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## **FOREWORD**

The contributions in this volume reflect a new stage of developments in youth Africa. From Ik! June 1 v oS a State of Emergency has been in force. Pressure on the political opposition has increased. At the same time a new phase has beer in the offing in the contacts between churches and liberation movements since 198/. She ecumenical conference on the theme

'The Search of the Churches for Justice and Peace in southern Africa 'J( May 19y7) and the meeting between fifty Afrikaans J

speaking whites and important representatives of the African National Congress (ANC) in Dakar in July 1987 have shown that, under these conditions, the question of a future order in southern Africa calls for closer co-operation between the

opposition within the country and that in exi1e-

Naturally, the intra-church relations do not remain unaffected by this. For the churches who - like the Evangelical Church of Gernany (EKD) - have been associated ondifferent1 evels with

th e chu r ches of South Africa f o r a 1 ong time, thi s ne w development could have a triggering effect. Within the EKD there ha ve been? up to now, on1y sporadic and hes i tant contacts with the different South African liberation movements. The first contact with the President of the ANC, Oliver Tarnbo, took place in November 1980 within the framework of the 'Studienund Dialoggruppe Sudliches Afrika'. At the 'Evangelischer Kirchent ag'inDusse.1 dorf (1985) and Frankfurt (1987)

representatives of liberation movements spoke on South Africa duringpodiumdiscussionsApartfromthat, twota1 ksbetween

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Jouncil of the EKD have

hithertotatkenp1aceinwhichbothsidesagreedtha tthe

contact should be intensified and continued. Preparing for the next round of talks, members of the different bodies of the EKD thought i t desirab 1 e to cornp i 1 e op i n i ons atbout the Freedorn C h a r t e r o f 1955 u n d e r d i f f e r e n t a s p e c t s.

This was the apparent motive for the realization of the Arbeitsgruppe Sudafrika1 in the Protestant Institute for Interdiscip 1 inary Research (FEST5 in Heidelberg. The group (at list of members can be found in the appendix) constituted itself in June 1986 after a longer preliminary phase with the airn of submilling ajudicial, political and theological assessment of the Freedom L'harter and, over and above this, of examining in a wider framework the problems relating to constitutional and international law in South Africa. Wolfram Kistner, DeputySecretary General of the South Africary General Of the

of Churches (SACO, was present at a second meeting of the study group in September 1986 and suggested that the said problems should be focussed on the problems of political legitimacy and illegitimacy. The impulses coming from within the EKD and the 8ACC as well as additiona 1 questions arisin'3 from the circle of the study group, determined the further course of the work of which the results are hereby presented.

The 'Arbeitsgruppe Sudafrika1 was formed as an independent group whose members co-operated out of personal interest without being accountable to certain institutions. The authors are responsible for the individual contributions. The total Pub1i cat i on was discussed i n detail by the study g r oup and accepted in its present form. The organisational framework is FEST which, however, accepts no direct responsibility for the content work of the group's workj. 2\*?

FEST is hereby thanked for its willingness to publish the wri11en findings in its series 'Texte und Materi a1i en1. In a d d i t i o n, s p e c i a .1 t h a n k s t o U1 r i k e R a u f o r t h e clerical w o i - k,

Qerda Eisen for the organisational work, Jutta Saas for her assistanceinreadingandIIseT6dtforpreparingth eprinting

L-hristine Lienernann

INTRODUCTION

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