase-
South Africa ebelisebe-
nzela eChesterville elidu-
tshulwe lafa labuye lashi-
swa Kwamashu ngeSo-
nto.

UMphathi westeshi
samaphoyisa Kwama-
shu, uCapt. M. A. Sikh-
khane, uthe uKhansela
uMnu. Phillip Mzikayise
Msibi (48) uhlasele
ngabantu abangaziwa
ngo-10.30 kusihwa nge-
Sonto. Kulesihlakalo
kuthiwe kushiswe umuzi
wakhe kwa-F1980 eNtu-
zuma bambulala.

Kuthiwa ushona nje
bekuvele kunezinsongo
zokumbulala abelokhu
ezithola ngezingingo.
Ushiywe umkake uNk.
Beatrice (uMaMzobe)
nezingane ezimbili zama-
ntombazane uNontoko-
(15) noNmkhosi (12).
Amalungiselelo
omngcwabo abengaka-
phothulwa.

Ikhansela lasesigce-
meni sakwaWard 2 kha-
na futhi eNtuzuma,
uMnu. Mwakwempi Ma-
jola, uhlasele ngabantu
abangaziwa kwasiswa
umuzi wakhe wangqo-
nga nezimoto zikanoku-
nje.

sho ezimbili kwadaleka
umonakalo obalelwa ku-
R280 000 wezindleko.

Lesihlakalo senzeke
ngalo iSonto kushiswa.
Unestoio ehostela Kwa-
Mashu endaweni eyaziwa
ngokuthi kuseCongo ka-
ni futhi unezinye izitolo
eMahlathini.

UMnu. Majola uthe
ufike kushiswa ngalolu-
ku evela emabizini si-
nake. Ngaphandle ko-
muzi wakhe kuthiwa
ukhangwe yiqule labantu
abebenile besolisa se-
ngathi kukhona abaluna
ukukwenza. UMnu.
Majola uphume emowe-
ni wayimisa ngaphandle
kwegceke eyolanda izi-
ngane zakhe ezimbili
endlini ngoba esola uku-
thi lababantu bayimpi.

Emuva kwesikhasa-
na engenile endlini,
uMnu. Majola, kuzwa-
kale ngamabhomu ka-
phehloli eqhuma phezu
kwendli, khona manjalo
kwaswa izimoto zombili
lena ebeypakwe ngapha-
ndle nebesigalaji.

Izindleko zomuzi zi-
ngaphezulu kuaka-R50
000 kanti impahla yawo
beyimbize ngaphezulu
kuaka-R30 000. Imoto
ebeysigalaji yona inge-
phezulu kuaka-R14 000
kwathi edingaphandle
komuzi ibiza R65 000.

UCapt. Sikhakhane
uvumile ukuthi kukhona
abazovela enkantolo
ngamacala maduzane
nje.

IZIMBA 22-24 Feb. 1990

Owezitshudeni zas'Ongoye

LESLIE NYASHENG

ONGOYE: Isikhalazo se-
zitshudeni ezingu-38 za-
seYunivesithi yaKwaZu-
lu ebezifunda khona ngo-
nyaka odlule kodwa ze-
nqatshelwa ukuba zizo-
qhubeka nokufunda no-
nyaka, sesethulwe ezithe-
beni zoMkhandlu wa-
khona.

Kusaqala uFebruary
kulonyaka ikomiti lase-
Yunivesithi elengamele
ukwemukela izitshudeni
uma zifuna ukuzofunda
khona lakhipha isimeme-
zelo sokuthi lezitshude-
ni ezingu-38 ngeke zise-
mukelwa ukuba zizoqhu-
ba izifundo zazo khona
kulonyaka.

Ngezizathu eziyimfi-
hlo yabaphathi beYuni-
vesithi okuthiwe zingeke
zagagulwa, iYunivesithi
ithe ayizimisele ukuzi-
chaza lezizizathu nano-
kuthi kwenziwe yini uku-
ba kuze kufinyelelwe ku-
zona.

Iningi lezitshudeni
ezifunda kuleYunivesithi
zitelekile aziyi emakila-
sini ngoba zikhombisa
ukunganeliswa ngoku-
ngabuyiselwa kwalezizi-
tshudeni. Zaqala ukudu-
ba amakilasi kusukela
ngomhla kaFebruary 6.

Inhlangano yezitshu-
deni, iStudent Represent-
ative Council, isicele
ukuba ibe nomhlangano
nomphathi weyunivesithi,
uProf. A. C. Nkabinde,
ukuze kuzodingidwa lo-
ludaba lwezitshudeni ezi-
ngasavunyelwa ukuba zi-
zoqedela izifundo zazo.

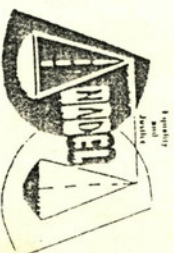
UProf Nkabinde usi-
chithile isicelo sezitshu-
deni wathi asikafiki isi-
khathi sokuba udaba lun-
gakhulunywa emhlanga-
nweni okukhona kuwona
izitshudeni njengamanje.
Uthe kusafanele kuqale
kuhlangane ikomiti lase-
Yunivesithi kube yilona
elibhunga ngaloludaba.

Ikomiti elaziwa ngo-
kuthi yi-Executive Com-
mittee of Senate seli-
kubeka ngokusobala
ukuthi njengoba kune-
ngxenye yezitshudeni ezi-
telekele ukuya emakilasi-
ni ngeke nangengozi ku-
hlehllelwe emuva kubu-
kezwe osekufundiwe
ngesizathu sazo uma se-
zibuyele emakilasini.

Ikomiti libike nokuthi
ngisho nezinsuku okuyo-
qalwa ngazo ukuhlolwa
konyaka ngeke nange-
ngozi ziguqulwe.

National Association of Democratic Lawyers

Zonke izinhlangano ziyamxu-
swa ukuzinikela ekushabalali-
seni ukugobhoza kwegazi
eNatali. Ophakimpi
nezigebengu nge-
ke basiholele enku-
lulekweni.



UMKHANKASO
WOBUMBANO
NOKUTHULA
OKHISHWA YINHLANGANO YABAMELI

Umphakathi uyacelwa ukuba
uziphathe ngesizotha kube no-
kuthula futhi kungabi noku-
cwasana ngokwemikhakha
ngalempelasonto ezayo.

EZEZWE

NAMUHLA



IS Africa ingase iqophe umlando

ECAPE TOWN:-UHulumeni waseSouth Africa angase aqophe umlando ngalempelasonto ekwakheleni iSouth Africa ubuhlobo namazwe ase-Afrika ngesikhathi uMongameli F.W.de Klerk ebanomhlangano nabanye abaholi bamazwe ase-Afrika kwelaseZaire.

Lomhlangano wenzeke ngesikhathi lapho amazwe amaningi ase-Afrika ckhombisa ukusithakasela isinyathelo sokukhululwa kukaMnuz. Nelson Mandela ejele emuva kokudonsa iminyaka engu 27 kanye nezinyathelo zikaMongameli de Klerk zokuba kuqalwe ukubonisana nabaholi abaNyama kanye ne-ANC ngekusasa le-South Africa.

Lomhlangano obaluleke kakhulu uzobasedolobheni laseGoma futhi kumenywe kuwo abaholi bamazwe ehlukenegase-Afrika. Kukholakala ukuthi ungase uvule amasango okuxhumana kwezohwebo phakathi kweSouth Africa namanye amazwe ase-Afrika.



UMNUZ. F.W. de Klerk uMongameli wase-South Africa.

Kuzwakala ukuthi abanye abaholi abamenywe kulomhlangano nguMongameli Kenneth Kaunda waseZambia kanye noMongameli Joaquim Chissano waseMozambique.

Amanye amazwe azobe ethumele abaholi bawo kulomhlangano yi-Chad, Burundi, Central African Republic, Togo neGabon.

Kuzwakala ukuthi noma amazwe amaningi ase-Afrika ezesekela izinyathelo ezithathwe nguMongameli de Klerk kodwa Inhlangano yobumbano lwamazwe ase-Afrika, i-Organisation of African Unity (OAU) ithi akufanele ikhohlakale i-ANC.

Okhulumela ihhovisi likaMongameli de Klerk uvumile ukuthi uMongameli de Klerk uzobekhona kulomhlangano ongomGqibelo. Uthe uMongameli de Klerk umenywe nguMongameli Mobutu Sese Seko ukuba abekulomhlangano wosuku olulodwa lapho ezokwazi ukubonana nabanye abaholi base-Afrika.

Kuzwakala ukuithi kulomhlangano kuzokhulunywa ngezindaba ezibalulekile njengobudlelwane phakathi kwe-South Africa namazwe onke ase-Afrika kanye nempi yombango yase-Angola.

UNgqongqoshe wezangaphandle eSouth Africa, uMnuz. Pik Botha, wenqabile ukuphawula ngaloluhambo lukaMongameli wezwe kodwa kuzwakala ukuthi baningi abaholi base-Afrika abamenyiwe kulomhlangano.



UMONGAMELI Mobutu Sese Seko wase-Zaire.