f Delmas judge breakthrough on legal view of war JOHANNESBURG/ Three African National Congress guerrillas were sentenced to hang last week when two assessors of the Supreme Court outvoted a judge who considered that their military training was a mitigating factor. He said, in a view regarded as the first judicial acknowledgement of civil war conditions, that military trainin mighthavesoinfluenced t e minds of the accused as to reduce the moral blame that attaches to murder, writes a correspondent. Mr Justice de Klerk, sitting in the Transvaal town of Delmas, declared that he considered it inappro riate to impose the man awry death sentence on Obed Masina, TingTing Masango and Neo Potsane, who had been convicted of murder for actions performed as an AN C squad. Miti ating circumstances for t eir actions lay in the fact that the accused had been ex osed to 'tintense infiuence during their mili-SOUTHSCAN VOL4 No.17 MAY 3 1989 tary training and had come to view themselves as soldiers and freedom fighters to who even assassination was acceptable. The two assessors, however, outvoted the judge and compelled him to sentence the men to death. The fourth man was given an effective 25 years imprisonment for attempted murder. A lawyer at the Witwatersrand University Centre for Applied Legal Studies said it was Qmpossible to exaggerate the legal significance 't of De Klerk's judgement. It was the first real acknowledgement by a South African judge of legal implications of civil war conditions. The ANC men refused to mount any form of defence and were silent except to explain their refusal as soldiersto articipate in acivilian tria . For the last three days of the

trial the men a peared in olive green mi itaryety e

uniforms, the colours of t e ANC on their berets and pockets. MMOPE Oxax hag 131