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'23 h (b PoliticalStaff  
CAPE TOWN - In the growing storm surround-  
ing Bishop Desmond Tutu. the Government was  
warned today by the Progressive Federal Party  
not to take executive action against him but rather  
to unban the African National Congress.  
Bishop Tutu's statements on his current tour of  
the United States, including his call for support of  
the ANC, were likely to have been discussed at  
yesterday's Cabinet meeting.  
In a statement after the meeting, the Minister  
of Constitutional Development, Mr Chris Heunis,  
said the Government was shocked by the bishop's  
reported call of support for the ANC, saying his  
backing of a terrorist organisation "can only be  
described as deplorable".  
But it is understood that it is unlikely the Gov-  
ernment will take action against Bishop Tutu as it  
believes his recent statements could discredit him  
in the eyes of his overseas audience.  
The Vice-President George Bush's criticism of  
Bishop Tutu's statements was seen as a first step  
in this direction.  
In a statement likely to cause division in the  
ranks of the PFP, the chairman of the party's  
ANC, PFP urged  
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federal council, Dr Alex Boraine, strongly warned  
the Government not to take executive action  
against Bishop Tutu "as this would only be inter-  
preted as a vindictive step against the messenger  
who brings the bad news". \_  
Dr Boraine continued: "The controversy sur-  
rounding Bishop Tutu flows directly from the ab-  
normal political system. There are no elected  
black leaders in the normal sense of the word and  
inevitably church and labour leaders assume a  
more direct role.  
"Unfortunately, Bishop Tutu is blamed for  
drawing Government attention to the deep sense  
of anger in the black community."  
Dr Boraine said to call for the support of the  
ANC was to risk a statutory offence.  
It would be much wiser to unban the ANC  
because it enjoys considerable support among  
black South Africans and sooner or later we will  
have to deal with it. It will be better to do so  
around a table than over the barrel of a gun".  
In his statement, Mr Heunis said the Govern-  
ment remained committed to peaceful change  
through negotiation. Support of the ANC could  
only impede the process of peaceful change.  
ANprm  
of debate, 2:  
for PFP :5;  
CAPE TOWN - Division  
is mounting in the  
' regressive Federal  
Party over the role of the  
banned African National  
Congress after remarks  
attributed to  
Tutu. The issue could do-  
minate the party's cau-  
cus meeting next week.  
Last night party mem- 1  
bers were publicly at;  
pains to say that therei

There was no split in the party ranks. At this stage a serious split does not seem likely.

Not only is the unbanning of the ANC likely to be an issue at the PFP caucus meeting next week, but now seems likely to be a major subject in the No Confidence Bishop I 1"

Debate in parliament.

P10 has trained

ANC members,

claims expert

on terrorism

countries with arms, ammunitions and know-how.

The arms were supplied by Russia, which was quite happy to destabilise the West by helping to train terrorists and by supporting liberation movements.

"Of all the liberation movements, the ANC is closest to Russia," she said.

Mrs Becker is in South Africa for a conference on revolution and its implication for South Africa. The conference is being held by the Institute for Strategic Studies.

ARAFAT LEADS ONLY MINORITY FACTION

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The African National Congress has sent members to Lebanon to be trained by the Palestinian Liberation Organisation, says Mrs Jillian Becker, author of a comprehensive book on the PLO.

She said at a public lecture in Johannesburg last night that the PLO had trained tens of thousands of terrorists from all the world in camps in Lebanon, and then sent them back to their

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a boon to ANC,

prof tells congress;

By Sue Leeman. Pretoria Bureau

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There were 136 terrorist attacks in South Africa last year - the highest annual occurrence of such incidents so far in the 1980s. ; Professor Mike Hough, of the Institute of Strategic Studies at the University of Pretoria (ISSUP), told a congress on "Revolution and Revolutionaries" this morning that the increase was at least; partially due to the current unrest which created a more favourable environment for ANC military and political activities". .v In 1980, he said, there had been 19 such attacks, in 1981 there were 55, in 1982 a total of 39. in 1983 there had been 55 incidents; and in 1984 a total of 44. '

Professor Hough said 1985 had seen a major increase in murders; or attempted murders of policemen - there were 34 such incidents during the year - and murders or attempts on the lives of civilians . (40 attacks). There had also been a significant increase in attacks on business premises, with 19 such incidents being recorded during the year. I i

In June last year the organisation had indicated that it now saw; certain civilians - including prominent Government supporters; border farmers, civil duferm's Whl'llt's 11ml Slate V.'ltllt\_':,:3IJ-S \_ 33:: illegitimate targets , ;

And there was ("Jiu'fslly of u "giszcral uutlmizulluzl" by ANC leaders, whereby wcupom were made available to ANC cadres"; who picked their own targets. 3,: i

Another innovation was weekend training of ANC supporters.

who were returned immediately to "continue the struggle". Prof. Hough said the ANC's broad plan for the 1980s included further 'guerrilla warfare' followed ultimately by a 'general offensive',

By this latter stage, the ANC expected that South Africa would be internationally isolated, the economy exhausted and the security forces demoralised. "Liberated zones would then be established in the rural areas and the cities encircled." 'Recent landmine incidents in the Northern Transvaal, and Mr Oliver Tambo's recent reference to the operation of 'bigger units', reflected an attempt to create the impression of an increase.

"It is, however, highly dubious whether direct attacks on 'hard' military targets or ambushes are within the ANC's reach. The same applies to 'liberated zones'. The ANC has tried to create the impression that a form of 'liberalised zone' has been created in some black townships."

T. T. T. T. T.

in Soweto

insurgents in

chemical war,

ANC operatives seen to receive Soviet training are apparently receiving training in the use of chemical weapons, according to British author and lecturer Miss Jillian Becker.

Miss Becker told delegates at today's conference on "Evolution and Revolutionaries" that there was some evidence of this in spite of the Soviet Union's official renunciation of this type of warfare.

She knew of a mixed group of African and Palestinian recruits which had undergone such training together in the late 1970s.

Miss Becker said such specialist training was indicated.

She is the author of "Hitler's Children", a book about the Baader-Meinhof gang, and "The PLO and the Rise and Fall of the Palestine Liberation Organisation".

She defined terrorism as a method directed at innocent bystanders, as opposed to freedom fighting, which is action against an army or government.

It was committed to an armed struggle, and would not negotiate because it existed to destroy the state of Israel, she said. Mr Yasser Arafat was given the status of PLO leader by the Western Press and Western powers, but he led a minority faction in the organisation, she said. 'The PLO is not a unified organisation - it consists of all kinds of factions. But it presents a united front to the world.'

She said Mr Abu Nidal, the Arab leader suspected of the bombings at Rome and Vienna airports - and Mr Arafat were

deadly enemies. Mr Nidal is apparently supported by Libyan lead-  
lared to the PLO because they had turned i.

f Mrs Becker answered that the history Of the ANC did not m  
Mrs Becker ended her talk by telling a story of a child born to a  
desert sheik and a Jewish maiden. The childfshe said, had grown  
Up to rule his country. His name was Muammar Gaddafi

The audience of about :200 were viSlhly uncomfortable: a: tin!  
sppearance during Mrs Becker's; talk Of a g toup of Muslims, wear-  
ing topis and Arab shawls. The audience craned their necks to look  
?t the group of three men and two women, who sat quietly listen-  
llg at the back of the hall. '

During the question and answer session there was some contro-  
Versy when a young man argued that the ANC could not be com-  
o terrorism only after

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all other door; had been closed to them.

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.4 African National Congress is closest to Russia." relationship between the ANC

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er Colonel Muammar Gadtlaf1. Party.

Miss Becker said that as

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Africa".

But, she said, the ANC's co-  
operation had not been easily  
come by. '

Nevertheless, the organisaa  
tion had tinawd' been "wooded  
out of nationalism- and into  
Ma'rxist-Leninist internationa-  
lism". - Pretoria Bureau. 1

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