Cyril Ramophosa

Cyril Ramophosa's work on negotiated change as a trade unionist, civic leader and politician is highly regarded nationally and internationally. He is at present Secretary General of the ANC, Member of Parliament and chair of the Committee responsible for the new constitution.

Ramophosa grew up in Western Native Township. His family was removed to Soweto. He later matriculated at Mpahluli High School in the Northern Transvaal.

At the University of the North, where he was registered for a BProc degree, he was catapulted into student leadership through SASO and became its University chair in 1974. He also chaired the Student Christian Movement. He was detained for 11 months under Section 6 of the Terrorism Act.

He completed his degree and continued playing a leading role in black politics. He was by then involved in the Black Consciousness movement and was in the leadership of the Black People's Convention. He obtained by 1976 his legal articles with a Johannesburg firm of attorneys.

In June 1976 following the outbreak of unrest in Soweto, Ramophosa was again detained in terms of the Terrorism Act and was held for six months at John Vorster Square. He continued with legal studies through Unisa.

Instead of choosing a legal career as an attorney he joined the Council of Unions of South Africa (CUSA), seeking a position through which he could help ordinary people win their rights.

In 1982, CUSA decided to form a National Union of Mineworkers (NUM) and Ramophosa became its first general secretary. By 1986 under his leadership the trade union had a membership of over 400 000 members and had established an industrial relations system in the mining industry.

Issues with which Ramophosa became involved included the removal of racial discrimination in the mining industry; equal pay for African mineworkers doing work legally reserved for whites; and changes in conditions of employment.

He also played a leading role during 1984-5 in the consolidation of what became the Congress of South African Trade Unions. By 1988 Ramophosa was also involved in the Soweto Civic Association that began the negotiations with the Johannesburg City Council and has created the new Metro structure of the City. Since then he has been at the helm of every negotiation towards a new democratic dispensation.

Since the unbanning of the ANC he has become its chief negotiator and mediator. Perhaps his crowning achievement has been his brokering of the new constitution, the CODESA "miracle" and his ability to negotiate a peaceful transition to democracy.

Shula Marks

Professor Shula Marks is arguably the most important historian of KwaZulu-Natal and her work has been profoundly influential both on her own colleagues and students.

Her PhD, and the book that came from it, Reluctant Rebellion, was the first serious Africanist book on the history of the province. While the general approach to Natal history may have changed in the thirty years since it was published, the basic soundness of the research has ensured that it remains the standard work on the subject.

Professor Marks continued publishing on this region and her Ambiguities of Dependence confronted, with clarity and skill, some of the most difficult and contradictory elements of the

colonial experience.

In the field of South African historiography Professor Marks has edited three volumes of historical studies which in many ways have charted the direction which South African historiography was to take. These are Economy and Society in Preindustrial South Africa, Industrialisation and Social Change in South Africa; The Politics of Race, Class & Nationalism in Twentieth Century South Africa.

Most local historians know Professor Marks best as a dynamic teacher, administrator and organiser. A concrete record of this lies in the 20 volumes of Collected Seminar Papers on the Societies of Southern Africa in the 19th and 20th Centuries, held under her auspices at the Institute of Commonwealth Studies at the University of London. In spite of enormously heavy academic duties, Professor Marks is well known for the close personal attention she has always devoted to her students. She has inspired many of them to become leading figures in modern Southern African scholarship. Marks' association with Natal and the University has been close. A regular user of the Killie Campbell Collections, much of her work done on Natal and KwaZulu emanated from research done on the campus. During the time when few outside academics visited the country and fewer welcomed South Africans to their own departments, Professor Marks kept the lines of communication open, so helping to keep scholarship and morale alive during the dark days of the academic boycott.

Marks, currently professor in the history of southern Africa, University of London, holds a BA from UCT, a PhD from London and

was awarded an Honorary DLitt by UCT in 1994.

Ellen Kuzwayo

Ellen Kuzwayo, autobiographer and short-story writer, has through her writing, impacted on the South African people as a courageous leader with the combined qualities of principle, compassion and reason.

Having trained and practised as both teacher and social worker, she was awarded an honorary doctorate from the University of the Witwatersrand in 1987.

The first black writer to be awarded the CNA Literary Prize, the main thrust of Ellen Kuzwayo's work has been the highlighting of the homelessness of her people in their land of birth as well as the enforced poverty of life in the townships.

Ellen Kuzwayo addresses the issues of the dispossession of the black people by legalised appropriation of the land in both her autobiography Call me a woman and in the film she produced Tsiamelo: A Place of Goodness.

In another collection of short stories, Sit Down and Listen, she focuses on the necessity of education in the national liberation struggle.

Arguably, her most important contributions to South African society became manifest during the uprisings of the 1970s and 1980s. Dedicating her life to the welfare of the black people, she earned the title "mother of Soweto".

A strong advocate of the re-formulation of the place of the African woman in South African society, Ellen Kuzwayo has offered numerous examples of how courageously women in the townships have combated their oppression.

She has consistently exhibited the kind of social responsibility that we have come to expect from artists in a land as volatile as ours. Time and again Ellen Kuzwayo has shown us that it is not only possible, but essential to temper emotion with compassion and never to lose sight of our ability to reason.

Frene Ginwala

Dr Frene Ginwala became Speaker of the National Assembly in May 1994. South African born, but educated in exile in the UK, she holds an LLB from London University and a DPhil from Oxford.

Ginwala began her career as a Barrister-at-law (Inner Temple). Her first step into the political arena was as an ANC official in Tanzania, Zambia, Mozambique and the UK, where she was head of political research in Oliver Tambo's office. She also served as spokesperson for the ANC in London.

She then joined the media as a journalist and broadcaster for The *Guardian* and the BBC respectively. Later she became managing editor of two Tanzanian national newspapers: The Standard and Sunday News.

A well-respected lecturer at various international universities, Ginwala has also served as a crucial participant at international conferences, including those at the United Nations and Unesco, on South Africa, conflict research, women, and development and technology transfer.

She was appointed Head of the Political Research Unit in the office of the ANC President, and later served two years on the PWV Regional Executive Committee of the ANC. She also served as a member of the ANC Negotiating Team in Working Group Two of CODESA, and was a member of the Technical Committee of the IEC at the Multiparty Negotiating Forum.

Ginwala is a strong campaigner for the rights of women. She was part of the task force to establish the Women's League in South Africa, was Deputy Head of the ANC Commission on the Emancipation of Women and Head of the Women's National Coalition.

George Bizos

George Bizos is Senior Counsel in the Legal Resources Centre, involved in general and more recently in constitutional litigation.

He has practised as Counsel at the Johannesburg Bar since 1954 and appeared in many political trials including the Rivonia Trial

when Nelson Mandela was sentenced to life imprisonment.

He was appointed by President Nelson Mandela to the Judicial Services Commission, which in terms of the Constitution is charged with recommending the appointment of judges in order to bring about a representative judiciary with regard for race and gender.

A member of the ANC's Legal and Constitutional Committee and advisor to the negotiating team at CODESA where the Interim Constitution was adopted, Bizos is also a founder member of the National Council of Lawyers for Human Rights.

He was involved in the drafting of legislation and more particularly the Truth and Reconciliation Bill and amendments to the Criminal Procedures Act, to bring it into line with Chapter 3 of the Constitution, guaranteeing fundamental human rights to all citizens of South Africa.

From 1982-94 he served as a member of the Board of Trustees of the Centre for Applied Legal Studies at Wits University. He was a Judge of the Court of Appeal in Botswana from 1985-93 and is an honorary member of the Athens Bar.

Bizos has participated in a number of conferences dealing with Constitutional matters in South Africa, Washington, New York, Karlsrhure, Cologne, Oxford and Athens. In 1989 he took part in seminars at Columbia University's Law School on Legal Responses to Apartheid.

FELLOWS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NATAL

(Graduation dates in brackets)

1989

Prof S E Drewes, Chemistry, Pmb (15.4.89)
Prof R J Haines, Chemistry, Pmb (15.4.89)
Prof R G Harley, Electrical Eng., Dbn (20.4.89)
Prof A S Mathews, School of Law, Pmb (14.4.89) - Deceased 1993
Prof J van Staden, Botany, Pmb (15.4.89)
Prof A D M Walker, Physics, Dbn (21.4.89)

1990

Prof L W Baker, Surgery, Dbn (24.3.90) - Retired 1992
Prof M J F Chapman, English, Dbn (22.3.90)
Prof D R Hunter, Geology, Pmb (31.3.90) - Retired 1992
Prof J R L Milton, School of Law, Pmb (30.3.90)
Prof Y K Seedat, Medicine, Dbn (24.3.90)
Prof N M Tainton, Grassland Science, Pmb (31.3.90) - Retired 1993

1991

Prof W L Nieuwoudt, Agric. Economics, Pmb (13.4.91) Prof M H Prozesky, Religious Studies, Pmb (11.4.91) Prof R E Schulze, Agric. Eng., Pmb (20.4.91)

1992

Prof G L Maclean, Zoology & Entomology, Pmb (4.4.92)

1993

Prof M J Samways, Zoology & Entomology, Pmb (17.4.93) Prof S Adali, Mechanical Eng., Dbn (22.4.93) Prof W M Freund, Economic History, Dbn (23.4.93) Prof M A Hellberg, Physics, Dbn (22.4.93)

1994

Prof P Berjak, Biology, Dbn (15.4.94) Prof H M Coovadia, Pædiatrics & Child Health, Dbn (16.4.94) Prof R E Raab, Physics, Pmb (26.3.94) Prof F H J Rijkenberg, Microbiology & Plant Path., Pmb (26.3.94) Prof J V Robbs, General Surgery, Dbn (16.4.94)

1995

Prof C J Ballantine, Music, Dbn (11.4.95) Prof J Moodley, Obstetrics & Gynæcology, Dbn (15.12.94) Prof K G Tomaselli, C.C.M.S., Dbn (11.4.95)

1996

Prof J M Burchell, School of Law, Pmb (20.4.96) Prof R E Klitgaard, Economics, Dbn (22.3.96) Prof K B Nürnberger, Theology, Pmb (18.4.96) Prof M J Savage, Agronomy, Pmb (20.4.96)

1997

Prof K D Bhoola, Experimental & Clinical Pharmacology, Med. School Prof C M Breen, I.N.R., Pmb
Prof P G L Leach, Mathematics, Dbn
Prof H C Swart, Mathematics, Dbn

Hon grads

George Bijos

Ellen Ruguayo

Prof Bresswell

Ben ngulane

Byril Ramaphosa

Prof T Bothwell (?)

MEER, FATTMA No Date



CONFERMENT OF THE DEGREE OF DOCTOR OF SOCIAL SCIENCE HONORIS CAUSA UPON FATIMA MEER

By a process of forgetting as powerful as the Truth and Reconciliation Commission is telling, South Africa, fatigued by the burden of its past and ready for rapid normalization, pays little heed to the business of recollecting its moral exemplars: those people who stood in opposition to the apartheid state and the rough banality of its evil and who are not currently ministers of government. Those from the struggle who are now busy in governmental posts should no longer be evaluated by their past dedication but instead by their current performance in a democratic government. Meanwhile other heroes from the past are busy raking in capital in the economic sector. The long and short of it is that South Africa is in a nascent state and nascence breeds the failure to honour memory. Young people whose childhood was in a world of iron and blood know little about those whose long term dedications were crucial to bringing about the new democracy and whose lives represent a moral pinnacle for our time: perhaps for all time. It is therefore the duty of universities as well as their privilege to honour those whose lives have been exemplary. This so that history may be written in an indelible script from which the young may draw understanding and inspiration.

What is exemplary about Fatima Meer, the person whom the University of Natal has the privilege to honour tonight, is not simply her sustained bravery during a life of struggle. Her career in the struggle may be dated from 1946, when at the age of 17 she was an initiator of the Students' Passive Resistance Committee. In the 1950s she worked in opposition to the Group Areas Act. Later, she founded the Federation of Black Women of South Africa. These activities generated two bomb attacks against her, one assassination attempt, and a total of 12 years of banning by the government. What is exemplary is that much of her work has taken the form of resistance through education: through the building of schools, educational programmes and through her writing. Her work in establishing three schools in Umlazi, co-founding the Durban and District Women's League, sending students to be educated in India, starting the Natal Educational Organization to co-ordinate action to improve low African matriculation pass rates and organising tutorials in mathematics in urban and rural Natal: this had a value that went beyond its resistance to one of the most successful aspects of apartheid, its technology for the prevention of equal education. Meer built things which were right for the new nation even before that new nation existed. She educated people so that they might have the resources to pursue their own autonomous goods and be better citizens, even before they had the rights of citizenship. Meer was busy establishing the new South Africa avant-la-lettre. She was among the first South Africans to have ever existed, a dutiful citizen before citizenship was enfranchised for her.

Schröder, Ashleigh Rozanne Scott, Fiona Belinda Seebaluck, Monia Rushmila Seedat, Zaheera Sekobane, Elliot Moreri Sekobile, Segoane Shadrack Sewpersad, Sunil Shandu, Nozipho Nobuhle Generosa Shange, Lungile Midge Shapiro, Margaret Alison Shezi, Elijah Bonginkosi Simmons, John Mark Singh, Vishanth Sithole, Frederick Simphiwe Sithole, Lungile Michelle Fatima Sithole, Nokuthula Signoria Smith, James Alexander Sedgbeer Soobiah, Divanisha Spaull, Robert Hugh Steenhuisen, Candice Lorraine Thabethe Welcome Lindani

Thela Maureen Zamokuhle Thobela, Jabu Yvonne Timber, Shane Henry Toerien, Havley Sue Tredre, Candida Michelle Uren, Jeevan Fabian Valiee, Jerusha van Kleef, Michelle-Anne Vaughan, Nicola Michelle Vawda, Yasmeen Veeramootoo, Deana Veeramootoo, Diana Virasamy, Bernadia Vurden, Vanessa Venushree Walters, Joslyn Jo-Anne White, Victoria Yebe, Throne Zindela, Lungile Bridget Zulu, Nontethelelo Audrev Zulu, Siduduziwe Noluxolo

Advanced University Diploma in Nursing Education

Majola, Ntombizakhona Clementine Mbonambi, Nombulelo Ngobese, Nokwazi Goodness

Paul, Cynthia Rossouw, Carmel Joan

Advanced University Diploma in Nursing

Majola, Bongi Angeline Mbatha, Clara Adelaide Mpumelelo Pillay, Rookmoney Stuart, Lorna May

BERNSTEIN, LIONEL



CONFERMENT OF THE DEGREE OF DOCTOR OF LAWS

HONORIS CAUSA UPON LIONEL BERNSTEIN

Mr Lionel (Rusty) Bernstein, an architect by profession and an activist by dedication, is being honoured tonight in both capacities. As activist, he was one of the central players in the 1950s and 1960s in the struggle against Apartheid. As architect, he built not the modernist high-rises which in their dilapidated states of collapsed curtain wall or their newly minted and unctuous Rosebank corporate sleek, grace the cities of South African modernity today, but a bridge of more ancient and radical value, a bridge between the foundations of Athenian democracy and the South African constitution. Bernstein was a chief architect, along with Govan Mbeki and a small number of others, of the Freedom Charter of 1957. Since that document founded South Africa before it was willing, as a country dedicated to the project of radical democracy, with equality of rights in the most rigorous sense, for all, Bernstein's work is at the origins of South African social contracts. As an origin, the Freedom Charter has never enjoyed strict legal use: its declaration is rather of the currency of a moral weapon, to be used to measure how far the South African constitution really goes in proclaiming the rights of a humanity which is entitled to refuse humiliation and abjection, just how far government goes in ensuring a better life, just how much the global forms of capitalism which subsume South Africa are indeed enlightened. Marxism, for the Freedom Charter as an artifact of Marxist humanism in the best sense, remains alive to the extent that its principles remain a radical option to current automotive forms of government policy with their supply side GEARs - gears which make BMWs run very fast but consign those with rusted old engines to further lack of movement. Clause 3: "The people shall share in the Country's wealth", calls for nationalisation of the mines. With current layoffs impending for mineworkers and former trade unionists busy striking it rich (rather than striking at all), with South African capitalism still fond of the days of 19th century colonialism where the desire was, in the words of Josef Conrad, "To tear treasures out of the bowels of the land . . . with no more moral purpose . . . than there is in burglars breaking into a safe", we may find that the Freedom Charter haunts us. Clause 4: "The land shall be shared among those who work it", demands a redistribution of land and state assistance for the peasantry. Of the 22 000 odd land claims currently on the government books, a total of 7 have been resolved in the last two years. We may return to this clause as a moral sword. Clause 7: "There shall be work and security". Need I say more? Clause 9: "There shall be houses, security and comfort". Who but makers of car alarms, razor wire, electronic gates and breeders of large Alsatian dogs would take comfort from South Africa's current state of housing and security. Despite the much heralded out-of-dateness of Marxism, the Freedom Charter haunts like an unconsummated ghost in the rainbow nation, just as Marx, in the words of the philosopher Jacques Derrida, continues to haunt like a spectre.

Naicker, Arunthoothie Naicker, Bommie, BA, BEd (UDW) Naidu, Thulasimala, BSc(Hons), MSc(UDW) Pitsoe, Tebogo Emily Octavia, BSocSc Ramdial, Pratistadevi Kanaye, MB ChB Sikhakhane, Nonkululeko Nozipho, HDE, BCom (UZ) Vilakazi, Mlungisi Johann

Further Diploma in Education

Cele, Siphesihle Chonco, Ntombifikile Grace Chonco, Victor Sikhumbuzo Xolani Khathwane, Justine Jabulani Khoza, Mandla Perleverence, FDE Khumalo, Beata Nikeziwe Khumalo, Nomthandazo Barbara, BA (UZ) Khumalo, Sipho Lungisani Henry Makhethi, Tieho John Makhubu, Sipho Nicholas Masikane, Samuel Kwazikwakhe Mbanda, Petra Patricia Mchunu, Ilford Thokozani Mhlongo, Jabulani Joshua Mkhize, Alexus S'busiso Mkhize, Bhekukwenza Eric Mkhize, Thelma Mntungwa, Medrinah, BA (UZ) Msibi, Madoda John

Mthombeni, Thokozile Joyce Myelase, Nonhlanhla Teressa, BA(Hons) Myeza, Thokozile Joan Busisiwe Mzinvane, Priscilla Zandile, BA (Unisa), BEd (Unisa) Mzobe, Christophine Thandiwe, BA, BEd (UZ) Ndlela, Zakhe Ndlovu, Ignatia Thabisile Ndlovu, Rosebud Pamela Ngcobo, Bongiwe Faith Nhlapho, Phiwokuhle Charlotte Ntsele, Simon Nzimande, Thandekile Rejoice Shezi, Sydney General Shibase, Mendo David Tshabalala, Maggie Nomoya Zulu, Thuledu Faith Zulu, Mthembeni Zeblon

• indicates diploma awarded with distinction

University Diploma in Adult Education

Dlamini, Molly Barbara
Duze, Nomabhelu Valencia
Govender, Dharmanesvari Poovy
Khunoethe, Halima
Majola, Eunice Nomagugu
Manciya, Neliswa Pascelina
Masango, Velaphi Maxwell
Mkhize, Bonisiwe
Mkhize, Zamani Mildred
Mlotshwa, Xolani Tobias
Mzolo, Bhungani Israel

Msimang, Ndumiso Ian

Bhengu, Bongi Maureen

Bonhomme, Jacqueline Isobelle

Ndabezitha, Adelaide Nonhlanhla Ngcobo, Jabulani Babyington Ngcobo, Musawenkosi Adolph Ntombela, Anne Namwamba Nunthoolall, Sonia Qulo, Obed Obadiah Raboteng, Terrel Mathery Sibisi, Elizabeth Busisiwe Sithole, Lungile Tiny Thamae, Lereko Emmanuel Xaba, Fidelis Thamsanqa Yegappen, Karen Zulu, Oswald Ntando

• indicates diploma awarded with distinction

FORD, THOMAS ANTHONY

FELLOW OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NATAL

THOMAS ANTHONY FORD

Professor Thomas Anthony Ford is a physical chemist with a particular interest in infra-red spectroscopy, and in theoretical molecular studies. He is a prolific author, with more than 100 papers to his name and, over the last few years, has on average co-authored about 7 peer-reviewed publications annually. In 1998 he was elected Fellow of the Royal Society of South Africa in recognition of his outstanding research record and contributions to chemistry. His research interests are wide. They encompass infra-red spectroscopic studies of hydrogen bonded and donor-acceptor molecular complexes, and of the absolute intensities of absorption bands of simple polyatomic molecules, as well as the prediction, using *ab initio* molecular orbital techniques, of the vibrational spectra of molecular complexes.

Tony Ford completed his undergraduate education and MSc at the University of Wales (Aberystwyth), where, like many Welshmen, he practised his fine singing voice and played rugby. He moved to Canada for his PhD, which he obtained at Dalhousie University. After a Postdoctoral Fellowship and lecturing post in England, he joined the University of the Witwatersrand in 1970. There he rose through the ranks to Reader, Associate Professor and then Deputy Dean, before joining the University of Natal as Professor of Theoretical Chemistry in 1992. He is now Head of the School of Pure and Applied Chemistry. His research links have taken him abroad a good deal and he has spent sabbatical leaves at the University of Florida and Toronto, as well as to Los Alamos National Laboratory.

He was awarded an FRD B rating in 1986 in recognition of his considerable international recognition. He has been on the editorial board of the Journal of Molecular Structures since 1984, and is also on the International Advisory Board of the Asian Journal of Spectroscopy. In addition, he has served on the International Advisory Committee of the European Congress on Molecular Spectroscopy since 1981, and of the International Conference on Fourier Transfer Spectroscopy since 1994. He was the national representative on IUPAC Commission 1.5 on Molecular Structure and Spectroscopy from 1987 to 1991.

In both 1989 and 1997 he was awarded the AECI medal as senior author of a series of papers published in the SA Journal of Chemistry which were judged to have made the most substantial contribution to scientific knowledge in physical chemistry during the preceding four years.

Thomas Anthony Ford has been elected to Fellowship of the University of Natal in recognition of his substantial contribution to theoretical and physical chemistry.

Don Graduotion Ceremony: Faculties of science and Engineering 23 April

Naidu, Ruvashen Damien (Cell Biology) Naidu, Thirugesan Krishna Ndlovu, Zamokwakhe Selby

Nene, Mbali Pearl Nesbitt, Shaun Rory Nethraj, Shiren

Ngcobo, Langalakhe Marvel

Ntshani, Silas Ntuli. Conrad Phila

Omarjee, Ahmed Mahomed (Statistics)

Parbhoo, Deepak Chabildas

Payn, Kitt Garnet
Pepper, Timothy Bryan
Perumal, Mahendran
Perumal, Eddie

Phukubye, Makgabo Samora

Pillay, Desireé Pillay, Vinodhan

Plumb, Stephen Raymond Ramdaloo, Annaleen Sherrel

Randeree, Shamiel Mahomed Raniga, Nuhron

Reddy, Kubendran Redman, Guy Trevor Roberts, Stephen George Roy, Nivendra Pradeep

Seoe. Matseliso

Sewlall, Avashnee Shamparkesh

Singh, Ashika

Singh, Niraksha Kevel

Singh, Prebashni Singh, Sathveer

Singh, Sathvicsham

Singh, Shalen

Skosana, Teboho Jemina

Soma, Anushka

Swan, Paul Lombard (Chemistry, Geography)

Thakally Govender, Vinaygum

Thomas, Velda Claudene

+ Timler, Dagmar Karin (Computer Science, Geography)

* Vadachia, Nadia (Statistics)
van Blomestein, Gregory John
Vermaak, Claire Lauren (Geography,

Economics)

Wagner, Candice Jean Wallace, Michael Gary Weehuizen, Michael John

Weehuizen, Michael Jol Wilde, Charlene Beryl

★ Wiles, Peter Thomas Wilson (Applied Mathematics, Computer Science) Zondi. Vincent Mthokozisi

Zulu, Siyabonga Wellington

★ indicates degree awarded summa cum laude
 → indicates degree awarded cum laude
 (subject distinctions in brackets)

Postgraduate Diploma in Engineering

Doorgapershad, Amal Vidyanand, BScEng Fakir, Mahesh, BScEng Fanneh, Mustapha, BSc Green, David Robert, BScEng Harris, Christopher Andrew, BScEng Maitre, Paul André, BScEng

McKune, Thomas William, MTech(NATTEK) Richmond, Michael John, BScEng Sawo, Lamin, BA Shewpersad, Clara, BSc(Unisa) Tyler, Nevil Eardley, BScEng Wagenaar, Anthony Frensch ARNOT REINHARD



CONFERMENT OF THE DEGREE OF DOCTOR OF SCIENCE HONORIS CAUSA UPON REINHARD ARNDT

Reinhard Richard Arndt was born in 1929. Only 30 years later he had completed his DSc in Organic Chemistry at the University of the Orange Free State, as well as his MBA degree at the University of Pretoria.

Besides having published more than 30 research papers in the field of structural and synthetic organic chemistry, his interest in industrial chemistry led Arndt to close co-operation in research projects involving South African Breweries, AECI and Adcock Ingram. He spent 5 years as research director of Adcock Ingram.

As one of the founders of the Rand Afrikaans University, Arndt proceeded to establish its Chemistry Department, which he headed for 12 years. He has also spent time at the Universities of Stellenbosch, Cambridge and Stanford.

Early in his career, Arndt joined the then recently established Council for Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR). He was later to return there as Deputy President. It was during this time that the Foundation for Research Development (FRD) was established, within the CSIR, with specific responsibility for university, technikon and museum research funding, as well as for international science liaison.

Arndt was instrumental in establishing the totally new approach to higher education research funding which resulted in the FRD becoming a statutory research council in 1990. As the first president of the FRD, he was responsible for South Africa's only autonomous research funding agency. By the time of his retirement in 1996, he had ensured that the organisation had a new, balanced approach to research funding, and programmes were launched to enhance the involvement of South Africa's total higher education population. As the FRD continues to develop, it is likely to bear fruit way beyond the expectations of its pioneers.

Arndt has been a member of several local and international scientific and education societies. He has been the recipient of various prestigious awards and medals, and honorary doctoral degrees have been bestowed upon him.

The University of Natal honours Reinhard Arndt for his outstanding contributions to the FRD and for the promotion of science in South Africa.

Dbn Graduation Geremony! Faculties of Science and Engineering 23 April

No Date

CONFERMENT OF THE DEGREE OF DOCTOR OF SOCIAL SCIENCE Honoris causa UPON JUDITH MARGARET BROWN

Professor Judith Brown, Beit Professor of Commonwealth History at the University of Oxford, has written three books on Gandhi, one on Nehru, another on democracy in India, and yet another comparing changes in Hindu and Christian religions in the twentieth century. Another of her works, an edited volume with Professor Martin Prozesky of the Unilever Ethics Centre on the Pietermaritzburg campus, concerns Gandhi and South Africa. She has recently become a friend of this university, participating in the forging of links between it and Oxford.

From England to India, back to England and then to South Africa, her trajectory is rather like Gandhi's in reverse. I mean the Gandhi who travelled by ship from Gujarat to England to become an over-dressed and over-Anglicized barrister. Then to South Africa where he touched down at East London and one day, was catapulted into the politics of self-discovery and national resistance when refused passage in anything other than the third class cabin at the Pietermaritzburg train station, being a person of colour in a racist, colonialist world. His politicisation took the form of a return to what he considered Indian purity positioned against western racism, western corruption, and western godlessness. It began here in South Africa and, on return to India, ended in marches to the sea, hunger strikes and the establishment of the Indian state.

Professor Brown's three books on Gandhi are Gandhi's Rise To Power: Indian Politics 1915-1922 (Cambridge Press, 1972), Gandhi and Civil Disobedience: The Mahatma in Indian Politics 1928-34 (Cambridge Press, 1977), and Gandhi: Prisoner of Hope (Yale Press, 1989). They are all internationally respected at the highest levels and they, along with a massive industry on the Mahatma, show that even now his greatness, complexity, identity, relationship to his times, effects, difficulties and problematic aspects remain fertile and contested ground. One might add that the role of Gandhi and the Indian struggle in occasioning South African involvements in the struggle against Apartheid is also fertile and contested ground. It is ground which is to date inadequately studied in South African universities. Which is also why it is most welcome that a scholar of the stature of Professor Brown becomes an Honorary Graduante and thus, an alumnus of the University of Natal.

It is therefore especially timely that the University of Natal chooses to recognize the accomplishments of Professor Brown now. In addition to her impressive list of book publications, she has written in the order of fifty published articles. She is a member of numerous advisory boards, scholarly organizations and boards of trusteeship, including an appointment to the Charles Wallace, India Trust(1996), the Delhi Brotherhood Society (for educational and charity work, 1992-1999), and the Advisory Panel for Contemporary South Asia (1991). She has lectured at many universities throughout the world.

Guest Speaker Jonathan Beare

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There are certain times when the choice of an honoured guest cannot be more apt. This is one. For Jonathan Beare is doubly connected to the University of Natal, first as an alumnus and second because he is one of its most distinguished benefactors. Between receiving his PhD at the University of Witwatersrand and becoming a benefactor, Jonathan Beare, a Durbanite by birth, made his mark in the Netherlands, where he worked in the field of commercial real estate. Then, after six years in the United States, he returned to South Africa, where he was even more successful by becoming a Director of several major companies in South Africa.

Dr Beare is a man of dazzling vision and skill, a virtuoso in the world of investment banking and business practice. He is also a man of generosity generosity at a level which expresses his vision and principle. His beneficence is wide-ranging and he tends to give anonymously. One can say his generosity has touched everything from community development to classical music, Jewish culture to this Science Faculty. Development money is available if what you want is material: housing, schools, water and power. These things are no doubt crucial and the European Union can often be counted on to deliver. For many funding organizations, it is considered a First World luxury to give money for capacitybuilding in the field of knowledge-production in Africa. Apart from Jonathan Beare and George Soros, there are precious few funders who fully appreciate the importance of developing and sustaining scientists, public intellectuals and the higher education sector in underdeveloped or unevenly developed environments. Yet, without massive growth in areas of knowledge-production, South Africa will produce a future for itself as a dependent, unoriginal, uncompetitive and uncritical society - a recipe for economic failure and lack of human upliftment. It is not for nothing that Rockefeller built the University of Chicago and the Museum of Modern Art, that Rhodes established a major scholarship for study in England and has a South African university named after himself and that the University of Witwatersrand was massively aided by the mining industry in its early days. One must look to enlightened capitalism - business with a vision of its potential to contribute to the quality of life in the burgeoning nation - if one wants to discover the story of how knowledge-production began to happen for the social good. Dr Beare is an outstanding exemplar of this tradition today.

According to the great medieval Jewish philosopher Moses Maimonedes, himself a scientist and personal physician to the Egyptian King, the highest form of charity is helping people to help themselves. Dr Beare is about helping people to build themselves. He is about building character and culture.

6-RA 2/3/27

CONFERMENT OF THE DEGREE OF DOCTOR OF LITERATURE UPON DONALD MATTERA FRANCISCO

Don Mattera is a distinguished journalist, editor, writer and poet. As if that is not enough, he is also an activist who founded the Union of Black Journalists and cofounded the African Writers' Association and other Black Consciousness-based organizations. Born in 1935 in a township across the road from Sophiatown, of an Italian father and a Tswana mother, he was raised in the creative modernity of those vibrant, wild, impoverished places. It was a triumph of apartheid when Sophiatown was destroyed and replaced with a white Afrikaans town called

Triomf and the wrenching displacement can be felt in Mattera's writing.

By that time he was already a writer—something which was not an obvious conclusion to his youth, which had been a rough and tumble one of gangs, violence and jail. Partly under the influence of that saintly man, Father Trevor Huddleston, Mattera raised his energies up from knife to pen, retaining the stance of the clenched fist as a political weapon rather than the territorial gesture of a tough guy. In the process, Mattera reinvented engaged writing, writing in the name of the struggle. He produced a series of poems, stories, plays, articles of force and originality. To the force of his pen, the authorities responded by raiding his house over six hundred times and by torturing, imprisoning, shooting and banning him for nine years, three of which were under house arrest.

During these tumultuous times Mattera wrote <u>Azanian Love Song</u> (a volume of poetry of 1983), <u>Memory is the Weapon</u> (1983), <u>One Time Brother</u> and <u>Kagiso Sechaba</u> (two plays of 1983), was part of the volume <u>Exiles Within</u> (with six other poets, 1984). He later wrote <u>The Storyteller</u> (children's stories, 1991), <u>Five Magic Pebbles</u> (children's stories, 1992), and <u>Inside the Heart of Love</u> (poetry, 1997). All of this was accomplished while he worked as a journalist for the Johannesburg Star, the community newspaper Roots, Finance Week and The Mail and Guardian. He is currently with the Sowetan where he is Associate Editor for Training and Development and Personal Assistant on the Nation Building Project.

Mr. Mattera has been a recipient of the Steve Biko Literary Prize and the Kurt Tucholsky Literary Prize (Sweden), the Kwanzaa Literary Award (USA), the African Writers' Citation (South Africa), the AIDA French Literary Prize (France), the Community Goodwill Award (South Africa) and many others. He is widely recognized as a tireless, fearless and committed cultural figure who does not and will not stop, who boxes with literature, newsprint and politics with the gloves of a heavyweight and the heart of a child.

Mr. Mattera's Italian background is Neapolitan, and for the Neapolitan "Don" is a term of respect. The University of Natal acknowledges this: Salute a te Don Mattera. Since we cannot add another Don to your name, we choose instead to add to it the term: Doctor, Il Dottore.

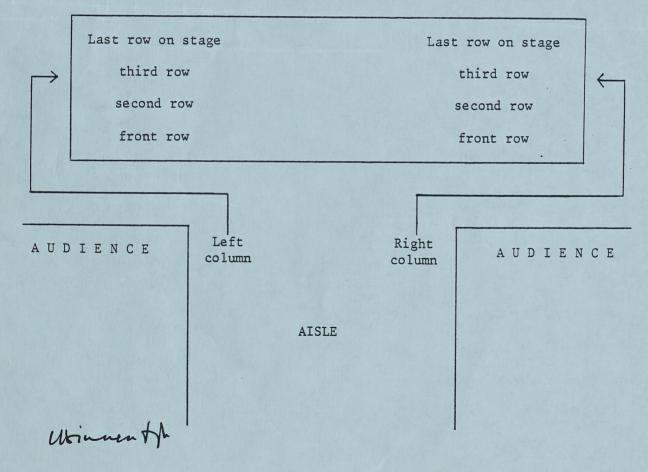
UNIVERSITY OF NATAL

PIETERMARITZBURG

GRADUATION CEREMONY (Agriculture and Science) Saturday, 31 March at 10.00a.m. in the Y M C A SPORTS COMPLEX, PIETERMARITZBURG

PROCESSION LIST

- 1. Robing will take place in the Y M C A Sports Complex (at the back of the hall) and you are requested to be there not later than 9.45 a.m.
- 2. Numbered name cards in the robing room will indicate your position in the procession (see procession list on reverse side).
- 3. The procession enters the stage down BOTH sides. Those listed in the right column of this list turn right when reaching the stage and those listed in the left column turn left, as indicated in the following diagram.



C Binnendyk for Registrar

ORDER OF PROCESSION

31 March, Saturday Graduation Ceremony (Agriculture and Science)

Procession Card No.

Mr C Binnendyk LAST ROW ON STAGE

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RIGHT
LEFT
   JMr M Laing
                                               Mrs M Paterson
   √ Miss A Grobler
                                               Mr P Zacharias
                                              Dr C Southway
  √ Mr J Klug
                                             Dr J Raftery
Dr M Smith
  J Dr J da Graca
 ✓ Dr P Greenfield
  / Prof C Appleton
                                             Dr B Faulds
  Prof G Ortmann
                                               Prof R Hart
9 Prof G Ortmann
9 Prof G Hickman Out
10 Prof M Wallis
11 Prof R Schulze
12 Prof J Heeg
                                             Prof A Wilson
                                               Prof J Field
                                             Prof M Fey
                                            ✓ Prof V von Brunn
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                                            Prof D Brothers
13 V Prof G Maclean
                                             Prof O McGee
14 / Prof M Savage
           Moori
                         SECOND ROW
15 Prof M Dutton
                                             Prof J Swart
                                             Prof P Jackson
16 Prof F Rijkenberg

√ Prof L Nieuwoudt

17 - Prof P Clarke
                                             / Prof S Drewes
18 - Prof N Wolstenholme
                                              Prof C Breen
19 / Prof J van Staden
                                              / Prof M Perrin
20 / Prof R Haines
                                              / Prof E Nel
21 / Prof I Behrmann
                                              / Prof A Barrett
22 √ Prof D Irvine
                                             ✓ Prof G Quicke
23 / Prof R Muir
                                              Prof H Shuttleworth
24 Prof J Lund
25 Mr H Timm Prog Haines
                                              √ Prof T King
                              FRONT ROW
                           Registrar
26
                                             ✓ Prof V Bredenkamp
27 V Prof D Hunter
                                             Cllr Mrs P Rainier
28 V Prof N Tainton
                                             ✓ Mr D Daugherty
29 Prof J Dugard
                                             Prof D Clarence
30 / Prof C Gardner
31 Dr L Codd
                                             Dr C van der Pol
                                             Prof B Gourley
32 V Prof R Raab
                                             Prof C Cresswell
Mr G Cox
33 V Prof W Stielau
34 / Prof C Webb
35
                           Vice Chancellor V
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                             Chancellor /
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FRONT ROW SEATING PLAN (SATURDAY)

Prof D Hunter

Prof N Tainton

Prof J Dugard

Prof C Gardner

Dr L Codd

Prof R Raab

Prof W Stielau

Prof C Webb

Vice Chancellor

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Chancellor

Mr G Cox

Prof C Cresswell

Prof B Gourley

Dr C van der Pol

Prof D Clarence

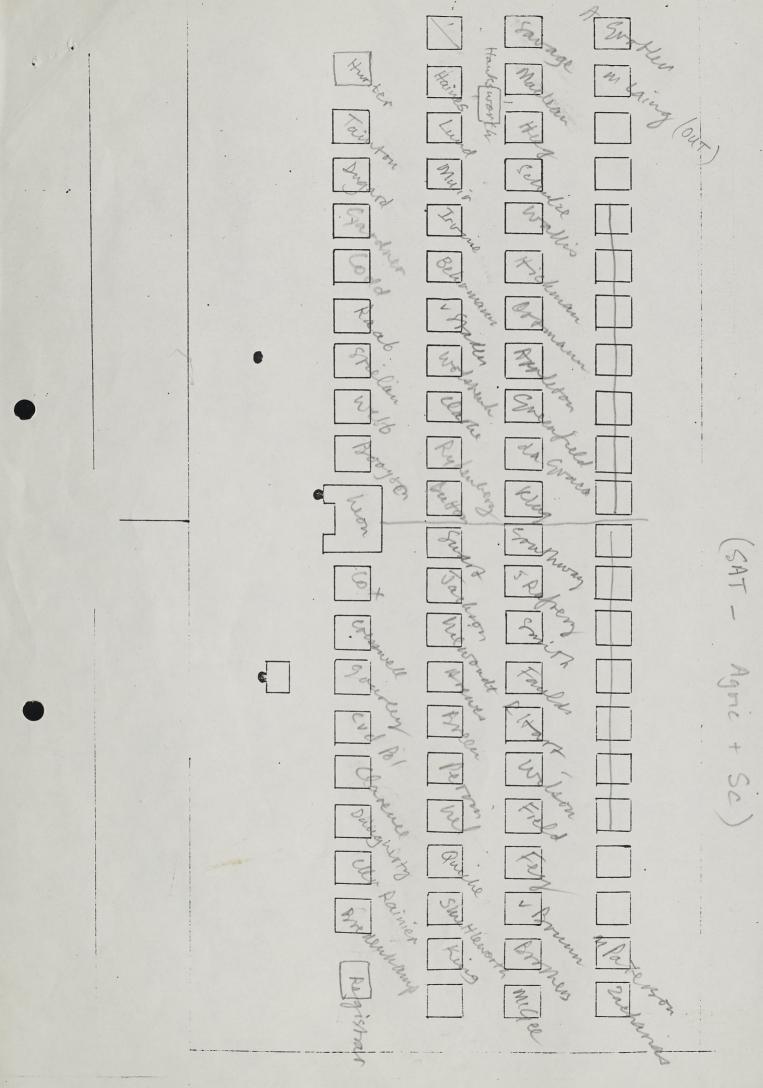
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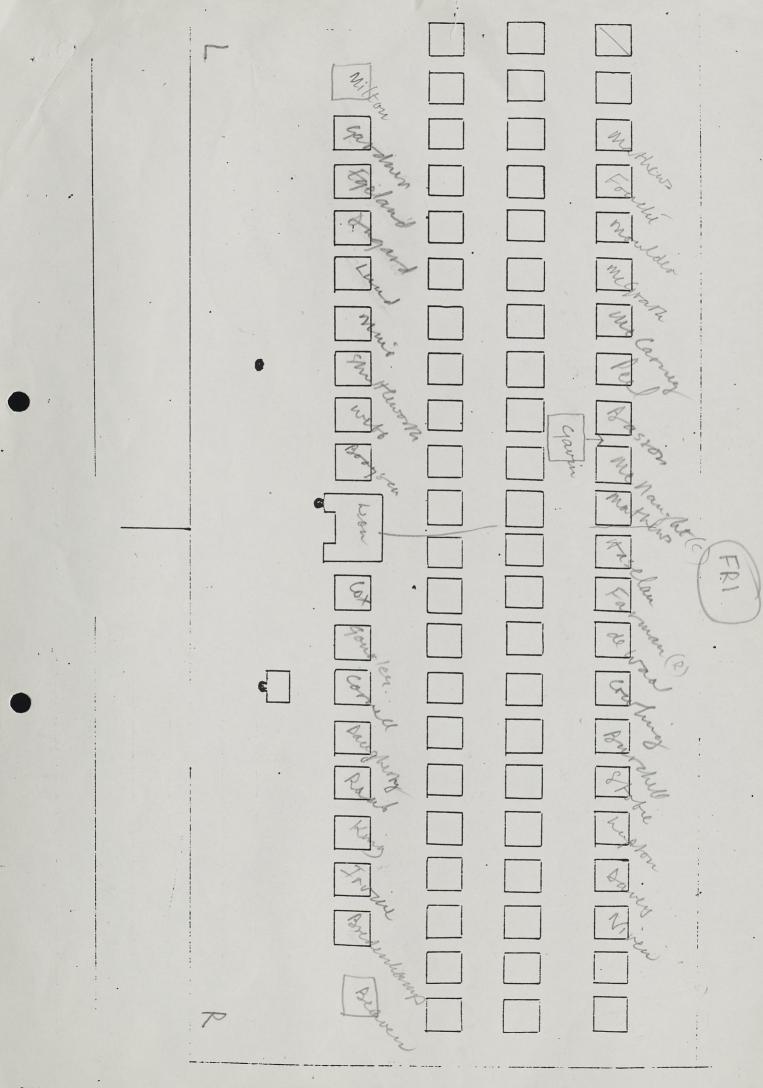
Cllr Mr P Rainer

Prof V Bredenkamp

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GUEST SPEAKER: MR CHIMAN

Mr. Vice-Chancellor, Ladies and Gentlemen, it gives me great pleasure to present to you our Guest of Honour at this Ceremony and to ask him to address us.

Radclyffe Cadman is a son of Natal for he was born, raised and schooled in this province. Before he had ended school the second world war had started and he, on leaving school, like so many of his generation, volunteered for war service. Ordinary Seaman Cadman rose to be commissioned as sub-Lieutenant. Off the South African coast and in the Mediterranean sea he served in Mine Sweepers. After secondment to the Royal Navy he served in convoy escort duty in corvettes and finally served in Tank landing ships in the English channel.

Peace came, and the war-matured Cadman started his University career. It would not be proper, now, to question the advice given to him or, perhaps, to question his own independent choice but he went to the University of Cape Town to study for a B.A. Suffice it to say that he achieved there so well that he earned the coveted Elsie Ballot Scholarship and at Trinity College Cambridge obtained an M.A. and LLB.

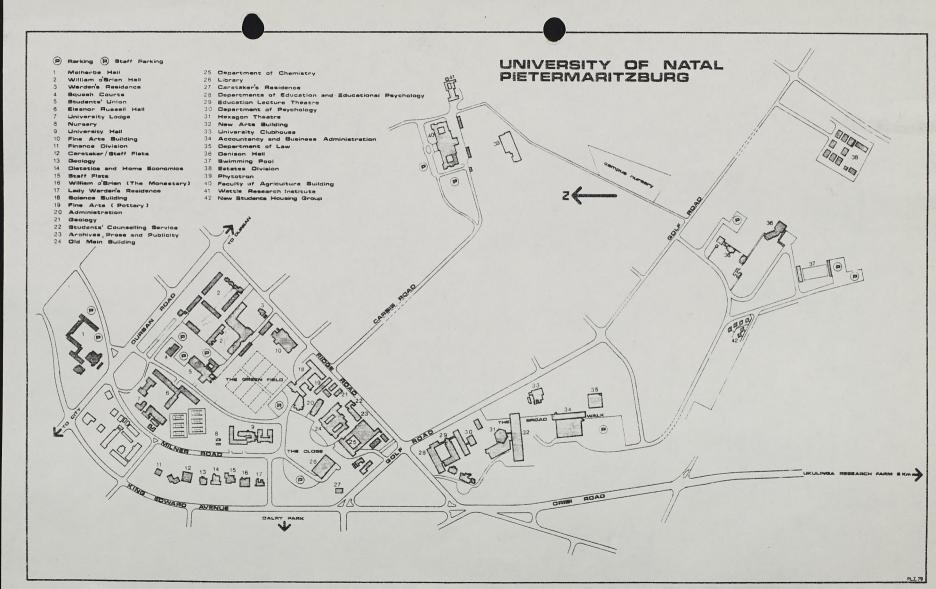
Mr. Cadman returned to Durban and practised as an Advocate for seventeen years from 1952 onwards. But by 1961 he had entered politics as member of Parliament for Zululand. His sixteen years of politics, of mixed success and defeat at the polls, saw him as Member of Parliament, as Senator and as leader of the Opposition. He retired from party politics in 1977 and I remember vividly an incident characteristic of the man at a 1978 Constitutional

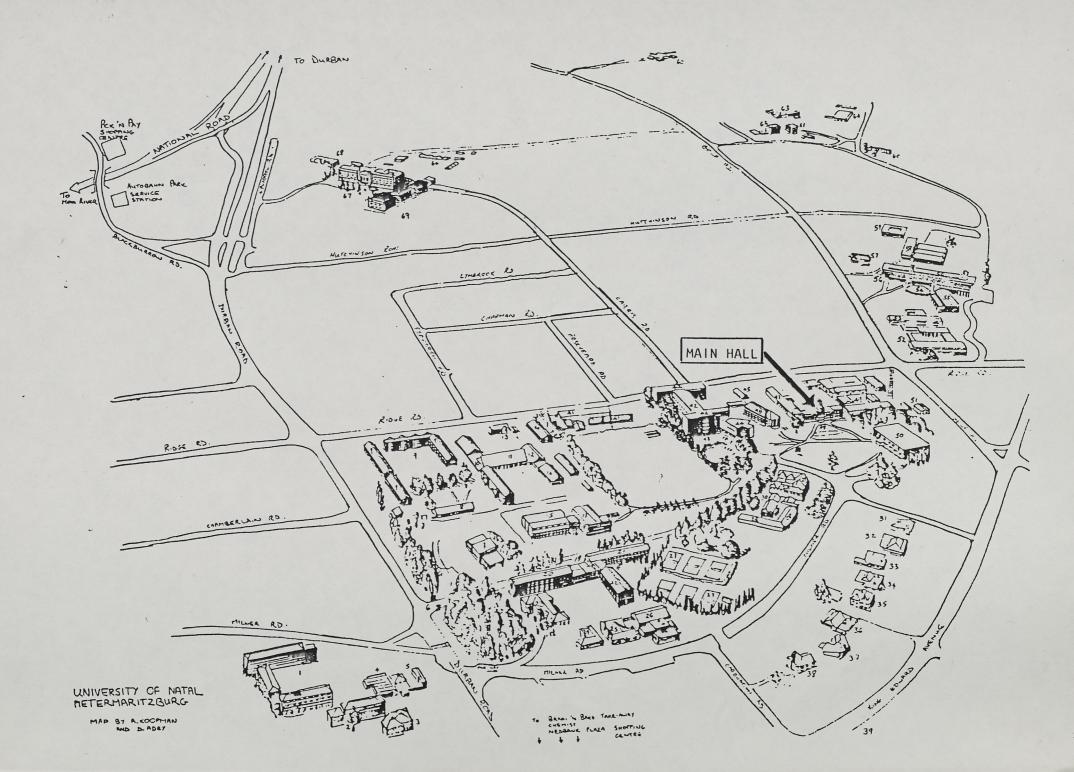
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Conference organised on this campus. It was required of any speaker to the floor that he or she start (for purposes) by announcing their full identity and where they came from. When Mr. Cadman first contributed he did it with terse modesty, entirely ignoring his past achievements, - he said "Cadman, farmer - Zululand".

Now in a much changed political climate, he has been recalled to a non-party political role of public service. In a time of rapid and continuing constitutional change he, as the newly appointed Administrator of Natal, occupies a position that is a focal point of one of the critical future developments of the governance of South Africa. He brings to his new office that level of integrity and that analytical ability which, we would hope, could lead to a broad recognition of our urgent need for inclusive and not exclusive constitutional developments.

Mr. Vice-Chancellor, to use his own terse introductory technique, it gives me great pleasure to ask "Cadman - Administrator of Natal - Pietermaritzburg" to address us.





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