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The McAlvany Intelligence Adv1sor

SPECIAL REPORT Fall of "88 SOUTH AFRICA: SURVIVAL OR SURRENDER?

(This is a very important report dealing with the Soviet/American on-slaught to overthrow the Republic of South Africa. American, South Africans, and others are strongly encouraged to copy and distribute this report as widely as possible.)

"Our aim is to gain control of the two great treasure houses on [i%8 which the West depends: The energy treasure house of the Persian Gulf Fil@1 and minerals treasure house of central and southern Africa. \hat{a} 00\235

4 1d S. McAl Leonid Brezhnev, 1973. Psts Emm: g

"For my part, whatever anguish of spirit it may cost, I am willing to know the whole truth, to know the worst and to provide for it." Patrick Henry, 1775.

INTRODUCTION

This writer traveled to South Africa for a two-week speaking tour in June which included meetings with top government, business and military leaders. There are deeply disturbing developments taking place in South Africa presently which could threaten the ultimate survival of this most strategic of all countries. South Africa is a beleaguered country

under attack from both the Soviet Union and America, who are conducting a joint venture effort to deliver the country to a Black Marxist/Leninist government under the ANC. The South African people are beginning to wake up to their danger, though their press is constantly bombarding them with disinformation, appeasement and defeatism. The government continues to do far too little to inform the people about the true nature of the revolution and the joint onslaught from America and Russia.

There is a new disinformation theme in South Africa pushed by the press, and certain liberal academicians, businessmen, and politicians that the Soviets are no longer a threat, that they have given up their designs on Southern Africa, and that close relations between the RSA and USSR are not only possible, but quite desirable. Meanwhile, in spite of that theme, the largest Soviet/Cuban military buildup in history is taking place in southern Angola along the Namibian border and massive pressure is being placed on the RSA by America to do a deal that will result in a SWAPO takeover of Namibia and a sellout of UNITA -in exchange for a "promised" Cuban pullout and a Reagan veto of sanctions.

With new U.S. sanctions hanging over their heads and a major military confrontation with the Cuban/Soviet bloc forces lcoming, the South African government is being pushed into a corner. If it does not make major concessions on Namibia and cut support for Savimbi, it may be attacked in northern Namibia by a formidable Cuban/Soviet bloc force and many South African lives will be lost in the ensuing battle. The State Department is telling the South Africans that intransigence on their part will result in passage of sanctions by the U.S. Congress. On the other hand, if it agrees to the implementation of UN Resolution 435, sanctions might be postponed for a few months (at the most), but a Soviet backed SWAPO communist government will come to power inSouth West Africa (Namibia) and UNITA w111 be cut off, surrounded and put in grave jeopardy.

The N edited by Donald S. McAlvany is a monthly analysis of global economic, monetary, and geo-political trends which impact the gold and precious metals markets and is exphcmy Christian; conservative and free market in its perspective. Information cont ained herein has been carefully selected from sources believed reliable, but absolute accur acy cannot

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So, the communist forces (Cuban/Russian/MPLA) and America (the State Department/U.S. Congress) have South Africa in a vice. The South African military (at this point) could defeat the Soviet bloc forces, though the communists have vastly superior air power and air defenses, but hundreds of South African Tives could be lost (and that 1s_very unpopular in a small country such as the RSA). Over the past few years, becauÂSe of timidity by their politicians, South Africa has made the same mistake America made in Vyetnam. There, we had superior military force, but dissipated it over several years by its Incremental use. We never used our superiority to deal the enemy a knockout b19w. South Africa has made the same mistake in Angola. As South African military hero Major Nynand du Toit (who was captured and tortured by the Angolan communists) said recently in a lecture at the University of Pretoria, "The politicians tie the hands of South African forces by ordering them to withdraw after successes in Angola against SWAPO. After the pullbacks, SWAPOâ\200\231s

forces regroup and strengthen their positions, making it harder to destroy these the next time. In my opinion, we are busy training SWAPO and FAPLA soldiers in our tactics. " \hat{a} 200 \235

If South Africa succumbs to US/Soviet/Cuban pressure to implement UN Resolution 435 (whereby UN soldiers would be brought into Namibia to install SWAPO in power), Namibia will fall to the Soviets and Cubans, Savimbi and Unita will be isolated and defeated, and the Soviets will consolidate their control over Angola. Within a very few years, South Africa will be facing massive Soviet arms and a huge Soviet bloc army on its own border along the Orange River with an internal ANC revolution at home and pressure from America and Russia to surrender and do a deal with the ANC. The ultimate survival of South Africa may be determined by what it agrees to do in Namibia and Angola between now and September 29.

[ED. NOTE: South Africa has now agreed to allow implementation of UN Resolution 435 to

begin on November 1, 1988 and UN supervised elections in South West Africa on June 1, 1989.]

1. Operation Deception: The Sovietâ $\200\231s$ Current Disinformation Campaign

Many South Africans, just as many Americans, have fallen for the Soviets $\hat{a}\200\231$ current d isinformation campaign called "glasnost/perestroika." As South Africa is now finding along th e
Namibian/Angolan border, when the communists talk peace, they are preparing for war.

The Soviet Union has launched the most massive disinformation campaign in its history with its new glasnost/perestroika reform program. There is no doubt that the Soviet Union is an economic basket case and that its system is not just in need of reform, but of abolition from the top down. But the Soviets, who are masters at faking friendship ("masters of deceit" as J. Edgar Hoover used to say) are not planning to abolish their system - they are simply trying to strengthen it with massive western trade, high technolog

and bank loans. As Richard Nixon said recently: "The Soviet leadership has not given up its long-term goal of world domination. Gorbachev wants to change the system only enough

to make it work. Therefore we run the risk of subsidizing our own destruction. \hat{a}

There are three primary Soviet motives behind the current glasnost/perestroika campaign:
1) get America to disarm; 2) get America to build up Russia economically; so that 3) an
economically strengthened, vastly militarily superior Soviet Union can dominate America and
the West by the mid-1990s. Dimitri Manuilski said in the Lenin School For Political Warfare
in the 1930s: "War to the hilt between capitalism and communism is inevitable. But today
we are too weak to strike. Our day will come in 30-40 years. But, first, the capitalist
nations, stupid and decadent, must be Tulled to sleep with the greatest overtures of peace
and disarmament known throughout history. [ED. NOTE: Today itâ\200\231s called "glasnost."]
And

then, when their guard is dropped, we shall smash them with our clenched fist."

The communists are masters at doing the opposite of what they say (just as Reagan and many western politicians). During Gorbachevâ $\200\231s$ three year reign, there has been the most

massive Soviet military buildup of any three year period in Soviet history. There has been the most massive expansion of Soviet espionage activity worldwide, and the most massive increase of Soviet arms shipments to feed regional wars or revolutions (such as the current buildup in southern Africa, Central America, the Philippines and Afghanistan) of any three year period in Soviet history. Mr. Gorbachev is portrayed (indeed has portrayed himself) as a "man of peace", but his actions for three years betray him as one of the greatest men of war in history.

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But what about the Sovietâ\200\231s pullout from Afghanistan? Doesnâ\200\231t that prove that they

want peace, that they are giving up their regional wars, that they are sincere? No, not at all. The Soviets will make an occasional strategic retreat (as Lenin instructed them to) to gain a greater advantage. Regarding the Afghan pullout, it has helped convince American and European liberals (and even some in South Africa) that the Soviets are sincere in their glasnost/perestroika and hence, America can disarm, increase Soviet aid, cut arms supplies to the Afghan resistance, trust the "new Russia", etc. The "pullout" is also designed to lessen tensions with 750 million Moslems in the region. 1Itâ\200\231s the third time they h ave said

they would pull out, and even though many troops will be pulled out, they are sending back in highly trained Spetsnaz commandos, communist Indian troops from India, and more arms than ever. They have no intention of yielding "control" of Afghanistan.

Glasnost/perestroika is a classic example of the communist dialectic in operation. They will take an occasional step sideways or even backward to confuse their enemies and throw them off guard. This is actually not the first glasnost, it is the fifch. Glasnost, #1 was during the mid-1920s when Lenin, the greatest communist master strategist of all time, saw that the revolution was going broke. He launched the New Economic Plan and with hat in hand, went to the West and said he wanted to moderate and liberalize the revolution, and turn it toward capitalism. But he had to have western financing, trade, and technology to do it. Western businessmen and governments believed him and rushed in to bail out Russia. (The bailout has never stopped and Russia has never moderated.)

Glasnost #2 was during Stalinâ\200\231s reign. He had just butchered over 16 million of his own people, when he noticed Hitler warming up his war machine with likely designs on Russia

Stalin went to the West and said that Russia wished to moderate, to Tiberalize and throw off the excesses of communism, but they needed Western help. It came, and America and the allies rescued Russia when Hitler attacked. Glasnost #3 was when Krushchev Taunched peaceful co-existence in the early 1960s to get America to begin to disarm. America has been disarming ever since, while the Soviets have been arming and have built the most powerful war machine in history.

Glasnost #4 was when Mao Tse tung, after his revolution had butchered over 50 million Chinese in the 1950s, went to the Chinese people and told them he wished to moderate, liberalize and eliminate the excesses of the revolution. He asked the people to criticize the regime so that it could Tearn from its mistakes and reform. About a million and a half Chinese did so, and after their names were gathered, they were all taken out and shot.

That was the end of glasnost #4! Today, the Chinese are playing an old rerun of Leninâ\200\231s

glasnost #1 (the New Economic Plan), and by promising to reform, have obtained massive U.S. aid, trade and credits.

So, the present glasnost is not the first time the communists have used the dialectical step backward in order to obtain aid, trade, credits, disarmament and a Tong term advantage over the West. Glasnost #5 is accompanied, however, by the most massive Soviet orchestrated propaganda (disinformation) campaign via the Western media in modern history. For the past year virtually every Western newspaper, news magazine and television broadcast has carried one or more major stories trumpeting the reality and blessings of glasnost.

It is the big lie technique that Hitler talked about: "Tell it often enough and the people wil

believe it." And Americans will disarm, and build up the Soviets economically . (And South Africa may be about to lower its guard.)

It should be remembered that when the communists talk peace, they are preparing for war. Just as Hitler talked peace when he went to Munich and signed peace treaties in 1938, Just as world leaders such as Chamberlain declared that there would be "peace in our day", and just as the Nazi war machine attacked those leaders shortly thereafter, so the Soviet Union is preparing for war today even as it talks glasnost, perestroika and disarmament. Indeed, the giant Soviet/Cuban buildup in Southern Angola came while the communists were talking "peace". The Bible warns to "beware when men come to you crying peace, peace, and there is no peace."

Il. The Soviet Strategy Against South Africa

The Soviets have a five-fold strategy for the overthrow of South Africa:

& 2 CAMEROONS

A. External Encirclement - 1hcre are e now approximately 324,000 Front Line State â\200\224 > cason and 72,000 Soviet bloc military forces in the communist Front Line States of Angola, Mozam-, â\200\230cgwgi bique, Zimbabwe, Tanzania and Zambia (see map) S e including 57,000 Cuban troops in Angola and [Geam] about 15,000 Russian, East German, Bulgarian, : Benguale North Korean and other East bloc troops and : advisors scattered through the F.L.S.

= SOUTH-WEST AFRICA

(ECECS. troop; sktrength us as figlilows: Zimbabwe 63,500; Mozambique 60,000;

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Tanzania 66,400; Zambia 20,000; and $a\200\224$ AE N Angola 109,000. There are 7000-8000 Verde Richards Bay

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SWAPO troops and terrorists in Angola.) The Soviets in recent years have delivered \$6.5 billion in military hardware

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to Angola, over \$1 billion to Mozambique, \$750 million to Zambia, and lesser amounts to Zimbabwe and Tanzania. There are 297 Soviet jet fighters, 243 helicopters, 141 transport aircraft, and 2135 Russian tanks in the Front Line States (but those numbers should be revised upward due to the new Soviet weapons deliveries in southern Angola).

If the military buildup in the Front Line States continues unabated, within a very few years, the Soviet bloc (Russia/Cuba/East Germany and the Front Line States) will become the dominant military power in southern Africa (indeed, they may already be the dominant air power), and at that point they will begin to dictate the terms of surrender to South Africa

- B. Economic Warfare Against South Africa In 1981 the Soviets launched the plan for the current global sanctions/disinvestment drive against South Africa. Working with friends and allies in the U.S. Congress, media, and State Department, the idea was to weaken the RSA economically and to cause massive Black unemployment, whereby hundreds of thousands of Blacks would become unemployed, become impoverished, radicalized, and thereby drawn into the revolution as cannon fodder.
- C. Internal Demoralization/Psychological Warfare Sun Tsu (the Chinese military strategist) said in 500 BC: "To defeat a people you must first demoralize them and destroy their will to resist." There is a massive global, as well as internal, campaign to de-

moralize the South African people, to make them feel isolated, guilty over their "alleged" racial sins, defeated, etc. The theme is, "youâ $200\231$ re going to lose anyway - you might as well

negotiate the best peace possible." Part of this campaign of appeasement and defeatism is to get South Africans to see their problems only in racial terms (and such problems are very real) but not in the larger context of the East/West struggle. Primary vehicles for the psychological war include the South African press, universities, and the leftist religious movement.

- D. Internal Revolution The African National Congress and its parent organization, the South African Communist Party (along with hundreds of associated fronts) most of which are orchestrated by the Soviet Union are the vanguard of the revolution in South Africa. Working primarily through the Tabor unions, the churches, and certain elements of the South African press, the goals of the revolution are to make South Africa ungovernable, intimidate (through unspeakable atrocities) the Black masses into joining the revolution, and cause so much chaos, violence, and paralysis (culminating in a general strike), that the government will finally negotiate a coalition between the revolutionary forces and the existing order. :;
- E. Negotiations and Piecemeal Surrender to the Revolution Elements A-D (above) of the Soviet strategy are designed to push the South African government into making more and more concessions both internally and externally (i.e., in Namibia, Angola, Mozambique, etc.). When South Africa begins negotiating its future or that of its neighbors or allies (i.e., Namibia, Savimbi) with the Russians, Cubans, M.P.L.A., Americans, SWAPO or the ANC, the surrender process will have begun much as it began in 1976 for Ian Smith

when he began negotiations with Henry Kissinger.

desia (now Zimbabwe) and the surrender process was complete.

[EDITORâ\200\231S NOTE:

throw of Batista in Cuba, the Shah in Iran,

Five years later the communists had Rho-

This was the Soviet pattern (with certain variations) for the over-Somoza in Nicaragua, Marcos in the Philippines

and will be the pattern which the Soviets use against America in the mid-to-late 1990s.

These elements will be expanded on below.]

111. External Encirclement: The Soviet/Cuban Buildup in Southern Angola

It is axiomatic that as the communists talk peace, they prepare for war. In recent months, as South Africa has been negotiating with Russia, Cuba, the MPLA, and America over the future of Namibia, its commitment to help UNITA in Angola, and Cuban troop withdrawals from Angola, the Cubans and Russians in typical Machiavellian style, began a massive military buildup in southwestern Angola. Under the smokescreen of the peace negotiations, and knowing that South Africa will currently go to great lengths to avoid initiating a military confrontation which will play into the hands of the pro-sanctions forces in the U.S. Congress, the Soviets and Cubans moved approximately 500 tanks, (T-62s, T-54s, and T-55s), 40 MIG 23s (including 8 which are nuclear capable), and more than 15,000 Cuban troops down to the Namibian border. The increase in Soviet tanks from about 100 to 500 is an enormous escalation. There are also 49 MIG 21s and there are now 57,000 Cuban troops in Angola. 3,000-4,000 SWAPO troops moved down into Military Region #5 (see map) and have begun operating in mixed battalions with the Cubans (i.e., 200 Cubans and 250 SWAPO). At least 70 Soviet Spetsnaz commandos: are reputed to be operating near the Namibian border on a reconnaissance basis. More Spetsnaz teams are expected to be deployed for possible use in Ovamboland (in southern Angola/northern Namibia). Knowledgeable Washington sources also believe the Soviets may be moving nuc]ear warheads into Luanda. (Itâ\200\231s called

[&]quot;operation intimidation.")

[ED. NOTE: Never underestimate your enemy! Many South Africans (and Amer1cans) believe that the Cubans in Angola are incompetent, poorly trained and led, and have a very low morale. This writerâ\200\231s contacts in the SADF say that quite to the contrary, the Cubanâ\200\231s morale is very high, they are well led and well trained, they are well paid, they get one year off of their 3-year national service for Angola duty, they are under their own command (not the Russiansâ\200\231), and they are generally a very good army.]

The Soviet/Cuban/MPLA forces have established 5 airfields in southern Angola (4 in Region #5, including an all weather MIG base at Cahama, and 1 in Region #6 at Cuito Caunavale). 26 MIGs are

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stationed at the air base at Lubango (see map). The MIG 23s, flown by Cuban pilots, are now flying sorties near the Namibian border – with at least four intrusions into Namibian airspace in recent months. On June 29, Soviet MIGs launched an attack on Calueque Dam (in southern Angola), which has long provided water and electric power for Ovamboland and north

ern Namibia. Twelve SADF troops were killed when a Soviet bomb missed the dam and hit two SADF trucks.

The current Soviet/Cuban buildup comes on the heals of a major communist defeat in the latter half of 1987 (through Feb. \hat{a} 200\23188) when Soviet/Cuban/MPLA forces launched an of fensive

against liberated Angola (dominated by UNITA - see map) with 43,000 troops and massive Soviet weaponry. South Africa sent in 3,000 SADF troops who Tinked up with UNITA, and the communists were soundly defeated. From July â\200\23187 - Feb. â\200\23188, 7,000 FAPLA (the M PLA army) troops

were killed, several dozen Cuban and Russian troops also died, and the following Soviet equipment was destroyed: 4 MIG 21s, 8 MIG 23s, 25 U-22 aircraft, 8 helicopters, 94 tanks, 381 trucks and other vehicles, 7 SAM 8 missile systems, 3 SAM 9s, 5 SAM 13s, 33 SAM 14/16, and 5 radar systems. {31 SADF troops were killed.} The communists fired 400 missiles at South African Air Force planes (Feb.-May \hat{a} \200\23188). South Africa lost one Mirage, which speaks

well for the SAAFâ $\200\231s$ ability to evade the formidable Russian air defenses. Cuito Cau navale

was surrounded by UNITA and SADF troops but never fell. The communists are using that fact as a rallying cry for their troops and are saying they $didna^200^231t$ really Tose the offen-

sive - but they did.

The biggest advantage the communists would s enjoy in a major conflict with South Africa is much newer and more sophisticated aircraft (i.e., MIG 23s) in unlimited quantities vs. 20year old French Mirages (in limited supply) flown by the South African Air Force. 75% of the air operations in Regions #5 and #6 are flown by Cuban pilots. (SAAP pilots and their expertise are quite superior to any communist pilots | encountered in southern Africa to date.) The Soviets and Cubans have also erected the most sophisticated and comprehensive air defense system (see map) outside of Eastern Europe with overlapping, integrated radar and SA 2, 3, 6, 8, 9, and 13 surface-to-air missile batteries (including mobile missiles) covering virtually all ! of Angolan air space. South Africaâ\200\231s need to pro- i tect its limited supply of Mirages and its unwillingness to sacrifice the lives of its troops put it at a disadvantage in countering this Sov-; iet/Cuban buildup. Clearly, the Cubans are trying i to provoke an attack by the SADF which to date has ! held back. FAPLA troops have actually made some minor incursions into Namibia in recent weeks where %hey have had contact with the SADF. This is a

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[ED. NOTE: This Cuban/Soviet buildup is a dramatic escalation (the largest in Africa since | World War II), dramatically changes the balance of | power in the Region, and represents a major threat to both Namibia and South Africa.]

ATLANTIC OCEAN INDIAN OCEAN

Two Questions: 1) Are the Cubans really calling the shots on this new buildup? Many South Africans seem to think so, and even some Cuban defectors believe that not only is Fid

Castro personally involved in this Angolan buildup, but that the whole Angolan involvement and the chance to hurt South Africa is a giant ego trip for Castro. It is even said that Castro is looking for a "token victory" in southern Angola before he pulls his troops out. This writer is skeptical. None of the Sovietâ\200\231s surrogates (like Cuba) are allowed to make

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major moves on their own, especially when billions of dollars of Soviet weapons are involve d.

The Soviet Union can look clean and innocent (especially to their American "friends" who are

supplying so much aid) by claiming not to be responsible for $Castroâ\200\231s$ actions in so uthern

Angola. They can also maintain the charade that they are disengaging from regional wars because of glasnost/perestroika, even as they continue to covertly direct these wars via their

proxies. In the opinion of this writer, the Cubans may be calling the shots on the tactical situation, but the Soviets are coordinating overall activity and strategy in southern Afric a

[ED. NOTE: It is a fact that Castro does not want to bring his 57,000 Cuban troops home. They would be a drain on his economy, they do give him "international prestige", and he gets paid \$600 per man per month by the Angolan government - an excellent source of revenue for Cuba.]

2) Why are the communists conducting this massive military buildup on the Namibian border? There are several possible answers: A) An ego trip for Castro, perhaps one glorious battlefield victory before pulling out and sending his troops home — this is doubtful; B) They are providing protective cover and a sanctuary/buffer zone (safe bases) for massive SWAPO infiltration into Namibia — which has indeed escalated; C) They want to tie down the SADF on the southwestern Angolan border and then launch a major offensive against UNITA; D) They want to put pressure on South Africa to make major concessions at the Angola negotiations; E) They believe South Africa will not respond to their advances because of not wishing to offend the U.S. Congress which is about to pass new sanctions; and, F) They want to be in a position to invade Namibia once the SADF has pulled out of Angola and Namibia. (Pressuring the RSA for major concessions at the Angolan/Namibian talks and moving into position to occupy Namibia seem to be their primary objective.)

Whatever the answer, Russia and Cuba have dramatically escalated the war in Southern Africa. They know that America and the rest of the West will not supply arms or otherwise help the RSA. They hope they can intimidate South Africa a^200^231 s political Teaders into major

concessions in Angola and Namibia, and they hope to ultimately wipe out UNITA, consolidate their control over Angola and occupy Namibia. One thing seems clear to this writer. The Soviets and Cubans have no intention of pulling out the Cuban troops now, or perhaps ever.

If South Africa allows elections in Namibia before all the Cuban troops are pulled out of Angola (and Africa) or in any way deserts UNITA for a "promiseâ\200\235 of a Cuban pullout - it

would be very foolish indeed. Communists are liars and cannot be trusted to keep their word

IV. Economic Warfare: The Second Wave of Sanctions

The Democratic Party, its Presidential nominee Michael Dukakis, its African foreign policy czar, Jesse Jackson, and the Democratic platform have all labeled South Africa a "terrorist state." It is this same party, along with many liberal Republicans which will attempt to pass the new sanctions bill. The bill was held up in the House (probably because of collusion between liberal House leaders and the State Department, who want to see more concessions made by South Africa in the Angola/Namibia negotiations), but it passed the

House by a wide margin on August 11 and will go to the Senate in September or October. At this writing it appears that the Senate could sustain a presidential veto. There is also growing opposition to the bill in the business community. But even so, if Dukakis is elected, the sanctions will be brought up again next year, will pass both Houses of Congres s,

and Dukakis will not veto them. So, it seems likely that either this fall or next spring, the sanctions will pass. [EDITOR'S NOTE: The elements of Sanctions II were analyzed in detail in the May, 1988 MIA.]

The impact of the first sanctions bill is beginning to be felt. Out of 1270 companies from 20 Western countries, 188 companies from 7 countries have pulled out (134 of those American). If Sanction II passes, the 164 remaining American companies will have to pull out. The Washington Post said on June 25 (and liberal congressmen pushing for more sanctions are elated) that South Africaâ\200\231s net trade loss with America and 19 other trading

partners since Sanctions I is \$624 million. The impact of Sanctions II could be 4 or 5 times greater. So far, the number of Blacks, who have Tost work is estimated at 10-15,000. Sanctions II could raise that number by a factor of 10. American liberals should be "proud" of pushing these Blacks out of work. They believe itâ\200\231s a blow for Black fre edom -

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and besides, it buys Black votes at home in the next election. [EDITOBâ\200\231S NOTE: Isn $a\200\231t$ it

about time South Africa at least propose strong counter-sanctions against America?]

V. Psychological War: Operation Disinformation

The South African press continues to bombard the South African people with defeatism and appeasement. Unfortunately, the government does not appear to be doing nearly enough to alert the South African people as to the extent of the revolution — its strategy and tactics — and the mendacity of its enemies in America and the Soviet bloc. This writer suggested to a certain cabinet minister a year or so ago that a massive information campaign on the revolution and the extent of the onslaught against the RSA needed to be launched via SABC-TV. The man replied that to do so would "panic the people." This writer thought at the time, no, to inform the people of their danger would rally them around the government and its efforts to thwart the onslaught much as Winston Churchill rallied the British people in the late 1930s by taking them into his confidence and warning them about the approaching Naz? juggernaut. In the opinion of this writer, South Africa is in great danger (from the Soviet/American onslaught and the 5 step Soviet strategy described above) but there seems to be no sense of urgency to warn the people.

A NEW DISINFORMATION CAMPAIGN - This writer observed on his recent trip a very subtle new disinformation campaign being propagated via the South African press, certain powerful, academicians and businessmen, and even accepted by some people in or near the upper echelons of government. Several aspects of this disinformation Tine follow:

- 1) The Russian threat is really not serious they are looking for a way out of all of their regional conflicts. [ED. NOTE: Except Central America, the Philippines, and Angola where they have substantial arms buildups in process.]
- 2) There is no such thing as a total onslaught it is a myth. [ED. NOTE: That is a blatant lie.]
- 3) The Russians are becoming realistic beginning to look at the world as it is and to give up outdated ideas of conquest or exporting revolution. [ED. NOTE: Ita^200^231 s call ed

glasnost #5!]

- 4) The Soviets are downplaying their support for liberation groups. [ED. NOTE: Except for the ANC, SWAPO, PLO, IRA, New Peopleâ\200\231s Army in the Philippines, and a few dozen more.]
- 5) Southern Africa is not a region of vital interest to the Soviets, who are not interested in South Africa $200\231$ s strategic minerals or Cape Sea Route. [ED. NOTE: The Soviets
- have all the strategics they need for their own use. They just want to deny the rest to the West. The Brezhnev Doctrine is still alive. A few years ago Jimmy Carter said the Caribbean Basin was of no strategic interest to the Soviets. (65-70% of U.S. trade, oil and naval movements go through that basin.) He was wrong too!l
- 6) Both the US and USSR are tired of maintaining far flung, neo-colonial responsibilities which are unrewarding and increasingly costly. [ED. NOTE: This writer $didna^200^231t$ know
- America had any far flung neo-colonial responsibilities. But Russia has Nicaragua, Angola, Mozambique, Ethiopia, Libya, etc.]
- 7) Mr.Gorbachev has no desire to go on pumping high tech armaments into southern Africa. [ED. NOTE: Why are all the MIG 23s, SAM missiles, tanks, multiple rocket launchers, etc.

showing up in Angola?]

- 8) The Sunday Times (2/28/88) said in an article entitled "Is Moscow Within Handshake Distance": "Is there a window of opportunity for better relationships between Pretoria and Moscow?"
- 9) The Soviet Union really wants peace in Angola. The problem is Castro, who has turned into a maverick, who has decided to do his own thing.

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- 10) There is a split in the Politburo. Gorbachevâ\200\231s "conservative" enemies, who want
- embarrass him, are siding with Castro in order to undermine glasnost.
- 11) Strident anti-communism is anachronist, devisive and counterproductive in this day of glasnost.

These are disinformation propaganda lines straight from Moscow, but they are being pushed by some very powerful people in South Africa who want to see South Africa "play its Russian card." If South Africa embraces the Russian bear, it will be eaten!

VI. The Status of the Revolution

"What we are afraid of is that the Whites will give more and more privileges to the Blacks and that the Blacks may become satisfied and docile. What we want is grievances and more grievances so that the Blacks will be willing to fight. We must grab power from the "White bastards'.' Stanley Ntwaza - ANC Roving Ambassador.

This writer \hat{a} 200\231s impression was that though many revolutionary organizations have been banned, and the township violence has been sharply reduced by South Africaâ\200\231s very efficient security forces, (but has not stopped), the revolution in South Africa is continuing. The functions of the banned organizations have been taken A RSt over by radical church organizations and Masamiae . SACTU ern labor unions which are very difficult to o ey

(Lesotho)

ban. The major thrust of the revolution

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CONTROLLED AND DIRECTED FROM THE SOVIET UNION

groups (see and study the organizational Uttt olue chart of the revolution) and they represent a new "united democratic front."

A coalition of mainly English speaking AT e e o Bt A churches has embraced "liberatior theology" e Saloibs e inas b SRR and the various tenets and programs of the banned organizations. Led by the South COLOURKEY e African Council of Churches, the Tibera- paosGan M Nensien

tionists leading this leftist "jihad" are

to be found mainly in the Catholic, Anglican,

Methodist, Lutheran, Congregational and Presbyterian churches. Bishop Tutu, who was in Moscow with his friends while this writer was in South Africa (while there, he thanked the "Soviets for their help in the liberation struggle") is one of the chief spokesmen for the liberation movement. (Many countries would arrest Tutu for treason. South Africans are indeed patient and long suffering - certainly not the police state they are accused of bein g.

COSATU (Congress of South African Trade Unions) is the internal wing of the ANC labor movement and SACTU (headed by the white KGB Colonel Joe Slovo) is the external wing (see organizational chart). COSATU is an umbrella group for 14 Tabor union affiliates representing 700,000 workers and is organized in most of the RSAâ $\200\231s$ major factories. It has

about 20% control over South African labor but much more influence. The labor thrust of the revolution has three objectives: 1) Demand massive wages and benefits to break the White

owned companies; 2) indoctrinate shop stewards and workers in socialism and the "benefits" of the revolution; and 3) precipitate labor unrest, strikes and eventually a general strike

In early June, COSATU, NACTU (National Council of Trade Unions) and various affiliates called a 3-day work stay away which kept large numbers of the Black work force away from work. It seemed ominous to this writer to see hundreds of thousands of workers stay away from work on the orders of a handful of communist labor agitators. To violate the stay away was to risk having oneâ\200\231s house burned or even worse, being necklaced.

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The potential for a general strike and national paralysis as a result of these unions \hat{a} \231

revolutionary activities is growing all the time. These unions get much of their funding from abroad (i.e., from the AF of L-CIO, communist Arthur Scargillâ $\200\231$ s British National Union

of Mine Workers, from the International Metal Workers Union, from the U.S. Agency for International Development, etc.). Until those foreign funds are choked off 100%, these unions will continue their revolutionary activities.

[ED. NOTE: Thereâ\200\231s a giant increase of trouble coming in the trade unions due to the

communistâ $200\231s$ activities. South Africa needs to outlaw all sympathy strikes which are illegal

but not enforced by either the government or targeted companies. This writer talked with several members of the Security Police who are very frustrated that the government will not let them crack down on the trade unions or even enforce many existing anti-strike Taws.

Many businessmen are also weak, intimidated, and are being blackmailed into going along wit

the unions. COSATU is currently massively organizing to disrupt the upcoming all-race municipal elections in October.]

A number of white ANC cells have been exposed around the RSA and on three occasions, ANC teams have been caught inside South Africa with SAM 7 missiles. There were 234 terroris

incidents in the RSA in 1987, with ANC terrorist teams infiltrating from Botswana (40 incidents) Lesotho (2), Mozambique (3), Swaziland (25), Zimbabwe (9) and 155 from unknown points

Of 211 terrorists arrested or killed 87 were trained in East bloc countries and 124 were trained in South Africa. The Security Police have the 1id on the revolutionary violence, but in the opinion of this writer, support for the revolution is continuing to spread in radical churches, in the labor unions, in the universities and even in certain business circles and among some Whites. There is no doubt that the KGB has penetrated certain key areas in the Republic and has a number of highly placed agents of influence (or moles), such as the former naval chief at Simonstown. (This view is shared by a number of friendly western intelligence services.)

VII. The Regional Peace Settlement: Is This the Beginning of a Piecemeal Surrender?

South Africa is under terrific pressure from America (especially the State Department, Chester Crocker, and his team) to do an Angolan/Namibian deal now. (Crocker desperately wants a trophy before he departs.) Crocker is promising to help slow Sanctions II down (and indeed State Department liason with the U.S. Congressional left may have temporarily done that), and South Africa is being told that it had better do a deal now while the "friendly" Reagan Administration is in power and before a "hostile" Dukakis team comes in and demands even more. The State Department Tine is that South Africa can help put Bush into office if they will help himand Reagan to get a comprehensive peace settlement in southern Africa.

Actually, in the opinion of this writer, it makes no difference. It $\hat{a}\200\231s$ the same Stat e

Department under both Reagan and Dukakis (or Bush), it \hat{a} 200\231s the same leftist Congress and U.S.

media, and whether now, or next year under Dukakis, the goals of the Americansâ $\200\231$ political

left are the same: sink UNITA, consolidate the Sovietâ\200\231s power in Angola, bring the communist SWAPO to power in SWA (Namibia), and eventually overthrow the South African government. The Reagan State Department has tried to strangle South Africa with a velvet glove (all the time claiming to be South Africaâ\200\231s primary friend and protector in A merica)

and a Dukakis State Department will try to bludgeon it with a mailed fist. The result will be the same. The Tatter is easier to discern and defend against than the former. [ED. NOTE: South Africans should also remember that it was Republican President Ford and his Secregary of State Henry Kissinger who started the surrender process in Rhodesia in Septemb er 1976.

What is the Peace Settlement: The governments of South Africa, Cuba, and Angola have agreed to the withdrawal of toreign troops from Angola and the implementation of UN Resolution 435 whereby the United Nations would administer elections on June 1, 1989 in Namibia (South West Africa) for independence from South Africaâ\200\231s 73 year rule. Cuba has said it

will withdraw its trocps (57,000) over a 4-year period and South Africa says it has to be over one year.

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1) UN Resolution 435 (authored by Andrew Young) calls for UN troops to administer elections in Namibia while restricting SADF troops to a handful of bases or excluding them from the territory altogether. The problem is, the United Nations, which has been dominated by the Soviet Union and its allies for over 3 decades, is on record as stating that SWAPO (a Soviet/Cuban backed terrorist group) is the only Tegitimate representative government of Namibia. With the SADF excluded from SWA, and SWAPO terrorist given a free run of the country, and protected by blue-helmeted UN troops, SWAPO would definitely win the election. It would be a complete rerun of the internationally sponsored elections in formerly pro-western Rhodesia where comunist Robert Mugabe had carte blanche to murder and intimidate Rhodesian Blacks and via intimidation and the barrel of a gun, won the elections

Pro-Soviet Zimbabwe is the result. (SWAPO has about 8700 troops and terrorists in Angola.)

Fidel Castroâ\200\231s personal emissary, Jorge Risquet has publicly predicted, that by September 29 (the 10th anniversaryof UN Resolution 435) that South Africa will have agreed to let the UN enter SWA to administer the elections. The Washington Post just said the Soviet leadership is confident a deal will be cut shortly and on Aug. 8, the South African government announced that UN Resolution 435 would begin implementation oftNovs 1,°1988.7 Tf this® is trle,sa communist government will be in place in Namibia within a year or so, ANC base camps will be shifted into Namibia, and South Africa will be facing Soviet and Cuban tanks and troops on its border within 2-3 years (see map). South Africa apparently has not even demanded that the UN renounce its support for SWAPO (a retreat from its former position) and seems ready to give up Namibia, even before the

Cuban troops are removed from Angola - another retreat from its former position.

Withdrawal of South African forces from Namibia would move South Africaâ\200\231s defense p

rimetermore than 1,000 miles south, from Ovamboland on the Angolan border down to the Orang e

River. It would deny South Africa the ability to effectively strike back at terrorist base camps in Botswana, Zambia, Angola, and parts of Zimbabwe. The Caprivi Strip, which is part of Namibia, is an important strategic location for the defense of South Africa against comm un-

ist terrorism.

If South Africa loses Namibia to SWAPO, the Soviets will gain control not just of a nation twice the size of California, (see map), but of a coast line which dominates the South Atlantic and which is only a short distance from South America. Ships carrying at least 80% of Western Europeâ\200\231s oil and half of Americaâ\200\231s imported oil must t ravel through

t?e Atlantic past Namibia. The Soviets could easily interdict these from Namibia in time of war.

[ED. NOTE: 7500 UN troops and 1500 UN election judges will begin arriving on the Namibian/Angolan border shortly. This writer recalls that the Carnegie Foundation for Peace 1965 blueprint for the overthrow of South Africa called for a United Nations invasion of South Africa via South West Africa. Could the coming introduction of UN troops into Namibia set the stage for such a United Nations invasion??]

2) What About Cuban Troop Withdrawal? To date the Cubans have not been specific as to when they would withdraw, except to say gradually over 4 years, and that they would pull back from the Namibian border. But there is no guarantee that Cuba will completely withdraw

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its troops from Angola — they can always change their mind at any point (or more likely, they could be lying from the start). But once the UN troops arrive in Namibia and the SADF has been excluded from both Angola and Namibia, South Africa will be helpless to affect the Cuban withdrawal. Nothing in the proposed agreement would require the Cuban troops to Teave the African continent, even if they depart from Angola. There are other communist controlled countries nearby where they could be stationed. Already there is more than a token Cuban military presence in Mozambique and Ethiopia. There have been discussions of Cuban troops in the Congo and Guinea Bissau. Even if all Cuban troops were to withdraw from Angola (and this writer considers that highly unlikely) there are thousands of other communist bloc military personnel who would still be stationed there — from East Germany, North Korea, and the Soviet Union itself. Moreover, thousands of Cuban soldiers have been made "citizens" of Angola. Their continued presence is not now covered by the agreement.

3) What About Dr. Jonas Savimbi and His Unita Forces? UNITA may be about to be deserted by South Africa if these agreements are implemented. A continued Cuban/Soviet bloc presence in Angola without South African military support could jeopardize Savimbi. Without the protection and assistance his base in southern Angola receives from the South African military forces now stationed in northern Namibia, to his south, the pro-Western freedom fighter would in all likelihood, have to surrender his base camp at Jamba.

If because of SWAPO, Jonas Savimbi loses his cross-border geographic proximity to South African forces, and if subsequently U.S. aid to UNITA is cut off by a Democratic Congress (there is already talk of this, to aid the "peace process"), the prospects for the anti-communist freedom fighters would be grim indeed. If Savimbiâ $\200\231s$ movement falters

within just a few years we would see Soviet control of Oil rich Angola consolidated.

Conclusion and Recommendations

This writer first went to South Africa in 1976 (shortly after the Soweto riots) and has returned almost 30 times since. Over the years, he has observed the South African people by all races to be tough, resilient, courageous and God fearing. With the Tionâ\200\231s

share of the free world $\hat{a}\200\231s$ minerals (including gold) for economic wealth, with geographic

isolation on the southern tip of Africa, with a large, powerful and well disciplined military, and a large and effective (if not all encompassing) arms industry, South Africans can, with the help of God, survive the present Soviet/American onslaught. But first they must recognize it and understand it for what it is. Then they must determine to never give up, to never retreat, to never surrender to the demands of, or pressure from America, the Soviet Union, Cuba, or the RSAâ\200\231s own appeasement oriented liberals.

Over the past 13 years this writer has written and spoken more than any other American as an unrepentent friend and supporter of South Africa. (This is not to say that he does not disagree with some positions or policies of that country). Many of the things in this writer \hat{a} 200\231s lectures, newsletters, video tapes and in this issue of MIA, are not popul ar with

the more liberal/appeasement oriented South Africans. Indeed, a few businessmen and South African leaders have criticized him for being a "strident anti-communist" - perhaps a valid criticism since communism is the reigning, predominant evil of our day and is the primary threat to both America and South Africa. This writer is currently more disturbed and

concerned about the future of South Africa than at any time in the past 13 years and believes South Africa is at a crossroads which could take it to long term survival and prosperity, or to eventual surrender to a Marxist tyranny.

Reports from Washington, Europe and South Africa indicate that the above described regional "peace" plan is going to be quickly implemented. (Indeed, it is being pushed hard by South Africaâ\200\231s Ministry of Foreign Affairs, which has been working closely on formulating

the settlement with Chester Crocker and the State Department.) All South African troops began pulling out of Angola on Aug. 11 and it has been announced that 7500 UN troops and another 1500 UN election administrators will begin to arrive on the Namibian border Nov. 1. Namibian elections will be held June 1, 1989. These reports are most distressing; this writer sincerely hopes they are wrong. If South Africa yields Namibia to a communist backed SWAPO via UN orchestration of the elections, if it pulls out of Angola or Namibia and

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allows such elections without all of the Cuban and other Soviet bloc troops having first be en

withdrawn, then this writer will have to conclude that the piecemeal surrender process has begun. If on the other hand, South Africa is simply playing a stalling game, and has no intention of vacating either Angola or Namibia before all Soviet bloc troops are removed, the

all will be well. This writer believes that the point of no return for South Africa is the introduction of UN troops into southern Africa. If that commences, then the danger for the RSA will rise dramatically, because South Africa is highly unlikely to be willing to militarily engage United Nationsâ\200\231 troops (which could even include Americans or wester n Euro-

peans). The UN presence (with the connivance of the US State Department and the Soviet Union) is likely to escalate over time. [ED. NOTE: On the heels of the joint South African/UNITA successes in Angola over the past year, this new settlement seems for South

Africa to be snatching defeat from the jaws of victory. It is very puzzling indeed.]

The magnitude and intensity of the international campaign (orchestrated by the United States and the Soviet Union) to overthrow the South African government and replace it with a Black Marxist Russian surrogate is unparalleled in history. There has never been a more determined and sustained effort by the two superpowers and their allies to impose a Marxist regime on a country than that which South Africa is facing. This writer has great sympathy and admiration for P. W. Botha and South Africaâ\200\231s other leaders and the incredible pres-

sures (and insults) which they have borne from America and Russia.

However, the only way South Africa can survive is if it continues to withstand those pressures. It will become more isolated, it will have to tighten its belt as more Western sanctions begin to have their impact, it will have to maintain and increase its military strength and be willing to fight more battles and perhaps sacrifice more Tives to remain free. But, South Africa can survive if its people and leaders do not lose their nerve, begin to panic, and begin a piecemeal surrender process that has occurred in every country which has fallen to communism over the past 40 years. If South Africa begins to compromise with America or the Soviet Union (as many of South Africaâ\200\231s appeasement oriented Ti berals

are advocating), if it sells out UNITA, allows the Soviet-backed SWAPO to come to power in Namibia, tries to work its own form of detente (which wonâ200231t work) with the Soviets, it will

have begun down the slippery slope of surrender and its future will be very dismal indeed.

This writer is an optimist and believes that the South African people of all races are fighters who will rally around their leaders and take a stand against the present onslaught

 $\hat{a}\200\230$ South Africa is a survivor nation (and people) and could be one of the last truly free

countries in a free world which is quickly dwindling. Over the next five years, America, South Africa, and the entire free world will be locked in an epic struggle between good and evil, a spiritual as well as a political battle. South Africa could emerge as the beacon Tight of freedom for freedom loving people all over the world. But it will not do so without millions of South Africans turning to Almighty God for help. South Africa is truly at the crossroads between survival and surrender!

What to Do

Readers of this Special Report are encouraged to copy it and distribute it as widely as possible if they consider its information to be of any importance. (Reprints are also available for \$1.00 each). Permission is hereby granted to reprint this article Lifs reprinted in its entirety and if credit is given). American readers are encouraged to send copies of this Special Report to their U.S. Congressmen and Senators with a cover letter strongly urging them to work for the defeat of Sanctions II. South African readers are encouraged to write to their leaders and strongly urge them not to allow UN Resolution 435 to be implemented, UN troops to be brought into Namibia, or a sellout of UNITA to be perpetrated.

A 3-hour video tape presentation from this writer's June speaking tour in South Africa entitled, "South Africa: Sellout, Sanctions and Survival" is available to South Africans by writing to TRUSAS, P.C. Box 78714, Sandton, 2146, RSA. A 2-hour video tape entitled, "The Soviet Strategy for The Conquest of South Africa" is available to Americans (\$25.00 Plus postage). Write to P.O. Box 22484, Denver, CO 80222.

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Final Thoughts

Aleksandr Solzhenitsyn has said regarding the Sovet preparations for global victory:
"Ts 1t possible to transmit the experience of those who have suffered to those who have yet
to suffer? Can one part of humanity learn from the bitter experience of another? Is it
possible to warn someone of danger? Your proud skyscrapers point to the sky and say, 35
will never happen here. It is not possible here. — But, it can happen! It is possible!
As a Russian proverb says: 'Whenm it happens to you, you will know that it is true.' Do
we have to wait until the knife is at our throats? Isn't it possible to assess the menace
that threatens to swallow the whole world:"

11 Chronicles 7:14: "If my people, which are called by my name, will humble themselves, and pray and seek my face and turn from their wicked ways; then wtll I hear from heaven, and will forgive their sin, and will heal their land."

Isaiah 40: 15,17,22-24,28-31: !"Surely the nations are like a drop in a bucket; they are regarded as dust on the scales; he weighs the islands as though they were fine dust. Before Wim all the nations are as nothing; they are regarded by him as worthless and less than nothing. He sits enthroned above the circle of the earth, and its people are like grasshoppers. He stretches out the heavens like a canopy, and spreads them out like a tent to live in. He brings princes to naught and reduces the rulers of this world to nothing. No sooner are they planted, no sooner are they sowm, no sooner do they take root in the ground, than he blows on them and they wither, and a whirlwind sweeps them away like chaff. The Lord is the everlasting God, the Creator of the ends of the earth. He will not grow tired or weary, and his understanding no one can fathom. He gives strength to the weary and increases the power of the weak. Even youths grow tired and weary, and young men stumble and fall; but those who hope in the Lord will renew their strength. They will soar on wings like eagles; they will run and not grow weary, they will walk and not be Farnt. 't

Psalm 46:1-3: "God is our refuge and strength, a very present help in trouble, therefore we will not fear, though the earth will be removed, and though the mountains be carried

into the midst of the sea; though its waters rocr and be troubled, though the mountains shake with its swelling."

Psalm 138:7: "Though T walk in the midst of trouble, You will revive me; You will stretch out Your hand against the wrath of my enemies, and Your right hand will save me."

Finally, it should be remembered that God is in charge of history, nations and individuals' lives. With Him on South Africa's side, it can survive overwhelming odds.

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SANCTIONS

The New South Africa Sanctions Bill (Excerpts from the May 1988 edition of the McAlvany Intelligence Advisor)

The 1986 Sanctions Bill banned U.S. importation of South African iron, steel, coal, uranium, textiles, farm products and Krugerrands; it banned South African Airways landing rights in the U.S.; banned South African importation of U.S. arms and camputers (for parastatal companies); demanded the release of all ANC political prisoners (i.e., terrorists); pressured U.S. allies to cut all military relations with the RSA or lose U.S. aid; it demanded the unbanning of the various Black revolutionary groups and negotiations by the South African government to turn over power to those groups; it included U.S. government funding of millions to the revolutionary groups; cut all U.S. military cooperation with Sou ti

Africa; and ordered the President to push other western nations to impose similar sanctions \cdot

The new bill, if passed into law, will do the following:

- 1) End All US. /South African Trade a total two-way trade embargo will be instituted (all exports and imports will be banned) with the possible exception of certain strategic minerals but those can only be bought from South Africa if there is no alternative source -- and the liberals believe the Soviet Union is a perfectly satisfactory alternative.
- 2) All US. Investments In South Africa (Private Or Corporate) Will Be Outlawed (This includes investments directly or via a foreign affiliate.) Within one year, all of the
- 160 American companies in South Africa will have to leave liquidating their factories and assets with giant losses, at prices of 20-50 cents on the dollar. All investments of any kind in South Africa by Americans will become illegal. This will include the holding of South

African gold shares or other RSA stocks, bonds, debt instruments. If the bill passes (and there is a better than even chance that it will), a massive liquidation of South African qold

shares held by hundreds of thousands of Americans will be mandated, and the prices may fall 50% or more. (Indeed, the anticipation of the new sanctions has already caused a substantia 1

drop in the shares).

3) All US./South African Military Intelligence Cooperation Will Be Terminated - America has had a very favorable intelligence arrangement with South Africa, whereby the latter shares intelligence information with us on political/military developments, Soviet bloc troop and naval movements, etc. in the South Atlantic. the Indian Ocean and sub-Sahara Africa. America has virtually no intelligence resources of its own in these regions and so the South Africans have been our eyes and ears in these vital strategic areas. This cooperation will be terminated and America forced to "fly blind" in an area targeted by the Sovie ts

that encompasses almost 25% of the globe. Military attaches in both countries will be calle d

home. Since U.S. military aid (i.e., the Stingers) goes to UNITA in Angola via the CIA (Americaâ\200\231s external intelligence branch), the new bill will probably be a backdoor way of

cutting off U.S. aid to Savimbi.

- 4) Two South African Consulate Offices Will Be Closed probably in Chicago and Houston and no more honorary consulate offices will be allowed.
- 5) Visas For South African Citizens Traveling To America Will Be More Restrictive they will be tied to the number of Black South Africans traveling to America. Except for Black ANC-type radicals and/or revolutionaries such as Tutu, Boesak, etc., brought over by the State Department or Congressional left, very few South Africans B]ack§ or Whl§es will be

traveling to America in the future. Restrictions will be placed on granting of visas to South African government personnel.

- 6) The ACT Pushes For U.N. Sanctions The full force of the U.S. government is to be placed behind initiating and implementing U.N. sanctions against South Africa.
- 7) The ACT Limits Imports To The U.S. From Other Countries And Companies Who Trade With South Africa The U.S. will try to apply sanctions against companies and countries(i. e.,

Japan, Taiwan, Chile, Israel, etc.), who trade with South Africa, to put multilateral pressure on South Africa.

- 8) A State Department Office Of Sanctions Will Be Set Up a Deputy Assistant Secretary of State for South Africa Sanctions will be appointed and this office will monito r
- U.S. companies, citizens, foreign countries and companies for violation of the Act. This new office will become the U.S. government official "sanctions enforcement arm."
- 9) \$40 Million In U.S. Funds Will Be Given To Blacks Hurt By These Sanctions Most of

these funds will go to revolutionary groups and trade unions including COSATU (the communis t controlled trade union organization).

- 10) The ACT Orders An Investigation Of The South African Diamond Cartel to ascertain if any enforcement action is appropriate under the anti-trust laws of the United States.

 11) The ACT Orders A Study Of Measures To Reduce South Africaâ\200\231s Foreign Exchange Eamings From Gold Mickey Leland and other Congressional leftists have proposed in a separ
- ate bill that the U.S. sell off its gold to depress the world price and hurt South Africa (the world $a\200\231s$ largest gold exporter). This measure is very unlikely to pass.
- 12) The Penalty For An American Who Violates this Act Is A \$500,000 Fine And/Or Five Years Imprisonment.

What To Do (South African Readers):

- 1) Buy a copy (or several copies of this writer's 3-hour video tape: $\hat{a}\200\234$ South Africa : Sellout, Sanctions and Survival $\hat{a}\200\235$
- (R75). Play it for groups of friends, civic clubs, at your children $\hat{a}\200\231s$ school, at your business, for Members of Parliament, on television, etc.
- South Africa is at war and its citizens need to understand the strategy and tactics of their enemies.
- This tape will help you to do so. A large number of people have already seen similar tapes, but they need to be more widely
- distributed at the grass roots level $\hat{a}\200\224$ including Black Townships. To order this tap e, contact Ms. Eileen Louvet, 135 Linden Road, Sandown, Sandton 2199.
- 2) This writer will be conducting a speaking tour around the Republic of South Africa in No vember 1988. Try to attend one of these lectures and bring friends or business associates. For a schedule of these lectures, contact Ms. Louvet at the address above or call (011) 884-3561.
- 3) Distribute copies of this newsletter. You are strongly encouraged to photocopy and distribute this newsletter as widely as possible. And finally, get mad! The Political left in America is selling out South Africa. What are YOU going to do about it?

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