The 1984 Act was introduced in response to the SADF's acute shortage of personnel. Britain's inaction lets Pretoria off a nasty hook. South Africa's continuing occupation of Namibia, its war of aggression against Angola and the military presence in the townships have placed severe strains on the SADF.

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wTurning a blind eye?

British Foreign Office minister Lynda Chalker has justified limiting military aid to Mozambique to nonâ\200\224lethal supplies and training. "I have been told of many incidents which have led me to think that all these happenings in this part of the world must have some connection," she said. But she had not seen "absolute proof" of Pretoria's backing for the MNR.

End box or indent in tone]

Ditching the Debt?

members

face

nations. SADCC developing \$900 absorbed about 50% of its export earnings in 1987. foreign debt totalled \$3.2 billion in 1987 while exports in a mere \$85 million. the Repayments on Malawi's awesome debts many million other debt Mozambique's brought same as Wass Group, a United Nations advisory merely rescheduling the debt repayments of panel Africa's financial condition, reported in The to assess 1988 that like Mozambique "makes no sense." The group, chaired by former British treasury the crisis facing SADCC members and the rest of subâ\200\224saharan Africa: * the catastrophic collapse of commodity prices and, therefore, export earnings in late 1986 which halted agricultural investment * the rapid decline in capital investment since 1982 secretary Sir Douglas Wass, outlined the causes of February countries appointed * Africa's crippling foreign debt of over \$100 billion

The Wass Group recommended a \$1 billion increase in bilateral aid to affected African countries and measures to reduce their debt by \$1 billion a year.