Catherine Deneuve and Gérard Depardieu, was found dead in his car in a Paris basement garage. He also was killed with a .22 rifle.

problem a combining actified tests have revealed them to be caused by rivets popping when the aircraft broke up.



Museveni : Refusal.



Mol: Mastermind.

the far west of Uganda. The NRA controls and administers most of the western part of the country and is still stopping the flow of all food supplies to the capital's one million people.

The collapse of the peace ceremony is expected to push up food prices, already described as being at 'astronomical levels,' because of alarm about Uganda's immediate future.

General Okello last month appealed to the international community for \$300 million, mainly to help resettle demobilised soldiers. Diplomats in Kampala who heard his request viewed it as unrealistic. The crumbling of the peace plan makes the prospect of such support still more remote.

Call to arms sounds for a new Time of Sorrows

A YOUNG man stood on a bench outside a cluster of simple but fastidiously neat buildings in Moutse, a South African tribal reserve, and blew a series of quavering notes on the horn of a kudu antelope.

It was the traditional call to arms for the men of the local Pedi tribe, and this was the second consecutive day that it had been heard across Moutse's crowded villages. The men were being summoned to defend the chief's kraal against armed groups from a neighbouring tribe, the Ndebele.

At least 20 people have died in the fighting so far, and the atmosphere was tense with both sides on alert again.

There are the hulks of burntout vehicles at the roadside in Moutse's main settlement of Kwarilaagte. Several stores have been gutted. Bloodstains on the roadway leading to Chief T. G. Mathebe's 'Great Place' mark the spot where four Ndebele invaders were stoned to death on Wednesday.

The fighting has broken out because of the Government's determination to join Moutse to the adjoining KwaNdebele 'homeland' which is scheduled for nominal independence this

Moutse's 120,000 people bit-terly oppose this and have been warning for months that there would be trouble if the Government forced the change on. them. Now the predictions have been borne out as the

ALLISTER SPARKS Moutse

incorporation took effect on 1 January.

For two days last week groups of Ndebele men carrying knives, machetes, axes and guns roamed the villages of Moutse attacking homes, chopping down doors and putting families to flight.

It was this which led to Chief Mathebe's household guard sounding the kudu horn.

The fighting is a crude re-enactment of the region's tribal history. The Ndebele are an offshoot of the warlike Zulus of Natal who invaded the Transvaal under their breakaway regimental commander Mzilikazi in the nineteenth century, putting peaceful tribes to flight.

After two decades of plunder, known among the predominantly Sotho-speaking blacks of the Transvaal as the Difaquane, or 'Time of Sorrows,' during which some fled into the mountains of present-day Lesotho and others into the semi-desert plains of Botswana.

Mzilikazi's Ndebele were themselves driven by the Boer pioneers across South Africa's northern border into what is now Zimbabwe where they settled in Matabeleland.

The warlike tradition lives on among the tribal remnants who remained in the Transvaal. Hence the plundering armed bands and the frenzied reaction to them, while Pretoria's police force stands back and watches

another outbreak of black-onblack violence.

To them the intergroup strife may seem like another demonstration of apartheid's justifying theme that black tribes are inherently incompat-ible. In fact, what is happening in Moutse makes no sense even in terms of the Government's own policies.

The Pedi are a sub-group of the North Sotho tribes, whose asigned 'homeland' is Lebowa. Until recently Moutes formed part of Lebowa. Now it is being made part of KwaNdebele, with which the Pedi have no ethnic compatibility. Their inclusion will reduce the number of Ndebeles in KwaNdebele to a minority and sow the seeds of continuous strife.

At a time when President P. W. Botha is trying to persuade the world that he is dismantling apartheid, he is seen going to extraordinary lengths to esta-blish a new independent 'homeland.' Pretoria is also trying to persuade the world that it has stopped forced removals, but the Government is forcing 120,000 people to become part of a 'homeland' against their will.

And at a time when South Africa is grappling with widespread racial unrest, which has resulted in more than 1,000 deaths in 16 months and led to the declaration of a state of emergency, Pretoria has gratuitously created a new troublespot in a previously placid area.

The reason appears to be that Pretoria four years ago found an Ndebele 'leader' who was



prepared to accept independence, and now feels committed to him. He is a former vegetable seller named Simon Skosana.

The apartheid planners created an artificial 'homeland' around him by buying 19 white farms about 100 miles north of Pretoria: there is in fact no territory which the Ndebele can claim to be a traditional homeland in the Transvaal.

KwaNdebele, as this territory is now called, was turned into a dumping ground for expelled city-dwellers to give it a popula-tion. Its 300,000 inhabitants mostly live in sprawling resettlement camps along the main road and commute to work in Pretoria. The subsidy to the bus company is the biggest item in the 'homeland' administration's budget.

Skosana himself was made first a nominated member of a legislative assembly, then chief minister. As president of the new 'state' he will earn nearly £200,000 a year.

The forced annexation of Moutse appears to be one more name and address to:- Effecstep in trying to give a semb-lance of viability to what is a (Dept. OBS2), FREEPOST 38, totally artificial creation.

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