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Sneak Preview: Alice
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"T he Washington press
corps seemed so ecstat-
lc to have a president
who stays awake that
they've all declared
him the greatest ruler
since Augustus." The
honeymoon's over,
George. p. 32
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good form.
OUTFRONT
Timothy Leary, s protege, Bruce
Cockburnis border crossings, Sassyis
sinful editor, Panamefs ballerina/rights
activist, and more.
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In post-Duarte El Salvador, the only thing not to fear is fear itself.
WITCH CRAFT By Camille Peri
With The Handmaidis Tale, her vision of a feminist future shock,
writer Margaret Atwood indicted a nation and rocketed onto the
best-seller list. Now, in Cafs Eye, her latest novel, she turns her
critical gaze onto a new group: her fans.
FROM CIA TO KGng (:iKinder, Gentler Bush) Text by Molly Iw'ns;
art by Phillip Burke, Steve Brodner, Nicole Hollander, Matt
Groerzing, Drew Friedman, and Everett Peck
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In which Edna, our heroine, learns
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Cockburn
stows his
rocket launcher
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and heads for the open road.
p.11
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Cover Illustration by Nrmle Holldmler. lnse! of Bush by Steve Brodneri Coloring by Helen Maryles.

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All this for only $12 a month?
Yesibecause we have searched for ways
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income of $2.00 a day. your sponsorship
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Will you sponsor a child? Your $12 a
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medical care.
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O counseling for the childls family to
help them become self-suflieient.
Here is how you can sponsor a child:
1. Fill out the coupon and tell us if
Please assign me u El Boy El Girl
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only mu' U.UII7I/7/(' nl'vhi/(lmn from vnunm'm
around (he world who unuen/(v needu spomm:
you want to sponsor a boy or a girl, and
check the country of your choice.
2. Or mark the "emergency list" box
and we will assign a child to you that
most urgently needs to have a sponsor.
3. Send your $12 in right now and this
will eliminate the cost of a lttrial Child."
Then. in just a few days you will
receive your childs name. photograph.
and case history.
May we hear from you? Our sponsor-
ship program protects the dignity of the
child and provides Americans with a
beautiful way to help a youngster.
Country preference: El India El The Philippines El Thailand Cl Chile Cl Honduras
El Dominican Republic D Colombia El Guatemala
El OR, choose a child that most needs my help from your EMERGENCY LIST.
El Holy Land Crippled Child
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Kansas City,
ZIP
13 Please send me more information about sponsoring a child.
El I can't sponsor 21 ChllLl now. but wish to make a contribution 01$
uix-deductible check to:
Children International
Joseph Gripkey, President
2000 East Red Bridge Road 0 Box 41 9055
Missouri 64141
7718 world-widc Apommts'liip program (1/110va Land Christian Mission, (1 IIOHe/IrQ/l'1
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Sponsorship Application
Yes. I wish to sponsor 11 child, Enclosed is my first payment of $12.
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BACKTALK

A Matter of Principals

Editork Note: We received 18 letters from a class at Fremont High School, located in an inner-city section of 1.05 Angeles. The first two letters represent a sample of the xtudentsl reactions to our January 1989 cover story, "Education: The Movief I'm a 15-year-old student attending, Fremont High in the south central 1,05 Angeles area. I read the article slowly and very carefully and I think that what _Ioe Clark did (carrying that hat aroundl was not the thing we need at Fremont. Several years ago Fremont used to he like Eastside. just about everyone used to be into drugs and there were all those gangs. but no one needed a hat to threaten

people and get them out of all these prohlems. I would say that what we need here at Fremont is what George McKemia did. We need the kind of love he gave the students. There are many students who really need to be loved by someone.

Right here at Fremont we have a lot of problems with students who come to school just to light and spend all their time around school but not in class. These are the types of students who have parents who dont take care of them. These students are the ones who really need to he loved by someone. There are also a lot of pregnant girls who feel theylre alone. Just because theylre pregnant, some feel that they dam count with their parents or friends. These people are the ones who need love These are the reasons why I think we should use the same methods George McKenna used. This would really change our school a lot. ,

IRMA NllNl'J.

I am a junior at lt'reiiiont High School. I think what joe Clark did was right. As we see in the article, the school became a much better place and people respected him. If our school was like that, I would want someone to clean up our school. If it takes hatx threats. or whatever. Ill be with him one hundred percent. If I were a principal I wouldnlt take that 15.8. either. School is a place to learn, not an animal house. and what joe Clark wanted was the best for the students who wanted to learn. A lot of people disagree with him but it they were principal, what would they do? How would they change it? Most people wouldnt have enough guts to do what he did. And most people wouldnt care.

Deborah Meier, notjoe Clarke belonged on your cover. Of the three principals described in your article, she seemed the least motivated hy ego and the most devoted to the students.

joe (Llark is a sad joke. It is shameful that he is allowed to infect black children with what appears to he a terminal case of selfhatred.

CD GRANT

DURRON STURGEB

(.loverdale, California

Thanks to David Kirp for the more-thangenerous piece on our school, on my role in it, and on our viewpoint on teaching and

learning.

 $\ensuremath{\text{I'm}}$ troubled, however, by what seems to me to he a loumalistic sleight of hand that in the end creates a false symmetry between yloe Clark and George McKenna. After a warm and sympathetic description of MeKennak effortx Kirp turns on him for raising unrealistically high expectations, haying succumbed to media hype, and having only created, in the end, a more orderly and humane environment, without sufficient academic success to show for it. He even uses test scores against McKenna, which seems odd given Kirpis earlier strongly stated bias against relying on them as a measure of school competence. The expectations McKenna raised, however. were very decent expectations. He A REMINDER FROM PLANNED PARENTHOOD FEDERATION OF AMERICA. 810 SEVENTH AVENUE, NEW YORK, NY 10019.

sought to build communal solidarity on behalf of the weakest members of the community. He thus created blaw and orderh while preaching self-respect and mutual respect, On the basis of democratic and not authoritarian values. There is no suggestion, even in Kirphs account, that McKenna enriched himself in the process.

Clark, in contrast, purposely set out to smash such communal ideals. He was out consciously to create disrespect for democratic norms. He demeaned and diminished our human connectedness. He enjoyed dividing and conquering his clientele. He gleefully fostered reliance on saviors. And he did all this while becoming rich and famous in the process. Clark offers his constituents an intellectually, academically, and morally corrupted model, and then promises that his form of law and order will fall apart without him at the helm!

McKenna is living proof that hlaw and orderh can be restored in humane and democratic ways. Thatis the point of comparing McKenna and Clark. his a hsmall point," but one well worth making. However, itis one Kirp seemed to have missed.

DEBORAH W. MEIER

Principal, Central Park East Secondary School New York, New York

David Kirp replies: Deborah Meier makes a better principal than critic. I donit equate Joe Clark and George MeKenna. But to describe McKenna as iiliving proof that ilaw and orderi can be restored in humane and democratic waysii is to confuse the press releases with the man. Whether oneis measure of success is test scores and college enrollment (McKennais own criteria), teacher turnover (eatastrophieally high), or atmospherics (a benign prison, with patentguards in every corridor), thereis little thatis worth emulating about McKennais schoolexcept the publicity its principal managed to garner.

Revenge of the "Nerds"

I must say to Barbara Ehrenreich (hA Surge of Phallic Science," jan. ,89): hHumbug_ why donit you get the facts straight before you take pen to paper (or finger to keyboard)?

While scientists can be as piggy as anyone else_-even slightly more so at times-letis not dehumanize them. The point of mapping the human gene is not to produce clones of Henry Kissinger, but to try to identify causes of genetically transmitted diseases. These include such well-known ones as hemophilia and Tay-Sachs, and, conjecturaliy, Alzheimetys, Parkinson's, and possibly some forms of cancer. How does Ehrenreieh propose that scientists find a cure for AIDS without studying human molecular biology? Just try drugs at random? Not every biologist works for a phatmaceutical house, is jockeying for a Nobel Prize, is a hiNerdf or is even maleemany don,t even drive Cadillacs. While some scientific projects are worthless, many arenit; furthermore, its not easy to tell which is which, especially, I regret to say, for a scien-

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tific illiterate such as Ehrenreieh. Perhaps
she ought to do some basic reading about
computer science, cryptography, and math-
ematics.
Contrary to what Ehrenreieh may think,
science is not just done by a handful of big-
time Phalluses.
MARK BRIDGER
Associate Professor of Mathematics,
Northeastern University
Boston, Massachusetts
Many thoughtful people, scientists and non-
scientists alike, may wonder at the some-
(f/ln important war 3%
hThe hnest minds have always underscored the
Eeaeemakmg role of women and their ability to cool
ot heads and ennoble hardened hearts.n
-Mikhail Gorbachex'ek
A unique anthology ofvoiccs for peace featuring
compelling 1n51ghts irom notable womem past and
present, all over the world.
qt confirms our common humanity-and the
nnportanee of making harmony, making sure, in
short, that life goes on. The heart leaps in assent.w
-Erica long
ttThe book is a wonderful idea and Iim honored
to have been invited to participate.v -Isabel Allende
iiGood for people everywhere who want to
dis cover the truth?
-Winnie Mandela
ESSENIIAL VOKES FOR IHE
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ZEN BASTARD
RIDES AGAIN
People magazine recently
called Paul Krassner "father
of the underground press."
Naturally he demanded a
blood test. But Krassner did
publish The Realistfrom 1958
to 1974, and now he's doing it
again, as a satirical newsletter.
The first ten issues-still avail-
able-include:
Harry Shearer Covers the
Political Conventions
Robert Anton Wilson Covers the
Married Priests Convention
M.J. Sibert Covers the Eunuch
Convention
A Bizarre Interview with Jerry
Garcia
The Harlan Ellison Roast Starring
Robin Williams
Snitching on Sodomy
Snorting Cocaine with the Pope
The Parts Left Out of Fawn Hall's
Testimony
Murder at the Humor Convention
Joan Rivers Calls Nancy Reagan
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6 APRIL 1989
times ludicrous decisions made to fund cer-
tain scientific projects. Barbara Ehrenreichls
commentary was not a reasoned response to
these problems. It was, instead, a weak ate
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tempt at humor that was neither funny nor enlightening.

If the author's goal was to make the reader laugh at the foibles of scientists and the gullibility of nonscientists, she failed. Her attack was unnecessarily mean-spirited and inaccurate. Categorizing essentially all seientilie inquiry as either LlNerd Science" or LLPhallie Science" deliberately ignored the fact that we continue to expand our knowledge of the natural world through earefult scientific studies of natural phenomena. To suggest, as Ehrenreich did, that all science is unworthy of support was unjustified. I am a biologist. As a scientise I could be accused of taking personal offense at Ehrenreichls remarks. And, truly, I am offended, but as much on my students5 behalf as on my own. As a teacher. I work to convince students that science is not some impossible subject pursued exclusively by white males in lab coats.

It is my belief that scientifically ignorant people are more likely to make personal and political decisions that are, at best ill-informed, and, at worst, disastrous. I help students to develop the tools they need to understand scientific arguments. Ehrenreichls siren song of ignorance undermines my work and encourages people to be complacent in their lack of knowledge. jEANNE Di SULLIVAN

Assistant Professon Montgomery College Rimkx'illc Maryland

Barbara Ebrenreicb replies: Gee, things have really deteriorated. In my days in the lab (PhD. in biology, Rockefeller University, 1968), Nerd Science had not yet swallowed up all science-or scientists and many of us retained an ability to laugh at it. The Beat Goes On

Oh, puh-leeze! Will someone give Mark Crispin Miller ("Gonna Hawk Around the Clock Tonight, " Not: '88) a good slap and tell him to get over it? Advertisers have been cannilmlizing the classics since the days of radioi so why does Miller think that the music he likes is any more sacrosanct? And hes so deadly serious about it, too. Sounds to me like just another aging hippie (probably now a yuppie) who thinks the world began in 1952. I can think of a lot more important things to write about than how Llunbearable" life is without john Lennon

STEPHEN DE FRANCESCO

Brooklym New York

around. Spare us.

Mark Crispin Miller replies: Once regarded too coarse and riotous for TV, rock and roll is now just another of TVS numerous hypnotizing gimmicks. Anyone who still thinks otherwise should recall the sight, broadcast during the inaugural festivities, of George Bush Lljammingll cheerfully with Lee Atwaterls blues band.

You would have to be a perfect couch potato, or a record company executive, not to see that things have changed-or not to want to see it. Readers may recall last months bilious letter from Danny Goldberg, president of Gold Castle Records, who

called me a Llsmug college professorl, and sermonized at length on rocks enduring greatness" and the wisdom of Llevery teenage rock fan? With his obvious vested interest, Goldberg is about as trustworthy in these matters as he is good-natured. The point here. however, is not simply Goldberg's suspect motivation, but the larger fact that he is so deeply implicated in the culture of TV that he cannot, or will not, notice some of its most flagrant effects. Similarly, this note from Stephen de Francesco is in fact pure television. With its sitcom opening (LLOh, puh-leezefl), its halfconscious reference to Moonstruck (LL21 good slap and tell him to get over itll), its Lettermanian terror of things getting too heavy, its breezy contempt for the dead, and its ime plicit claim to speak for the majority (hush), this letter is itself a perfect illustration of the real problem underlying the disappearance of rock music: TVls impending saturation of all minds with its own commercial images, its own agenda. Spiking the Punch

Until I read Bernard Ohanianls reminder (L'Fighting That Bushed Feeling," Jan. a89),1 was busy preparing to be all grumpy and morose for the next four years.

There are no doubt lots of us who need to recall how much fun we had upsetting the established applecarts in the 1605, and how badly we need a sense of humor, both in spirit and action, to avoid getting Bushwhacked well into the 905.

Lets not forget the expressive acts of ecotage and the politics of joy. We can once again be the sugar in America's gas tank. GIL jORDAN

Comm, Montana

Write your Mother. Send your reactions and suggestions to Backtalk, Motherjones, 1663 Mission Street. San Francisco, CA 94101 Please be sure to intlzide your name. address, and daytime telephone number. We reserve the right to edit letters for publication, :1

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THE TRAVELING
WILBUKYS
VOLUME ONE
1 1'-
100586
100715. R.E.M.: Green
Orange Crush. Pop Song
89. etc, (Warner Bros.)
100602. Elton John: Reg
Strikes Back - Elton's 22nd
gold album' (MCA)
200596 100711
200478. Metallica: And
Justice For All - #1Speed
metal band' (Elektra)
223559, The Beach Boys:
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105392. Pops In Space
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Star Wars. The Empire
Strikes Back. more. (Phliips
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153582. Tracy Chapman
Fast Car. Talkin Bout A
Revolution. etc. (Elektra)
164165. Bobby McFerrin:
Simple Pleasures - Don't
Worry Be Happy. etc iEMI)
244006. Simon 5:
Gartunkel: The Concert
In Central Park - Ailrtime
classncs' (Warner Bros )
125179. Tchaikovsky. 1812
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Juliet; Nutcracker Suite
Chicago Symph. Orch,
Soltl (London DIGITAL)
100459. Cocktail (Original
Soundtrack) - (Eiektra)
115436
Talkin' 'Bout You ' Cry Me
A River, etc. (GRP)
100707
100604. Heiietz: The
Decca Masters. Vol.1
Golliwogts Cakewaik. Ciair
de lune. many more. (MCA)
100035. Robert Palmer:
Heavy Nova 'Slmply
IrreSIsthie. More Than
Ever, etc (EMI)
123385. The BestOf Eric
Clapton: Time Pieces
iPolydor)
100579. K, T. Oslin: This
Woman - Hold Me. Money.
title song, more. IRCA)
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100470. Vangelis: Direct New Age Meditations. The Motion 01 Stars. The WIII 01 The Wind. etc (Ansta) 153983. Charlie Parkei: Compact Jazz 1 News The Time. Night And Day, iVerve) 154135. The Best 01 ${\tt U}$ Steely Dan: Decade 14 THIS. (MCAT 104871. Supertramp: Classics (14 Greatest Hits) - The Logical Song. Give A Little Bit. more (A&M) 144578. The Judds': Greatest Hits - (RCA) 115356. Pinnock: Vivaldi. The 4 Seasons - Simon Standage. VIOIinI etc (Archiv D/G/TAL) 114780. CinderelIa: Long Cold Winter-Gypsy Road. Don t Know What You Get. more. (Mercury) Ovlqlnat 3oundluck 182522 270106, An Evening With Louis Armstrong - (GNP Crescendo) 262889. Virgil Fox: The Digital Fox ' Organ mUStC by Bach. others (Bainbridge DIGITAL) PAVAROTT I Αt Carnegie Hall 115311 SAVE 500/0 134347. Huey Lewis: Small World - (Chrysalis) 173406. Jazz CD Sampler Over 67 minutes ofyazz. (Potygram) 100467. Beethoven. Symphony No. 9 (Choral) London CIaSSIcai Players Norringtorr (Angel D/G/TAL) 123721. Jimmy Page10utrider- Led Zeppeiin guitarists solo ltight' (Geiten) 134321. Led Zeppelin: Houses 01 The Holy (Atlantic! 170348 209468. Perlman: Brahms. Violin Sonatas IAngei DIGITAL) 120768. 20 Great Love Songs Of The 505 B. 605. Vol.1-(Laurie) 153606. lnxs: Kick - Need You Tonight, Devnl Insude, etc (Atlantic) 134420. John Cougar

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Mellencamp: The Lone-
some Jubilee. Paper In
Fire. more (Mercury)
100517. PhIl CoIIins:
Buster/Soundtrack -
Groovy Kind of Love. Two
Hearts. etc, (Atlantic)
153740. Genesis:
Invisible Touch - (Atlantic)
163579. Andres Segovia
Plays Rodrigo, Ponce 8.
Torroba - Fantasna para uri
Gehtrihombre. Concnerto
del Sur. Castles 01 Spam
(MCA)
100679. Steve Earle:
Copperhead Road - iUNIi
134267. Marriner: Mozart.
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134627. Classic Old 8.
Gold, VoI.1'20 huts'
iLaune)
104857. Benny Goodman:
Sing. Sing - (RCA)
115306. Pinnock: Handel.
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Concert. "A wmner "
Ovation iArchiv DIGITAL)
100714 172190
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BAD ATTITUDE
By Barbara Ebrenreicl)
Sanity Clause
5 TAX TIME APPROACHES, MANY AMERICANS
-normally content to applaud any high crime
or misfeasance committed by their elected offi-
cials-suddenly become testy, irritated, de-
fensive. Even the most saintly among us,
the vegetarians and residents of con-
templative religious orders, are bound to ask themselves
that familiar question: Why should 52 percent of my
tax dollars go to the Pentagon rather than to personal
weapons systems such as, for example, a semiautomatic
Smith and Wesson designed to take out a medium-
weight tax auditor at 50 yards?
Well, therels no need for all that anger, which only
produces stress, which leads to multiple illnesses, which
will, in the end, be worth only minute deductions in next
yearls accounting. Try to see tax time as a joyous ocea-
sion, located right next to the great Judeo-Christian cel-
ebrations of Easter and Passover for a very good reason.
ltls meant to be a time for growth and personal reassess-
ment, a time to ask ourselves deeper questions: Who am
I as a person? Where have I been? How did I get there?
AND / Fupeeo THREE 77ME) a/v me Amoezvz/moM
AM) / p/D/V'T ngLA/Qg 50mg POKg/Q wwm/ves Twavc
mines, AND / L/SFe/D ABOUT TWELVE MEALS A5
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fth SW NO M0125.
OH, AND JAY 4
XX XW
Do I have a receipt?
Although no (me at the IRSIs toll-free number will
admit it, the real function of the agency is to provide a
form of mass mail-order therapy. And damn cheaply, I
say! In fact, as far as the IRS is concerned, the money is
ineidental-it just shows that you're paying attention.
But the form, you say, its so impersonal! Where are
the essay questions? Let me explain: just because they
dont ask doesnt mean theylre not interested. Consider
the criterion for deducting travel expenses incurred
while carrying out charitable works. The trip must have
entailed "no significant element of personal pleasure?
But how much is llsigniheanth? A sunset fleetingly sa-
vored while digging graves for homeless paupers? And
what if you are the sort of person who derives intense,
()rgiastie pleasure from acts of simple altruism, such as
throwing coins at beggars and watching the ensuing
melee?
You see what I mean? Even the simplest question can
be an invitation to profound reflection and searching
self-analysise leading to lengthy addenda, which may
then be stapled to your form, along with philosophical
digressions and clippings of possible interest to the
Treasury Department. In fact, that estimable tract,
modestly titled "I(HO-Forms and Instructions," spe-
cifically inyites "privately
designed and printed sub-
stitute tax forms" from
those who feel con-
strained by the mass-pro-
duced, federally subsi-
dized variety.
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And there are more happy surprises awaiting you in " I(HO-Fonm and Instructions." For example, on Form 2441. page Z, we find that a spouse may fall into the category of a "qualified expensen if he "Wyas mentally or phyy ically unable to care for himself. . Who says feminists hayetft penetrated the highest ranks of the federal bureaucracy? What h usband, even in the well-known twoineome marriage. is capable of performing simple acts of daily self-eare without the constant assistance of a watchful and fully ableebodied spouse? The IRS doesn't believe in one. Just try filling out this year's without faxing your mental hecllh. OF COURSE. THE TAX PROCESS WONVT WORK FOR YOU if youlre holding back. Did you receive income from manufacturera rebates (up to \$2 on a fifth of Kahlua), double coupons. deposits on soda pop cans? Well, declare it, itemize it, document it! Yotfll feel better! Illusrnztzon by Victorjubasz Form 1 040A

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HOW TO HELP
A LITTLE GIRL MAKE IT
ALL THE WAY TO 1
It11".1511tlL)11g ago th; it it little K21111 1121
Rama drunk the 11'11tel in het village shL
would have taken her life in her hands.
ToL12111t11'.111ks to Save the CllilLlrel1.she
c2111 11:11'e cle2111 Water to 113511 11'it11,'.111L1
fresh Water for her mother to CL lok with.
And she (".111 do solllethillg else that
11115 once unheard of 111 her village for
2111ttle girl.
She can go to school. El'ell go past
the tiftl 1 grade.
When you htst sponsoi 21L1111L1
through Save the Children 1011 have no
ide21 hoW much just $20 21 month C2111 do.
81' L'L)111bi11111g 1'0th funds W ith
other 5pL)115L)r5',11'e're helping families,
even entire coll11111ullitie5, do so much,
The result 15 that children are 110W get-
ting things thel L11L111t .1111 .111 have:
Better food.Cle2111 drinking 11 .1ter
Decent housing. Medical care. A L112111ce.
to go to school
111 fact for over 56 Years Save the
Children 111215 been Working little life
saving miracles here 111 America and
around the WL.)rlLl
And the wonderful feeling of spon-
soring 21 child comes to (11111 651$ 21 L1211:
The cost of 21 cup of coffee.
What's more,1'ou'll get :1 photo of
the child you sponsor, :1 personal 11152
tL)11; progress reports and 21 Lhance to
correspond if1'L)u Ll like
Please 11'ot1t you help. Send in the
cou on today
There are still so n121111'cl1ilL1re11 who
need the chance K21mz1121 Rama got,
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13 Costa Rica
3 El Salvador
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3 Inner Cities
(US)
:1 Jordan
3 Malawi
Cl Yes, I would like to sponsor 21 child. My first
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monthly sponsorship payment of \$20 is enclosed.

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I prefer to sponsor 21 C1 1101' E1 girl El either
in the area I've checked below.
1: Where the
need is
greatest
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El Bangladesh
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Save the Children
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1989 SAVE THE CHILDREN FEDERATKON, INC.
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CAumRT lfxmhlishul 1897 Dept. MJ49. Tummy Rtlt, Baillimnrc. Mll l l I 10 My advice is: Approach every potential deduction in the same spirit of openness and absolute candor. Take the ubusiness lunch? which is not the same as the ubusinessmanls lunch" (a hefty serving of brisket and mashed potatoes in a venue such as the llShamrock Inn,i). A libusiness lunch, (80 percent deductible) is any situation in which you throw aside appetite, friendship, and innocent conviviality for the grim imperative of greed. Nothing less will do. Thus each llbusiness lunchii you intend to claim can be a prod t0 agonizing self-examination: What if you did indeed discuss tlbusiness" and nothing but business from club soda to coffee, but you werenit really paying attention? What if the person you lunched with doesnlt know you werenlt paying attention and intends to deduct his or her share of the bill? Should you alert the IRS to this potential tax fraud? What if you earnestly attempted to talk business, but the other person grew restless and called you a callow yuppie fool? It is to answer questions such as these that thousands of professionals stand ready at your local IRS office. Call early and often! But, you may saya-after many hours of toiling through Form 1040A, searching for insight and opportunities for growth-why does the subject keeping coming back to money? 15 money perhaps a metaphor for some nobler aspect of the human condition? Are instructions such as Olf line 7 is \$45,000, enter \$5,859 on line 8, otherwise multiply line 7 by 1,302" meant to be taken in the spirit of Zen, as a whimsical puzzle posed by some Higher Mind? No. The tax process is indeed about money. For it is the great ebb and flow of money, cascading in tidal waves about the fortunate and splashing now and again even upon the destitute, that unites us as a people. Think of it: each year the US. government produces a fresh supply of cash, which moves around at dizzying speed, much of it flowing uphill into the deep pockets and waiting vaults of the rich. This is known as uthe economy? and also as "our way of lifefl Then. each year near the time of the Resurrection, the U.S. government undertakes to harvest some of the money it has sent forth into circulation. Since the abolition of progressive taxation in the Reagan era, most of this vast harvest must come from people like you and me, the non-rich. And most of it (52 percent, anyway) goes, of course, toward defending "out way of life." If you find something odd about this,

something sick, mean, and ultimately futile, then you have reached the state of enlighten-

health." If not, return to Form 1040A. It will

ment known mundanely as llmental

help, believe me. D

Rushdie's Choice

like a figure in an ancient myth, condemned by the gods to have a boulder pressing down upon his chest; but never mind, he would be English, even if his classmates giggled at his voice and excluded him from their secrets, because these exclusions only increased his determinatiom and that was when he began to act, to find masks that these fellows

- . F. FELT THE BIRTH OF THAT IMPLACABLE
- rage which would burn within him, un-
- diminished, for over a quarter of a century;
- . which would boil away his childhood father-
- ' worship and make him a secular man, who
- would do his best, thereafter, to live without a god of any type; which would fuel, perhaps. his determination to become the thing his father was-not-eould-never-be, that is, a goodandproper Englishman.
- . . . On winter nights he, who had never slept beneath more than a sheet, lay beneath mountains of wool and felt would recognize, paleface masks, clowt ma g until he fooled them into thinking he x 'as okay. le was pcop/e-like-us. He fooled them the way a sensitive human being, can persuade gorillas to accept him into their family, to fondle and caress and stuff bananas in his mouth.n

-From The Satanic Va

Photograph of 'Stzlmim Rushdie by George Ruzzo MOTHI-h J 05128 I I

h Lillian Allen raps to an Afro-Caribbeen been. Bruce Cockburn says political rock Is In fashion, for now: "We're a consumer society and we look at our arts that way, too." Yo! Canada! Rum; (:oCKBLiRN UAIMS A Loy'E-ANDjustice Christian worldview. Hcis not big on turning the other cheek, though. His best-known song. a reaction to the plight of Guatemalan refugeest carries the refrain, thlfl had :1 rocket launchen some son of a hitch would die. . . T Then there is Lillian Allen a hard-rapping jamaican dub poet who shouts on her latest album: XX womanis work is not recognized! If she he black make it doubly-dizele Something, the weather perhaps. gives them a hard edge up there in Toronto. home base for both artists. Cockburn, back from Nepal and in the midst of a US. tour in support of his new album, Big Circumstance, knows his songs tend to he so crammed with politics that hes been accused of issue-hopping. hltis not a deliberate enough process to be called hopping. Stumbling. muyhe. The new is musk with record contains cuts like the nntinuke hRJdium Rain." and a pnean to Tibetan cule ture herushed by Chinese greed." When does a song become too didactic? Cockburn shrugs: "Whether itis politics or loyemaking or religion. or J combinm tion of all three: I feel free to write." And though he's a shit in (Salimiat he says his musical attacks on LIS. policy.1re re.1lly not Very (iamditm. t'Once in .1 while we timidly speak out and say something like WV'eH. I doift think you should have bombed Tripoli.' But itis done with .1teiit.1tiyeiiessot"1 hope we Limit get slapped tor thisf 'Iihei'eis no question that whenever (jiiiiadn does something the US. disnpproyes of, we pay for it in some wayf (itlliititlk own literary establishment is among those who pay on Conditions (:ritz'azl, Lillian Allenis latest record. She fires what she calls "poetic ammunition" at those who refused her entry into the League of (Iaiiadinn Poetst because, they said, her reggnohacked duh poetry was performance. not literature. Allenis response: "tWeill shoot you with metaphors 5 Tie you cordless x Hang you high in ironies / . . . So donit come with no plingt ying, iing, ding somethingx Calling it poetry : Cause this is a one poem townfi She got in. #an Ouellette Toronto's leading export these days P/vomgmpli by (iaorge Wlnfcsniy (Cockburni

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Ildl 'P
HEAR what these provocative
thinkers have to say about self-dis-
covery, the quality of life, the nature
of the creative mind, changes taking
place in the world today, and what
you can do to bring about change.
Therels a difference in hearing
new ideas rather than simply read-
ing them. The author is able to pro-
vide his or her unique emphases 111
wayS impossible to accomplish in
print. Pauses and tonal changes he-
come meaning and create insights
and increased understanding.
And audio cassettes provide 11
medium for learning experiences
The actual voices ot...
Erich Fromm 0
Indra Devi
Ivan Illich
Bruno Bettelheim - Carlos Castaneda
Frank Lloyd Wright 0 B. F. Skinner
William Saroyan
Buckminster Fuller .
that can be shared simultaneously
with someone else, thus encourag-
ing immediate discussion and inter-
action.
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of the original speaker, and let you
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ing, cooking, jogging, etc. Since
some of these voices will never be
heard again, herels your opportu-
nity to savor the sound of great
ideas that have shaped today's
world, and to own these cassettes
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o Bruno Bettelheim
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The 26 audio cassettes listed here were chosen by a panel of experts
who were asked to select only tapes which would be timely and
relevant. Each has passed the simple test of genuine interest:
"Would you want to listen to this tape again?"
HEAR these famous speakers:
Richard Avedon: All Illtl1'1'11rll1 11'th
Indra Devi: Beginning Yoga (50 min.)
066GGGQOOOGOOBGQOGGQOOOQOD
David Attenborough: All1111111 Ll111g1111g1'
Linus Pauling: Th1' S1111'11t15t: Researcher 111' World C1t121'11? (26 min.)
1211111111 1411111111 (60 min.)
Jacques Barzun: P113111! Day Thong! its 1111 Q111111ty 11f 111f1'( 31 min.)
Bruno Bettelheim: M11113 I111'11t1t1/ 111 11 M1155 50111111 (48 min.)
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Carlos Castaneda: D1111 1111111. Th1 5111'1'cr1'1'(38 min.)
Noam Chomsky: G111'1V'1111111111 111 H11 Fuhm (57 111111,)
Alistair Cooke: 14111111111: All Outside V1110 (55 min.)
Erich Fromm: T11 H111'11111' I11 81': The Nature 1111110 Psythr (56 min.)
Robert Frost: All El'1'11111g11'1th Rohvrt Fr1151(55 mini)
Buckminster Fuller: T1111111111111 C1'11t111'1/ R1'111115511111'1'(55 min)
Gilbert Highet: Proverbs 111111A1111t1111z1/ 11fSl11111g (30 min.)
Frank Lloyd Wright: Ethivs 111111 Morality 111 Arrhitecture (34 min.)
Ivan Illich: Th1' Dcsvhoolud 51115111111 (33 min.)
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Richard Leakey: P11111111'11fH11' Lake (55 min.)
Groucho Marx: F115! M11111, Faster Mouth (60 min.)
Margaret Mead: H0111 P11111111' Change (25 min.)
Ashley Montagu: Th1' Nature11fH11111111 N11t111'1' (48 min.)
Edwin Newman: 01111111) 111111 F1111 11fA111111r1151111 Language (55 min.)
Madalyn Murray O'Hair: Rituals 11f R1111g1'1111 (27 min.)
Carl Rogers: Toward 11 51'1'11111'1'1111111' P1131111 (65 min)
William Saroyan: Th1' R1111! World of the Writ1'1'(48 min.)
Arthur Schlesinger: Th1' 111111111111 Pr1'51111'11111/ (56 min.)
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Pram: "Teens are having sex, and we're going to deal with it." Twentysomething 00 BUSY TO MARCH? RHAX. GRASS-ROOTS activism has been prepackaged for the gndllyon-the-go. Lois Barber and jeremy Sherman call their project 20/20 Vision, it costs 20 bucks to join, and it works like this: Each month 20/20 Vision cote groups in 32 congressional districts send out postcards outlining what subscribers can do in 20 minutes to help stop the nuclear arms race. Usually it means writingsy t() a politician about some pending legislation. Sherman, who claims to have borrowed strategy from Midas Mufflers, his dadas company, hopes to llfranehise" the idea to every congressional district. Barber thinks 20/20 Visions llservicell is tight for the times, and shes getting calls from other causes: OEventually I expect that people can spend 20 minutes on the environment, and another 20 minutes on maybe the housing crisis or world hunger, or something, else. . . -Petrina Chang 14 APRIL 1989 Sass Education T 26, janf. PRATT is EDITOR-INVCHIEF OF the brash teen magazine Sassy-and the target of a Moral Majority boycott for publishing llslathering sex." Her crimes include running frank articles on birth control, and acknowledging that some teens are practicing homosexuals_with rights. A Midwestern group called Women Aglow launched the protest last fall, and after more rightwing pressure, cosmetics giants Noxell and Maybelline pulled ads. Pratt hurried a story called llVirgins Are Cool? That Meet 'he didnt stop four more major adver- . . tisers from bailing. MO". Malorlly's A year old, Sussyls circulation is a strong 400,000, but its aid pages are dangerously thin. In short, the Moral Majority appears to be winning. Pratt muses, 01 guess its OK to show a woman, who is quite often a teenager, on the cover of a magazine with her cleavage exposed down to her belly button but it's not OK to talk about teens who are having sex." Sassy runs its share of kinky blue-iean ads, and even its own beauty contest. Still, Pratt says Sassy counters llsubliminal messages11 about sexuality that bombard teens. "The idea in Sassy is that you can make your own decisions, and that all kinds of individuality are ac ceptablefl eSam/a Keller mosI-wcnled No-fuss unlvlsts Lois Barber and Jeremy Sherman. Photographs by Antonin Kramcln/il (top) and Lionelj-M Deleuingne

If the press doesntt make a lot of people mad, . it isnt domg 1ts Job. If we dontt #3221: :ngtogi 111:3); I.1511 journal ism, SO we criticize the critics. Investigate But 21110qu know that ours is much more the investigators. Edit the editors. Publish the than merely a gadfiy function. We take p ride, as pubhsherst shortcomings. well, in wholehearted salutes to many jobs well done. . .in candid discussion of the privileges our press enjoys. . .the threats that often confront it . . . and the problems inherent in the power it sometimes wields. Most of them forgive us, because they know we share their commitment to honest and courageous j ournalism. Every year, more and more of Americas leading print and broadcast journalists read and applaud the Columbia Journalism Review. Of course they sometimes quarrel with it. So, no doubt, will you. Its a lively and healthy debate. Why not join us? (30me iiYES, please sign me up for a onc-year subscription at the special introductory rate of \$1195 for six bi-monthly issues. I understand that if I am not satisfied. I may cancel this subscription at any time and receive a refund on all umnuilcd issues? BEWW D I enclose payment E Bill me NAME 200 Alton Place, Marion, Ohio 43302 ADDRESS

DZOG

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V Otilia de Koster misses the ballet. Rights monitors "have a feeling of intense loneliness. We are gening used 10 i1." Rights of Spring URING Tm. i96os, OTILIA Di. KosTI-R Inu-W ovations dancing with the National Ballet of Panama. Today she draws threats ;1nd intimidations as director of the Human Rights Research Center in Panama City. Recently she 11nd fellow human rights monitors came to New York to mark the tenth anniversary of the internatimml group Human Rights Wateh-nnd to mourn the killings of 29 colleagues worldwide in the previous year Does her training as :1 dancer help in her new held? WK lot. I developed discipline. I wait for hours outside :1 jail to find out if L1 prisoner IIm looking for is in there or not. In dancing you wait in the wings sometimes for hours just to go out and d0 '.1 little jump. Another thing, when you have to perform, ynu do it. When they call me in the middle of the night now, I d(mIt think twice. I just gof' 16 APRIL i989 Does she worry for her safety? INo. I suppose th;1tm;1kes me crazy." Is she brave? "No. And thats not humility. Beliex'e me, I'm not 11 good person. I have :1 great capacity myself for cruelty. It doesift mean IIm :1 cruel person, just that I know IIm capable of it. All IIve come to bet really. is a guilty bystander." Does she have had dreams? IIThe first incident when somebody was I(IIICLI-If was at a demonstration_ the bloody head of this campesino kept on repeating itselfinside of me. I went to Dancing bemeen see his family in the conntrysidet t0 exoteise myself." Is there joy in her work? IIOh yes! When :1 prisoner comes out. Sometimes they come to the center. the wife, the children. Believe me, that is such 11 moment of joy. But most of them never come to see me. They want to leave it LIII I3CI1IIILI.H , Does she believe in evil? III donIt believe in the Devil. But I think man has a great capacity for evil." In God, then? uYes. But I must admit that I have lost most of my faith doing this workf' -EllenPall Photograph by Ken Light God and evil: A conversation with

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Transplant Fever Who's going Io give an organ if they don't slum! a chance of gelling one? That question may reorganize medicine-und redefine lhe "human family." Illustration by Tim Bower HE ALLURE OF ORGAN TRANSPLANTING is impossible to deny. Nations watch in amazement as supercooled organs are sped across continents in chartered jets and Tlthe gift of lifell is deftly transferred from the newly dead to the barely living. Once a novelty, transplantation has, in less than 25 years, become medicinels foremost l'miracle, ll seizing the imagination with its folklore of heroes and rescues. Now organ transplanting enters what promises to be a revolutionary decade, marked by such certain breakthroughs as:

- New ways, without the use of toxic drugs or radiation, to stop the bodyls immune system from rejecting foreign organs.
- The advancement of multiple-organ transplants.
- The success of animal-to-human transplants.
- ${\tt 0}$ The widespread, though strongly resisted, use of fetal organs and tissue, and
- The cloning of immunologically naive, and therefore universally transplantable, human organs. Such developments could easily increase the number of organ transplants in the United States by a factor of five. This new transplant era is bound to strain and reshape our basic notions about community-and our responsibility to one another.

 NOWHERE IS THE DRAMA OF INDIVIDUAL HEALING so sharply etched against the broad, murkier concept of the public good than in organ transplanting.

 LATEST THINKING

By Marla Dowit

Dollars are one unsentimental unit of comparison. Studies show a new kidney, compared to ongoing dialysis treatment, becomes a money saver two years after the transplant operation. Heart transplants in some cases are actually cheaper than the post-Cardiac-crisis dying process they prevent. However, no studies have yet compared the costeffectiveness of a dollar spent on a transplant to the same dollar spent preventing the organ disease that makes a transplant necessary. And few politicians or policymakers seem willing to weigh organ transplanting against other items in the public health budget-items such as prenatal care (which saves \$2 to \$3 for every dollar invested), prevention of birth defects (which affect over 250,000 babies 21 year, and create a vast population of people who sooner or later burden the health-care delivery system), or the search for vaccines.

Those who make the final decision on transplantingls place in health care will be confronted by one unique, and key, characteristic. Transplanting is the only medical specialty that is completely dependent on the voluntarism and generosity of the general public, without whose compliance there would be no organs to transplant. Other healing technologies are bounded only by economics. With enough money, the supply of mechanical implants, drugst and hospital wings is theoretically limitless. No amount

of money, on the other hand, can alter the supply of organs, particularly where it is illegal, as it should be everywhere, to buy or sell them.

The clear implication: Transplanting can survive only if it remains available to anyone who might, under different Circumstances, donate an organ. Those who perform transplants have no alternative, it seems, than to advocate and lobby for the universal entitlement of their services, even if it ultimately leads to the socialization of medicine. The groundwork for socialized transplanting was in fact laid by the Reagan-appointed 1985 National Task Force on Organ Transplantation. The task force adopted the position that "organs are donated in a spirit of altruism . . . and lthereforel constitute a national resource to be used for the public good." Following from that logic. task force members unanimously recommended that a llpatientls financial status should not limit the availability of this medical treatment. All transplant procedures recognized as medically effective should be made available through reimbursement by existing public and private health insurers. Additionally, the federal government should develop reimbursement mechanisms tor the care of patients who have no other source of funds?

Planners naturally fear that soon after such a policy is implemented the demand for transplants will explode and the health budget will be ravaged. They point to pancreas transplants alone as a potentially devastating force. There are one million insulin-dependent diabetics in the United States who might MOTHER JONES 19

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benefit from a new pancreas. Unlike hearts
()r livers, pancreases can be transplanted
from living donors. (Doctors transplant
only a portion of the organ, leaving donor
and recipient with adequately functioning
partial pancreases.) There is, therefore, an
almost unlimited supply of pancreases. If
pancreas transplants were, like kidney trans-
plants, to become an entitlement, the gov-
ernment would need to budget $50 billion
just to cure existing diabetics.
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Guardians of free-enterprise medicine

fear that if transplants were given universal entitlement, neurosurgeons, cardiologists, oncologists, and pediatricians would line up for blanket coverage of their favorite lifesaving technologies. Organ transplanting would thus become the foot-in-the-door for socialized medicine.

ORGAN TRANSPLANTING IS IN SOME WAYS AN

inevitable end product of the Newtonian era, the philosophical epoch that began in the early 18th century and melded the ideas of Sir Isaac Newton, Rene Descartes, and their followers into a worldview that came to see nature as raw material and humans as machines. As we learned how to replace the worn parts of out mechanical engines, we strove to replace our own worn parts. However, we have become so awed by our ability to transplant organs that we have embraced the technological treatment before examining its metaphysical consequences. The peril of transplanting, ultimately, lies beyond its limited healing powers and its

enormous cost. The danger lies in how we humans will come to regard ourselves when the replacement of worn and damaged parts becomes the dominant paradigm of healing. Will we, as one prominent French physician feats. become llpatchwork" people-a species so desperate for a little personal longevity that we willingly support an expensive and ethically troubled technology, sacrificing the resources of public health, even risking the loss of some major battles against disease? Might we one day even compromise our deepest religious values to serve the cause of organ procurement?

Or will we look beyond transplantingss immediate influence on health care and medicine, and see that it has also given llthe human family" a whole new meaning? By sharing organs and discovering ways to make them function in each others, bodies, we confirm our interdependence and ex pand our sense of community. If that new consciousness is the result, the whole experiment might be said to have paid off.

Mark Dowiels new book is llWe Have a DO-norll: The Bold New World of Organ Transplanting, published by St. Martin's Press.

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s time HELICOPTER CARRIES L's L'P
in 21 Cloud of dust the door gunner
straps in behind the sights of the
M-6() machine gun and breaks into a
wide grini t'War is beautifulf. he
cries. We scream north. skimming
the treetops to San Francisco
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post in the toughest guerrilla
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bling out of the Chopper along
with crates of ammo and medi-
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guarding the landing strip. were loaded into :1 pickup that
winds its way through women selling IZlmillCS. shouting
kids, pigs and chickens. depositing us at the garrison where
troops. tanks. and informers are endlessly going and com-
ing and the smell of gunpowder is in the air.
And there it is. stuck on 21 jeep parked in front 01' the
room in which Colonel Juan Curios Currilio Sehlenker. the
Plum) (iilmm') by 1211 Ri'i'd'Mizymmz; plum; (right) IJy/im Iwiim, Ymmzx
andotbers'-1's the secret of suruival.
heer-bellied base commander. is having breakfast while
watching.' loud US. rock videos. A large blue and white
bumper sticker from New Age California tells us. in Eng-
lish. to VISUALIZI-Z PEACE.
The bumper sticker isnit really out Of place. In fact, its
complete inappropriateness makes it fit right in in this tiny
country that is both at war with and overwhelmed by US.
culture. It is certainly no more surprising than the hand-
some young man encountered in the steaming cotton fields
of the coast, who, before becoming a guerrilla commander,
had waited tables at Tavern on the Green, an expensive
Manhattan restaurant. Or the head of the clandestine urban
front who passed documents stuffed inside a well-wom
copy of a jimi Hendrix Rainbow Bridge album. Or the
eampesino kids at the demonstration who danced happily
down the street to james Brownis hLiVing in America" blar-
ing from a CBS TV truck, all the while chanting. "Death to
the Yankee Invaders!"
Peace is hard to visualize in Gotem, or anywhere else in El
Salvador. ltB easier to VISUALIZE FEAR, 3 fear that chokes El
Salvador like a cloud of smog on a never-ending muggy
summer day.
Ruhen Zamora is an expert on fear: a leftist politician, he
remembers how his brother (at the time the countryk at-
torney general) was as- .
By Sara Mlles
early part of 1980 by a rtag
death squad that dragged and BOb OSte
him into a handy bathroom and blew his brains out.
hBegin from the followingf he says. hFear is part of our
soul. Itis like the sexual impulse. In the face of fear you
cannot have an absolute attitude, you cannot demonize
tear. When the Catholic church tried to demonize the sexual
sniilted at a party in the
Human rights demonstration San Salvadot b
4 Roberto DAuhm'sson; "Our maximal leader"
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'Allsulule,

La Bermeja cemetery, San Salvador "Evidence ain't proof" says a US. qlficinl. impulse it was a disaster, it produced schizophrenics or psychopaths.

080 the first thing to do with fear is recognize it as an objective part of the reality in which we live. But second, you must rationalize it. In the sense of trying to situate it so that it allows you to survive, helps you to survive, but does not dominate you. When fear dominates you itls the same as if the sexual instinct dominates you. Totally. You become irrational. So you act bad. You make mistakes.w Zamora shrugs. llFear is a very complicated thing in this country. We tend to simplify it too muchfa Then he lights another cigarette, takes a draw from the fifth ofjohnny Walker Black we have been working on for the last two hours, and speaks very deliberately. Oth have the right to be afraid. We have a rational basis for being afraid. But we do not have the right to live in fear, or to be slaves of fear." ZAMORA IS HIMSELF A (IOMPLICA'ITEI) MAN, WHO CONVEYS A convincing honesty, political savvy, and a genuine sense of humor. He is the most dynamic of the social democratic politicians who fled the country in 1980, allied themselves with the guerrillas of the Farabundo Marti National Liberation Front (FMLN), and returned last year to re-enter electoral polities. Much has changed in the past eight years. The civil war has tom the society to shreds: more than 60,000 dead, roughly one-third of the population displaced, the economy in a shambles. President Jose Napoleon Duarte_in the 19705 :1 persecuted reformist, then the front man for a bloody military 24 APRIL 1989

junta, and finally the U.S.-anointed symbol of l"democratizationO_is dying of cancer. The FMLN has grown into the most capable guerrilla army in Latin American history, moving freely beyond its traditional mountain tlzones Of controll, into the cities. A new rugged and militant mass movement# unions, squatters, refugees, cooperatives-has grown from the remnants of the social tidal wave that swept the country in the late 1970s before it was thoroughly dismembered by rightwing terror. The new movement has yet to find its own rhythnL but it keeps pushing, constantly testing its limits. The Right has also changed. The army, with all the US. aid it could absorb and then more, has grown from a force of 12,000 to over 56,000. The ultraright ARENA party has grown from L1 loose collection of coffee oligarchs and death squad thugs into a well-oiled political machine, still run by the thugs that is close to consolidating its hold on the presidency and the legislature.

There is continuity as well. Officers with reported death squad links hold some key army commands. The disappearanees and killings, after dropping sharply for a few years, have begun to increase. The United States keeps pouring money into the tegime-nearly \$2 million a day goes to a country of five million inhabitants-and keeps talking about democracy. The war keeps piling up the dead.

But all the changes of the last eight years may pale in comparison with those soon to come. The March 1989 presidene tial elections, combined with an expected guerrilla offensive, could irrevocably alter the political landscape in a test of will Photograph by Larry Towell/Magnum

and force that may shatter the rotting edifice the State Departmenfs llnation buildersli have struggled to patch together. Duarte, alive or dead, will be removed from the scene. His Christian Democrats will face ARENA in a critical electoral battle neither can afford to lose; the army will face its most intense challenge, and the Salvadoran people will face an even more difficult struggle for daily survival. 50 the fear of tomorrow is added to today,s, leaving El Salvador suspended in almost surreal tension. THE FEAR IS PHOTOGRAPHED, DOCUMENTED, CATALOGED, and published by the various human rights organizations that try to keep score. A few entries from the spring of 1988 in one recent catalog: Felix Antonio Rivera, 25, and Mario Cruz Rivera, 16, Tepemechin, Morazan. Captured by soldiers. Both bodies found with their ears and noses cut off, as well as their thumbs and ring fingers. Gerardo Hernandez Torres, 27, Mariona Prison, San Sal-

and ring fingers.

Gerardo Hernandez Torres, 27, Mariona Prison, San Salvador. Died of heart failure after being transferred to Mariona
from the custody of the National Police. Other captives heard
Hernandez crying and asking soldiers to kill him rather than

Nicolasa Rivera Palacios, 77, and her son, Juan Hector Villanueva Rivera, 45. She was taken to her sons workplace at night by uniformed soldiers. Both were found shot dead; the mother had apparently been raped as well.

Unknown male, approximately 27 years old, San Salvador. Neighbors saw three armed men in civilian clothes take the man out of a pickup with dark windows and throw him on the ground, his thumbs tied behind him. The men shot him in the head and kicked him into the ravine.

Unknown male, approximately 25 years old, on the road to Ilopango Lake. Body found naked, with genitals destroyed, thumbs and hands tied behind back.

A few of the movies (almost all of them made in the United States) playing in San Salvador during one week of the fall of 1988: Armed Response, Absolute Diabolical Terror, Diabolical Gangs, Diabolical Nymphs, Girl Prisoners of War, Rapists of Virgin Girls, Carnal Torture, Mercenaries of Hate, Squads That Kill, and Savage Dogs, a series featuring oversized Dobermans tearing un-

limb.
EL SALVADOR IS SICK, AND
the guerrillas of the FMLN
think they can cure it. The

dressed women limb from

keep torturing him.

war is a giant social experiment in homeopathy, as they attempt to purge the disease by adding their own traumatic dose of violence to that already in the body politic.

Though, officially speaking, the guerrillas are no longer llguerrillas? The army press officer calls the journalists in to announce the change. Reading the incorrect names, it pains the colonel to note that journalists still use these terms to Photograph by Susan Meiselas/Magnum

describe the FMLN: tlinsurgentsf Atrebelsf llguerrillasf and so forth. All wrong. He reads the proper names to be used by the responsible press: lldelinquent terroristsf or the more familiar llD/Tlsfi

When you run into.the D/Tls_the combatants in the mountains or their sympathizers in the cities-they can appear almost as incongruous as the admonition to VISUALIZE PEACE. This is because they are Ttorganizedj, meaning: they have joined a revolutionary organization, they have tlformedll cadres, they believe in the strength of their organization, they believe in the revolution. And because, with these beliefs, the

organized learn to deal with their fear. AT THE CONSTRUCTION SITE, A RAGGED CREW IS GROUPED around a short, skinny woman in sneakers, purple jeans, dark shades, and a baseball cap pulled low over her face, who,s taking charge. llComrades, we are in a state of emergency? Cecilia explains that they have been striking for 19 days, camping out behind makeshift fences, defying the owners, their goons, and the cops. She is the only woman at the site, and obviously not a construction worker. An older man, huge by Salvadoran standards, with a square jaw and a crooked smile, beams down at her. He looks and talks like a Wobbly from the turn of the century. ttWeive been under this yoke for a long time? he says, llthis wage slavery? Cecilia spits at the mention of the special riot police who are Circulating through the surrounding streets in pickups, armed with tear gas, clubs, and M-60 machine guns. 11No one invited them here? Like most of the other workers, she is carrying a lead pipe hlled with cement; a few have wooden sticks. liListenf Cecilia says, sticking out her jaw. lVVeTe not afraid. If they have balls, well so do l. were not afraid? Back at the union, Cecilia explains that the office is her home; she doesnlt want to bring heat on her parents by staying at their house. Twenty-three years old, a single mother with a seriously sick baby, she recently came back to E1 ear is part of our soul, like the sexual impulse, " says Left candidate Ruben Zamora (atfar right). HWe have the right to be afraid. But not to be slaves offear' Salvador after eight years of exile to work in the union again: llTo fight? she says, lluntil the triumph." In a country with a combined under- and unemployment rate approaching threew quarters of the population, labor struggles generally win nothing but joblessness for the participants. A commitment to the union essentially means, as they say in El Salvador, lidemonstrating our combativeness.w

MOTHER JONES 25

liThe bourgeoisie doesnlt give us schools or educationfl Cecilia sneers. llThey want useful idiots. They say we donlt know anything, but our useful idiots are smarter than theirs? ADS FOR SOAP, THE ONE COMMODITY EVEN THE POOREST slum dweller will buy, are omnipresent in the media. The two major brands, People and Victory, engage in perpetual psychological warfare over the airwaves. Housewives march across the tube with banners for their favorite soap, chanting llPeo-ple! Peo-ple!n Among the hovels of refugees who have fled to the City from the war without end in the countryside, a triumphant radio voice blares day and night 91 have Victory in my handsPi

IN THE SQUATTER SHANTYTOWNS THAT RING THE CAPITAL, El Salvadorls poorest slum dwellers seize power every day. Working with practical genius, the residents break into electricity and water lines, taking the services they need. Leonardo, the head of one squatter association, talks about defying landowners and the municipal authorities, as the squatters rip up the road to find cables and water mains. ilNothingis ever done in El Salvador without pressure? he says, grinning happily. His neighbors live in huts of mud and cardboard, held together with improvised walls of shower curtains and garbage bags, now illuminated by stolen light bulbs glowing with stolen electricity.

IN THE UNITED STATES, ELECTRIC LIGHTING 15 so OMNIPRE-sent that there is no emotional difference between, say, three in the afternoon and seven in the evening. Here, theres no such illusion. There is a complete pitch-black that always lurks in Central America just beyond the range of the tiny, fragile lights.

At night, the campus of the National University resembles more than ever what its enemies on the Right charge it with being: a training camp for guerrillas. Some buildings, battered when the army invaded in 1980 and further smashed by the earthquake of 1986, stand empty, with revolutionary slogans and vines covering the crumbling walls. Others, almost in ill Bush keep his word with the death squads?

In December 1983, then-Vice President George Bush went to El Salvador with a mission: to inform the Salvadoran government that the United States wanted a llcleanll counterinsurgency program. Five years later, on the presidential campaign trail, Bush would boast: 111n 1983,1directly discussed the very painful issue of the death squads with 1the ' Salvadoran president! and the Salvadoran gene erals. I explained that the United States could not, that we would not, be friends with governments that condoned the killing of political opponents. We, Salvadorans and Americans, can now be proud of the strong and swift action they took to stop that death squadl activityfl Now George Bush is president. From his daily CIA intel-26 APRIL 1989

ruins, have one lit window. Dense bushes and overgrowth give way to small clearings, where open-air huts have been built and food is served. There are paths through the darkness, past campfires, where small groups of people stand in the shadows talking, and a voice quietly sings. By day, there are more explicit signs of the universityls sympathies. During one interminable speech at a women,s conference, three hooded FMLN urban commandos, with blue shirts over obvious breasts and two short Uzi machine guns, burst into the room to wild applause. With the voice of a very young woman, one reads a statement (iiGreetings from the FMLNW), which is interrupted by everyone leaping to their feet and screaming in delight and cheering and waving their fists in the air.

Not that the university is a reliably liberated zone. Raul Escamilla, a janitor briefly detained last year by the National Police, is in the main cafeteria the following week when two

men in civilian clothes saunter in and shoot his head off. THE TENSIONS OF FEAR AND HOPE WERE WOUND ESPECIALLY tight in Reina, a political prisoner in the Ilopango prison for women. Reina was what in other circumstances you might call petite: perhaps five feet tall and skinny as a toothpick. Like most political prisoners, she had been raped upon capture. Yet one day a few years ago, Reina was walking around the yard of the political section in a black beret and tight jeans, receiving visitors with the same air with which army commanders welcome correspondents into their garrisons. Reina had led the prisoners in an extended uprising against their male guards. They had occupied the central prison office, taking four kitchen staff hostage. At the age of 19, surrounded by sharpshooters with their sights trained on her tiny frame, Reina had negotiated for the lives of her comrades with the minister of justice.

But now the riot was over and the inmates were alone again with the guards they had humiliated. Reina would survive to be released some years later, but this day she could not know that. Reina was asked if she was afraid that her keepers would exact their revenge. For a moment, and only a moment, her ligence briefings, he must know that his mission was a failure, and that neither Salvadorans nor Americans have anything to be proud of. Today, the death squads are openly active once again, challenging the president to take tough action on an issue for which he once offered tough words. Macho Talk. Bushls 1983 message to the Salvadoran leaders appealed to machismo. He called the death squads llcowardlyli and llimpotentf adding: 9Every murderous act they commit . alienates the people of my country? More specifically, it alienated Congress, threatening cuts in aid. Bush reportedly carried with him a list of nine officials whom US. intelligence had identified as death squad leaders, and demanded they be cushiered. Soon after, the Salvadorans reportedly signed an agreement to meet U.S. human rights criteria. Flagrant death squad operations did taper off after Bushls scolding. The individuals on his list were transferred into paid lldiplomatic exilell abroad or retired from the military. Salvadoran authorities began investigations into five human rights cases, including the killings of four U.S. churchwomen and two

U.S. agricultural advisers. U.S. military and economic aid to El

commanding air evaporated. llNo/ll she and a friend shouted in unison. Just as quickly Reina regrouped. llWe are not afraid. We are concerned? A FEW MILES AWAY FROM THE prison, at their headquarters, ARENA members are busy VISUALIZING POWER. With a party machine whose efhciency rivals the clandestine structures of the FMLN, ARENA is run with fanatic attention to detail. Most of the detail, and a good deal of the fanaticism, comes from Major Roberto DlAubuisson, the man universally referred to by the ARENA cadre as hour maximal leaderfl a chillingly handsome presence with relentless energy. DlAubuisson is better known as the godfather of the death squads, accused of masterminding the wave of rightist terror in the early 19805 and even plotting to kill a US. ambassador. His notoriety makes the Americans extremely nervous about the majofs

and even plotting to kill a US. ambassador. His notoriety makes the Americans extremely nervous about the majofs high profile in the party they expect to be in power soon. In fact, D, Aubuisson runs the show, wisecracking incessantly, talking nonstop slang, looking everywhere, taking it all in, bending down to listen, in command. At a party meeting following an election rally last year he was all smiles and jokes, with his usual endless stream of street humor. But when the meeting began, the major meant business. 80K, now welre going to have criticism and self-criticismfl he snapped. DlAubuisson reviewed the rally, almost word for word, with pointed comments for everyone. llFirstf he began, addressing the rally,s emcee, llyou began by saying how ARENA would save this country. We are nationalists. We never say Strikers pasting up antigouemment posters NU (hey have halls, well so do I,/' ltbis country? We always say Tour country.a ll The lesson continued.

Twenty minutes later, D, Aubuisson offered another kind of lesson. He flagged down a VW bus piloted by current ARENA presidential candidate and llmoderatel' front man Alfredo llFreddy" Cristiani, and announced that he had a present for the journalist accompanying Cristiani. Another vanload of peasants from a nearby town, summoned to make an audience, watched giggling as the major presented the journalist with two day pistols, the barrels of which were larget-than-life-size, full-color, grotesquely detailed erect penises.

The giggling turned to laughter. Cristiani stared at the ground. llMajorjl the journalist asked, hlhave you killed many subversious with these?" (Continued on page 46) WW

Salvador flowed at an ever-increasing rate. Death Squads Redux. Since October of 1987, according to a new General Accounting Office report, there has been a Wnoticeable rise, in paramilitary political killings in El Salvador. The rise began just after President jose Napoleon Duarte declared an amnesty for those involved in past army massacres and paramilitary murder. At the time, Amnesty International warned that Duartels act might spur more killings. In fact, according to human rights monitors, death squad killings increased over 225 percent in 1988. Still, not a single Salvadoran military official or soldier has been brought to trial for death squad operations. 81f there is any area where this country has made zero progress, that s the area of judicial reform and the administration of justicefl US. ambassador William Walker admitted in january. llThere ainlt no justice here? One reason has to do with the United States own priorities:

Out of \$3 billion in US. aid, only \$9.2 million have been appropriated for reforming the judicial system and establishing a Commission on Investigation with special investigative and forensic units. Even that money has bought nothing. All five Photograph byjim Tynan/Visions investigations started after Bushls visit are today moribund. Quayle's New Job. There may never have been a better time to be a death squad in El Salvador than now. Dtiartes amnesty is still in effect. Already at least five of the exiled military officers on Bushls death squad list have returned. At least two, Lieutenant Colonel jorge Adalberto Cruz and Major jose Ricardo Pozo, once chief of intelligence of the feared Treasury Police, have reassumed positions in the Salvadoran military. And this past December, the ARENA patty, still dominated by reputed death squad leader Roberto DlAubuissotL engineered a coup in the ministry of justice, replacing the Christian Democratic attorney general with an ARENA sympathizer. Whether President Bush will ever make good on his death squad ultimatums remains to be seen. At the time of this writing, Bushls only concrete policy initiative has been Februaryls Vice-presidential trip to San Salvador. This time, Dan Quayle talked macho to the generals. ePeter Komblub Peter Kornblub is the author of Nicaragua: The Price of Intervention (Institute for Policy Studies). MOTleR jOlek 27

ROM WHERE I STAND, Margaret Atwood seems to be floating above the sidewalk. She is late. I have circled her Toronto home . twice, knocking on doors _ and peering into windows, when I catch sight of her rounding the corner, waving her arms and yelling, ttHere I am, here I am? She is in black from head to toe, her coat flying open, her face almost swallowed under a broad-brimmed ByCamiHePeri Q fedora as she bustles ahead, scate MAR GARET tering the late-autumn leaves in ATWOOD For just a moment, the vision _ makes me blink. Atwoodis 17th-Says that, 11 k6 any century ancestors were American Puritans. Cambridge, Massachusetts, OM t5 p 0 ken WOman was the setting of her last novel, The . Handmaidis Tale, an eerie vision of um ter, 5 be has been the United States under a totalitarian theocracy, in which women are reput 0" trial f0 T duced to sexual breeders or good Witch Cr Christian wives, prohibited from earning wages, owning property, Her latest book may reading and writing. Atwood have some women begging to join the prosecution dedicated the novel in part to her favorite ancestor, Mary Webster, who was hanged for being a witch. tilt was before they invented the drop, and therefore her neck was not brokenf' she recounts when we are settled in her kitchen. hThey just

Photograph by Patrick Harbron

hauled her up and let her dangle around. And when they went to cut her down the next day, she was still alive? Under the law of double jeopardy, Webster could not he rehanged, so she lived another 14 years. llAnd probably people gave her a wide berth? Atwood laughs. liBut I always felt she was a good kind of ancestor to have. Tough neck?

A tough neck is something Atwood can appreciate. A vocal critic of censorship, U.S. domination of Canada, environmental destruction, male tyranny, feminist intolerance, and any other abuse of power that catches her eye, Atwood has often come under attack for, as she puts it, sticking her neck out. And the incisive style of her prose and poetry is part of what gets her into trouble. illlve been called a Medusa? she once said. liThe attack being: here is a woman who doesnk use words in a soft, compliant way; therefore, she is a witch." Nevertheless, Atwood has managed to make a handsome living by telling people the things they don't want to hear. Americans made her wealthy for her horrific vision of their nation's future: The Handmaids Tale was on the New York Times best-seller list for six months, and the film version will combine the talents of screenwriter Harold Pinter, director Volker (Tin Drum) Schlondorff, and actors Natasha Richardson and Robert Duvall. In February, just as her feminist future shock began production in South Carolina, Doubleday released Catls Eye, a runaway best-seller in Canada that is bound to unsettle some of Atwoodis feminist readers for its portrayal of womanhood as complex and prickly. Atwood is a contrary woman: a nationalist who rankles nationalists, a feminist who rankles feminists. She is a master at exposing hypocrisy among the powerful, but can be curiously evasive when the subject is herself. As she fixes tea in the cozy kitchen of the large Edwardian home that she shares with Canadian novelist Graeme Gibson

and their daughter, Jess, the short, slight novelist hardly seems a national icon. But in Canada Atwood turns up everywhere: on TV talk shows, at Toronto City hall fighting one-way streets, in bookstores and college auditoriums giving public readings or raising funds for the Writers Union. liltls different here from the way it is in the States? she explains. ilThere writers have the luxury of saying, iMy art, its the expression of my individual soul, Im not interested in politiesf I think that would be wonderful, 1 long for that. But here, being a small country, we are perforce community minded? In a nation that loses much of its best and brightest talent to the United States, writers such as Atwood and Robertson

the United States, writers such as Atwood and Robertson Davies rank with hockey players as national heroes-a situation that Atwood in part helped to create. In 1960, just as her career was beginning, English-speaking Canada published only Eve novels. Atwood is the most successful-and perhaps most visible_member of a generation of writers that put Canadian literature on the map.

To some Canadians, this is a mixed blessing. iiShe is the most famous voice from Canada,n sighs one critic, ilbut some might wish it were a different voice? Atwoods brand of nationalism has sometimes horrified her reserved compatriots. During lasr fallis national election, she irked members of Parliament when she campaigned against the conservative-backed Free Trade Agreement with the United States. Long a critic of the llhulking bully and resentful toadyil relationship between the two countries, she compared the Canadian politicians who favored the agreement to the rodent that 30 APRIL 1989

graces her nations nickel. ill said that in medieval times the beaver was considered an animal that when frightened by pursuers would bite off its own testicles and cast them behind it," she recalls. iiThey were quite insulted by that-in fact they have been unable to avoid quoting it ever since? Atwoods Canadianism Hlters into novels such as Surfacing, in which the United States is symbolized in the first sentence by a forest disease iispreading up from the south? As with most of her work, however, the pervading theme is sexu-

al politics. Atwoods protagonists are generally neurotic, sardonic, and rather aimless women, iiescape artists, who must eventually confront the realities they have carefully constructed for themselves.

Neither women nor men are heroes in Atwood, s fiction: men victimize and women comply in their own victimization. But her female characters usually manage to come through for each other in ways that her men do not-except in Cafs Eye. Men are almost superfluous in this powerful story of an artist, Elaine Risley, whose midlife retrospective turns into a journey back through a girlhood as savage as the boys world in Lord of the Flies. Nearly half of the novel focuses on the artists life between the ages of 8 and 12, and the experiences that will scar her relationships with women for the rest of her life: her best friends terrorize her with taunts, humiliations, fascistic games, even a mock burial. iiLittle girls are cute and small only to adults? the adult Risley grimly reflects. iiTo one another they are not cute. They are life-sized? Warming her hands around her teacup, Atwood explains that unlike the licops and robbersli friendships of boys, those of girls are more likely to be llintricate and baroque and tangled relationships in which you arenlt sure whether you love the person or hate the person. Therels much more likely to be a very Clear hierarchy among boys, emulation of the leader, a pecking order. With little girls it is groupings and regroupings, a lot of exclusion and inclusion tactics, what with whispering, plots, little secret gangings-up-on. You know," Atwood screws up her face and whispers behind her hand. 11 iLetls not talk to her todayf They can be very intense and very painful emotions-a lot of tears among girls of that age, coming home feeling rejected, manipulated, confused? Most girls, says Atwood, grow up blocking those years out of their consciousness because of societyis licollective agreement" that they are not important. ilWe got a real dish of Freud, so we were told that early years were very, very important. And then we have a whole cult of romance and sex and those things, so the later period becomes important. The inbetween time I think we've forgotten because its been indicated to us that its not important, that how you relate to little girls is not really the concern of a mature person. 11ln conversing with your boyfriend, he might be interested in how you got on with your parents and he might be interested in your teenage relationships, but is he going to be that interested in your g.girlfriends?v She laughs. uProbably not? Then she shoots me an incisive glance. llAlthough they might have had and might still have a lot more importance to you than you would wish to admit? Atwood does not want to discuss how important those years were to her. Trying to explore with her the feelings that

Atwood does not want to discuss how important those years were to her. Trying to explore with her the feelings that give rise to her work is like playing a game of cat and mouse; she seems unwilling to reveal any emotional connection to her subjects. And when she feels cornered, she can be as prickly as

one of her characters. Atwoodls 12-year-old daughter, Jess, comes into the kitchen asking for money to rent a video. IISheIs at the slumber-party stage? Atwood reports as Jess leaves the house. I ask if watching Jess navigate her way through girlhood renewed the writers interest in that stage of life. iilt gave me another look at the scene? she says guardedly. iISo did being a camp counselor? I ask what other events influenced her work. liltis very hard to answer a question like that because you don't know what it would have been like without those events? What emotional terrain has she found particularly troublesome to go over? MIiherels something difficult about every book? she answers, her voice getting edgy. IIIf it gets too difhcult you stop writing it? IlCan I ask when you hit a nerve with this book? I ask, exasperated. ilNof, she finally puts her foot down. IiNOR, Obviously I have hit a nerve. Though Atwood weaves elements of her own life through those of her heroines_nearly all of whom have unhappy childhoods-she feels that discussing her work in relation to her life encourages readers to view it as autobiographical. III believe in artistry, n she says. III believe that there,s a difference between true confessions and writing a novel? As astute a critic of power as she is, Atwood is not above throwing around a little weight to dictate the terms of an interview. According to Canadian literary critic Robert Fulford, she can be elusive-IIShe throws out an idea, then retrieves it, then denies she ever knew what it meantii_and intimidating. She does not like to hear, of course, that shels intimidatingf Fulford wrote in his memoirs. iiA woman who interviewed her for CBC Radio used that word, and Atwood _as is her style-quickly interrupted. lMay I ask you a question? Are you intimidated now? The interviewer, quite clearly intimidated, of course said she wasntil Peter Gzowski, a Toronto talk-show host who has interviewed her several times, agrees. IiSheis smarter than most of those who interview her and she lets them know it? He adds that one can admire her without necessarily liking her. During our interview, Atwood good-humoredly wriggles out of a few quotes: ilDid I say that? or, with a glint in her eye, tiMaybe 1 dith say ite-you know journalists? She grabs my notes as I read to her from a New York Times review in which Katha Pollitt charged that Atwood had flown Ilfrom her truest self, in the writing of Lady Oracle, a comedy about a romance novelist who fakes her own suicide when the many identities she has created for herself threaten to come together Photograph by Brian Willer be is the mostfamous voice from Canada, " says one critic, "but some might wish it were a dagerent voice. " and expose her. Then Atwood sighs. kl have a huge file of old reviews, and if I had to answer every one of them, lid go bananas because they contradict one an-

other in the most astounding ways. I write the books, other people can do the criticism and argue with one another over whether theylre right or 110th Yet, in spite of her dismissal of reviewers, Margaret Atwood does not suffer criticism lightly. Though widely praised as a master storyteller, she is probably most often criticized for portraying men as unsympathetic. Even an obvious fan like Anne Tyler noted in an otherwise glowing New York Times review of the short-story collection Dancing Girls that the less successful stories were llthose that exhibit a narrow-eyed bitterness about the relations between men and women. In these, men are generally infantile, demanding, self-centered; women are either purely wronged or they have retaliated with their own kind of meanness?

Atwood-who once dryly noted that lithe minimum qualification for a critic should be the ability to read and writeii_ says those who find her men stereotypical donlt understand storytelling. liWhat people usually mean is that they are not at the center of the narrative? she explains. liIf youire telling a story from the womenis point of view, the men by necessity donlt get to tell their story because they are being told about. IlBut all the really bad, evil male characters have been written by menf she adds. IIMy male characters have all been rather soft compared to Macbeth and Othello and those guys. If I wrote a book about a man strangling his wife because he suspected her of infidelity and another man tempting him to do it by lying, everyone would say, lparanoiali Imagine a woman writing Macbeth. Rampant stereotypingW SURPRISINGLY, IN CAT, S EYE ITS THE FEMALE CHARACTERS who are most unlikable. When her protagonist, Risley, reflects on lesbianism, which some in her I605 womenis group insist is the Ilonly genuine equal relationship? she delves into the darkness in her own heart: IlThe truth is that I would be terrified to get into bed with a woman. Women collect grievances, hold grudges, and change shape. They pass hard, legitimate judgments, unlike the purblind guesses of men, fogged with romanticism and ignorance and bias and wish. Women know too much, they can neither be deceived nor trusted. I can understand why men are afraid of them, as they are frequently accused of being?

Trust does not come easy to women whose worst experiences have been with women, not men, says Atwood. This is hardly a romanticized view of the Ilfairer sex? and she admits it has taken some male readers by (Continued on page 44) MOTHER JONES 31

The Discreet Smarm Of the Bushwazee Text by Molly luins HERE USED TO BE A FELlow in the Texas Senate named Carlos Ashley, who retired after some unpleasantness about a retainer from the insurance industry. Ashley wrote cowboy poetry_he was known as the states tipoet lariathand i still remember the conclusion of one of his more thoughtful works: ti . . . When the final scale is balanced in the field of loss and gain / Not one inaugurations worth a good, slow, two-inch rain? Having been in Washington, DC, for the Bush Inauguration, I find deeper meaning in this rhyme today. First rat out of the trap we got a fully inflatable, kinder, gentler George Bush. Why donit we cut the middleman and just install Peggy Noonan, the author of his Inaugural Address? The Noonan version is, after all, quite a bit clearer than unscripted Bush, as we all found out later in the week at the new presidents first press conference. "Weive got to have a little time," liiusihlilon by P 11:11:!) Burke Bush told reporters, in answering a question about relations with the Soviet Union. "We're not about to let this Soviet thing put-put us in the mood of, of foot_mode of foot-dmggers. ID I I Weire going to be out front." That certainly cleared things up. w On Inaugural Day, Bush had rather remarkably made only one stupid to move-despite the unfortunate Bush-Noonan lapse into cliche at the end of an otherwise fine speech (the unew breeze" turning the page of the chapter Some of the nationk sharpest pens render ${\tt m}$ the unfoldingstory: lwasafraid for their first impressions of the Bush/Quayle era. a mum there the wmds Of Change #Kinder, Gentler Bush

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34 APRIL 1989 Illustration by Everett Peck

6000 GRHEE I195 LIFelN HELL \$889 39 WW GROENWG (wH-H Steve Vance) mm Aeooe NOUO, boo BOOM 6 lePPEJZSMWEES. FTOV il Don'TTHego Q&Auze HOUO DlQETHP, S lTUATIOvJ 2mm 13? would start blowing the sands of time). The blunder was a promise to wipe out the ilscourge of drugsll during his administration. Almost as certain as death and taxes is the prospect that there will continue to be a serious drug problem in this country in 1992. Among Washington Insiders, there was little sense of a ilnew chapter? The whole megillab was treated by them for what it was: say, much like a long-expected promotion within a large corporation. One of the surprises about the whole affair for me was how little the Republicans seemed to mourn the departure of Ronald Reagan. But perhaps that s because what stayed the same is more noticeable than what changed. The Washington press corps, for example, remains thoroughly Reaganized, reporting on the First Family with the zeal of courtiers in the time of Louis XIV; the dramatic, earthshaking change from Reagan red to Bush blue is discussed among them with all the seriousness due Cabinet appointments. The press corps seemed so ecstatic to have a president who stays awake, in fact, that theylve all declared him the greatest ruler since Augustus. He appears sincere in his desire to be the education president, to eradicate homelessness, and all the rest, but this means, of course, that he will be one of the Victims of the expectations he is raising. The fact is, the nations underlying economic problems are so critical that you might wonder whether Bush can fulfill any of his many promises. His promised emphasis, for example, on ethics in government took a brutal hit as Bush tried to get one up on the Gipper by bravely dragging a scandal right into the Cabinet rather than leaving top aides time to develop major problems in office over time, as Reagan kindly did. I quite agree with Bushls impulse: why wait? John Tower, after all, revealed he was a man of llsome discipline? Many of us wanted to know how much and which kind? TWO DAYS BEFORE THE \$25 MILLION INAUGURATION, A crowd of several hundred homeless people stood across the street chanting, llShame! ShameV as a thousand rich Republicans in limousine after limousine swept up the front entrance of the newly restored Union Station for a \$1,500-aplate dinner. The Republicans stepped forth, resplendent in \$1,200 red, white, and blue Spangled shoes, and gowns by Galanos and Yves Saint Laurent. The homeless favored a layered look, topped by street-chic wool caps and accessorized by gloves or mittens with the fingers worn out. MOTHER JONES 35

Official Republicans were properly sorry about the state of the homeless. George Bush the Younger said, lll know this is something my father feels strongly about.v Unofficial Republicans, such as a handsome, white-haired man from San Francisco, were more blunt: ill just think its become a cliche, it's been done, its not new, you know?a One thing the Reagan years have accomplished is to take away the sting and shock of seeing homeless people in a land of plenty. The juxtaposition of extreme poverty and extreme wealth no longer seems obscene because its so familiar. Its been done, you know? There were so many additional bizarre moments during Inaugural Week, it will take some future anthropologist to work them all out. Precisely 225 Bush relatives descended on Washington for the inauguration, of varying degrees of consanguinity and affinity; this occasionally led to surreal moments in which you suddenly noticed that every other person in a room with you looked eerily like George Bush. You were constantly rubbing shoulders with the unbelievably powerful; at one shindig I was introduced without warning to William Webster_formerly FBI, now CIA_and all I could think of to say was, llHi, you have a Hle on me? And then there was a lTFrorn George to George (Wash-Illuslrtztion by Drew Friedman 36 APRII. 1989 ington to Bush)" childrenls program, which seemed to be a lovely idea in conception but produced a few puzzling results. There was, for example, a five-story chair sitting on the Washington Mall that turns out to have been a giant replica_ made by U.S. Buddhist children_of the chair George Washington used when he was president. You may well ask what was the point of a five-story chair made by Buddhist Children. The only thought that occurred to me as I marveled over the sight was that it would take one hell of a large butt to fill it. Homeless people were on the Mall as well, of course; theylre everywhere, sleeping in the parks and esplanades. The latest studies show that 25 percent of them have full-time jobs, but they make only minimum wage and cannot afford a place to live. On Inaugural Day, Senator Bob Dole, who voted a few months ago against increasing, the minimum wage, addressed members of Team 100_the richest Republicans-who had given more than \$100,000 to the party. With his endearing frankness, Dole explained the sly maneuvering leading up to a 50-percent wage increase for the distinguished members of Congress. To stop the increase, opponents had to get both houses of Congress to vote No. llWe in the Senate will all righteously vote No, which will have no effect, and then will watch anxiously to make sure that our colleagues in the House donlt vote at all, and that will ensure passage of the raise. Of course, my wife has a new job, so its no big deal to me? Really, youlll have to trust me, it was just so cute the way he said it. That was the strategy, but it didnlt work. Donlt cry yet. Dole and his colleagues last got a salary increase in 1987 and, at \$89,500, they make an average of \$43 an hour. The minimum wage is \$3.35 an hour and was last raised more

an hour and was last raised more than eight years ago. A woman trying to support two children by working full-time for minimum wage is almost \$2,000 below the poverty level. So, how long will it take for kinder, gentler to kick in? Molly Iuins is a contributor to Motherjonesandacolumnistfor the Dallas Times Herald.

Illustration by Nicole Hollander mrs. DoLe wnew' You Spoke OF L'Fesme W , CAvsihao' 5 HomelessNQSS PARf'Cl/LARLY An egg wows wH A? were You reFerruyf 'fo .7 weLL,4-HereAre u ANmber OF ' CHANOdes Him 14713:; ocwrredlr's M ALWAYHhe 'H'Adi'HoN -- AS YOU KNOW over-Hne thyme # anel'e HAve beeN CHANGngRL' Jmere Are MANY swag D Me's Mi Hoe FAlLHet3ANpI 'rHlNK 110259. sows OF CHAWQS YOU WOW HAve PYOdUCeD A WHM Do Yoq HMNK MR5. 1701.9 MeANJr? E11. I 'f'Hmk wHA4- SH? 5ND MAKQ5Oc/00d jeNSQ ELI dew inNk MR5.DoLz \$HouLd be Hep! Accoun'I-AbLe For ANy-1-Hinc-x 5H2 SAID Af 1-HA-1- Press CON sz/QNCQI'F WAS HeLd Ou-l-dooYS-I'f' WAS very , (.0141, AND I NO-l'iced i14A1L Sh? N; wAsNUr WCAYiNCT A HA-f. MOTHER JONIIS 37

'orrupt is a dangerous word to use," says David Brenner of his predecessors in the union movement. "Perhaps morally bankrupt. " Meet labors nextgenemtion. IT, S OCTOBER OF 1986, and David Brenner, president of Boston Local 66 of the Laundry and Dry Cleaning International, is chatting on the phone with Domenic Bozzotto, his counterpart at the cityls hotel workers, union. Another call comes in, and Brenner puts Bozzotto on hold. When he returns to the line his voice is an octave higher. llGotta go, Domf he says. Brenner.- 'A hit of R&B." lll think we, re on strike in Chelseafl The call had come from a mattress-factory worker who wanted to talk about forming a union. TlWell, get ten guys together and well have an informational meeting? Brenner told him. TTYou donlt understandf, the worker replied. TlWelve just

TTYou don't understands, the worker replied. TIWelve just walked out. The meeting is now, and it's in the street.n

Brenner speeds over and gives the workers-mostly Hispanic immigrants-authorization cards to sign. lTPretty soon the owner comes out in the street? he recounts later, hand I say, Td like to talk to you. Your workers are part of my union now.m The owner disagrees, and the workers stay on the pavement, striking for recognition. Bozzotto and union ochials from around Massachusetts help raise five thousand dollars for strike benehts. From Harvard University, five miles and five light-years away, a group of clerical and technical workers who have been trying for nearly a decade to organize a union of their own arrive with a van full of franks and beans. And after five weeks the company gives in-the workers have won.

Those three Boston-area unionswthe laundry workers (who also organize in several other industries), the hotel workers, and the Harvard Union of Clerical and Technical Workers (HUCTW), which last spring triumphed in its fight to unionize Harvardls three thousand technicians, librarians, and clerical workers-are at the forefront of a revived Boston trade union movement. They have proven it quite possible to organize women and immigrants. And they are showing the rest of the country how to organize the humorganizablell service economy.

llWelve always been the stepchildren of labor, the makebelieve jobs? says Bozzotto. TlBut there is no industrial America anymore. Labor is going to have to be service America."

Doubtless they are aided by MassachusettsT strong economy, and its generally liberal government and press. But they have to contend with the same forces that have damaged other unions in the Reagan/Bush years, including the resurgent union busting countenanced by the National Labor Relations Board (NLRB). Much of the rest of organized trade unionism, its numbers and influence dwindling, has tried to wait out the Republicans. And there have been a few brave but ultimately doomed acts of dehance, like the Minnesota meat packersT strike, or the paper workers, in Maine. B BillMcKibben

The Boston unions, too, have waged some quixotic bate tles. The difference Photographs by Lionel J-M Delevingne '1 . in I11

Kris Rondeau began with the unorthodox premrse llmt Harmrds workers actually liked theirt

is theyave generally won. And their leaders remain true believers.

Permanent Press. shMy father is a classic example of whats been happeningf says David Brenner. hhTwenty years ago, he was working as a skilled machinist making machine parts, a union man with a good pension, high wages. Then his division of Pratt and Whitney closed. Now hes a machine operator, just waiting to retire, with an uncertain pension? That experience was in the back of Brennerhs mind when he went to the University of Massachusetts in the early 19805. "There were a lot of Lefties teaching economics there, and it altogether Opened my eyes to how things work, that people are not failures, but that we have a system that disempowers people? Still, when he first got a call about an opening at the laundry workers, local, he was hesitant. hMy idea was, theer'e got to he corrupt because theyhre small and lhd never heard of them? But when Brenner got there, the trouble was of MOTHER JONES 39

Brewers laundry workers toole tlae starch out of compmzy-ln'red IUHOH lmsttrs a different sort. 11The industry was just devastated by permanent pressf, says Brenner. TlEverything youlre wearing now would, in an earlier day, have been sent out for cleaning? The local had shrunk to less than five hundred members spread from Maine to Rhode Island. Brenners predecessor had taken over the local when he was in his 605, and had barely held it together. llThe first thing he asked me was, lKid, can you make a leaflet? I said I could, and he said, lGood. lCause youlre either going to organize or youlre going to die., 11 Brenner had one early success, a Pawtueket laundry where llthe manager was such an asshole he organized it for us,., and then a string of setbacks. But llwe were learning lessons the whole time? says Brenner, and when the Chelsea mattress workers called, they were, if not ready, at least willing. 11When we won that one, the word got around that the laundry workers were really kicking assf says Brenner. "We did do a good job, but the truth of the matter was, we had the former president of the Honduran doekworkers union working in that factory. These were people who knew what unions were." The Chelsea win and then a victory at a chemical factory (where the owner caved in after the union threatened to picket his suburban house and let his neighbors know that plant workers had to ask at his office each time they needed toilet paper) llwere real watersheds. They showed that workers, even if they were newly arrived and spoke no English, could stand together? says Gene Bruskin, the locals chief organizer. But they were simple compared to the unions next target, a large laundry next to Fenway Park that supplied most of Bostons teaching hospitals.

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On the one hand, working conditions were so bad that a union seemed attractive. 11There were no windows to speak off says Brenner. llTrucks would be backing in right next to the ironers, belching diesel smoke. In the winter-that truck bay is a 50-foot opening_maybe there are zerodegree winds blowing on your left side, and 125degree heat from the iron on your right? Employees were earning as little as \$3.70 an hour, and were being cheated out of overtime. But the workers were mostly immigrants from the rural, formerly Portuguese islands of Cape Verde. llThey were literally off the boatfl says Bruskini lllad go into peoplels houses to talk about unions, and they'd stare at me. lid be talking to a 55-year-old woman, and her 5-year-old granddaughter would be translating. One thing we did discover, though, was their absolute terror of defying the company. So much so that no one wanted to even tell his friends heid talked to us. Which helped us, in a way. We were able to talk to almost every person in the plant without the company finding out."

Enlisting about a hundred volunteer drivers and translators, including a popular priest who had migrated from Cape Verde with his flock, the union eventually got a majority of the workers to sign union cards. At that point they went public, demanding that the company schedule a union election. "We had our first rally outside the plant, and about 50 people stood up under our banner. It was quiet. But nothing happened to them, and that really started to break it opensuu says Bruskin. The eompany hired a union-busting firm and tried to intimidate the workers. It didnlt succeed. Recalls Brenner, "One guy in the washroom turned on his supervisor and said, lAre you trying to scare me? 1 was a eonscript in the Portuguese army. I spent five years sleeping in the jungles of Angola. You are not going, to scare mef " The union won the election by a 3-2 margin, and negotiated a contract raising starting pay a

dollar an hour, not a huge figure perhaps. but a 25 percent jump in your standard of living it youlre making \$4. Brenner and Bruskin lost their most recent light, an attempt to organize a pair of private laundries in Lowell and Lynn. The light was so dirty, though, that they have asked the NLRB to order the employer to recognize the local. "The company tired people for union organizing. When people showed up wearing their buttons they had them ripped off their clothesfl says Brenner. Helll keep trying to organize the two sites because, among other things, their live dollar wage with no benefits undercuts his union shops. "The union shops are reluctant to be reasonable about pay raisesl because of the nonunion shops? says Brenner. "We want to reach the point where we can say, lOKt eight dollars an hour, everyone paysf "People are just going to have to realize that if a service is worth having, its worth paying a living wage for? That might make an apt rallying cry for a new wave of labor leaders. Brenner says that he and Bruskin and others like them llfully expect to be at the heart of the labor movement within the next decade; there will be a radical metamorphosis as the older generation of labor leaders retires Or diesf,

Though he credits them for their organizing efforts in the 405 and 505, Brenner woult spend much time mourning their passing. O lCorrupt, is a dangerous word to use? he says, describing his predecessors. llPerhaps lmorally bankruptm In recent years, the image of labor has been that of the white, male industrial worker, he says. llBut the international economic scene has changed, and labor has not responded. When we go to the AFL meetings now, theylre talking about special Visa cards for union members? Brenner says different bonds unite his union members-for one thing, few earn enough to even qualify for the American Federation of Labor credit card. O1 applied and got turned down, to say nothing of my members?

If you want to understand his union, Brenner says, llWhat were talking about is the rainbow. When we had a fund-raising party in Dorchester, we found a Haitian deejay with a good salsa collection and a hit of R&B. And we had a blast? Office Politics. In the upstairs room at the new Tip OlNeill Federal Building next to Boston Garden, 3 National Labor Relations Board judge listens to a stream of witnesses called by Harvard University. For 15 years Harvard fought to keep its Clerical work force from unionizing, going to court to demand, among other things, that any union must win the support of workers across Harvardls far-flung campus and not just in a single department or graduate school. That, they figured, would make organizing impossible.

And then, last spring, in a dramatic and hard-fought election, an upstart union triumphed, winning by 44 Of the nearly 3,000 votes cast against a stiff antiunion campaign. (It featured a particularly manipulative letter from Harvard president Derek Bok, who implied that a union might lower wages. As a law professor, Bok championed unions in a thick book; now his name is invoked by the right-wing National Right to Work Legal Defense Foundation.) Refusing to recognize the victory, the university hired outside lawyers to contest the election before the N LRB, contending the union had llintimidatedi, workers into voting its way. On the stand this morning was Yvette Rheault, a young organizer with a bow in her hair. Harvardls lawyers grilled her: Had she kept records of which way employees were likely to vote? Had she talked with activists among the employees about encouraging people to vote? Finally, nervously, she said, llWe always work with employees. The union is the employees?

Rheaultis boss, Kris Rondeau, has spent most of her adult life trying to organize Harvard, Erst as a medical technician and now as director of the HUCTW, a union affiliated with the American Federation of State, County, and Municipal Employees (AFSCME). En route to her victory, one of the largest private-sector clerical triumphs, she learned, as she puts it, to llthrow out the theory of the most-oppressed workerfl She says, llltls true that if youlre oppressed you have to represent yourself. But also if youlre relatively content. Any self-respecting adult has to represent himself. Abdicate that right and eventually youire going to get hurt? Most of Harvardls work force rather like their jobs, says Bill Jaeger, another of Rondeauls organizers. llWe discarded a chief tenet of traditional organizing: creating animosity toward the employers? In fact, union activists plastered the campus with balloons and stickers saying his NOT ANTI-HARVARD TO BE PRO-UNION, and organizers, instead of passing out literature, spent hours talking one-onaone with workers, more than three-quarters of them women.

workers, more than three-quarters of them women.

The heavily female work force made certain issues crucial.

Ill think child care and pay equity are the issues of social justice in our day, as pensions and the eight-hour day were in another time? says Rondeau. It also led to a distinctive organizing style. lorganizing women 1,ve learned a lot about self-doubt and lack of self-confidencef says Rondeau. IlDown deep we dont believe we can represent ourselves. A union sets the preconditions for empowerment_dealing with the employer, creating a sense of community. But what were really

doing is setting up a way for people to see that they,re smarter and more capable than they think they are? Rondeauls organizing style didn,t always sit well with the rest of organized labor. Her campaign used to be affiliated with the United Auto Workers (UAW), which tried to assign her to a different campus and organize Harvard its own way. llTheir way was to play right into that powerlessness, to say, lWefll take care of you; O Rondeau recalls. So she organized an independent union, paid her devoted staff their rent money and nothing else for 18 months, drove the UAW out of Cambridge, won the AFSCME affiliation, and beat Harvard in the election. And then, late last fall, her union beat Harvard again, before the NLRB, where a judge blasted the university for making llfrivolousi, complaints and held that Rheault and the other organizers had acted with complete propriety. Do Not Disturb. The same August afternoon that the NLRB is listening to Harvardis complaints, the hotel workers are gathering in their union hall in downtown Boston, not far from the Ritz or the Sheraton or the other big hotels where they serve drinks, make beds, shampoo rugs. The union contract expires at the end of November, and the workers are gearing up, with (Continued on page 52) wo-job families? Those were the good old days. 1/Ve've gotfour-job families. " Domenic Bozzotto MOTHER JONES 41

OUT OF POCKET
By Clark Norton
Taxation Hes itation
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A brief primer on
reclaiming Ihe
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N APRIL, FOR SOME THE (IRUELEST MONTH, IT,S useful to recall the Boston Tea Party. The British tried to tax tea shipments to the colonies; rabble-rousing democratic revolutionaries responded by dumping boatloads of the stuff into Boston Harbor —a tax revolt that helped give birth to a nation. In those charged times, it was the colonial conservatives who turned up their noses, paid their taxes, and happily sipped their tea. Now, it is George Bush% lips that lay claim to the legacy of the tax resisters. After belittling 9Taxaehusettst" and even that tea-stained cradle of the Revolution, Boston Harbor, he got elected.

At some point in the past 215 years or so, the rabbleerousers blew it. We allowed right-wing curmudgeons to seize Americans' favorite gripe-taxes —as their own. Its time to recapture our birthright and shout it from the rooftops: We hate taxes, too. REGARDLESS OF IDIZOLOGICAL BENT, All1. AMERIcans have the right to feel visceral anger about government waste and misspending. The question is where to focus that divine wrath.

Conventional wisdom has it that contemporary tax revolts are essentially conservative and antigovernment in nature. Surveys taken soon after the 1978 passage of California% Proposition 13, the first of a string of property tax rebellions across the country, indicated that while most voters considered their taxes too high, a majority still favored increased spending for such public services as mental health, schools, and transportation. Prop 13 voters apparently were striking out more at what they perceived as unfair taxes and waste than at government spending per se.

The Washington, D.C._based Citizens for Tax justice (CTJ) was founded in 1979 out of concern that such tax revolts would simply imperil public services while leaving the basic inequities Of the system intact. The CTJ helped spur passage of some of the most progressive elements of the 1986 tax reform package, including a minimum tax on corporations. Its first annual report on 11Corporate Freeloadersf published in 1984, named 128 major corporations that had paid no taxes in at least one of the three previous years. The new tax laws snared most of the culprits, but not all; CTfs most recent report, published last September, still found 16 large corporations that paid no taxes in 1987, including IBM, General Motors, and Hewlett-Packard. That does it, you say; Im fed up. I want to resist taxes, too-as a mat-

ter of principle, of course, rather than greed-but 11m not Hewlett-Packard. How can I mount my own minietax revolt, with a conscience? The options range from safe, even socially sanctioned private gestures to daring clenched-fist proclamations of public defiance, with ine creasing elements of risk.

THE FIRST LEVEL or RESISTANCE used to be exploiting the legal loophole, a time-honored U.S. tradition made more difficult by tax reform. Previously; you could donate to worthy causes and, after deductions, expect the Feds to pick up as much as half the tab. Now, with tax rates lowered, you might have to give away half again as much to get the same tax benefits.

If you have a chunk of money to invest, however, the tax code does offer a few incentives for reasonably socially responsible investments. You can still take a deduction for investing in new sources of clean-hurning natural gas, for example, or gain benetits for low-income housing renovations. You may even turn a profit, though there are risks if you don't have the navigational skills of an accountant. In any event, yotfll have the satisfaction of knowing you shortchanged the government, with its blessing. If that seems an easy way out, you can move to the next rung of resistance: refusing to pay all or part of your taxes. One long-standing method of resisting Illustration by Richard Sala

war taxes is to simply not pay the federal excise tax on telephone service_a tax first imposed just before World War I, restored during the Vietnam War, and then raised in 1983 from two to three percent to help finance Reaganls military buildup. Carolyn Stevens, program coordinator of the Seattlebased National War Tax Resistance Coordinating Committee, estimates that 100,000 Americans refuse to pay the phone tax each month. This isnlt legal but, according to veteran resisters, probably wonlt even get your phone disconnected. Another five to ten thousand, Stevens Let DEVA unDress You! With our casual cotton unSemble for men 8: women! unDress Jacket (Ilnssic : Ind unstructured. 1 me tuxedo shawl collar tapers to one hurnl wood button. Two patch pockets. one inner brew pocket Optional shoulder pads unDress Trousers\$35 ppd. Smoothly pleated. with sharp scwn-in creases and roomy slash pockets, Perfect fit thanks to a covered elastic waist with drdwwrd. Both styles in Natural. Black. Navy. Pearl (ircy or 'l'urquoise Your comfort, fit and satisfaction guaranteed or your money back. says, register their objections to military spending by withholding all or part of their federal income taxes_anywhere from the 10 percent that the War Resisters1 League estimates goes toward nuclear weapons to the over 50 percent they say funds the entire military, including the interest on past expenditures. Small 6deductions11 may not elicit a peep from the IRS. But if the agency does come after you, expect to pay stiff fines and interest penalties (which, ironically, will ultimately increase federal coffers). If you write some words of protest on your 1040 itself, the IRS may well slap you with a \$500 fine for filing a 1sfrivolousH return, even if you quote Camus. If you persist in refusing to pay, the IRS may ultimately garnish your paycheck Or seize your property. One piece of good news: Stevens says that only 18 war-tax resisters have gone to jail since World War 11, land if youlre eventually prepared to pay, you can avoid it? MANY RESISTERS REDIRECT THE TAX MONEY they withhold from the government to one of about 80 11alternative funds11 across the United States that help finance peace and human welfare projects. Several, such as the Conl science and Military Tax Campaign in Seattle, have collected and disbursed up to hundreds of thousands of dollars each. (To locate the alternative tax fund nearest you, contact the National War Tax Resistance C0ordinating Committee at PO Box 85810, Seattle, Washington 98145, or telephone (206) 522-4377.) Meanwhile, the Washington, D.C.-based National Campaign for a Peace Tax Fund is lobbying for legislation that would allow conscientious objectors to earmark a portion of their taxes for such funds. As of the last congressional session, only 3 senators and 49 representatives favored the bill-so for the foreseeable future resisters are on their own, guided only by the

limits of their conscience and their guts.

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Clark Norton is a San Francisco journalist
and screenwriter who is filing once again for
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with one another. Anybody who has been
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in not just the womenE movement but any kind of movement that involves women knows that there are power plays power struggles. The- what word shall we use here?_the approach is ditferent but that doesn t mean that those elements are not present. They are present? While Atwood defines herself as a feminist-lllf by feminist we mean someone whtfs interested in seeing women included in the human race,,-many Canadian feminists do not. Her fiction is often attacked for what critic Barbara Godard calls a ttfailure to envision a world where women are not downtrodden.w Responses to Cat's Eye from Canadian feminists echo some of the complaints lodged against her earlier work. uWith Atwood, you never get characters you identify with or sympathize withjl says Kathy Mezei, a professor of English at Simon Fraser University. ttHer females tend to be Victims and problematic characters and she doesnit deal with whyf, But others praise Atwoodls refusal to supply simple solutions to complex problems. uHer novels always keep us slightly on edgef says U.S. feminist scholar Catharine Stimpson, dean of graduate studies at Rutgers University. She never lets us slip into the down pillow of conformity, including feminist conformity? Atwoodk discerning eye, in examining the power games of little girls, has also observed the evolution of those games in contemporary feminism. The goals of the feminist movement have not been achieved, according to Atwood, and part of the failure has come from within the movement itself. tlThere has been a lot of opening up in a lot of areasf, Atwood says. Itltls more possible to be a lesbian, itls more possible to be a doctor, itls a lot easier to be a middle-class woman in social situations-you are not automatically shoved to one end of the room, patronized and excluded as you once were. But when you talk about change, you always have to say what kind of people in the society you are talking about and how much things have changed for them. ttWhy are single mothers the fastestgrowing group of people below the poverty line? If things have changed for the better, why are all these women where they are? I think what youlre seeing now is women who felt marginalized by the womenls movement-women of color, of different ethnic groups_organizing their own groups and saying, lOur problems are somewhat different than your problems and some of our problems are youf 11 Atwood also criticizes pragmatic feminist alliances with the religious Right. In Tbe Handmaidk Tale, it is book burnings initiated by radical feminists that lead to the iron-heel censorship of Gilead, the Christian dictatorship. itIn those kinds of alliances, once the objective is achieved, there's always a power struggle in which ttDolores. would you step in here please."

one faction is eliminated, and there isn,t a lot of doubt in my mind as to which faction it would bef she argues. 31f you unite to eliminate the opposition, and the opposition, in this case liberal feminists, is eliminated, then thereis not going to be anyone around to defend you when youire abandoned? Two years ago Atwood unleashed her indignation on an antipornography bill, supported by some feminist groups, that was so stringent it could have barred kissing and hand-holding On Hlm, required loincloths on male statues, and, ironically, banned The Handmaide Tale in Canada. Atwood delivered speeches to librarians and campaigned to protect the cherished freedoms that her novel was about. Not that this 20th-century Puritan descendant likes pornography. llLikeV She studies me as if Ilm crazy for asking. 3NO, I do not like pornography! But I do make a distinction between erotica, plain old garden-variety sex in which nobody gets hurt, and movies in which people are barbecued and cut into pieces for sexual gratification. 13m against kiddie porn-what the heck, so are you? Where else does she draw the line? Atwood lets out a deep breath. ill think welve talked enough about thatfi ATWOOD IS GETTING RESTLESS. NEAR THE end of our allotted time, she comes around the counter and hovers near my right elbow. This has never happened to me during an interview, but I am not surprised. Toronto journalist Linda Sandler noted that toward the end of an interview in 1977, during a series ofguestions about poetry, Atwood began shelving plates, attending to vegetables, and eventually removed one or two storm windows. In Cafs Eye, Atwood has a reporter try to harness the personality of Risley, her abrasive protagonist, in an article titled llCrotchety Artist Still Has Power to Disturb? The passage stands as a warning to any journalist who attempts to capture the real Atwood: she defies neat summarization. And it seems that, like the heroine of her novel, Atwood would rather be seen as vehement than be reduced to cute and crotchety. 3A blistering attack would be preferable, some flying fur, a little fire and brimstonef thinks Risley as she reads about herself. "That way I would know Ilm still alive." Camille Perils profile of former Argentinian general Carlos Guillermo Suarez Mason, uGetting to Know the Lord of Life and Death," appeared in the September 1988 Mother jones. "if m i ASK FOR OUR FREE CATALOG iQuick Service iGuaranteed Fit 3: 22 Styles " , WE REPAIR , BMW'sandals

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11011111 111111 exploded there the night before. Since the whorehouse belongs to 11 military 1111111, 111111 many clients are soldiers and policemen, the ilgirls" are convinced the guerrill11s were r11sp1111sihl1'_11 11111 confirmed later 111' the ell1t11lestine rehel radio. Sure, were really scared, " sheets one girlt wearing 11 skintight yellow miniskirt. "We're dying 111 tear." But 111 eleven in the morning, most ()1 the girls 110 seem 11 bit spooked their nerves probably not helped by their hreakfnst ()1 cake 111111 Coca-Cola. "111s really very good for 115,11 offers another hopefully. 11The bombing was on every TV station. Now we are the most famous brothel in San Salvadon and everyone will ellme. "In tact. nobody is coming. With 1111 customers. the application of more and more makeup becomes obsessive. Kits get closed up and put up. only to get pulled out 11nd reopened in 11 few minutes. There is a 46 11111111. 1989 At last we can see the earth as it really is. This small, pale ball noating in the vastness of space. Clearly with limits. Vulnerable, fragile For almost 100 years the Sierra Club has been fighting to protect the earth's fragile systems. We have successfully lobbied for laws to limit air and water pollution and to regulate poisonous toxic Chemicals. We have won protection for swamps and 111eadows, rivers and mountains, deserts and prairies. . those natural places which permit the earth to heal and renew itself We have consistently been an effective voice for a world healthful for all its inhabitants. The unique power of the Sierra Club springs from our active grass roots 111embership. . . Volunteers who give treely of their time and expertise. If you want to participate in this work, or share. in the satisfaction of it through 11 supporting membership, contact the Sierra Club, 7550 Polk Street, 51111 Francisco, CA 94109, (415) 77(3-2211, SIE .11 CLU

complaint that the bombing has created family problems for some: until the TV news, a few of the girls mothers thought their daughters worked as masseuses in health spas.

A large woman in a purple blouse and purple makeup stands up. itMany clients come uniformed and all? she says. IIYou never know whois a soldier, whols a cop, whols a guerrilla. So better if they would come as Civilians. Uniforms just attract trouble?

ttrHIS IS REALLY A MATRIARCHYJ, SAYS THE US official, dressed in a neat blue button-down shirt he probably has not ironed himself. ttWomen really have all the power herefl he continues, leaning back in his armchair, and rolling over an office Hoor he definitely has not scrubbed.

YOU CAN TELL WHO, S WHO AT THE EXHUMAtion by what they're wearing to shield them-

tion by what theylre wearing to shield themselves from the unbelievably horrible smell. At the bottom of the totem pole are the actual grave diggers: small, skinny, barefoot men wearing nothing but looks of pure misery on their faces. Theylve been fed a good deal of firewater by an official from the local judgeis office, who stands back from the mass grave in the cornfield, calling encouragement to the drunks from behind a surgical mask. Fancier masks, with black rubber and screens, are used by the representatives of the attorney general, the government human rights commission, and some unidentified men carrying large multicolored AID binders.

Most of the rest of the bystanders-journalists, independent human rights observers, and drivers-have pulled bandannas over their noses. Salvadoran television crews film it all, as one by one the rotting corpses are pulled up. IIYou look like a guerrillaf they tell each other. lll-Iey, look at Fito in that bandanna, he looks like a guerrillafl Ten people were killed here. About 40 villagers watched the victims, seven men and three women, as they were selected by soldiers of the jiboa Battalon and taken away blindfolded. Explosions were heard, followed by gunfire. The villagers found the bodies in a single spot on the road; they say the soldiers tied them up, threw a grenade, and then shot the victims through the head. The army Claimed that the peasants were victims of a DfT ambush: killed by D/T mines, DfT bombs, or D/T rifle fire, according to various army press releases. The murder was so flagrant that the usually terrified judiciary ordered the exhumation of the bodies to verify the cause of death. At the scene of the crime, a short walk away, a sweet-faced boy of 22 is pointed out as the son of one victim. He describes uniformed soldiers taking his father from his home on the morning of the massacre. llThey said they were going to give him an educational talkf he says. On what, hels asked. The boy looks straight ahead. Ill donlt know. Death, maybe? Back at the grave site, the corpses lie askew; one by one villagers are taken over to

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identify their relatives. One woman, sitting
on a rock being interviewed by two report-
ers and a government representative, an-
swers all questions in a polite, almost inaudi-
ble monotone. She leans away from her
questioners suddenly and vomits, then
clears her throat and turns her blank, dry-
eyed face back to them.
The smell is overwhelming. A doctor, gas
mask dangling from his neck, stands in front
of reporters, announcing that seven of the
nine bodies exhumed have been shot
through the head at a range of 10 to 15 cen-
timeters.
The soldiers of the Jiboa Battalon are
present, thoughtfully providing security for
the event. Noticeably absent is the new Sal-
vadoran high-tech criminal forensic unit the
Americans had set up to investigate political
crimes. There is, however, a human rights
officer from the US. embassy. After a thor-
ough investigation of the site, he announces,
for the record, that the ambassador is lIvery
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interested" in the case, but that judicial
proof of army wrongdoing would be almost
impossible to obtain. uTheres lots of evi-
dence, n he says, smiling patiently, llbut evi-
dence ain't proof?
THERFfs NOT A LOT OF PROOF ABOUT HOW
the FMLN gets its supplies. What the Amer-
icans claim in their press releases-support
from international communism, arms from
Nicaragua and Cuba, money from Libya-
may be true or false, in whole or in part, but
is almost irrelevant. In a country this small,
any part of which can be easily reached in a
morningls drive, and where most of the peo-
ple know or are related to each other, the
mystery of logistics is more subtle.
lTll tell you a storyf a man says with a
laugh. llNo namesf, It was in a poor barrio,
he says, crowded with people scrambling to
get by. And they received a message that
eight hundred pairs of shoes were coming
through, eight hundred desperately needed
pairs of shoes for the front. At dawn the
shoes arrived, and by the afternoon needed
to be delivered to the next stop on the long
route to the mountains.
The problem, he explains, is that the dis-
tance to the drop-off point, while not far,
involved crossing a highway, directly in
front of a local army post. How to carry
eight hundred pairs of shoes, when the entire
population is carefully watched for signs of
subversion? llThey decided to wear themf
he says, uand so all morning there were men,
women, kids, walking back and forth, look-
ing like just another busy day? But worried
that the shiny new shoes would tip off the
army, each person walked through a puddle
of mud before crossing the road.
Everything arrived without incident. And
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all afternoon a group of volunteers huddled at the drop-off point to receive the shoes, pair by pair, carefully wiping off the mud with a rag. llEight hundred pairs of shoes? the man says, band people wanted to make sure theyld look nice when they got to the mountains?

THE NIGHT 1S LATE AND THE WHISKEY 15 ALmost gone when Ruben Zamora describes the war: llThe battle is really between hope and fear. When you speak with some people you see how much fear predominates. But as they gain consciousness hope becomes stronger, until in some cases it becomes certainty. But for the majority, the battle is still on? VISUALIZE HOPE. Zamora is asked what would be the most positive outcome of the next few months, whats the most optimistic scenario. He lets go a sad laugh. 1That is the hardest question youlve asked all night?

Zamora rubs his eyes. llOur struggle at this time is against fear. Because given the objective conditions of the country, we can,t propose great social transformations. Now is not the moment for great transformations. Later, yes. Our task now is much more primordialfl

WHAT HAPPENED HERE? UP A HOT, ROUGH road, a dirt path, to the spread-out grouping of six or ten shacks with a name: the uvillagell of Three Trees, Saint Francis, or, maybe, Sweet Name of Mary. Beautiful green vistas, scraggly cornfields, skinny horses, dirty river. Very quiet, very still, very hot; some turkey buzzards overhead in the blue sky. A long walk in.

What happened here? llAlgo muy feo-ll something very ugly, mumbles the man you hail on the path, looking down, not wanting to talk. You arrive. There will be bodies: laid out stiff on the ground, or in coffins lit by flickering candles in dark, mud-walled huts, or buried already, just heaps of dirt where someone cut down the brush with a machete and made a small clearing.

There will be relatives. One or two, maybe, will have the story clear, and will tell it
over and over. The sister or wife of another
victim, young, very pretty, will be nursing
her youngest child, sitting on a rock. She will
be vague, polite, openmouthed, and not altogether there. Her name will be Magdalene, or Glory, or Miracles. Shelll be asked
about her husband, her brother, his age,
where he lived, and shell answer it all in the
present tense. He lives over there, shelll say,
gesturing away from the bodies laid out in
the sun, away from the coffins inside, away
from the small pile of dirt in the clearing.
Over there, away.

What happened here?

These dusty lives go on, in all the little villages, day and night and day, and then without warning something big and sudden and ugly happens. And therels all of this commotion, completely out of the ordinary: you can see it in the little kids running around hyper and overexcited. Visitors! Television! People from outside with trucks and pens asking us questions! And then after

awhile the outsiders leave, and the commotion subsides, and there are just the dusty lives left, the chickens, not enough firewood, the long, still afternoons. And Miracles with nobody left to talk to at night, all of her family shoveled so quickly underneath the heap of dirt with no trace left and shes not ready, it was so ugly and suddenly over. Sara Miles writes frequently on military affairs and social change in the Third World. B ob Ostertag is an associate editor for Pacific News Service and has been covering El Salvador for six years.

The twisted volcanic rock of Bandelier overlooks an ancient ceremonial courtyard loe Anasazi Indians (above); a 700-year-old pinogruph from an Anasazi cave (below). Six hundred years before Georgia O'Keeffe painted it trendy, lhe Anusuzis perfected the url of desert living. A walk in their R0 ck Steady

EVEN MILES FROM THE NEAREST ROAD, FOLlowing a five-hundred-year-old trail worn
into the volcanic rock, we came upon the
Shrine of the Stone Lions. Within its oblong
ring of boulders, recent pilgrims had strewn
their offerings in the dirt: bird feathers, broken bits
of pottery, seashells, bound bundles of local grasses,
ribbons and necklaces, animal skulls. At the center
stood the ancient sculptures: a pair of weathered
mountain lions carved out of the bedrock, crouched
and ready, as they had been for centuries, to pounce
southeast into the morning sun.

My friend Marie and I were hiking in the Bandelier National Monument, a 32,000-acre park in the juniper-eovered hills 20 miles west of Santa Fe, New Mexico. I had first visited Bandelier more than 30 years before, as a kid on a family outing-at 12,1 had played cowboys and Indians there. For Marie, who is French, the Southwest was a discovery of recent years; like many other Europeans, she has developed a keen appreciation for the open spaces of American wilderness.

In trendy Santa Fe, we had grown tired of mesquite-grilled chicken, galleries full of llNavajo" kitsch, and New Yorkers communing with Georgia OlKeeffe. On a cloudless, Indian-summer day in November, we set out for Bandelier.

The bulk of Monument land is backcountry, accessible through a network ofwell-maintained trails; during any season except the scorching months of July and August, Bandelier offers splendid backpacking. Fortunately, for those who like to hike in Photographs by Philip Hyde (top) and Christopher McLeod TRIPS

By David Roberts groups of two rather than two hundred, most of the Visitors seem to venture little farther than the paved paths leading from the parking lot at Frijoles Canyon to Ceremonial Cave, a mile upstream.

Standard tourist stop or not,
Frijoles Canyon is not to be
missed. A perennial stream
winds through the cottonwoods, while the high cliffs to
the north trap the sun and block
the boreal winds. In a broad
clearing stands the Anasazi ruin
onyuonyi. A graceful semicircle
of stone and mud dwellings surrounds a broad central courtyard and three stone kit/as, exca-

vated subterranean chambers thought to have been used for religious rites. We know from ancient pictographs that the Anasazis worshiped water, their most critical resource, and everything associated with it: the snow, the Clouds, and the green boughs from the mountain trees, images that conjured rain and life. The first Anglo to discover the site was an ambitious Swiss-American explorer named Adolph Bandelier, who came upon it in 1880 during an expedition through the native lands of the Southwest. Twenty-eight years later, the archaeologist Edgar L. Hewett excavated Tyuonyi. Yet we know very little about the ancient village-not even when it was built _-because Hewett's archaeological techniques ran roughshod over the sensitive terrain. Monument trails lead to an astonishing variety of snug homes and tightly packed granaries. The base of the vertical brown wall north of Tyuonyi is honeycombed for a mile and a half with doors, windows, and roofing-timber holes gouged in the rock. The ceiling of each cave dwelling is black from centuries of cooking fires, the walls still plastered with mud on which the faint traces of paintings show here and there. Alas, these plastered walls have proven irresistible to vandals: 80 years worth of carved initials show that the braggart graffiti imp is alive and well among Bandelier tourists. Above the windows on the outside walls, too high to deface, a myriad of pietographs taunts the eye with gnostic parables of birds, men, and coyotes.

Upstream, where Frijoles narrows and begins to feel claustrophobic, is Ceremonial Cave-a west-facing natural shelter that was once both a dwelling and a religious shrine. In ancient times, the shallow foot- and handholds carved into the rock made for a scary climb to the shelter. Today, hikers use a series of sturdy wooden ladders; even so, the ascent is dizzying and exhilarating.

We followed a sloping trail out of Frijoles Canyon and headed south across the mesa, leaving the tourists behind; during the rest of our day, we ran into only one other couple. The mesa is a different world MOTHER JONES 49

from the canyon, with a panoramic loneliness in contrast to the sheltered sanctity of Tyuonyi.

FOR TWO THOUSAND YEARS, THE ANASAZIS flourished in the Southwest. Living in one of the more difficult environments on earthhot and dry for most of the year and freezing during the winter-the Anasazis nurtured com out of the rugged landscape and established a mini-civilization that extended over what is today northern New Mexico and Arizona and southern Utah and Colorado. Yet by the 14th century their masterly cliff dwellings, a stunning effioreseence of sandstone, were abandoned for reasons we still cannot decipher. Many of the sites are still sacred to the surviving Indian tribes in New Mexico and Arizona.

What we do know is that large numbers of Anasazis migrated east to the northern Rio Grande valley, where today their few descendants live in pueblo towns like Santa Clara, San Ildefonso, Tesuque, Jemez, and Cochiti. Across the Pajarito Plateau in the lee Of thejemez Mountains, they built toth that look utterly unlike anything else in the Western Hemisphere. The plateauis raw material was not sandstone, but tuft, a great pool of porous volcanic rock formed over a million years ago by massive eruptions. At

The first homasteuders: labyrinthine dwellings of the Anasazis amid the cliffs of Betatak in Canyon.

Mesa Verde and Betatnkin Canyon, the Anasazis used stones and mortar to send their tour-story towers arching over the precipice. Here on the Pajarito-An elitttop puehlos like Puye and Tsankawi. and in Frijoles Canyon-they used stone knives to carve cave homes out of the tuft itself. These eerie holes in the rock face south. toward the Rio Grande and the sun. The fortresses exude power and security; yet the Anasazis abandoned them as well. When the explorer Coronado led his expeditionary troops there from Mexico in 1541, he found the Indians ensconced in drab flatland pueblos near the great river. AFTER TRAVERSING A MILE OF MESA, WE

AFTER TRAVERSING A MILE OF MESA, WE dipped in and out of waterless Lummis Canyon and sped on to the north rim of Alamo Canyon. A sudden gash in the tuft, Alamo is Announcing the end of the silent check. Atlene Atwood

Frenenck Atwnort

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The startling facts. If you're him most people, you wrote about 300 checks last year. Those checks went to the bookstore the baker and the local UIIIin They went to pay taxes. to buy Fm

I: L E SOOOODOI: 100 Anywhere Street North ODUDODDODOH' "Check It out! A paluIess 1075 I've enclosed all 3: The reorder form In my present check supply (checks are mailed to the address on the re-order form so make necessary changes) ' A checking deposn ticket For 200 SINGLE STYLE CHECKS. a check for \$14.00. payable to Message'Check Corporation. gas and groceries and a night on the town And every last one of them was silent Now you can make a statement with every check you write, By ordering SANE/FREEZE Message Checks Do they work? Absolutely. Your message checks carry the same banking and personal Information that's on your present checks. Satisfaction guaranteed. n fact. there's only one dlt terence between these checks and the checks you're usmg now The message SANEIFREEZE makes a dollar. Every ttme you order a supply of checks. 3 \$1 00 contribution goes directly to SANE/FREEZF way to help SAIEIFREEZE tennlnate the anus race on earth and prevent one In space." Vlllllam Shane Coffin Pnsldent, SAIEIFIIEEZE So get the word out. Don't wnte another Silent check Not when you could be showing your support for our global security campaign For a supply of SANE/ FREEZE checks and an attractive tree checkbook cover tilt out the tollowmg coupon Mail order form to: Message'Cheok Corporation 911 East Pike PO Box 3206 0790 Seattle. WA 98114 For 150 DUPLICATE STYLE CHECKS. a check for \$14 95. payable to Message! Check Corporationv L i Send gift certificate information ro' il Wit SAMPLE OI SANPVREFZE t m Ornmnmtion Fm Women Vietnam V ans ot America Greenpeace Coon Amm'cti Audubon and other desrgns send us .1 mmpm svl! addressed NO cnvetope PiDJSPJiiOV.341WONSYOVUNIVCW Washington 51410 WMUPVR ma 8 No Sines Ln Mexsttuh t Check Comma hon t989 Photograph by Christopher McLeod

one of the grand sights on the Pajarito. IlTent rocksfl weird, free-standing cones of unscalable tuff, sprout from the valley floor six hundred feet below.

We climbed out on the south side of Alamo and hurried on to Yapashi, one of the great Anasazi towns. To the hiker accustomed to excavated ruins, Yapashi may seem a disappointment. Since archaeologists have barely explored the place, the only sign of its ancient inhabitants is a long, lumpy mound of earth covered by young cacti. Here and there, a piece of Anasazi wall lies bared. But the only obvious evidence of the faded dynasty is the dazzling array of pottery shards, painted in many styles, that covers the earth around the town. Marie was content to scuttle along, picking up, fondling, sorting, and then discarding these talismans of prehistoric glory. I strode across the buried ruins where 15th-century mothers nursed their babies and hunters feathered their arrows, trying to divine the outlines of the hidden pueblo. I found nothing but a pile of stones arranged in an inexplicable pattern, now thick with weeds. It was a 15-minute walk west to the Shrine of the Stone Lions. Along with another pair of lions on the nearby Potrero de los Idolos, they may be the only examples of life-size statues carved in rock in the whole Southwest. In Bandelierls time, Cochiti men hiked miles to the Lions, where they anointed the stone heads with ocher to ensure success in the hunt.

From the Stone Lions, we chose to climb a nine-mile loop into the foothills of thejemez Mountains. As we passed the seven-thousand-foot line, we entered one of the Anasazisl prime hunting grounds, where the junipers give way to stately ponderosa pines. The view from the trail now swept to the northeast, where the isolated town of Puye lies. While todayls pueblo Indians live in poverty-stricken settlements all around it, Puye is uninhabited, still considered sacred by the Anasazisl descendants. The Santa Clara Indians administer this land of their forebears in a less obtrusive fashion than the government officials who run Bandelier. Instead of handrails and warning signs, a laconic disclaimer in the brochure lets you know that if you get hurt while clambering about the cliff dwellings, itls your own fault. The site is magnificent, with a godly view of the Pajarito Plateau stretching south. Because you can wander at will, and because so few visitors come to Puye, the place feels as if it had been abandoned just yesterday. WE PASSED THROUGH FIELDS OF WHEATgrass and mullein. Though it was late in the season, a few red shooting stars and Indian paintbrush were still in bloom. Woodpeckers hammered away in the ghost trees, and rabbits fled from our steps. The mesa was rife with deer: in threes and fours, they turned their narrow heads to peer at us from adjacent hillsides, then sprang away effortlessly, vanishing among the pines. The sun was falling behind us, and though we were tired, it seemed a pity that our circle had to close. Our 16-mile jaunt had turned out to be one of the best single-day hikes either of us had ever experienced. Because I grew up in Colorado, I have often taken such wilderness for granted. But for Marie, who would soon return to France after three years in the States, the late-afternoon hours were heavy with thoughts of her impending exile from a landscape that has no equivalent in Europe. As we headed back toward Frijoles Canyon, other Anasazi ruins with magical names-I-Ialatse, Painted Cave, Otowi, Tsirege, Tsipiwii-beckoned in the distance. David Roberts is a free-lance writer based in Cambridge. Hi5 articles have appeared in Outside, Smithsonian, and the New York Times Magazine. His book, Jean Stafford: A Biography, was recently published by Little, Brown, and Company. mentls military policy. like-minded friends isnlt enough. You pay attention to whatls going on in the world and youlve got some strong opinions about our govern-But what are you doing with those well-thought-out opinions? How do you get them heard by the people who govern our democracy? Youlre not ready to drop everything for a life of protest. And yet you know that just voting, giving money and talking to An opinion . is a terrlble thing to waste. We make it easy to get your opinions heard. If youlve got 20 minutes a month, subscribe to our service. Every month welll find you the best 20-minute action you can take at home to lobby policy makers to stop the arms race and improve global security. If youlve got five hours a month, work with us to recruit and advise local 20/20 Vision subscribers on the best actions they can take. Either way, 20/20 Vision will turn the time you are willing to spend into time well spent. Tell me more: I: How can I spend 20 minutes a month getting my opinions heard? E How can I spend 5 hours a month helping others get their opinions heard? Name: Address: Zip: Phone: Mail To: 20 20 ' ISIONW 69 5. Pleasant St. #203 Amherst, MA 01002 (413) 253-2939 ZUJZO Vixmn is Endorsed by: Center for Defense Information, Defense Budget Project, Councll for a Livable World, Friends Committee on National LCnglaKlUn, jobs With Peace Campaign, Peace Development Fund, Peace Links, PhyNCIEHS for Social Responsibility, Professionals' Coalition for Nuclear Arms Control, SANE/ FREEZE, Union of Concerned Scientists.Womcn's Action for Nuclear Disarmament MOTHER JONES SI

LABOR

(Continued from page 41) more frequent and more noisy and more crowded meetings. This afternoon, the hundred or so members of the unions executive committee are getting T-shirts amid a happy pandemonium. Each announcement union president Domenic Bozzotto makes is immediately translated into Spanish, Creole, Chinese, and Portuguese, 4 of the 87 languages spoken by union members. Cheers and rhythmic clapping greet each translation. llRememherf shouts a hoarsening Bozzotto as people finally head for the doors llremind the boss: They're our jobs. ltls our future. We're the hotels." Bozzotto, a grizzled figure who looks a little like jack Nicholson in The Sbming, grew up in Boston, the son of a hotel cook. In those days, the Italians worked in the back of the house, and the Irish in the front -the gratuity jobs. Bozzotto broke the pattern, working as a husboy and a waiter and eventually becoming involved in the union. After a term as vice president, he unseated the 12-year incumbent in 1981. llThere was nothing corrupt about him," Bozzotto recalls. uHe was a nice guy. That was the problem. In those days the union was pretty much the disciplinary arm of the hotels. 1t Don% Forget! 81-111110111ir111111s11'111111111111oi1111'111'1t ((111s111111'1 11110111111111011 (111.1Iou 1111' (111111111; lislsoyt'i 111(1 st'h'i lerl 1('111'1.11 p1111111.111011soi11111s111111-111111'11'511111 siiliii'r is like health 1111111111111 111111-1.11 111-111'111s1 money 1111111.1g1'1111'111 '1111' (111111og1s111'1'111111so.1111111.111yoi1111booklets .111s1sendyo111111111111.111 dress11os11111e51111.11,111111W111e1ot1.1y (lonsumcr Information (Icntcr Department or Pueblo, (Iolorado 81009 52?: 52 APRIL 1989 legitimized the low pay rates and so on. And the membership thought, Anyone can do my job. We should be happy for anything we getf" As a result, they didift get much. Their medical insurance, for instance, covered about 40 percent of members hospital hills, less for their families. So Bozzotto set to work "using a lot of what had been learned from the civil rights movement. Number one, 1 11m Somebody. Lets take a job. Say, the maids. When you go to your 3150 hotel room, its clean. You mess up the bed, you mess up the bathroom, you go to your meeting, you come back. its clean. Whatls in your mind? Maybe your kids making their beds. This is not like that. Youlre paying, \$150 a night. The towels have to be folded just so. The beds made just so. To do 16 of them in 8 hours. thatis a skill. Yoifve got to think how complicated this is. Dishwashing. People say, 1Shit. hes iust scrubbing dishesf No. no, no, no! Take a

place like the Plaza with a thousand rooms. They dont have enough china for everything. They have a minimum amount. The

crew in the central kitchen has to know how to wash, dry, hurnish like an orehestraf The hotel management may have missed the message. just last year Alan Tremain. executive director of the Copley Plaza. ordered maids to turn in their mops and scrub bathroom floors on their knees. lA maid is a maid," he said, until the union forced him to back down. But workers eaughton.1n 1982. the first year Bozzotto negotiated a eontraen they were ready for a strike; at the last mo ment the hotels gave them 101) percent hospitalization coverage, 80 percent compensation for their doctor hills. and generous dental benefits. In 1985. for contract number two Bozxotto instituted .1 widespread eivil disobedience trainingy program. At the last moment the hotels granted .1 prepaid legal-serviees program to the workers -immigrants and poor people often in need of lawyers. It was the first such benefit negotiated anywhere in Massachusetts. At the 1985 negotiation the union committee had 125 members. and each proposal was translated into nine languages. WV'e didnit win because Ilm such a great oratorfl says Bozzotto. "The owners have to look over my shoulder and decide if they want to roll the dice on a strike. I tell them to go ahead and check the temperature of the workers. If it comes to late fall and the s11pervisors report the workers are talking about the Red Sox, then the owners will know they have nothing to fear. But if theylre talking about the Food Bank for a strike, that is something else again." This year, along, with the usual wage ine creases, Bozzottos workers demanded that the employers set up a housing trust fund to help them get homes in the Boston area. ttltls a demand worth striking overf says Bozzotto. ult1s a demand worth putting the city on its head over. The average apartment in this city is something like seven hundred dollars a month. We got workers spending 75 percent of their take-home on rent. You remember two-iob families? Those were the good old days. Welve got four-job families? Nevertheless, a lot of Bozzottds friends were advising him to cool it, arguing that the hotels would never agree to the trust fund, that it vvastft even a technically legal bargaining demand under the Taft-Hartley Act. lll wasn't sure it was responsible to get his membersa hopes up like that," said one local organizer.

The hotels played rougher than they had in the past. All workers were told to turn in their uniforms, keys, and IDs, and at one hotel replacement workers were reportedly paraded down the halls. For its part, the union let the hotel owners know that their homes and churches would be picketed. llThere is no reason management should have a nine-to-tive strike if the workers have to live with it 24 hours a day," goes Bozzotto's reasoning.

He also prepared his membership for a massive campaign of civil disobedience. The National League of Cities was scheduled to meet in Boston two days after the negotia-

tions ended, and municipal officials from around the country were calling in to say they didn't want to cross a picket line. 1TWe told them, Hell, no. Cross that line and then invite us to dinner, to your room, so we can handeuff ourselves to the tables, so we can have sit-ins by the elevatorsf " Union workers also loaded the lists of replacement workers with friends and relatives. "By the time we were done, management didn't know who they could count 01L" says Bozzotto. "So in the end they decided to make a wise business decision." Not only did they grant the housing trust fund, they also increased wages 16 percent over three years and upped benefit payments from 58 to 93 cents an hour. 11W3re looking ahead to 1991 now, and its quite clear that day care has got to be the issuetw Bozzotto says. "We will win. People talk about how much courage it takes to strike. Hell, ltell my people, lIfyoulve raised three kids to teenagers on no money, taking on management is nothing. If you've got the courage to leave your country, leave your family, come to a new place where you dont know the language, then a strike is a walk in the park 11 Bill MeKibben prrniled Michael Harrington m tlae july/Augztst 1988 issue of Mother

jones.

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A .dr. m sz ii A .41; 4:.- a
The Temple of My Familiar
ast night I dreamed I was showing you my
temple? said Miss Lissie. uI dmft know where
it was, but it was a simple square ()ne-room
structure, very adobe Or Southwestem-looking,
with poles jutting out at the ceiling line and the
windows set in deep. It was painted a rich dust
coral and there were lots of designs_many,
turquoise and deep blue, like Native American
symbols for rain and storm_painted around
the top. It was beautiful, though small, and I
remembered going there for the ceremonies
dressed in a long white cotton robe. I was tall then,
and stately, with thick black hair that I wore in a
bun. The other thing my temple made me think of
was the pyramids in Mexicot though Iim satisfied it
Illustrazimz byr/tzmie Bennett
wasnit made of stone but of painted mud.
shAnyway, my familiar-what you might these
days, unfortunately, call a hpeti-was a small, in-
credibly beautiful creature that was part bird, for it
was feathered, part fish, for it could swim and had a
somewhat fish/bird shape, and part reptile, for it
scooted about like geckoes do, and it was all over
the place while I talked to you. Its movements were
graceful and clever, its expression mischievous and
full of humor. It was alive! You, by the way,
Suwelo, were a white mane apparently, in that life,
very polite, very welleto-do, and seemingly very
interested in our ways.
hMy little familiar, no bigger than my hand,
slithered and skidded here and there in the place
7
Κi
Excerpted
from the novel
77:? Dmp/e of
41y Familiar,
to be published
next month by
Harcourt Brace
Jovanovich.
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By Alice Walker

Previews outside the temple where we sat. Its predominant color was blue, but there was red and green, and flecks of gold and eerise. And purple. Yes. Its head was that of a bird. Did I say that already? llSkittering about the way it did was so distracting while we talked that I took it up into my hands and carried it some distance from us and placed it on the ground with a clear-glass bowl over it. As soon as Ild come back and sat down, however, I heard a noise like a muffled shot. I went over to the bowl, and, sure enough, the familiar had broken The Oyster Band brings rebellion back to traditional M U S I C music.

Thats AII, Folk

he Oyster Band plays British traditional folk rock without the cobwebs. Theylve axed the music's musty conservatism. forging a sharp edge of progressive politics and rollicking rhythms. "A lot of Britainis folk activities have become part of a heritage industry, v explains Oyster lead singerjohn Alones regretfully. IIThe real essence of what the music said and the context it was originally said in has been totally misrepresented."

In order to correct that, the Oyster Band (which is currently touring the United States) rejected the British tolk-roek groups that initially inspired them-Fairport Convention and Steeleye Spanturning, instead to punk bands ()I' outfits like the Pogues whose raucous accessibility rekindled the rebellious spirit of traditional Irish music. The Oyster Bands lirst U.S. album. a collection of tradition-tinged originals and historic covers called Wide Blue Yonder, was recently released on PolyGram. jones says the band was uncommonly careful in picking the traditional pieces. Illtls very difficult to find lyrics of old songs that arenlt overtly sexist or racist," he says.

The group likewise battles sexist stereotypes in their original material. One of the Llys standout tracks, IIThe Oxford Girlf is a theatrically constructed tale of a woman unfairly punished for her open sexuality. In addition, the album features several complex antiwar pieces, and a take on Billy Braggls elass-eonseious IIBetween the Wars.v Still, jones asserts, the bands most subversive politics arise from their historical allusions. IlMy interest in traditional music is totally politicalfa he says. "Its about finding an expression of something in a song that isnt covered in the history books, but that was a part of everyday life? _jim Farber 54 APRIL 1989

through. There was a small hole in the top. I looked about and found another bowl, :1 heavy white one, very slick and with very thick sides. My familiar was lying looking up at me curiously, resting up from its labor. It did not try to run as I put this white bowl on top of it. Almost before I sat down I heard another noise. When I went back, my familiar was rushing furiously about in the snow. Everything was suddenly now very cold. It was as beautiful as ever though, my familiar. How or even why Iwould do what I did next is beyond me, but I think it was a stupid reflex of human pride. For I understood quite well by now that all of this activity on the familiarls part was about freedom, and that by my actions I was destroying our relationship. In any event, not to be outdoneand suddenly there were dozens of your people, white people, standing about watching this contest-I next imprisoned my beautiful little familiar under a metal washtub. I paid little attention to the coldness or the snow

and did not even think how cruel and torturous for it this would be. Surely it would not now be able to escape. I went back to where we were seated, you and I, and attempted to carry on with our conversation, which was about temples, and about my temple in particular. The sun was just setting, and it bathed the small, shiny coral structure in gold. It was a splendid sight. I felt such happiness that it was mine and I thought of the peace that came over me, deep, like sleep, when I entered its doors. llNext we heard a rumbling, as if from a volcano, under our seats. As if power was being sucked along in streams from everywhere and converging at one spot under the snow. All of us, you, me, the white people dressed so strangely in high heels and fur coats, were drawn to the quaking washtub, which seemed now to be on the bottom steps of an enormous white stone building in a different city and a different century. We could not believe that a small creature, no larger than a hand, could break through metal with its fragile birdlike head. We gazed in amazement as, with a mighty whoosh. and as if from the very depths of the sea, the little familiar broke through the bottom of the tub and out into the open air. It looked at me with pity as it passed. Then, using wings it had never used before, it flew away. And I was left with only you and the rest of your people on the steps of a cold stone building, the color of cheap false teeth, in a different world from my own, in a century that I would never understand. Except by remembering the beautiful little familiar, who was so cheerful and loyal to me, and whom I so thoughtlessly, out of pride and distraction, betrayed? b1989 by Alice Walker

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q Chlis Hardman,
the techno - P. T. Barnum.
Showtime at Circus Minimus
elcome to a ride called Poverty Land. First you lie
down in a morgue drawer to lldiefl Then youlre ure-
bornll into a poor family and shunted through a maze
of cramped, dimly lit spaces. As you wend your way
from tenement room to reform-school cot to boxing
ring to jail cell, angry mask-like faces glare at you from
the walls. A television set taunts you with incessant
images of the rich and famous. Voices in your ears
encourage you to scam, deal dope, sell your body. pau-
handle. The welfare office traps you in a thicket of
revolving doors. Your final destination? A bleak park
bench, with an empty bottle of Night Train by your side.
This roller coaster through the underclass cant be found
at Disney World or Knottls Berry Farm, but it may come
soon to a museum near you. The actual title of the exhibit is
Etiquette oft/Je Undercaste, and its a new kind of interac-
tive performance event from the turbo-brain of Chris
Hardman, a 38eyear-old maverick who may be the techno-
avant-gardek answer to P. T. Barnum.
Photograph by Ed Kaslyi
Step right down
into the world
of the Unaercadte.
Hardman, director of the Sausalito,
California-based Antenna Theatre,
turns audiences into actors and per-
formances into carnivals. At Hardman
extravaganzas, which have run in
New York, Seattle, Charleston, and
cities throughout Europe and Mexico,
visitors strap on a Sony Walkman
headset and tune into a sound track
that instructs them to play a character,
appear on a Video monitor, shoot a
prop qun, or just react to the real-
people voices in their ears. In earlier
Hardman shows, like Adjusting the
Idle (about Americals love affair with
cars) and Radio Interference (the his-
tory of mass media from telegraph to
Videodisc). audiences wandered freely
through a playground of participatory
exhibits. Butin Etiquette oft/ae Under-
caste, Hardman wants people to llliye
through the textures of poverty,"
guided by the recorded comments of
actual prostitutes, homeless people
caseworkers, and drunks. He consid-
ers the event a llsocial stimulator.u
.tWelre inundated with stories
about how advancement is based on
initiative? he remarks. uI want to
show that this image of ourselves as
free agents in an open-ended society is
bunk. Most poor people are trappedfl
Hardman hopes to tour Undercaste
nationally this spring, but in the mean-
time his audio tours are available at
museums and historical sites around the country. The evoc-
ative llwalk-through" tapes combine historical facts with
you-are-there immediacy. An audio tour of the German
U-SOS submarine at the Chicago Museum of Science and
Industry, debuting next month, provides a vivid, multitrack
Dds Boot experience. A popular Alcatraz prison tour fea-
tures narration by ex-cons and prison guards who did time
on "The Rock." On a recent taped guide to the Sixth Floor
exhibition at the Dallas County Historical Foundation,
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participants and observers describe the events surrounding the Kennedy and Oswald assassinations.

Chris Hardman believes that in the future, interactive art will become even more enveloping, employing such spaceage effects as three-dimensional projections, holographic images and infrared sound. llThe possibilities are amazingf says Hardmau, "but right now the technology is still in a fledgling state. I see Antennas position in history as sort of like the Wright Brothers: were flying a kite and calling it a plane." -Mz's/)a Berson MOTHLR jONES 55

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Palestinian Like Me
In search of Israel's fact and feeling
STILL SMALL VOICES. b) '_lo/771 and janet
lellacb, Harcourt Brace .Iotunoz'icb, 286
pages. $16.95.
MY ENEMY. MY SELF, by Yoram Binur,
Doubleday, 215 pages, $18.95.
BY WALTER RUBY
he longer the Palestinian uprising in
the Israeli-occupied West Bank and
Gaza Strip continues, the more trivial
and unsatisfying the media coverage
of the event seems to become.
The inti/detl_as the uprising has
universally come to he known-hns
lost its novelty value. The networks and ma-
jor newspapers have settled into a routine of
churning out faceless statistics (the 351st
Palestinian killed since the beginning of the
inti/dealt and brief dispatches that reduce
the participants to caricatures (gasoline-
homhrthrowing-terrorists and fanatical-
elewish-settlers).
(liven this numbing state of affairs, one
can only applaud the publication of two
hooks: Still Small Voices by john and janet
Wallaeh and My Innemy, My Self hy Yornm
Binur, which seek to cut through the torrent
of political inveetive to give an accurate pic-
ture of life on both sides of the barricades.
The two books are written from sharply
different perspectives. The Wallachs, who
are veteran U.S. journalists, have sought to
personalize the conflict by writing a linely
crafted series of profiles of people on both
56 APRIL 1989
sides of the struggle. The authors adopt a
noniudgmental voice in a laudable and
largely successful effort to better illuminate
the beliefs and motivations of the indi-
viduals involved.
Binur has attempted
A Palestinian baker: Binur spent six months
incognito among Israel's Arab workers.
bothered to name. . . . 1Tlhe squalor Of the
overcrowded barracks appalls the mind,
and the stench of sewage overwhelms the
senses. Here and there a child bikes by, and
one boy wears a yellow T-shirt that pro-
claims lltls Better in the Bahamas., ,,
Or consider this image of Miriam
Levinger defiantly shopping in the souk of
Hebron, where she is despised by the Arab
residents. ltOn this torrid june day, dressed
simply in a short-sleeve blue-and-white
plaid blouse and brown pleated skirt, with
thick support stockings on her legs, and
practical black rubber-soled shoes on her
feett she walks alone, dating the Arabs to
disturb her from her daily chores. . . .
Miriam Levinger is a model of the Jewish
matriarch."
Not all of the profiles are so incisive. And
the sense of objectivity that shines through
most of Still Small Voices is marred by a self-
serving foreword byjerusalem mayor Teddy
Kollek, who blithely extols the city as .la
microcosm of the possibilities that exist for
Jew and Arab to live together? Overall,
however, the Wallachs remain true to the
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1

charge they set for themselves in their preface: to write ta book about human beings who all believe deeply in the righteousness of their cause. And if by the end of the book the reader feels some sympathy for each of something far more audacious. Drawing upon his lluent Arabic and his knowle edge of Palestinian life garnered from years of gov ering the West Bank for .1 jeruszilem weekly the 33-yearold lewish Author donned Amh dress and posed tor six months as a Palestinian lde borer. A committed Zionist. Binur has made a fervent effort to awaken the eonseienee of his people to what has heeome tin Almost casual brutality. The Wnllnehs do a firste rate job of bringing their subjects to life. 'llilx'e. for example, the portrait of Radwnn Ahu Ayasht a prominent Palestinian journalist triumphantly returning to the West Bank refugee camp where he was born. Ahu Aynsh drives his llsnappyll white Opel llalong the crumbling streets no one has Photographs by Sue Bennett ' Sculptor Mona Saudi: 1 The Wallachs and Binur i try to personalize

: Palestinian culture.

them-Arab and Jew-perhaps it will be easier to understand why the conflict is so complex and heart-wrenching? My Enemy, My Self is an even more 11heart- -wrenching8 book for lovers of Israel: it strips away any remaining self- delusions about the occupation. Binur convincingly shows that Israel has become a nation where Palestinian workers are treated as hardly more than convenient beasts of burden available at little cost to do the Hdirty jobs that Israelis are no longer willing to touch. Posing as a humble Palestinian laborer named Fatlhi Awad, Binur observes Tel Aviv and Jerusalem from the bottom of the barrel -and its a stark contrast to the golden cities he has known all his life. He is beaten by Israeli policemen when draped in his kefnyeb, he dares to attend a political tally of Jewish settlers. He has to flee for his life from pro-Kahane rufHans in a blue-collar Sephardic town. Nor does he find much succor on the Israeli Left. Volunteering to work on a kibbutz, supposedly the last citadel of the old socialist-humanitarian Zionist spirit, he finds that most of the kibbutz members avoid all contact with him. Although Binur has an annoying tendency toward smugness (he seems perennially amazed by how clever he has been to pull off his stunts), his book is an effective reminder to Israelis of the privation and humiliation endured by the strangers in their midst. As he notes in the books postscript, his experience did not teach him new facts about Israelis treatment of Palestinians; rather it taught him 8what it meant to feel the facts? Behind the political and territorial Claims and counterclaims that animate the Israeli-Palestinian conflict is the essential truth that, despite their daily proximity, Israelis and Palestinians experience each other almost entirely as menacing abstractions. In these books Binur and the Wallachs are taking the initial steps toward realizing that if there is ever to be coexistence and mutual acceptance, Israelis and Palestinians must be taught to lifeel the facts7 about each other. Walter Ruby is the New York correspondent for the jerusalem Post. CLASSIFIEDE American Indian art: Pueblo pottery. Hopi kachinas. Northwest 1ndian masks. Graphics. Navajo rugs. Write or call: PO Box 55277, Sherman Oaks, CA 91413; (818) 7892559. Short-story comic strips wanted for new graphics magazine. Send Xeroxes plus self-addressed stamped envelope to: Bleeding Heart Press, 4000 Blvd. DeMaisonneuve West #2710, Montreal, Quebec, Canada H32 1J9. Associations Bertrand Russell Society. For information write: MJ, RD 1, PO Box 409, Coopersburg, PA 18036. New political party. Beyond war. 1

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MOTHER JONES 59

OU CAN UNDERSTAND HOW MY FRIEND DEBBIE Bartlett would invent sneaking out if you met her mom. Mrs. Bartlett worked at the college department of English and she had a tight tight face like something eternal was pinching her all over her brain. The first minute I was alone with her she looked at me over the top of her half-glasses and asked me if Debbie was a virgin. She ran everything by points. Doing points was the idea of their Coping with Family Problems psychiatrist, Dr. james. The idea of it is you are an adult and you should have responsibility so you get points by doing the categories of Grades, Chores, and Intelligent Decisions. You can also get minus points. When Debbie got up to minus a hundred she was grounded which is why she had to stay at home every night until she discovered sneaking out the sliding glass door and taking off to Crofton Park which is where she eventually did end up losing her virginity. Sneaking Out. She showed me about sneaking out the first night I stayed over. It was a plan. Meet her friends from St. Georges on I-IumpersI Hill at one A.M. and do stuff. Her mom went to sleep at ten and we started putting on makeup at eleven. At 12:30 we cut through the yard and stayed by the bushes all the way to Raymond Road. If the cops see you you are dead so when thereis any car, lay down flat in the grass. We got up to the power lines on the hill and there was no one. Debbie lit a cigarette and said IIShit, fuck, pissil over and over until a tennis ball landed by us and we screamed and three guys started laughing: Vincent, Henry, and Rafael. The cutest one, Vincent, pulled Debbie by her Windbreaker into the bushes, her laughing and waving goodbye. Then Henry said he was going so then it was me and Rafael over by this big rock and he started trenching me really hard. He was killing my mouth with his braces. I couldna tell if I was in love with him or not. He lifted my shirt up and tried staring at my bra but it was too dark. Then he put his hand between my legs and took my hand and put it on his pants then someone yelled IIPIGS! PIGS! PIGS!" and we saw flashlights coming and we tore out running. I was freaking out and Rafael was freaking out so then he took off and I had to go back to Debbieis by myself. I waited in the bushes by the back gate thinking about Rafael and missing him. Finally Debbie came home and before we fell asleep she told me she had felt Vincentls actual balls and we cracked up laughing and thatls where our saying hFelt me some ballsll came from. The End. I got banned by her mom from ever seeing Debbie Bartlett again on june 21 the summer before ninth grade, when we got caught shoplifting facial hair bleach and three 45s at the Pay IN Save on Dunbar. When the Pay N Save called, my mom wasnlt home but Mrs. Bartlett was and she made me sit in the front seat all the way to my house so she could tell me what a bad influence I was on Debbie. Debbie sat in the backseat not saying anything which I thought was sort of cruddy. You should have seen Mrs.

Bartlett when she got to my street. Thafs when I could tell she didnlt know places like East Crowley because when she saw my house she looked at it like it was a Life magazine picture of the ten good reasons why you should join the Peace Corps.

Even though I made a million plans on how me and Debbie could sneak back together it turned out I never saw her again until after September and she was in private school at Holy Names Academy and by then everything was different.

But that night, the night we got busted, I was laying in my bed thinking about what a total bitch Mrs. Bartlett was and how in a couple of days Debbie would figure out to

write me a letter or call me from the pay phone at Crofton Park and I would take the bus down there and we could get together again and I looked at the radio clock and saw it was almost one in the morning, and I knew right then that Debbie was sneaking out. She was downstairs in her house pushing the sliding glass door open and cutting across the yard, and heading up to Humpersi where she was going to meet everyone and leouldnk stand it, her having a blast while I was stuck laying in my million-degree bedroom watching my 11-year-old sister hunched over on the bed with her foot on a Readefs Digest putting on her seven thousandth coat of nail polish of the night, so I got up and went over to our window and started climbing out.

By Lynda Barry qfwwxwmmxwwwiy

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